

# **Cryptography & Network Security Lab**

**PRN/ Roll No: 2019BTECS00090**

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## **Assignment: 16**

### **Title of assignment: SSL/TLS Handshake Analysis using Wireshark**

#### **Title:**

SSL/TLS Handshake Analysis using Wireshark

#### **Aim:**

To observe SSL/TLS (Secure Sockets Layer/ Transport Layer Security) in action. SSL/TLS is used to secure TCP connections, and it is widely used as part of the secure web: HTTPS is SSL over HTTP

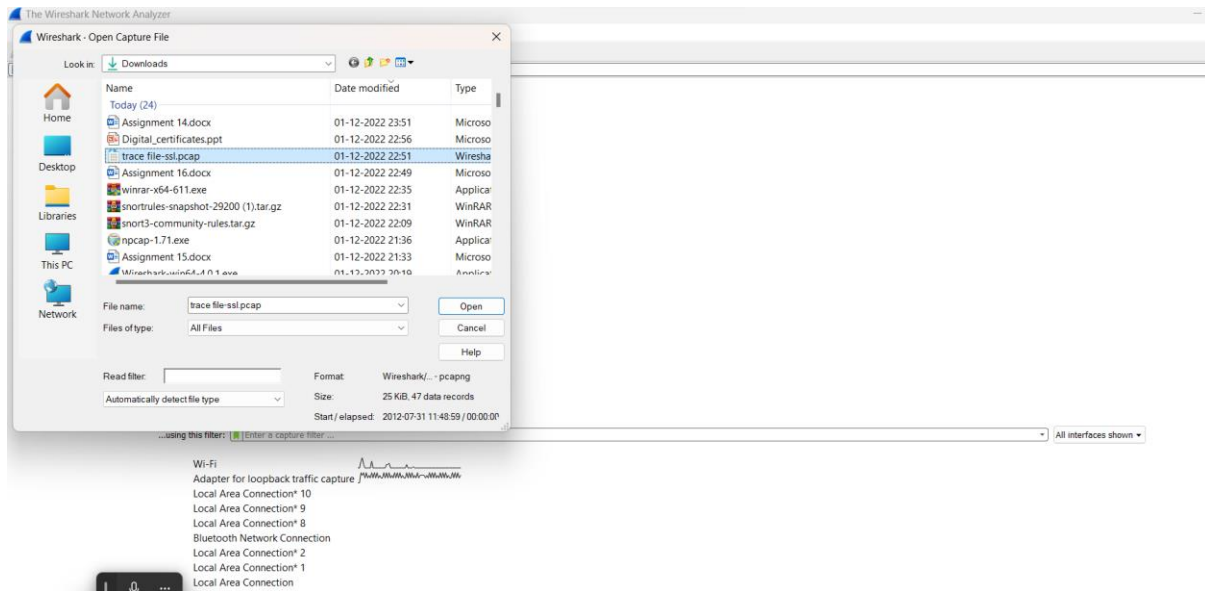
#### **Theory:**

- Wireshark is a free and open-source packet analyzer.
- It is used for network troubleshooting, analysis, software and communications protocol development, and education.
- Originally named Ethereal, the project was renamed Wireshark in May 2006 due to trademark issues.
- Wireshark is cross-platform, using the Qt widget toolkit in current releases to implement its user interface, and using pcap to capture packets; it runs on Linux, macOS, BSD, Solaris, some other Unix-like operating systems, and Microsoft Windows.
- There is also a terminal-based (non-GUI) version called TShark. Wireshark, and the other programs distributed with it such as TShark, are free software, released under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 2 or any later version.

# Use of Wireshark

**Step 1:** Open a Trace you should use a supplied trace file trace-ssl.pcap.

File → Open → open from folder containing file



**Step 2:** Inspect the Trace

Now we are ready to look at the details of some SSL messages. To begin, enter and apply a display filter of ssl. This filter will help to simplify the display by showing only SSL and TLS messages. It will exclude other TCP segments that are part of the trace, such as Acks and connection open/close. Select a TLS message somewhere in the middle of your trace for which the Info field reads Application Data, and expand its Secure Sockets Layer block (by using triangular icon on left side). Application Data is a generic TLS message carrying contents for the application, such as the web page. It is a good place for us to start

looking at TLS messages. Look for the following protocol blocks and fields in the message

