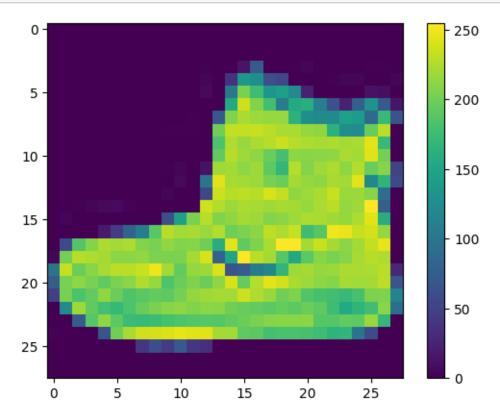
## Fashion\_MNIST1

## March 10, 2024

```
Name: Ilhe Uddhav Sampat | Batch: B3 | Roll no.: 4159
 [1]: from google.colab import drive
      drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Mounted at /content/drive
[21]: import tensorflow as tf
      # Helper libraries
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      print(tf.__version__)
     2.15.0
[23]: train_images.shape
[23]: (60000, 28, 28)
[22]: fashion_mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
      (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = fashion_mnist.
       →load_data()
[38]: class_names = ['T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat',
      'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle boot']
[24]: len(train labels)
[24]: 60000
[29]: train_labels
[29]: array([9, 0, 0, ..., 3, 0, 5], dtype=uint8)
[31]: len(test_labels)
[31]: 10000
```

```
[32]: plt.figure()
  plt.imshow(train_images[0])
  plt.colorbar()
  plt.grid(False)
  plt.show()
```



```
[33]: train_images = train_images / 255.0
test_images = test_images / 255.0

[39]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

```
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(train_images[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels[i]])
plt.show()
```



```
[40]: import tensorflow as tf
    model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10)
])

[41]: model.compile(optimizer='adam',
    loss=tf.keras.losses.
    SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
    metrics=['accuracy'])
```

## [42]: model.fit(train\_images, train\_labels, epochs=30)

```
Epoch 1/30
1875/1875 [============ ] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4975 -
accuracy: 0.8238
Epoch 2/30
accuracy: 0.8639
Epoch 3/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 5s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3361 -
accuracy: 0.8771
Epoch 4/30
accuracy: 0.8850
Epoch 5/30
accuracy: 0.8914
Epoch 6/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 5s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2784 -
accuracy: 0.8963
Epoch 7/30
accuracy: 0.9015
Epoch 8/30
accuracy: 0.9032
Epoch 9/30
1875/1875 [============ ] - 7s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2461 -
accuracy: 0.9081
Epoch 10/30
accuracy: 0.9113
Epoch 11/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 5s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2297 -
accuracy: 0.9135
Epoch 12/30
accuracy: 0.9164
Epoch 13/30
accuracy: 0.9186
Epoch 14/30
accuracy: 0.9215
Epoch 15/30
accuracy: 0.9236
```

```
Epoch 16/30
accuracy: 0.9245
Epoch 17/30
accuracy: 0.9275
Epoch 18/30
accuracy: 0.9301
Epoch 19/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1843 -
accuracy: 0.9305
Epoch 20/30
accuracy: 0.9332
Epoch 21/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 5s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1715 -
accuracy: 0.9349
Epoch 22/30
accuracy: 0.9372
Epoch 23/30
accuracy: 0.9371
Epoch 24/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1614 -
accuracy: 0.9391
Epoch 25/30
accuracy: 0.9415
Epoch 26/30
accuracy: 0.9421
Epoch 27/30
1875/1875 [============= ] - 7s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1500 -
accuracy: 0.9441
Epoch 28/30
accuracy: 0.9442
Epoch 29/30
accuracy: 0.9466
Epoch 30/30
accuracy: 0.9468
```

[42]: <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7b5baf9516c0>

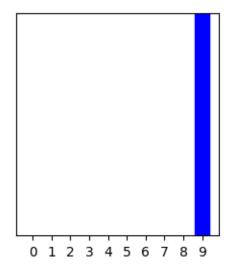
```
[43]: test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
      print('\nTest accuracy:', test_acc)
     313/313 - 1s - loss: 0.4120 - accuracy: 0.8847 - 622ms/epoch - 2ms/step
     Test accuracy: 0.8847000002861023
[44]: probability_model = tf.keras.Sequential([model,
      tf.keras.layers.Softmax()])
[45]: predictions = probability_model.predict(test_images)
     313/313 [========== ] - Os 1ms/step
[46]: predictions[0]
[46]: array([2.1964429e-12, 4.0216148e-17, 6.1392609e-14, 3.7199290e-15,
            5.7292461e-18, 2.1006183e-05, 9.3537848e-16, 6.7640467e-05,
            5.1644106e-12, 9.9991131e-01], dtype=float32)
[47]: np.argmax(predictions[0])
[47]: 9
[48]: test_labels[0]
[48]: 9
[52]: def plot_image(i, predictions_array, true_label, img):
        true_label, img = true_label[i], img[i]
       plt.grid(False)
       plt.xticks([])
       plt.yticks([])
       plt.imshow(img, cmap=plt.cm.binary)
       predicted_label = np.argmax(predictions_array)
        if predicted_label == true_label:
          color = 'blue'
        else:
          color = 'red'
       plt.xlabel("{} {:2.0f}% ({})".format(class_names[predicted_label],
      100*np.max(predictions_array),
      class_names[true_label]),
      color=color)
      def plot_value_array(i, predictions_array, true_label):
        true_label = true_label[i]
       plt.grid(False)
```

