

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31st March, 2022

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

For the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Notes	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
Assets				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	5,00,454	4,51,066	
Capital Work-in-Progress	1	68,052	71,711	
Goodwill		13,009	10,212	
Other Intangible Assets	1	1,14,335	79,980	
Intangible Assets Under Development	1	1,04,454	54,782	
Financial Assets				
Investments	2	2,86,146	2,12,382	
Loans	3	1,588	1,117	
Other Financial Assets	4	2,377	1,367	
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	5	1,043	1,147	
Other Non-Current Assets	6	61,188	64,977	
Total Non-Current Assets		11,52,646	9,48,201	
Current Assets				
Inventories	7	1,07,778	81,672	
Financial Assets				
Investments	8	1,08,118	1,52,446	
Trade Receivables	9	23,640	19,014	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	36,178	17,387	
Loans		130	65	
Other Financial Assets	11	23,896	61,124	
Other Current Assets	12	41,293	34,279	
Total Current Assets		3,47,019	373,011	
Total Assets		14,98,665	13,21,212	
Equity and Liabilities				
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	14	6,765	6,145	
Other Equity	15	7,72,720	6,93,727	
Non-Controlling Interest		1,09,499	99,260	
Non-Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	16	1,87,699	1,63,883	
Lease Liabilities	17	13,007	6,948	
Other Financial Liabilities	18	12,024	18,837	
Provisions	19	1,853	2,625	
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	5	49,644	37,001	
Other Non-Current Liabilities		608	502	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		3,02,019	2,44,212	
Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	20	78,606	88,128	
Lease Liabilities		2,662	1,366	
Trade Payables	21	1,53,330	1,08,837	
Other Financial Liabilities	22	44,544	43,539	
Other Current Liabilities	23	21,584	33,034	
Provisions	24	1,936	2,504	
Total Current Liabilities		3,08,662	2,77,568	
Total Liabilities		6,10,681	5,21,780	
Total Equity and Liabilities		14,98,665	13,21,212	
Significant Accounting Policies				
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements				
As per our Report of even date				
For D T S & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (Registration No. I42412N/W/ W100595)	Alok Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer	M.D. Ambani	Chairman and Managing Director
For SRB C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 324932E/F/300003)	Vikas Kumar Pansari	Partner	N.R. Mehwani	Non-Executive Directors
For D T S & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (Registration No. I42412N/W/ W100595)	Savitri Parekh	Company Secretary	P.K. Kapil	Executive Directors
For D T S & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 324932E/F/300003)	Savitri Parekh	Company Secretary	N.R. Mehwani	Non-Executive Directors
T Postwal Partner Membership No. 030848	T Postwal	Chartered Accountants Registration No. 324932E/F/300003)	N.R. Mehwani	Non-Executive Directors
T Postwal Partner Membership No. 030848	N.R. Mehwani	Chartered Accountants Registration No. 324932E/F/300003)	P.M.S. Frasrad	Non-Executive Directors
Date: May 06, 2022				