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of a TLS session. The packet list on the left shows 26 packets. The packet details pane on the right shows the selected packet (No. 1) as a Frame 1: 78 bytes on wire (624 bits), 78 bytes capture. The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII. The packet list shows the following details:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	78	60245 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0 TSval=1222755671 TSecr=0 SACK_PERM
2	0.019644	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TCP	74	443 → 60245 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=14180 Len=0 MSS=1430 SACK_PERM TSval=1520057876 TSecr=1222755671 WS=64
3	0.019829	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=524280 Len=0 TSval=1222755690 TSecr=1520057876
4	0.021328	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	186	Client Hello
5	0.040746	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TCP	66	443 → 60245 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=121 Win=14280 Len=0 TSval=1520057898 TSecr=1222755691
6	0.041634	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Server Hello
7	0.041697	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	377	Certificate, Server Hello Done
8	0.041798	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=121 Ack=1730 Win=522928 Len=0 TSval=1222755710 TSecr=1520057899
9	0.088543	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	252	Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
10	0.105145	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	113	Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
11	0.105201	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=307 Ack=1777 Win=524280 Len=0 TSval=1222755773 TSecr=1520057963
12	0.105436	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	239	Application Data
13	0.136468	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
14	0.136525	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=3127 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755804 TSecr=1520057993
15	0.137903	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
16	0.137932	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=4477 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755805 TSecr=1520057993
17	0.138469	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
18	0.138580	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=5827 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755805 TSecr=1520057993
19	0.138632	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	316	Application Data, Application Data
20	0.138660	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=6077 Win=524280 Len=0 TSval=1222755805 TSecr=1520057993
21	0.140271	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data
22	0.140309	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=7427 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755807 TSecr=1520057993
23	0.144028	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
24	0.144080	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=8777 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755810 TSecr=1520057993
25	0.144465	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
26	0.144490	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TCP	66	60245 → 443 [ACK] Seq=480 Ack=10127 Win=523304 Len=0 TSval=1222755810 TSecr=1520057993

The packet details pane shows the selected packet (No. 1) as a Frame 1: 78 bytes on wire (624 bits), 78 bytes capture. The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII. The packet list shows the following details:

> Frame 1: 78 bytes on wire (624 bits), 78 bytes capture  
> Ethernet II, Src: Apple\_a2:05:1d (70:56:81:a2:05:1d),  
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102, Dst:  
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 60245, Dst Po  
[Community ID: 1:u0U1hGC9tfrpYus/ylm/d5VhAe]  
> TRANSMISSION RTE Data

0000 00 16 b6 e3 e9 8d 70 56 81 a2 05 1d 00 00 45 00 .....pV.....E-  
0010 00 40 4f c7 40 00 40 06 2b b6 c0 a0 01 60 ad c2 @0@ @ +...f-  
0020 4f 6a eb 55 01 bb 4f 70 a6 e8 00 00 00 b0 02 Oj U: Qp .....  
0030 ff ff 86 21 00 00 02 04 05 b4 01 03 03 01 01 --!...:.....  
0040 08 0a 48 e1 c5 57 00 00 00 04 02 00 00 --H: W: .....

Applying SSL Filter

trace file-ssl.pcap

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

SSL

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
4	0.021328	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	186	Client Hello
6	0.041634	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Server Hello
7	0.041697	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	377	Certificate, Server Hello Done
9	0.088543	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	252	Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
10	0.105145	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	113	Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
12	0.105436	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	239	Application Data
13	0.136468	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
15	0.137903	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
17	0.138469	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
19	0.138632	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	316	Application Data, Application Data
21	0.140271	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data
23	0.144028	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
25	0.144465	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
27	0.150300	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	270	Application Data, Application Data
29	0.150959	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data
31	0.155107	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
33	0.155529	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data
34	0.163139	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
36	0.164031	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data
37	0.169767	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data
39	0.170028	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
40	0.176414	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	130	Application Data, Application Data
42	0.177209	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	93	Encrypted Alert

- The lower layer protocol blocks are TCP and IP because SSL runs on top of TCP/IP. ]
- The SSL layer contains a TLS Record Layer. This is the foundational sublayer for TLS. All messages contain records. Expand this block to see its details.
- Each record starts with a Content Type field. This tells us what is in the contents of the record. Then comes a Version identifier. It will be a constant value for the SSL connection.
- It is followed by a Length field giving the length of the record. Last comes the contents of the record. Application Data records are sent after SSL has secured the connection, so the contents will show up as encrypted data.

Note that, unlike other protocols we will see such as DNS, there may be multiple records in a single message. Each record will show up as its own block. Look at the Info column, and you will see messages with more than one block.

1. What is the Content Type for a record containing Application Data?

Ans:

The Content Type is Application Data.

Urgent Pointer: 0

- > Options: (12 bytes), No-Operation (NOP), No-Operation (NOP), Timestamps
- > [Timestamps]
- > [SEQ/ACK analysis]
- TCP payload (173 bytes)

