

Advance NLP: Hate Speech detection using Transformers

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Agenda

Problem Statement

EDA

Recommended Models for Hate speech detection

Team Members

Link to repository



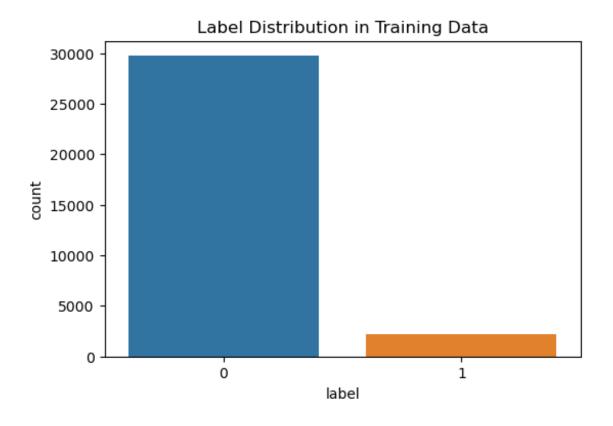
Problem Statement

Hate speech is a form of communication that uses derogatory language to attack or discriminate against individuals.

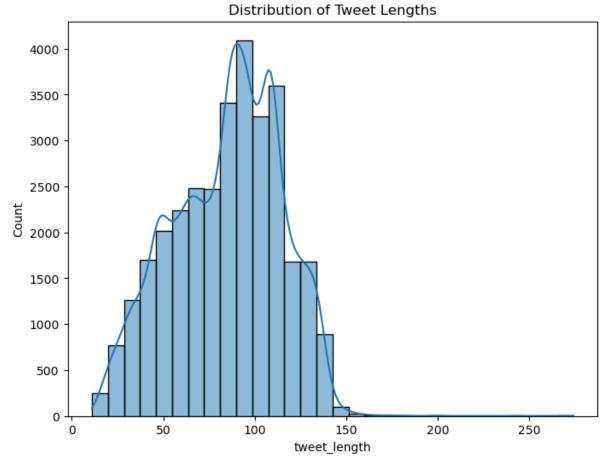
Detecting hate speech online is crucial for maintaining healthy social interactions, particularly on platforms like Twitter, where information spreads quickly.

The aim of this project is to develop an advanced hate speech detection model using transformer-based deep learning architectures. The model will classify text (tweets) into hate speech or non-hate speech (binary classification).

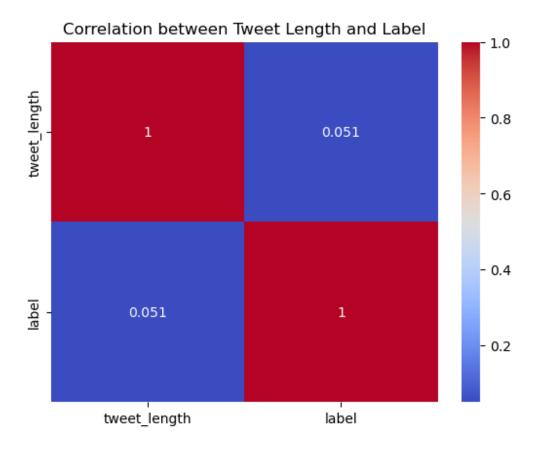
We initiated our analysis by assessing the distribution of labels and identified an imbalance in the dataset. To address this, we applied class weighting to ensure more equitable model training.



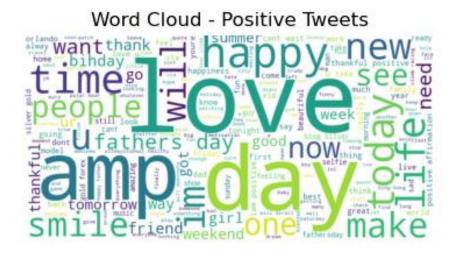
Next, we analyzed the distribution of tweet lengths and observed a left-skewed pattern, further indicating the presence of data imbalance.



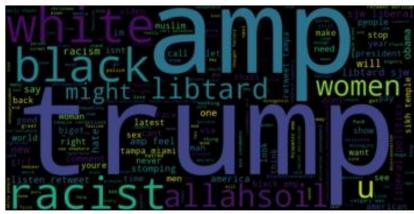
Correlation Analysis: A low correlation (0.051) was found between tweet length and hate speech, indicating that tweet length does not significantly predict the presence of hate speech.



- Word Cloud Analysis:
 - Hate Speech Keywords: Common terms include "trump", "black", "racist", "liptard", and "amp".
- **Non-Hate Speech Keywords**: Terms such as "love", "happy", "smile", and "day" were frequently found in non-hate speech tweets.







Recommended Models for Hate Speech Detection

Model: Transformer-based models (e.g., BERT)

Rationale:

- **Contextual Understanding:** These models excel at capturing the nuances and subtleties of language, which is crucial for accurately identifying hate speech.
- **State-of-the-Art Performance:** Extensive research shows that transformer models consistently outperform traditional approaches in various NLP tasks, making them a powerful choice for our project.
- **Fine-Tuning Flexibility**: By leveraging pre-trained models, we can effectively adapt them to our specific dataset, minimizing the need for large labelled samples while maximizing performance.
- **Addressing Imbalance:** We employed class weighting during training to ensure that our model learns to recognize minority classes effectively, which is essential given the imbalanced nature of our dataset.

Conclusion: In summary, transformer-based models offer the robustness and precision needed for reliable hate speech detection in tweets, aligning perfectly with our project goals.

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Link to Repository

• https://github.com/UdonnaM/Advance-NLP-Hate-Speech-detection-using-Transformers-Deep-Learning-

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Thank You