		Notes	2021-22	(₹ in crore)
Income				
Value of Sales			6,96,972	4,67,669
Income from Services			95,784	71,569
Value of Sales & Services (Revenue)			7,92,756	5,39,738
Less: GST Recovered			7,122	52,912
Revenue from Operations			7,21,634	4,86,326
Other Income			26	14,947
Total Income			7,36,581	5,02,653
Expenses				
Cost of Materials Consumed			3,60,784	1,99,915
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade			1,35,585	1,01,850
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Stock-in-Trade			(21,677)	(9,064)
Excise Duty			21,672	19,402
Employee Benefits Expense			18,775	14,817
Finance Costs			14,584	21,189
Depreciation / Amortisation and Depletion Expense			29,797	26,572
Other Expenses			95,815	78,666
Total Expenses			6,55,555	4,53,350
Profit Before Share of Profit / (loss) of Associates and Joint Ventures			81,026	49,303
Exceptional Item and Tax			13,136	(433)
Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associates and Joint Ventures			81,306	516
Profit Before Exceptional Item and Tax			49,819	49,819
Exceptional Item (Net of Tax)			84,142	55,461
Profit Before Tax *				
Tax Expenses *				
Current Tax			13,136	2,205
Deferred Tax			67,845	53,739
Profit for the Year				
Other Comprehensive Income:				
i. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			26,1	27,533
ii. Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss			26,2	(2,534)
iii. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss				37,517
iv. Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss				(4,605)
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year [Net of Tax]			526	1,264
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year			22,286	33,798
Net Profit Attributable to:				
a) Owners of the Company			90,105	87,537
b) Non Controlling Interest			60,705	49,288
c) Non Controlling Interest			7,140	4,611
Other Comprehensive Income Attributable to:				
a) Owners of the Company			22,185	33,849
b) Non Controlling Interest			75	(5)
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:				
a) Owners of the Company			82,890	82,977
b) Non Controlling Interest			7,215	4,560
Earnings Per Equity Share of Face Value of ₹ 10 each				
Basic (in ₹) - After Exceptional Items			32	92,00
Basic (in ₹) - Before Exceptional Items			32	87,71
Diluted (in ₹) - After Exceptional Items			32	90,85
Diluted (in ₹) - Before Exceptional Items			32	86,61
Significant Accounting Policies				
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements				
* Profit before tax after Exceptional Item and tax thereon. Tax expenses are excluding the Current Tax and Deferred Tax on Exceptional Item.				
As per our Report of even date				
For on behalf of the Board				
M.D. Ambani	Alok Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer	M.D. Ambani	Chairman and Managing Director
Executive Directors				
N.R. Mehwani	Savitri Parekh	Company Secretary	N.R. Mehwani	Non-Executive Directors
P.M.S. Frasrad	Vikas Kumar Pansari	Partner	P.M.S. Frasrad	Executive Directors
P.K. Kapil				
For D T S & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Registration No. 324932E/F/300003)	Savitri Parekh	Joint Chief Financial Officer	N.R. Mehwani	Non-Executive Directors
T Postwal Partner Membership No. 030848	N.R. Mehwani	Joint Chief Financial Officer	P.M.S. Frasrad	Executive Directors
Date: May 06, 2022				

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

For the year ended 31st March, 2022

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	2021-22	2020-21	(₹ in crore)
A. Cash Flow From Operating Activities			
Net Profit Before Tax As Per Statement Of Profit And Loss (After exceptional item and tax thereon)	84,142	55,461	
Adjusted for:			
Share of (Profit) / Loss of Associates and Joint Ventures	(280)	(516)	
Premium on Buy back of Debentures	380	194	
(Profit) / Loss on Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets (Net)	40	47	
Depreciation / Amortisation and Depletion Expense	29,797	26,572	
Effect of Exchange Rate Change	1,821	(1,645)	
Net Gain on Financial Assets #	(1,352)	(4,964)	
Exceptional Item (Net of Tax)	(2,836)	(5,642)	
Dividend Income #	(41)	(39)	
Interest Income #	(12,529)	(10,366)	
Finance Costs #	14,584	21,027	
Subtotal	29,584	24,968	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes			
Adjusted for:			
Trade and Other Receivables	(14,180)	959	
Inventories	(24,983)	(7,669)	
Trade and Other Payables	39,888	(43,148)	
Subtotal	725	(49,958)	
Cash Generated from Operations			
Taxes Paid (Net)	1,14,451	30,171	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities *	(3,797)	(3,213)	
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Expenditure for Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	(1,00,145)	(1,05,837)	
Proceeds from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	3,137	2,319	
Purchase of Other Investments	(6,67,878)	(6,89,866)	
Proceeds from Sale of Financial Assets	6,68,137	6,42,551	
Repayment of Deferred Payment Liabilities	(19,306)	(2)	
Interest Income	5,933	8,400	
Dividend Income from Associates	18	26	
Dividend Income from Others	1	-	
Net Cash Flow used in Investing Activities	(1,10,103)	(1,42,409)	
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from Issue of Equity Share Capital	5	5	
Proceeds from Share Capital to Non-Controlling Interest (Net of Dividend Paid)	450	2,00,382	
Net Proceeds from Rights Issue	39,762	13,210	
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(2,132)	(1,022)	
Proceeds from Borrowings - Non-current (including Current Maturities)	59,343	33,211	
Repayment of Borrowings - Non-current (including Current Maturities)	(40,647)	(87,246)	
Borrowings - Current (Net)	(8,846)	(29,581)	
Movement in Deposits	-	(4,700)	
Dividend Paid	(4,297)	(3,321)	
Interest Paid	(26,349)	(18,340)	
Net Cash from Financing Activities	17,289	1,01,904	
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,840	13,547	
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,397	30,320	
Add: Upon addition of Subsidiaries	941	24	
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note 10)	36,178	17,397	