Transport Layer Security

- ▼ TLSv1 Record Layer: Application Data Protocol: Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  - Content Type: Application Data (23)
  - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
  - Length: 168
  - Encrypted Application Data: 52e78fc0f73eec8a76cc499ad794fd69ee412be8ba893114f5d8906232bdd..
  - [Application Data Protocol: Hypertext Transfer Protocol]
  - [Community ID: 1:uOU1hGCj9tFpY3u5/yllm/d5VhA=]
- ▼ TRANSMISSION RTE Data

trace file: ssl.pcap

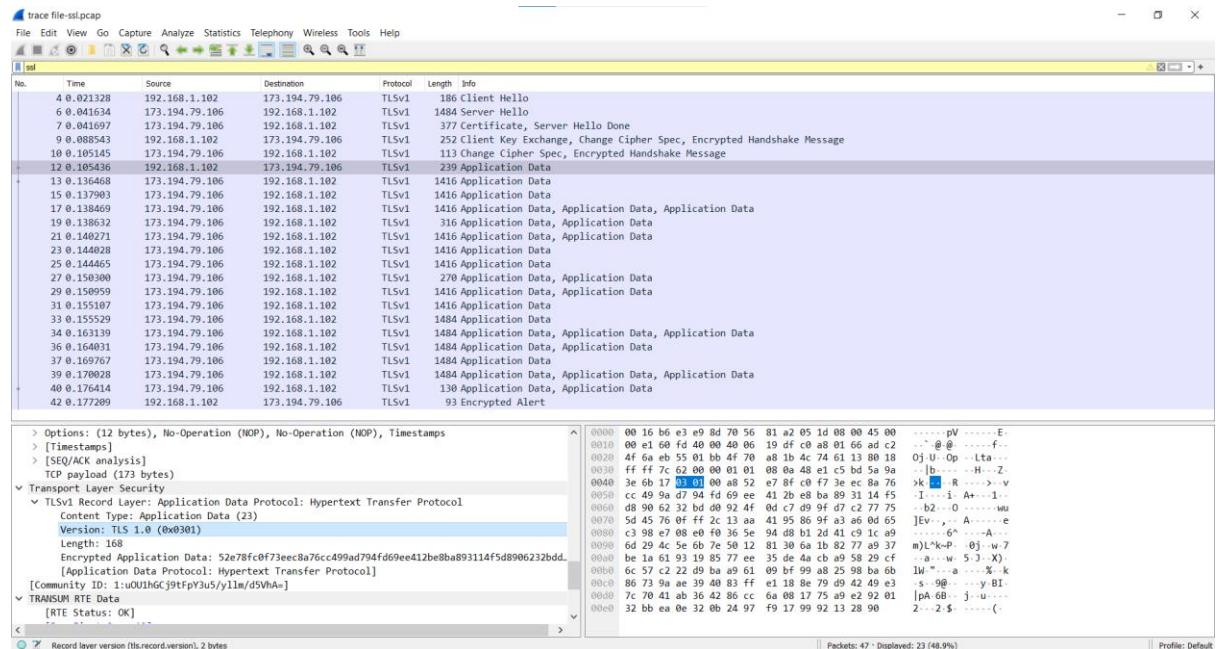
Packets: 47 · Displayed: 23 (48.9%)

Profile: Default

2. What version constant is used in your trace, and which version of TLS does it represent?

Ans:

The version of TLS used is 1.0



```
> Options: (12 bytes), No-Operation (NOP), No-Operation (NOP), Timestamps
> [Timestamps]
> [SEQ/ACK analysis]
  TCP payload (173 bytes)
  Transport Layer Security
    TLSv1 Record Layer: Application Data Protocol: Hypertext Transfer Protocol
      Content Type: Application Data (23)
      Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
      Length: 168
      Encrypted Application Data: 52e78fc0f73eec8a76cc499ad794fd69ee412be8ba893114f5d8906232bdd..
      [Application Data Protocol: Hypertext Transfer Protocol]
      [Community ID: 1:u0U1hGCj9tFpY3u5/yllm/d5VhA=]
    TRANSMUTE RTE Data
      [RTE Status: OK]
```

## Step 3: SSL Handshake

An important part of SSL is the initial handshake that establishes a secure connection. The handshake proceeds in several phases. There are slight differences for different versions of TLS and depending on the encryption scheme that is in use. The usual outline for a brand new connection is:

- Client (the browser) and Server(the web server) both send their Hellos
- Server sends its certificate to Client to authenticate (and optionally asks for Client Certificate)
- Client sends keying information and signals a switch to encrypted data.
- Server signals a switch to encrypted data.
- Both Client and Server send encrypted data.
- An Alert is used to tell the other party that the connection is closing.

Note that there is also a mechanism to resume sessions for repeat connections between the same client and server to skip most of steps b and c.

### **Hello Message**

Find and inspect the details of the Client Hello and Server Hello messages, including expanding the Hand- shake protocol block within the TLS Record. For these initial messages, an encryption scheme is not yet established so the contents of the record are visible to us. They contain details of the secure connection setup in a Handshake protocol format.

1. How long in bytes is the random data in the Hellos? Both the Client and Server include this random data (a nonce) to allow the establishment of session keys.

