75 STL HEADERS IN UNDER 10 MINUTES

Excluding...

- C++23
- Deprecated Headers
- Headers from the C standard library



<algorithm>

- Computer science algorithms, mostly operating on a sequence of elements
- Overloaded on [It, It)
- Overloaded on range and [It, S) (C++20)

<any>

(C++17)

- std::any
- Type-erasure wrapper for any copy constructible type

<array>

(C++11)

- std::array<T, N>
- Container that encapsulates a fixed size C-style array
- Provides stronger type-safety

<atomic>

(C++11)

- std::atomic<T>
- Well defined concurrent access from multiple threads

<barrier>

(C++20)

- std::barrier<CompletionFunction>
- Reusable thread barrier that blocks up to N threads
- Executes CompletionFunction and opens the barrier when the last thread arrived

<bit>

- enum class endian
- Functions to access, manipulate and process individual bits and bit sequences (e.g.

has_single_bit, bit_ceil)

<bit>

tset>

- std::bitset<N>
- Fixed-size sequence of N bits
- Functions to access and manipulate the bits

<charconv>

(C++17)

- from_chars, to_chars
- Conversion between a char-sequence and a floating point or integer

<chrono>

$$(C++11)$$

- Date and time library, mainly consisting of clocks, time points and durations
- Calendar types and time zones (C++20)

<compare>

(C++20)

Library support for the 3-way comparison <=>

<complex>

- std::complex<T>
- Complex number: 3.5 + 7i

<concepts>

(C++20)

- Defines common concepts
- same_as, integral
- movable, regular
- invocable, predicate

<condition_variable>

(C++11)

- std::condition_variable,std::condition_variable_any
- Synchronization primitive to block threads until getting notified

<coroutine>

(C++20)

- Library support for coroutines
- coroutine_handle<T>, non-owning handle to an actual coroutine

<deque>

- std::deque<T, Allocator>
- Double-ended queue

<exception>

- Base class std::exception
- Terminate handler
- exception_ptr, shared pointer type for storing any exception object
- Library support for nested exceptions

<execution>

(C++17)

- Execution policies for concurrent algorithms
- seq, par, par_unseq, unseq

<filesystem>

(C++17)

 Access and manipulate files, directories and the pathes that identify them

<format>

(C++20)

- Text formatting library
- Type safe and extensible
- std::format("{} + {} = {}", 5, 6, 11)
- template<> struct formatter<MyType>

<forward_list>

(C++11)

- std::forward_list<T, Allocator>
- Singly-linked list

<fstream>

- File I/O implementation
- filebuf
- ifstream
- ofstream
- fstream

<functional>

- Function objects (e.g. plus, minus, less)
- Standard hash function
- function<Signature>
- reference_wrapper<T>
- invoke

<future>

(C++11)

- Types and functions related to asynchronous tasks
- future, shared_future, promise, packaged_task
- async

<initializer_list>

(C++11)

- std::initializer_list<T>
- A view over a constant array

<iomanip>

- Stream manipulators that are invoked with arguments (e.g. setbase(16), setfill('*'))
- quoted, I/O function to read or write a quoted string (C++14)

<ios>

- Stream manipulators that are invoked without arguments (e.g. boolalpha, skipws)
- ios_base, base class for all I/O streams
- std::ios, base class to interfer with streambufs

<iosfwd>

Forward declarations for the I/O library

<iostream>

- cout
- cerr
- clog
- cin

<istream>

- std::istream
- std::iostream

<iterator>

- Tag types and concepts for the six kinds of iterators
- Iterator traits
- Adaptors and utility functions

<latch>

(C++20)

• Single-use thread barrier

dimits>

- numeric_limits<T>
- Query properties of fundamental numeric types

<t>>

- std::list<T, Allocator>
- Linked list

<locale>

- std::locale
- Access and manipulate cultural differences like character classification and number formatting

<map>

- Sorted maps of key-value pairs
- std::map<Key, T, Compare, Alloc>
- Enforces unique keys
- std::multimap<Key, T, Compare, Alloc>
- Possibly non-unique keys

<memory>

- Dynamic memory management
- Smart pointers (unique_ptr, shared_ptr, weak_ptr)
- Atomic shared_ptr and weak_ptr
- Traits for allocators and pointer-like types
- Utility functions to work with raw storage

<memory_resource>

(C++17)

- std::pmr::polymorphic_allocator, an allocator that wraps a polymorphic std::pmr::memory_resource
- Three predefined memory resources: synchronized_pool_resource, unsynchronized_pool_resource, monotonic_buffer_resource

<mutex>

- Synchronization support by mutual exclusive access
- mutex, timed_mutex, recursive_mutex, recursive_timed_mutex
- RAII locking via lock_guard, unique_lock, scoped_lock
- Variadic locking functions try_lock, lock

<new>

- Low level memory management.
- new_handler
- Overloads of operator new & operator delete
- Including overloads taking nothrow_t,
 align_val_t & destroying_delete_t

<numbers>

(C++20)

- Provides mathematical constants
- std::numbers::pi

<numeric>

- Provides numeric algorithms
- iota, accumulate, inner_product, ...
- gcd, lcm (C++17)
- midpoint (C++20)

<optional>

(C++17)

- std::optional<T>
- May or may not hold a value of type T
- nullopt_t

<ostream>

- std::ostream
- Output Manipulators (e.g. endl, ends, flush)