Other than Financial Services Segment.
* Includes amount spent in cash towards Corporate Social Responsibility of ₹ 1,186 crore (Previous Year ₹ 1,140 crore).

Change in Liability arising from financing activities

	1st April, 2021	Cash Flow	Foreign exchange movement / Others	31st March, 2022
Borrowings - Non-Current (including Current Maturities) (Refer Note 16)	191,730	18,696	4,293	2,14,719
Borrowings - Current (Net) (Refer Note 20)	60,081	(8,846)	351	51,586
Total	2,51,811	9,850	4,644	2,66,305

(₹ in crore)
Chairman and Managing Director

(₹ in crore)
Executive Directors

(₹ in crore)
Non-Executive Directors

(₹ in crore)
Joint Chief Financial Officer

(₹ in crore)
Chief Financial Officer

(₹ in crore)
Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 32492E/F/300003)

(₹ in crore)
Sevithri Parekh Company Secretary

(₹ in crore)
Vikas Kumar Pansari Partner Membership No. 093649

(₹ in crore)
Alok Agarwal Date: May 06, 2022

(₹ in crore)
Shrikant Venkatachari

(₹ in crore)
Nita M. Ambani Prof. Dipak C. Jain Dr. R. A. Malskar Adil ZainulBhai Raminder Singh Gujral

(₹ in crore)
Dr. Sharmee Banerji Arundhati Bhattacharya His Excellency Yasir Ohmnan H. Al Rumayyan K.V. Choudary

Notes

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

A. Corporate Information

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise financial statements of "Reliance Industries Limited" ("the Holding Company" or "The Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

The Holding Company is a listed entity incorporated in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 3rd Floor, Mekar Chambers IV, 222, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021, India.

The principal activities of the Group, its joint ventures and associates consist of activities spanning across Oil to Chemicals (O2C), Oil and Gas, Retail, Digital Services and Financial Services. Further details about the business operations of the Group are provided in Note 38 – Segment Information.

B. Significant Accounting Policies

B.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments),
 - Defined Benefit Plans – Plan Assets and
 - Equity settled Share Based Payments
- The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III) as applicable to the CFS.
- The Consolidated Financial Statements comprises of Reliance Industries Limited and all its subsidiaries, being the entities that it controls. Control is assessed in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements.
- The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) and all values are rounded to the nearest crore (₹ 00,00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