Ans:



## Client:

trace file-ssl.pcap

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
4	0.021328	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	186	Client Hello
6	0.041634	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Server Hello
7	0.041697	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	377	Certificate, Server Hello Done
9	0.088543	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	252	Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
10	0.105145	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	113	Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
12	0.105436	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	239	Application Data
13	0.136468	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
15	0.137983	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
17	0.138469	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
19	0.138632	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	316	Application Data, Application Data
21	0.140271	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data
23	0.144028	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
25	0.144465	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
27	0.150380	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	270	Application Data, Application Data
29	0.150959	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data, Application Data
31	0.151107	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1416	Application Data
33	0.155529	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data
34	0.163139	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
36	0.164031	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data
37	0.169767	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data
39	0.170028	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	1484	Application Data, Application Data, Application Data
40	0.170414	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	TLSv1	130	Application Data, Application Data
42	0.177209	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	TLSv1	93	Encrypted Alert

TCP payload (120 bytes)

Transport Layer Security

- ▼ TLSv1 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
  - Content Type: Handshake (22)
  - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
  - Length: 115
  - ▼ Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
    - Handshake Type: Client Hello (1)
    - Length: 111
    - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
    - ▼ Random: 501778d316c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4ccd04b731d7e550f
      - GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time
      - Random Bytes: 16c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4ccd04b731d7e550f
      - Session ID Length: 0

Record layer version (16c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4ccd04b731d7e550f), 2 bytes

Packets: 47 - Displayed: 23 (48.9%)

Profile: Default

▼ Transport Layer Security

- ▼ TLSv1 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
  - Content Type: Handshake (22)
  - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
  - Length: 115
  - ▼ Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
    - Handshake Type: Client Hello (1)
    - Length: 111
    - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
    - ▼ Random: 501778d316c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4ccd04b731d7e550f
      - GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time
      - Random Bytes: 16c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4ccd04b731d7e550f
      - Session ID Length: 0
      - Cipher Suites Length: 46

## Server:





handshake when both the client and server indicate the same value. In our case, the client likely sent no session ID as there was nothing to resume.

Ans:

Server:

Length of Session ID is 32

Handshake Protocol: Server Hello  
Handshake Type: Server Hello (2)  
Length: 81  
Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)  
Random: 501778d3d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893  
GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time  
Random Bytes: d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893  
Session ID Length: 32  
Session ID: 8530bdac95116ccb343798b36cb2fd79c1e278cba1af41456c810c0cebfcccf4  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA (0x0005)  
Compression Method: null (0)  
Extensions Length: 9  
Extension: server\_name (len=0)  
Extension: renegotiation\_info (len=1)

Handshake Protocol: Server Hello  
Handshake Type: Server Hello (2)  
Length: 81  
Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)  
Random: 501778d3d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893  
GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time  
Random Bytes: d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893  
Session ID Length: 32  
Session ID: 8530bdac95116ccb343798b36cb2fd79c1e278cba1af41456c810c0cebfcccf4  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA (0x0005)  
Compression Method: null (0)  
Extensions Length: 9  
Extension: server\_name (len=0)  
Extension: renegotiation\_info (len=1)

Client:

## Length of Session ID is 0

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of a TLS handshake. The packet list on the left shows packet 12 (0.105436) as the 'Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message'. The packet details pane on the right shows the 'Session ID Length' field as 0. The packet bytes pane on the right shows the raw data of the packet.

Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)  
Random: 501778d316c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4cc04b731d7e550f  
GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time  
Random Bytes: 16c25064f7cb0209b336ab332d969b8e091d26d4cc04b731d7e550f  
Session ID Length: 0  
Cipher Suites Length: 46  
Cipher Suites (23 suites)  
Compression Methods Length: 2  
Compression Methods (2 methods)  
Extensions Length: 23  
Extension: server\_name (len=19)  
[JA3 Fullstring: 769,57-56-53-22-19-10-51-50-47-154-153-150-5-4-21-18-9-20-17-8-6-3-255  
[JA3: 06a92bf60b367389d2feb0d70501ddfe]  
[Community ID: 1:u0U1HG6j9fP3u5/yllm/d5VhA=]

Length of Session ID field (tls.handshake.session\_id\_length), 1 byte

Packets: 47 · Displayed: 23 (48.9%)

3. What Cipher suite is chosen by the Server? Give its name and value. The Client will list the different cipher methods it supports, and the Server will pick one of these methods to use.

Ans:

Client:

