

Principles of Database Design

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Overview

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- Introduction

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Objectives

- To impart basic understanding of the theory and applications of database management systems.
- To give basic level understanding of internals of database systems.
- To expose to some of the recent trends in databases.

Syllabus

- Types of data, database and DBMS, Languages and users.
- Software Architecture, E-R and Extended E-R Modelling,
- Relational Model concepts and languages, relational algebra and tuple relational calculus,
- SQL, views, assertions and triggers, HLL interfaces,
- Relational db design, FDs and normal forms,
- Secondary storage organization, indexing and hashing,
- Query optimization, concurrent transaction processing
- Recovery principles, recent topics.

Outcomes: Students would be able to

- define, explain and illustrate the fundamental concepts of databases,
- construct an Entity-Relationship (E-R) model from specifications and to perform the transformation of the conceptual model into corresponding logical data structures,
- model and design a relational database following the design principles,
- develop queries for relational database in the context of practical applications,
- define, explain and illustrate fundamental principles of data organization, query optimization and concurrent transaction processing,
- appreciate the latest trends in databases.

Modules

- Module I - Introduction, Entity-Relationship Model
- Module II - Relational Model, Database Languages
- Module III - SQL, Views-assertions-triggers, Functions-Procedures-HLL-Interfaces
- Module IV - Relational Database Design
- Module V - Physical Data Organisation, Query Optimization
- Module VI - Transaction Processing Concepts, Recent Topics

Introduction

- Data: structured, semi-structured and unstructured
- DBMS: Concept and Overview
- Data Models
- Database Languages
- DB Admin, DB Users
- DBMS: three schema architecture
- DB architectures and classification

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

Database Concepts

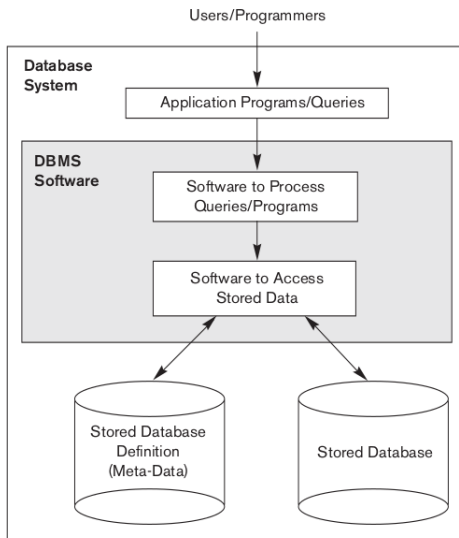
- Data : Facts that can be stored, processed and also possess some implicit meaning
- Database : Collection of related data, representing some aspect of real world, univ-of-discourse
- Databases are designed, built and populated with data for some specific purpose
- Manual databases exist in some libraries
- DBMS is a software system used to create and maintain a database
- Meta-data : Database definition or descriptive database catalog information
- DBMSs help in designing, creating, manipulating and sharing of databases

Database Concepts

- DB Query : S/w program that queries database for some information.
- DB Transaction : An activity that reads or manipulates data in a database.
- Protection : System protection and security protection
- System protection - against h/w, s/w malfunction; Security - against unauthorised access

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

A typical Database environment



A student database having course information

STUDENT

| Name | Student_number | Class | Major |
|-------|----------------|-------|-------|
| Smith | 17 | 1 | CS |
| Brown | 8 | 2 | CS |

COURSE

| Course_name | Course_number | Credit_hours | Department |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Intro to Computer Science | CS1310 | 4 | CS |
| Data Structures | CS3320 | 4 | CS |
| Discrete Mathematics | MATH2410 | 3 | MATH |
| Database | CS3380 | 3 | CS |