- (b) Profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as Inventory and Property, Plant and Equipment, are eliminated in full.
- (c) In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue items are consolidated at the average rate prevailing during the year. All assets and liabilities are converted at rates prevailing at the end of the year. Any exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognised in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (FCTR).
- (d) The audited / unaudited financial statements of foreign subsidiaries / joint ventures / associates have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principle of its Country of incorporation or Ind AS.
- (e) The differences in accounting policies of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries / joint ventures / associates are not material and there are no material transactions from 1st January, 2022 to 31st March, 2022 in respect of subsidiaries / joint ventures / associates having financial year ended 31st December, 2021.
- (f) The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.
- (g) The carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary is offset (eliminated) against the parent's portion of equity in each subsidiary.
- (h) The difference between the proceeds from disposal of investment in subsidiaries and the carrying amount of its assets less liabilities as on the date of disposal is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss being the profit or loss on disposal of investment in subsidiary.
- (i) Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures has been accounted under the Equity Method as per Ind AS 28 – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. Investments in joint operations are accounted using the Proportionate Consolidation Method as per Ind AS 11 – Joint Arrangements.
- (j) The Group accounts for its share of post-acquisition changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures, after eliminating unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures.
- (k) Non-Controlling Interest's share of profit / loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the Group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.

For each business combination, the Group effects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Goodwill arising on business combination is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Common control business combination: Business combinations involving entities or businesses that are controlled by the group are accounted using the pooling of interest method.

(c) Properties, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets. In case of land the Group has availed fair value as deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-In-Progress.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount except in case of certain assets of Oil to Chemicals segment which are depreciated using straight line method.

Depreciation on wireless telecommunications equipment and components is determined based on the expected pattern of consumption of the expected future economic benefits. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

B.3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Current and Non-Current Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current / Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is –

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
 - Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
 - Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- All other assets are classified as Non-Current.
- A liability is treated as Current when –
- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- The Group classifies all other liabilities as Non-Current.
- Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities are classified as Non-Current Assets and Liabilities

(b) Business Combination

Business Combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, except for common control transactions which are accounted using the pooling of interest method that is accounted at carrying values.

The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets transferred, equity instruments issued and liabilities assumed at their acquisition date i.e. the date on which control is acquired. Contingent consideration to be transferred is recognised at fair value and included as part of cost of acquisition. Transaction related costs are expensed in the period in which the costs are incurred.

B.2 Principles of Consolidation

- (a) The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, incomes, expenses and cash flows, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intragroup transactions.

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to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

2013 except in respect of the following assets, where useful life is different than those prescribed in Schedule II.

Particular	Depreciation
Fixed Bed Catalyst (useful life: 2 years or more)	Over its useful life as technically assessed
Fixed Bed Catalyst (useful life: up to 2 years)	100% depreciated in the year of addition
Premium on leasehold Land (range upto 99 years)	Over the period of lease term
Plant and Machinery (useful life: 25 to 50 years)	Over its useful life as technically assessed

(e) Other Intangible Assets

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

(d) Leases

The Group, as a lessee, recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Group measures the lease liability, at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group, as a lessor, classifies a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

(e) Other Intangible Assets

Other Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation / depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable for preparing the asset for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the Other Intangible Assets. In case of certain Other Intangible Assets, the Group has availed fair value as deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Intangible Assets under Development.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an Other Intangible Asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The Group's Other Intangible Assets include assets with finite and indefinite useful life. Assets with finite useful life are amortised on a straight-line basis over their expected useful life and assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually at the cash generating unit level.

A summary of the amortisation / depletion policies applied to the Group's Other Intangible Assets to the extent of depreciable amount is as follows.

one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred.

(i) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any, except in case of products which are valued at net realisable value. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. Cost of finished goods, work-in-progress, raw materials, chemicals, stores and spares, packing materials, trading and other products are determined on weighted average basis.

(i) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets – Property, Plant and Equipment, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any Property, Plant and Equipment, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets or group of assets, called Cash Generating Units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a

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to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provision for Decommissioning Liability

The Group records a provision for decommissioning costs towards site restoration activity. Decommissioning costs are provided at the present value of future expenditure using a current pre-tax rate expected to be incurred to fulfill decommissioning obligations and are recognised as part of the cost of the underlying assets. Any change in the present value of the expenditure, other than unwinding of discount on the provision, is reflected as adjustment to the provision and the corresponding asset. The change in the provision due to the unwinding of discount is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

i) Contingent Liability

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

ii) Employee Benefits Expense

Short-Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

The Group recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred Tax Liabilities and Assets are measured at the

date when excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or refund.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Group pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service at the time of resignation / superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees. The gratuity fund has been approved by respective Income Tax authorities. The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, in Other Comprehensive Income.