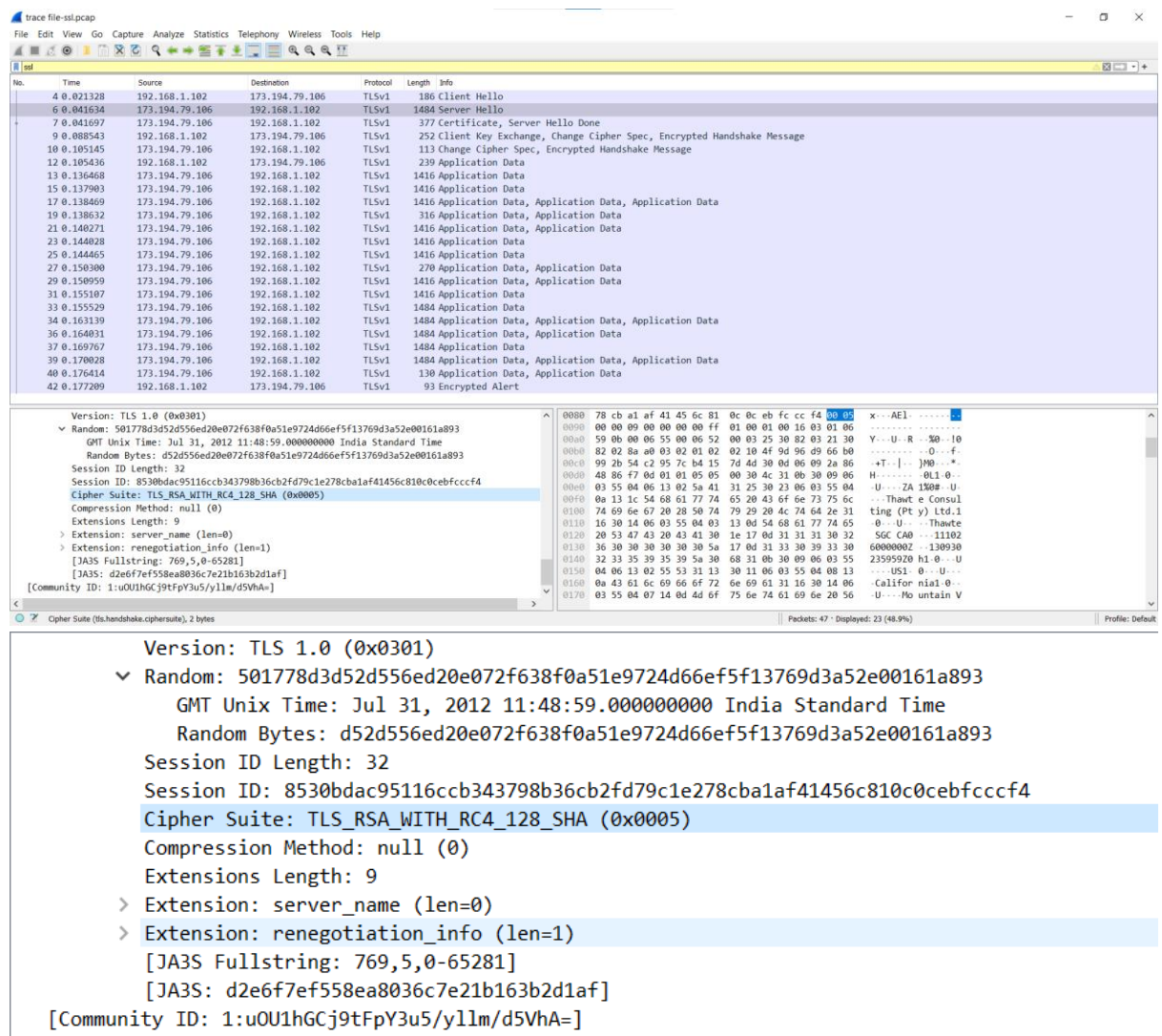
The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of a TLS handshake. The packet list on the left shows packet 12 (0.105436) as the 'Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message'. The packet details pane on the right shows the 'Cipher Suites' list expanded, showing various supported cipher suites. The packet bytes pane on the right shows the raw data of the packet.

Cipher Suites Length: 46  
Cipher Suites (23 suites)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0039)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0038)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0035)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (0x0016)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (0x0013)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (0x000a)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x0033)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x0032)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x002f)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_SEED\_CBC\_SHA (0x009a)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_SEED\_CBC\_SHA (0x0099)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_SEED\_CBC\_SHA (0x0096)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA (0x0005)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_MD5 (0x0004)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_DES\_CBC\_SHA (0x0015)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_DES\_CBC\_SHA (0x0012)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_DES\_CBC\_SHA (0x0009)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_DES40\_CBC\_SHA (0x0014)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_EXPORT\_WITH\_DES40\_CBC\_SHA (0x0011)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_DES40\_CBC\_SHA (0x0008)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_RC2\_CBC\_40\_MD5 (0x0006)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_RC4\_40\_MD5 (0x0003)  
Cipher Suite: TLS\_EMPTY\_RENEGOTIATION\_INFO\_SCSV (0x00ff)  
Compression Methods Length: 2  
Compression Methods (2 methods)  
Extensions Length: 23  
Extension: server\_name (len=19)  
[JA3 Fullstring: 769,57-56-53-22-19-10-51-50-47-154-153-150-5-4-21-18-9-20-17-8-6-3-255  
[JA3: 06a92bf60b367389d2feb0d70501ddfe]

trace file-ssl.pcap

Packets: 47 · Displayed: 23 (48.9%)

## Server:



Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)

