PRACTICAL 3

AIM:

Create an application using user interfaces with Flutter. (Basic Widgets, Material Components, Handling Gestures)

THEORY:

- **Widget:** Flutter apps are built with a composition of widgets, each representing a UI element or layout.
- Material Design: The app uses Material Components, a set of pre-designed widgets
- **Gesture Detection:** Flutter allows handling various gestures (taps, double taps, swipes, etc.) using **GestureDetector** widgets.

CODE:

```
runApp(const MyApp());
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
 const MyApp({super.key});
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
       useMaterial3: true,
     home: const MyHomePage(),
class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
 const MyHomePage({super.key});
class MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
   setState(() {
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
     body: Container (
         alignment: Alignment.center,
```

```
padding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 30, vertical:
    children: [
        controller: clearController,
                color: Colors.black38,
              borderRadius:
        child: Container (
          child: const Text(
            textAlign: TextAlign.center,
              wordSpacing: -2,
```

OUTPUT:

Here, we enter the values in text field. This text field has the **TextEditingController** named clearController.



Figure 1 text field with the TextEditingController

Now, on double tapping the container the text field will be empty again, because of the **gestureDetector** widget wrapped around the container, and is tasked to erase the text field to empty again, with the help of the 'clearController'.



Figure 2 gesture detector used for clearing text field

Then, the **FloatingActionButton** the '+' sign increments the counter and display at the container to it's right.



Figure 3 increment counter

Latest Applications:

For providing more simpler and understandable UI to an application and assigning actions to the gestures perform by the user.

Learning Outcome:

- Flutter's declarative UI approach makes building interfaces efficient and readable.
- Widgets are composable, allowing you to create complex UI from simpler building blocks
- Material Design provides easy visual and interaction language for apps.
- Gesture detectors enable intuitive user interactions beyond simple button presses.