Employee Separation Costs

The Group recognises the employee separation cost when the scheme is announced and the Group is demonstrably committed to it.

n) Tax Expenses

The tax expenses for the period comprises of Current Tax and Deferred Income Tax. Tax is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income. In which case, the tax is also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

i. Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance sheet date.

ii. Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred Tax Assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred Tax Liabilities and Assets are measured at the

transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

o) Share Based Payments

Equity-settled share based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share based payments transactions are set out in Note 28.2. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss such that the cumulative expenses reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the Share Based Payments Reserve. The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

p) Foreign Currencies Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency's closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalised as cost of assets. Additionally, exchange gains or losses on foreign currency borrowings taken prior to April 1, 2016, which are related to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are adjusted in the carrying cost of such assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the

tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

q) Revenue Recognition

In case of an asset expense or income where a non-monetary advance is paid / received, the date of transaction is the date on which the advance was initially recognised. If there were multiple payments or receipts in advance, multiple dates of transactions are determined for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group is generally the principal as it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer. Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Group has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the group expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified on the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government).

Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognised when it becomes unconditional. Generally, the credit period varies between 0-60 days from the shipment or delivery of goods or services as the case may be.

The Group provides volume rebates to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified and also accrues discounts to certain customers based on customary business

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practices which is derived on the basis of crude price volatility and various market demand – supply situations. Consideration are determined based on its most likely amount.

Generally, sales of petroleum products contain provisional pricing features where revenue is initially recognised based on provisional price. Difference between final settlement price and provisional price is recognised subsequently. The Group does not adjust short-term advances received from the customer for the effects of significant financing component if it is expected at the contract inception that the promised good or service will be transferred to the customer within a period of one year.

Contract Balances

Trade Receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

Contract Liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration or is due from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Interest Income

Interest Income from a financial asset is recognised using Effective Interest Rate Method.

Dividend Income

Dividend Income is recognised when the Group's right to receive the amount has been established.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial assets measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

c. Other Equity Investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Group has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'. However, dividend on such equity investments is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(t) Financial Instruments

i. Financial Assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial assets are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

D. Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for

- evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at Fair Value Through Profit and loss (FVPL). Expected Credit Losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:
 - The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
 - Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

For trade receivables, the Group applies simplified approach which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Group uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the Group uses 12 month Expected Credit Loss to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime Expected Credit Loss is used.

ii. Financial Liabilities
A. Initial Recognition and Measurement
All financial liabilities are recognised at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

- iii. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting**
The Group uses various derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, currency swaps, forwards and options and commodity contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in interest rates, exchange rates and commodity prices. At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates

- and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are also subsequently measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedge which is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and later to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, when the hedged item affects profit or loss, or is treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

Hedges that meet the criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as follows:

A. Cash Flow Hedge

The Group designates derivative contracts or non-derivative financial assets /liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of movement in interest rates and foreign exchange rates for foreign exchange exposure on highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognised asset or liability or forecast cash transactions. When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is, of Profit and Loss as finance cost, recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve being part of Other Comprehensive Income. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold / terminated or exercised, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in cash flow hedging reserve till the period the hedge was effective remains in cash flow hedging reserve until the underlying transaction occurs. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve is transferred to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

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upon the occurrence of the underlying transaction. If the forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, then the amount accumulated in cash flow hedging reserve is reclassified in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

