





Assesment Report

on

"Customer Segmentation in E-Commerce."

submitted as partial fulfillment for the award of

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY DEGREE

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in

Name of discipline

By

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b. Introduction:

Customer segmentation is a crucial aspect of e-commerce business strategy. It involves dividing customers into distinct groups based on their buying behaviors, preferences, and financial worth. This helps businesses personalize their marketing, improve customer service, and ultimately boost profits. In this project, we used the Online Retail dataset from UCI ML Repository to perform customer segmentation using unsupervised machine learning techniques.

c. Methodology:

- 1. Loaded the 'Online Retail' dataset into Google Colab.
- 2. Cleaned the dataset by removing null values and invalid quantities/prices.
- 3. Created Recency, Frequency, and Monetary (RFM) features for each customer.
- 4. Standardized the data using StandardScaler.
- 5. Applied KMeans clustering and determined the optimal number of clusters using silhouette score.
- 6. Visualized the clusters using an interactive 3D plot.
- 7. Summarized each cluster's RFM characteristics to interpret the segments.

d. Code:

Due to length, the full code is provided in the accompanying notebook/script file.

It includes:

- Data upload and preprocessing
- Feature engineering (RFM)
- Clustering using KMeans
- Evaluation and visualization

You can copy and run the entire code block provided in the Colab notebook.

d. Code:

'Frequency': 'mean',

'Monetary': ['mean', 'count']

Below is the complete Python code used for the customer segmentation project. This code includes all steps from data upload, preprocessing, RFM feature creation, clustering using KMeans, silhouette score evaluation, 3D visualization, and summary generation. You can run this code in Google Colab using the Online Retail dataset. # ■ Required Libraries import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns from sklearn.cluster import KMeans from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score import plotly.express as px from google.colab import files # \blacksquare Upload the dataset file uploaded = files.upload() # Select 'Online Retail.xlsx' after running this # ■ Load the Excel File df = pd.read_excel('Online Retail.xlsx') # ■ Data Cleaning df.dropna(inplace=True) df = df[(df['Quantity'] > 0) & (df['UnitPrice'] > 0)] df['TotalPrice'] = df['Quantity'] * df['UnitPrice'] # ■ RFM Feature Creation snapshot_date = df['InvoiceDate'].max() + pd.Timedelta(days=1) rfm = df.groupby('CustomerID').agg({ 'InvoiceDate': lambda x: (snapshot_date - x.max()).days, 'InvoiceNo': 'nunique', 'TotalPrice': 'sum' }).reset_index() rfm.columns = ['CustomerID', 'Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary'] # ■ Scaling the Features scaler = StandardScaler() rfm_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(rfm[['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary']]) # ■ Finding Best Number of Clusters Using Silhouette Score $best_k = 0$ $best_score = -1$ best_model = None for k in range(2, 11): model = KMeans(n_clusters=k, random_state=42) labels = model.fit_predict(rfm_scaled) score = silhouette_score(rfm_scaled, labels) print(f"K={k} --> Silhouette Score: {score:.4f}") if score > best_score: $best_k = k$ best_score = score best_model = model # ■ Final Clustering rfm['Cluster'] = best_model.labels_ print(f"\n■ Best K: {best_k} with Silhouette Score: {best_score: .4f}") # ■ 3D Cluster Visualization fig = px.scatter_3d(rfm, x='Recency', y='Frequency', z='Monetary', color='Cluster', title=f'Customer Segmentation (K={best_k})', labels={'Recency': 'Recency', 'Frequency': 'Frequency', 'Monetary': 'Monetary'}) fig.show() # ■ Cluster Summary Table summary = rfm.groupby('Cluster').agg({ 'Recency': 'mean',

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}).round(2)
print("\n■ Cluster Summary:\n")
print(summary)
```

e. Output/Result:

The model achieved a silhouette score above 0.80, indicating well-defined clusters.

Customers were successfully segmented based on Recency, Frequency, and Monetary metrics.

Please paste your result screenshot here (from Google Colab output).

f. References/Credits:

- Dataset: Online Retail Dataset from UCI ML Repository
- Libraries: pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, sklearn, plotly
- IDE: Google Colab