SECTION

| Section_identifier | Course_number | Semester | Year | Instructor |
|--------------------|---------------|----------|------|------------|
| 85 | MATH2410 | Fall | 07 | King |
| 92 | CS1310 | Fall | 07 | Anderson |
| 102 | CS3320 | Spring | 08 | Knuth |
| 112 | MATH2410 | Fall | 08 | Chang |
| 119 | CS1310 | Fall | 08 | Anderson |
| 135 | CS3380 | Fall | 08 | Stone |

GRADE_REPORT

| Student_number | Section_identifier | Grade |
|----------------|--------------------|-------|
| 17 | 112 | B |
| 17 | 119 | C |
| 8 | 85 | A |
| 8 | 92 | A |
| 8 | 102 | B |
| 8 | 135 | A |

PREREQUISITE

| Course_number | Prerequisite_number |
|---------------|---------------------|
| CS3380 | CS3320 |
| CS3380 | MATH2410 |
| CS3320 | CS1310 |

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

Database Approach

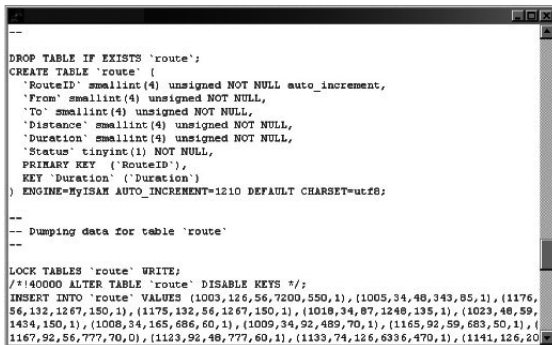
Special Features

- Self-describing notion of database system - meta-data
- Insulation between programs, data and data abstraction
- Support of multiple **views** of data
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

Database Approach

- Self-describing notion of database system - meta-data



```
--  
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `route`;  
CREATE TABLE `route` (  
  `RouteID` smallint(4) unsigned NOT NULL auto_increment,  
  `From` smallint(4) unsigned NOT NULL,  
  `To` smallint(4) unsigned NOT NULL,  
  `Distance` smallint(4) unsigned NOT NULL,  
  `Duration` smallint(4) unsigned NOT NULL,  
  `Status` tinyint(1) NOT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (`RouteID`),  
  KEY `Duration` (`Duration`)  
) ENGINE=MyISAM AUTO_INCREMENT=1210 DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;  
  
--  
-- Dumping data for table `route`  
--  
  
LOCK TABLES `route` WRITE;  
/*!40000 ALTER TABLE `route` DISABLE KEYS */;  
INSERT INTO `route` VALUES (1003,126,56,7200,550,1),(1005,34,48,343,85,1),(1176,  
56,132,1267,150,1),(1175,132,56,1267,150,1),(1018,34,87,1248,135,1),(1023,48,59,  
1434,150,1),(1008,34,165,686,60,1),(1009,34,92,489,70,1),(1165,92,59,683,50,1),(  
1167,92,56,777,70,0),(1123,92,48,777,60,1),(1133,74,126,6336,470,1),(1141,126,20
```

- Insulation between programs, data and data abstraction
- Support of multiple **views** of data
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing

Database Approach

- Self-describing notion of database system - meta-data
- Insulation between programs, data and data abstraction
 - ① Program-data independence - independence of data from programs
 - ② Program-operation independence
 - ③ Characteristic of data abstraction - program-data and program-operation independence
- Support of multiple **views** of data
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

Database Approach

- Self-describing notion of database system - meta-data
- Insulation between programs, data and data abstraction
- Support of multiple **views** of data
 - ① Special perspective of database
 - ② Might contain subset of database in conjunction with other information
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1

Database Approach

- Self-describing notion of database system - meta-data
- Insulation between programs, data and data abstraction
- Support of multiple **views** of data
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing
 - ① Multi-user DBMS involves **concurrency control**
 - ② Special **online transaction processing** applications
 - ③ Process **isolation** amongst different processes
 - ④ Ensure **atomicity** property of transaction - either whole or none

Ref: Elmasri - Ch-1 and Ch-2,
Korth - Ch-1