B. Fair Value Hedge

The Group designates derivative contracts or non-derivative financial assets / liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of change in fair value of hedged item due to movement in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and hedged items that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of maturity.

iv. Derecognition of Financial Instruments

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS109 – Financial Instruments. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Group's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

v. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the Balance Sheet when, and only when, the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the amount and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to redisse the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(s) Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

Non-Current Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and sale is considered highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when decision has been made to sell, assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, assets are being actively marketed and sale has been agreed or is expected to

be concluded within 12 months of the date of classification. Non-current assets held for sale are neither depreciated nor amortised. Assets and liabilities classified as Held for Sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost of disposal and are presented separately in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(t) Accounting for Oil and Gas Activity

The Group has adopted Successful Efforts Method (SEM) of accounting for its Oil and Gas activities. The policy of recognition of exploration and evaluation expenditure is considered in line with the principle of SEM. Seismic costs, geological and geophysical studies, petroleum exploration license fees and general and administration costs directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities are expensed as incurred on acquisition of interest in oil and gas blocks and on exploration and evaluation other than those which are expensed off are accounted for as Intangible Assets under Development. All development costs incurred in respect of Proved Reserves are also capitalised under Intangible Assets under Development. Once a well is ready to commence commercial production, the costs accumulated in Intangible Assets under Development are

calculated depletion charges for the Group's oil and gas properties. The impact of changes in estimated proved reserves is dealt with prospectively by amortising the remaining carrying value of the asset over the expected future production. Oil and natural gas reserves also have a direct impact on the assessment of the recoverability of asset carrying values reported in the financial statements. Details on proved reserves and production both on product and geographical basis are provided in Note 34.

(b) Decommissioning Liabilities

The liability for decommissioning costs are recognised when the Group has an obligation to perform site restoration activity. The recognition and measurement of decommissioning provisions involves the use of estimates and assumptions. These include the timing of abandonment of well and related facilities which would depend upon the ultimate life of the field, expected utilisation of assets by other fields, the scope of abandonment activity and pre-tax rate applied for discounting.

(u) Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for bonus element in equity share. Diluted Earnings Per Share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

C. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

(a) Estimation of Oil and Gas Reserves

The determination of the Group's estimated oil and natural gas reserves requires significant judgements and estimates to be applied and these are regularly reviewed and updated. Factors such as the availability of geological and engineering data, reservoir performance data, acquisition and divestment activity, drilling of new wells, and commodity prices all impact on the determination of the Group's estimates of its oil and natural gas reserves. The Group bases its proved reserves estimates on the requirement of reasonable certainty with rigorous technical and commercial assessments based on conventional industry practice and regulatory requirements.

Estimates of oil and natural gas reserves are used to calculate depletion charges for the Group's oil and gas properties. The impact of changes in estimated proved reserves is dealt with prospectively by amortising the remaining carrying value of the asset over the expected future production. Oil and natural gas reserves also have a direct impact on the assessment of the recoverability of asset carrying values reported in the financial statements. Details on proved reserves and production both on product and geographical basis are provided in Note 34.

(b) Impairment of Financial and Non-Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. In case of non-financial assets the Group estimates assets' recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

(c) Property Plant and Equipment / Other Intangible Assets

Estimates are involved in determining the cost attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and Equipment / Other Intangible Assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful life, after taking into account estimated residual value.

Spectrum Cost is amortised over its balance validity period, based on the expected pattern of consumption of the expected future economic benefits.

Management reviews the estimated useful life and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful life and residual values are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological and future risks. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(d) Recoverability of Trade Receivables

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

(e) Provisions

The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

(f) Impairment of Financial and Non-Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. In case of non-financial assets the Group estimates assets' recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

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(k) Leases
Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives have been allocated to the respective CGUs which are determined at the entity level. During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group has determined that there is no impairment towards these assets.

(g) Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Group uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

(h) Fair Value Measurement

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments refer Note 37 of financial statements.

