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JupyterLab ☐ # Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

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[7]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt [8]: df=pd.read_csv("Salary_Data.csv") [3]: df.head(2) [3]: YearsExperience Salary 1.1 39343 1.3 46205 [9]: df.tail(2) YearsExperience Salary [9]: 28 10.3 122391 10.5 121872 [10]: df.isnull().sum() [10]: YearsExperience 0 Salary dtype: int64 [6]: df.notnull().sum() [6]: YearsExperience 30 Salary dtype: int64 [11]: df.isnull().sum() [11]: YearsExperience Salary dtype: int64 [12]: df.dropna(inplace=True) [13]: df.corr() # correlation YearsExperience Salary YearsExperience 1.000000 0.978242

```
Salary
                           0.978242 1.000000
[14]: X=df.iloc[:,:-1].values # independent variable
      y = df.iloc[:, -1].values # dependent variable
[34]: X
[34]: array([[ 1.1],
             [ 1.3],
             [ 1.5],
             [ 2. ],
             [ 2.2],
             [ 2.9],
             [ 3. ],
             [ 3.2],
             [ 3.2],
             [ 3.7],
             [ 3.9],
             [ 4. ],
             [ 4. ],
             [ 4.1],
             [ 5.3],
             [ 5.9],
             [ 6. ],
             [ 6.8],
             [ 7.1],
             [ 7.9],
             [ 8.2],
             [ 8.7],
             [ 9. ],
             [ 9.5],
             [ 9.6],
             [10.3],
             [10.5]])
[15]: # graph
      plt.plot(X,y)
      plt.show()
       120000 -
       100000 -
        80000 -
        60000 -
```

```
40000
                                                                            10
[16]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
[18]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
       lm = LinearRegression()
       lm.fit(X_train, y_train)
[18]: LinearRegression
      LinearRegression()
[19]: pred = lm.predict(X_test)
[16]: print("y_test",y_test)
       print("X_test",X_test)
      y_test [ 37731. 112635. 83088. 91738. 56642. 55794.]
       X_test [[1.5]
       [9.6]
       [5.3]
       [6.8]
       [2.9]
       [4.]]
[20]: pred
[20]: array([ 40748.96184072, 122699.62295594, 64961.65717022, 63099.14214487,
             115249.56285456, 107799.50275317])
[21]: print(lm.intercept())
       AttributeError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[21], line 1
       ----> 1 print(lm.intercept())
      AttributeError: 'LinearRegression' object has no attribute 'intercept'
[22]: a=lm.intercept_
       c=lm.coef_
[23]: print(a,c)
       26780.09915062818 [9312.57512673]
[24]: my_sal_pred=a*10+c # prediction of salary for 10 year exp
       print(my_sal_pred)
```

```
[277113.56663301]
[22]: # graph od train and test data
       plt.scatter(X_train, y_train)
       plt.plot(X_train, lm.predict(X_train))
[22]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x17e1718e010>]
       120000
       100000
        80000
        60000
        40000
                                                                            10
[23]: from sklearn import metrics
[24]: print('Mean Absolute Error is : ',metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,pred))
       Mean Absolute Error is : 4374.731786040949
[25]: print('Mean Squared Error is :',metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,pred))
       Mean Squared Error is : 26104141.43339284
[26]: print('Root Mean Squared Error is: ',np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,pred)))
       Root Mean Squared Error is: 5109.2212159381825
[27]: #root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
[28]: train_score_lm = lm.score(X_train, y_train)
       test_score_lm = lm.score(X_test, y_test)
       print("Train score: ", train_score_lm)
       print("Test score : ",test_score_lm)
       Train score: 0.9633907320629322
```

```
Test score : 0.9591199103412812
 []: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
      print(" Root mean Squared error is:",r2_score(y_test,pred) )
       r2=r2_score(y_test,pred)
[32]: from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
       from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
       col_transf = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [])], remainder='passthrough')
       X = np.array(col_transf.fit_transform(X))
                                                                                                                                      ⑥↑↓占♀ⅰ
[33]: X
[33]: array([[ 1.1],
             [ 1.3],
              [ 1.5],
             [ 2. ],
             [ 2.2],
             [ 2.9],
             [ 3. ],
             [ 3.2],
             [ 3.2],
             [ 3.7],
             [ 3.9],
             [ 4. ],
             [ 4. ],
             [ 4.1],
             [ 5.3],
             [5.9],
             [ 6. ],
             [ 6.8],
             [7.1],
             [ 7.9],
             [ 8.2],
             [ 8.7],
             [ 9. ],
             [ 9.5],
             [ 9.6],
             [10.3],
             [10.5]])
[35]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      Xm_train, Xm_test, ym_train, ym_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 45)
[36]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
       lm1 = LinearRegression()
       lm1.fit(Xm_train, ym_train)
[36]: LinearRegression
      LinearRegression()
[37]: ym = lm1.predict(Xm_test)
      np.set_printoptions(precision=2)
      print(np.concatenate((ym.reshape(len(ym),1), ym_test.reshape(len(ym_test),1)),1))
       [[ 64179 34 63218 ]
```

```
[113452.36 105582.]
[127944.42 121872.]
[84468.23 93940.]
[66111.61 57081.]
[119249.19 112635.]
[57416.37 54445.]
[62247.06 57189.]
[118283.05 116969.]]
```