<queue>

- std::queue<T, Container>
- A container adaptor that represents a FIFO queue
- std::priority_queue<T, Container, Comp>
- A container adaptor that represents a heap

<random>

- Generate random numbers
- Randomness comes from Uniform Random Bit Engines (URBGs)
- Based on this, numbers are generated by distributions

<ranges>

(C++20)

- Concepts (e.g. range, borrowed_range, view)
- Factories (e.g. views::single, views::iota)
- Adaptors (e.g. views::filter, views::reverse)

<ratio>

- std::ratio<Num, Den>
- Compile-time rational arithmetic and comparison
- Ratio typedefs (e.g. micro, centi, giga)

<regex>

$$(C++11)$$

• Regular expression library

<scoped_allocator>

- scoped_allocator_adaptor<OuterAlloc,InnerAlloc...>
- Multi-Level allocator with multi-level containers

<semaphore>

(C++20)

- counting_semaphore<LeastMaxValue>
- Synchronization primitive that controls access to a shared resource
- An internal counter gets initialized in the constructor and counts the access

<set>

- Sorted sets of keys
- std::set<Key, Compare, Alloc>
- Enforces unique keys
- std::multiset<Key, Compare, Alloc>
- Possibly non-unique keys

<shared_mutex>

(C++14)

- Shared and mutual exclusive access
- std::shared_mutex(C++17)
- std::shared_timed_mutex
- std::shared_lock

<source_location>

(C++20)

- std::source_location
- Describes a file name, function name, line and column number in the source code
- std::source_location::current() gets evaluated at the call site

(C++20)

- std::span<T, Extent>
- Non-owning view over a contiguous sequence
- dynamic_extent

<sstream>

- String streams
- stringbuf
- istringstream
- ostringstream
- stringstream

<stack>

- std::stack<T, Container>
- A container adaptor that represents a LIFO stack

<stdexcept>

- Defines common exception types
- runtime_error
- invalid_argument
- out_of_range
- . . .

<stop_token>

(C++20)

- Provide thread cancellation
- std::stop_source
- std::stop token
- std::stop_callback

<streambuf>

- std::streambuf
- Controls input and output to a character sequence

<string>

- std::string
- Stores and manipulates a sequence of characters
- Typedefs for all character types char, char8_t
 char16_t, char32_t, wchar_t
- char_traits<CharT>

<string_view>

(C++17)

- std::string_view
- A read-only string view
- Typedefs for all character types char, char8_t
 char16_t, char32_t, wchar_t

<syncstream>

(C++20)

- std::osyncstream, synchronized ostream wrapper
- Like a lock_guard for concurrent access to a streams or streambufs destination buffer

<system_error>

- Provides low level error codes
- std::system_error, exception type containing an error_code

<thread>

- std::thread
- std::jthread(C++20)
- Namespace std::this_thread to access current thread

<tuple>

- std::tuple<Ts...>
- make_tuple, tie, forward_as_tuple, tuple_cat, apply, make_from_tuple

<typeindex>

- std::type_index
- A wrapper around std::type_info
- Provides a hash as well as being copyable

<typeinfo>

- std::type_info, as a result of calling typeid(...)
- Stores runtime type information (RTTI) of a type

<type_traits>

- Metaprogramming facilities to inspect and transform types
- is_pointer, is_rvalue_reference
- is_nothrow_move_constructible
- add_const remove_cvref

<unordered_map>

- Hash maps of key-value pairs
- std::unordered_map<Key, T, Hash,KeyEqual, Alloc>
- Enforces unique keys
- std::unordered_multimap<Key, T, Hash, KeyEqual, Alloc>
- Possibly non-unique keys

<unordered_set>

- Hash sets of keys
- std::unordered_set<Key, Hash, KeyEqual,Alloc>
- Enforces unique keys
- std::unordered_multiset<Key, Hash, KeyEqual, Alloc>
- Possibly non-unique keys

<utility>

- pair<T, U>
- integer_sequence<T, T... Ints>
- General utility functions
- move, forward, as_const
- swap, exchange
- cmp_equal, *_not_equal, *_less, ...
- in_range

<valarray>

- std::valarray<T>
- Numeric vector

<variant>

(C++17)

- std::variant<Ts...>
- Stores a value of one the types specified
- monostate

<vector>

- std::vector<T, Allocator>
- Dynamic contiguous array

<version>

(C++20)

- Library feature-test macros
- __cpp_lib_unreachable

75 C++ STL HEADERS

```
<algorithm> <any> <array> <atomic> <barrier> <bit> <bitset> <charconv> <chrono>
 <compare> <complex> <concepts> <condition variable> <coroutine> <deque> <exception>
   <execution> <filesystem> <format> <forward list> <fstream> <functional> <future>
 <initializer list> <iomanip> <ios> <iosfwd> <iostream> <istream> <iterator> <latch>
  <limits> <list> <locale> <map> <memory> <memory resource> <mutex> <new> <numbers>
       <numeric> <optional> <ostream> <queue> <random> <ranges> <ratio> <regex>
<scoped allocator> <semaphore> <set> <shared mutex> <source location> <span> <sstream>
   <stack> <stdexcept> <stop token> <streambuf> <string> <string view> <strstream>
  <syncstream> <system error> <thread> <tuple> <typeindex> <typeinfo> <type traits>
  <unordered map> <unordered set> <utility> <valarray> <variant> <vector> <version>
```