(i) Revenue

The application of Accounting Standard on Revenue Recognition for digital segment involves complexity and use of key judgements with respect to multiple elements deliverables, timing of revenue recognition, accounting of discounts, incentives, etc. The management has reviewed such accounting treatment and is satisfied about its appropriateness in terms of the relevant Ind AS.

(j) Global Health Pandemic on COVID-19

The continuance of corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Group's operations and revenue during the period were impacted due to COVID-19. The Group has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of financial statements, including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information upto the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment, Other Intangible Assets, Capital Work-in-Progress and Intangible Assets under Development

Description	Gross Block		Depreciation / Amortisation and Depletion		Net Block
	As at 01-04-2021	Additions / Adjustments ^	As at 01-04-2021	For the Year #	
Property, Plant and Equipment		Adjustments ^	Adjustments / Year ^	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Own Assets:					
Land					
Buildings	49,938	288	45	50,181	-
Plant & Machinery	34,067	7,682	67	41,682	10,878 4,278 17 15,139 26,543 23,189
Electrical Installations	4,63,097	43,015	1,240	5,04,872	1,34,726 19,360 892 153,194 351,678 3,28,371
Equipment's	15,334	3,295	88	18,111	6,058 1,257 18 7,297 11,214 9,276
Furniture & Fixtures	4,182	2,325	48	6,459	1,646 454 20 6,053 7,069 24,569 12,440
Vehicles	794	129	20	903	578 95 20 653 2,080 4,379 2,536
Ships	505	3	-	508	345 16 - 361 147 160
Aircrafts and Helicopters	1,481	85	-	1,566	475 275 - 750 816 1,006
Sub-Total	5,87,921	71,044	1,645	6,57,320	1,60,789 27,728 974 1,87,543 4,69,777 4,27,132
Right-of-Use Assets:					
Land	18,830	849	5	19,674	2,454 348 - @ 2,802 16,872 16,376
Buildings	2,714	3,269	104	5,879	636 883 59 1,460 4,419 2,078
Plant & Machinery	8,104	5,889	-	13,993	2,655 1,968 - 4,623 9,370 5,449
Vehicles	61	-	-	61	30 15 - 45 16 31
Ships	10	-	-	10	10 - 10 10 -
Sub-Total	29,719	10,007	109	39,617	5,785 3,214 59 8,940 30,577 23,934
Total (A)	6,17,640	81,051	1,754	6,96,937	1,86,574 30,942 1,033 1,36,483 5,00,454 4,51,068
Other Intangible Assets *					
Technical Knowhow Fees	5,989	90	-	6,079	4,167 173 - 4,340 1,739 1,822
Spectrum Cost	60,907	32,270	-	93,177	9,618 3,855 - 13,473 79,704 51,289
Software	12,328	1,622	-	13,950	4,780 1,544 - 6,334 7,616 7,538
Development Rights	61,152	3,868	18,138	46,882	47,413 2,506 17,433 32,486 14,396 13,739
Others	7,584	6,023	17	13,590	1,982 733 15 2,710 10,880 5,592
Total (B)	1,47,960	43,873	18,155	1,73,678	67,980 8,811 17,448 59,343 114,335 78,980
Total (A+B)	765,600	1,24,924	19,909	8,70,615	2,34,554 39,753 18,481 2,55,826 6,14,789 5,31,046
Previous Year	7,33,529	47,001	14,930	7,65,600	2,11,130 26,793 3,369 2,34,554 5,31,046 5,22,399
Capital Work-in-Progress					68,052 71,171
Intangible Assets Under Development					1,04,454 54,782

* Includes Office Equipments.

^ Land - ₹ 40,81,486

* Other than internally generated.