- Random: 501778d3d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893
  - GMT Unix Time: Jul 31, 2012 11:48:59.000000000 India Standard Time
  - Random Bytes: d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893
- Session ID Length: 32
- Session ID: 8530bdac95116ccb343798b36cb2fd79c1e278cba1af41456c810c0cebfcccf4
- Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA (0x0005)
- Compression Method: null (0)
- Extensions Length: 9
  - Extension: server\_name (len=0)
  - Extension: renegotiation\_info (len=1)
    - [JA3S Fullstring: 769,5,0-65281]
    - [JA3S: d2e6f7ef558ea8036c7e21b163b2d1af]
  - [Community ID: 1:u0U1hGCj9tFpY3u5/yllm/d5VhA=]

## Certificate Messages:

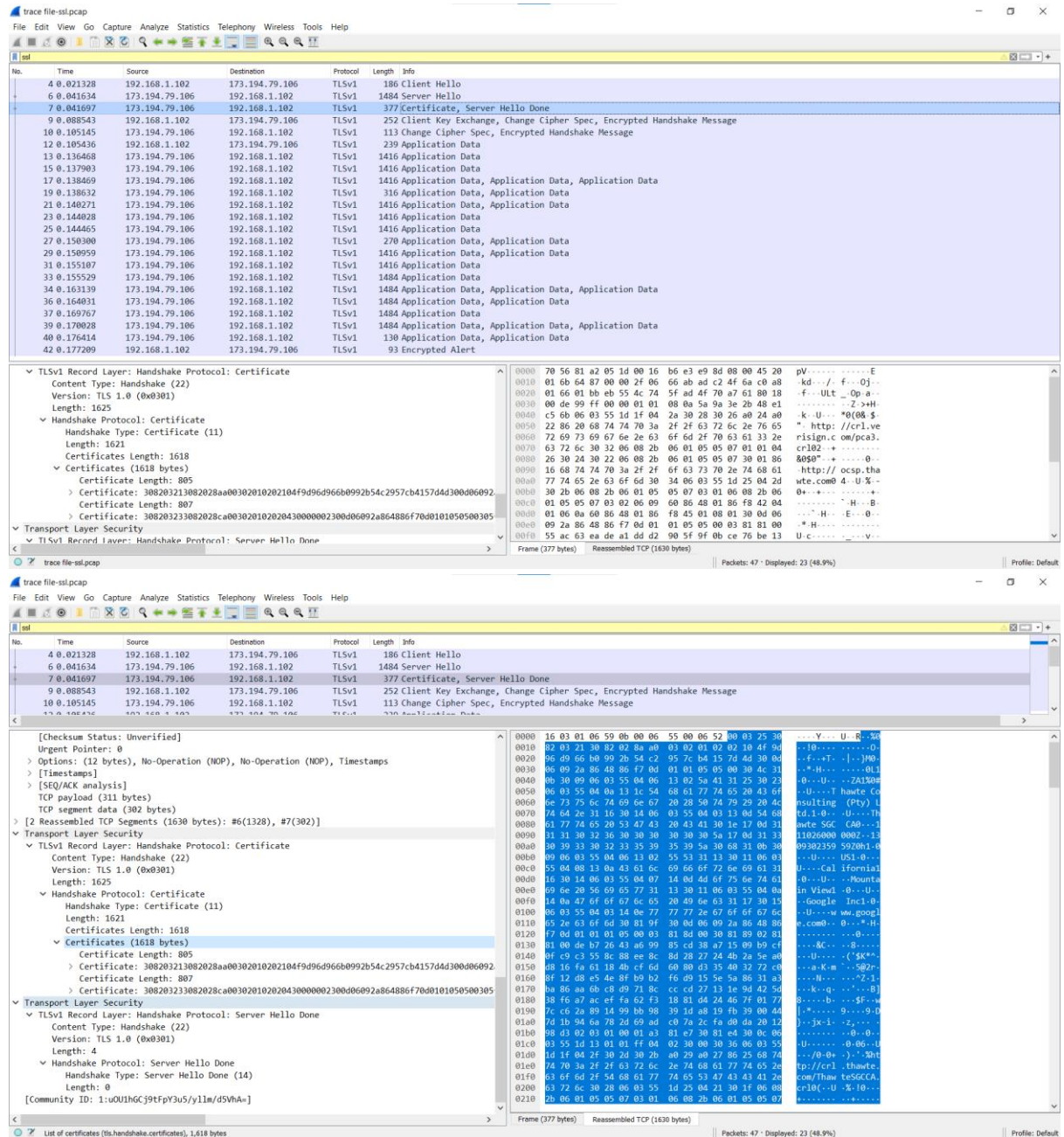
Next, find and inspect the details of the Certificate message, including expanding the Handshake protocol block within the TLS Record. As with the Hellos, the contents of the Certificate message are visible because an encryption scheme is not yet established. It should come after the Hello messages.



1. Who sends the Certificate, the client, the server, or both? A certificate is sent by one party to let the other party authenticate that it is who it claims to be. Based on this usage, you should be able to guess who sends the certificate and check the messages in your trace.