```
plt.xticks(range(10))
plt.yticks([])
thisplot = plt.bar(range(10), predictions_array, color="#777777")
plt.ylim([0, 1])
predicted_label = np.argmax(predictions_array)
thisplot[predicted_label].set_color('red')
thisplot[true_label].set_color('blue')
```

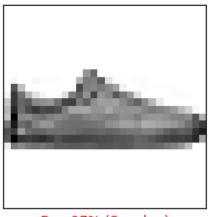
```
[53]: i = 0
   plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
   plt.subplot(1,2,1)
   plot_image(i, predictions[i], test_labels, test_images)
   plt.subplot(1,2,2)
   plot_value_array(i, predictions[i], test_labels)
   plt.show()
```

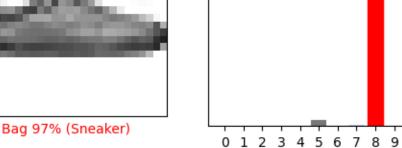




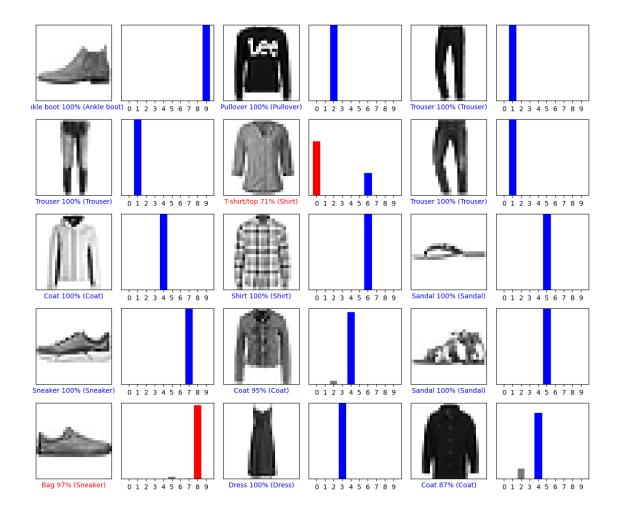


```
[54]: i = 12
    plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
    plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    plot_image(i, predictions[i], test_labels, test_images)
    plt.subplot(1,2,2)
    plot_value_array(i, predictions[i], test_labels)
    plt.show()
```





```
[55]: # Plot the first X test images, their predicted labels, and the true labels.
# Color correct predictions in blue and incorrect predictions in red.
num_rows = 5
num_cols = 3
num_images = num_rows*num_cols
plt.figure(figsize=(2*2*num_cols, 2*num_rows))
for i in range(num_images):
    plt.subplot(num_rows, 2*num_cols, 2*i+1)
    plot_image(i, predictions[i], test_labels, test_images)
    plt.subplot(num_rows, 2*num_cols, 2*i+2)
    plot_value_array(i, predictions[i], test_labels)
    plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
2.6
```



## [55]: 2.6

[57]: #Grab an image from the test dataset.
img = test\_images[1]
print(img.shape)

(28, 28)

[58]: # Add the image to a batch where it's the only member.
img = (np.expand\_dims(img,0))
print(img.shape)

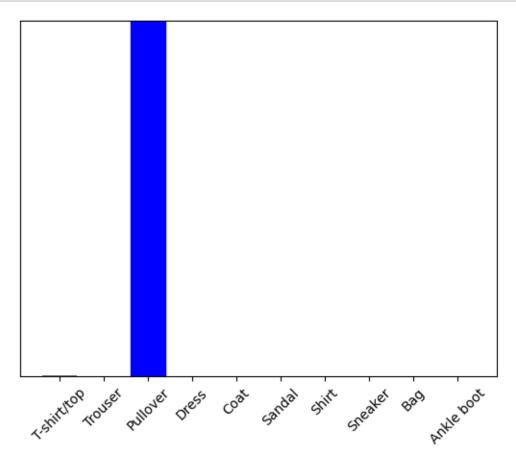
(1, 28, 28)

[59]: predictions\_single = probability\_model.predict(img)
print(predictions\_single)

1/1 [=======] - Os 26ms/step

[[6.0373795e-04 1.7264191e-17 9.9938548e-01 5.8309847e-17 8.4143803e-06 1.0190069e-08 2.3110567e-06 3.4952586e-22 8.2321563e-13 7.7461522e-20]]

```
[60]: plot_value_array(1, predictions_single[0], test_labels)
    _ = plt.xticks(range(10), class_names, rotation=45)
    plt.show()
```



[61]: np.argmax(predictions\_single[0])

[61]: 2