Ans:

## The Server sends Certificate to the client



A Certificate message will contain one or more certificates, as needed for one party to verify the identity of the other party from its roots of trust certificates. You can inspect those certificates in your browser.

## Client Key Exchange and Change Cipher Messages

Find and inspect the details of the Client Key Exchange and Change Cipher messages, expanding their various details. The key exchange message is sent to pass keying information so that both sides will have the same secret session key. The change cipher message signal a switch to a new encryption scheme to the other party. This means that it is the last unencrypted message sent by the party.

1. Who sends the Change Cipher Spec message, the client, the server, or both?

Ans:

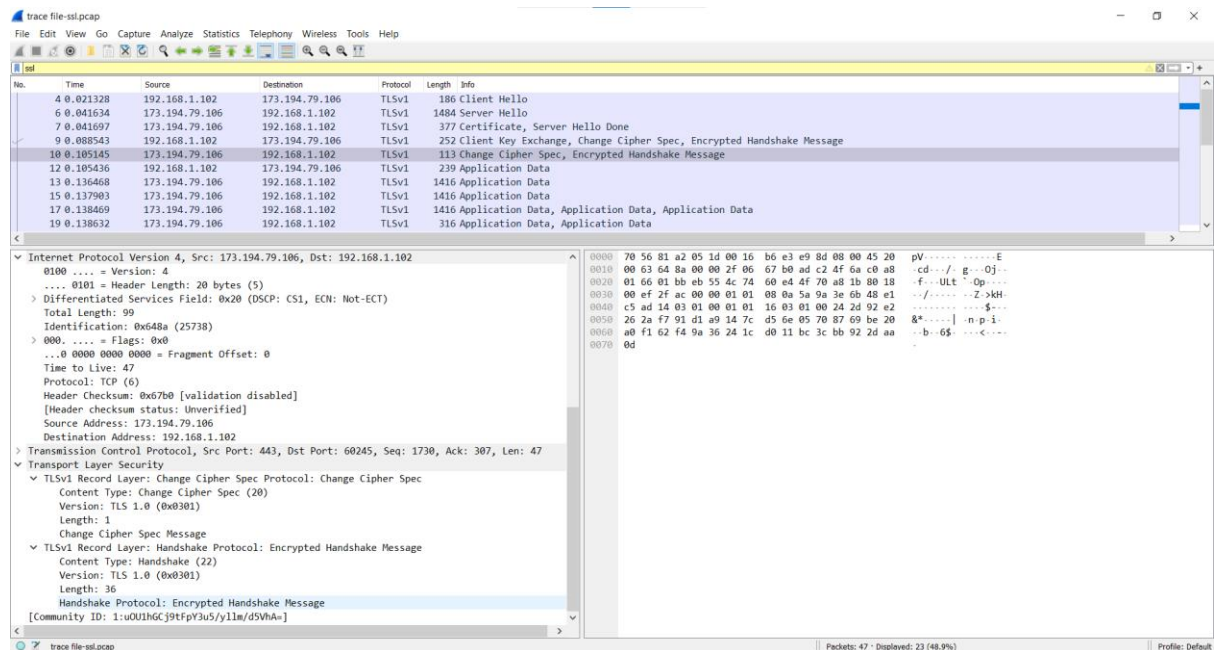
Both the server and the client sends the Change Cipher Spec Message

Client:

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of a TLS handshake. The packet list on the left shows several packets, with packet 9 (0.088543) selected, which is a 'Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message'. The packet details pane on the right shows the expanded structure of this message. It includes the 'Transmission Control Protocol' (TCP) segment, the 'Transport Layer Security' (TLS) record layer, and the 'Handshake Protocol' (Handshake) layer. The 'Handshake' layer contains the 'Client Key Exchange' message, which is a 'Change Cipher Spec' message. The 'Change Cipher Spec' message is a 'Handshake' message of type 'Change Cipher Spec' (20) and version 'TLS 1.0' (0x0301). The 'Change Cipher Spec' message is a 'Handshake' message of type 'Change Cipher Spec' (20) and version 'TLS 1.0' (0x0301). The 'Change Cipher Spec' message is a 'Handshake' message of type 'Change Cipher Spec' (20) and version 'TLS 1.0' (0x0301).

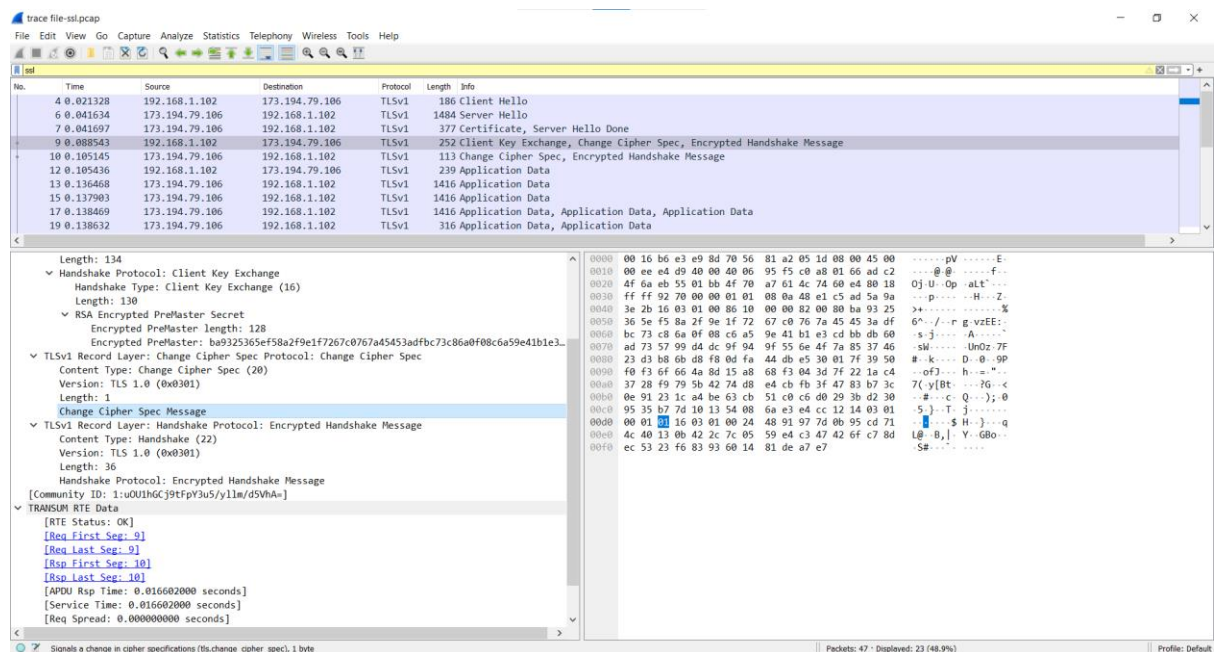


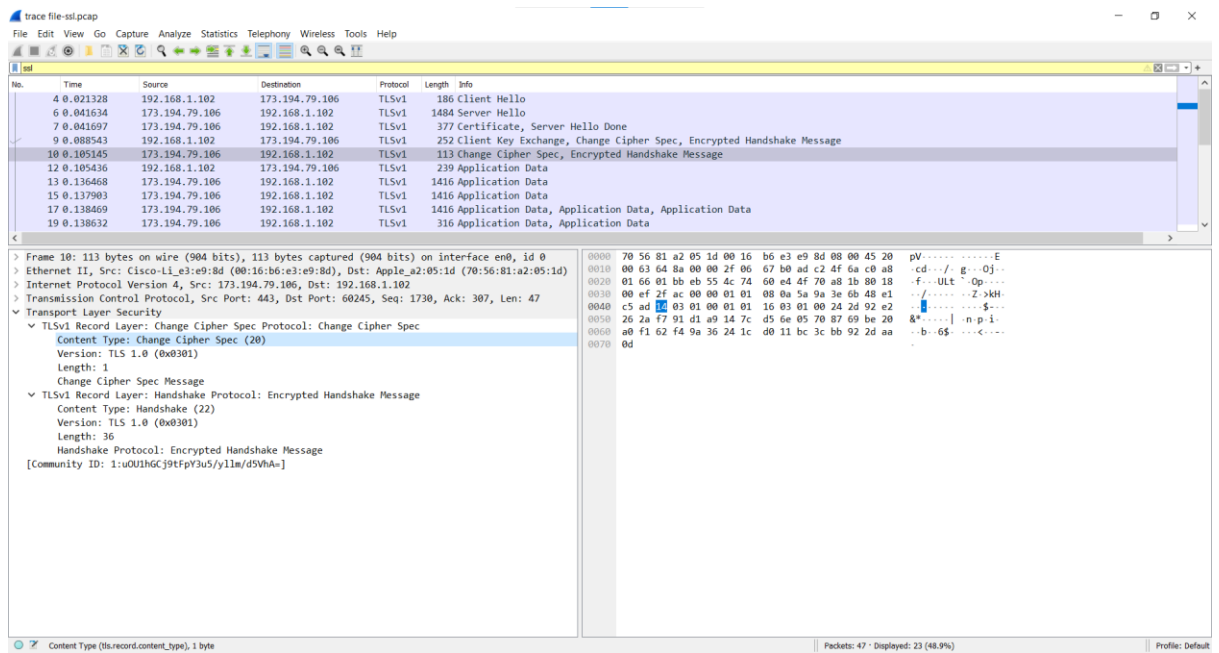
## Server:



2. What are the contents carried inside the Change Cipher Spec message?  
Look past the Content Type and other headers to see the message itself.

Ans:





## Conclusion:

Performed the experiment successfully.

Wireshark is used to analyse the packets of various protocols such as TCP, UDP, SSL, TLS, etc.