^ Additions / Adjustments in gross block for the year include ₹ 19,714 crore on account of entities acquired during the year 2021-22, and ₹ 9,857 crore (Previous Year ₹ 122 crore) on account of entities depreciation of ₹ 99 crore (Previous Year ₹ 99 crore) capitalised during the year 2021-22. Thus, ₹ 29,797 crore has been considered in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.1 Buildings include:

i) Cost of shares in Co-operative Societies of ₹ 2,03,700 (Previous Year ₹ 2,03,700).

ii) ₹ 135 crore (Previous Year ₹ 135 crore) in shares of Companies / Societies with right to hold and use certain area of Buildings.

1.2 Other Intangible Assets - Others include:

i) Jetties amounting to ₹ 812 crore (Previous Year ₹ 812 crore), the ownership of which vests with Gujarat Maritime Board.

ii) ₹ 7 crore (Previous Year ₹ 7 crore) in shares of companies with right to hold and use Land and Buildings.

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1.3 Capital work-in-Progress and Intangible Assets under Development include:

- i) ₹ 16,181 crore (Previous Year ₹ 13,697 crore) on account of Project Development Expenditure.
- ii) ₹ 10,153 crore (Previous Year ₹ 10,100 crore) on account of cost of construction materials at site.

1.4 Additions in Property, Plant & Equipment, Capital work-in-progress, Other Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under Development includes ₹ 745 crore (net loss) [Previous Year ₹ 279 crore (net gain)] on account of exchange difference during the year.

1.5 For Assets pledged as security – Refer Note 16.1, 16.2 and 16.3.

	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	
A. Investment in Associates					
A.1 Investment measured at Cost (accounted using Equity Method)					
In Equity Shares – Quoted, Fully paid up					
Reliance Industrial Infrastructure Limited of ₹ 10 each	68,60,064	221	68,60,064	210	
GTPU Hathway Limited of ₹ 10 each	4,26,97,825	497	4,26,97,825	436	
Sterling & Wilson Renewable Energy Limited of ₹ 1 each	7,58,77,334	2,812	–	–	
	3,530	646			
In Equity Shares – Unquoted, Fully paid up					
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	17,04,279	–	17,04,279	–	
CCN DEN Network Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	35,93,552	28	35,93,552	25	
Cleyfin Technologies Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	19,38,000	4	19,38,000	3	
DEN AIN Network Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	50,295	63	50,295	58	
Den Satellite Network Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	60,94,190	493	60,94,190	437	
Eenhdu Television Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	4,23,000	–	3,23,000	–	
Gourav Overseas Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 42,89,845; Previous Year ₹ 27,38,845]]	64,29,20,000	645	64,29,20,000	538	
Gujarat Chemical Port Limited of ₹ 1 each	12,520	–	12,520	–	
Hathway Cablenet Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 27,91,952; Previous Year ₹ 27,91,952]	62,63,125	–	62,63,125	–	
Indian Vaccines Corporation Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 13,60,037; Previous Year ₹ 12,36,583]]	92,62,233	–	92,62,233	–	
Pan Cable Services Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	10	–	10	–	
Reliance Energy Limited of ₹ 10 each	11,08,500	41	11,08,500	41	
Reliance Services and Holdings Limited of ₹ 10 each	50,000	21,557	50,000	13,554	
Jamnagar Utilities & Power Private Limited class A shares of ₹ 1 each [₹ 40,40,000; (Previous Year ₹ 40,72,000)]	52,00,000	–	52,00,000	–	
Vaddoda Enviro Channel Limited of ₹ 10 Each [₹ NIH (Previous Year ₹ 14,302)]	14,302	–	14,302	–	
Vay Network Services Private Limited of ₹ 2 each [₹ NIH (Previous Year ₹ 33,00,000)]	–	–	19,57,413	–	
MM Styles Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	4,03,596	262	–	–	
FutureID Design Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	5,658	33	–	–	
Neohync Solutions Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	6,667	20	–	–	
Ritu Kumar Fashion (LIC) of AED 1,000 each [₹ nil]	147	–	–	–	
	23,146	12,956			
In Preference Shares – Unquoted, Fully paid up					
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series B of ₹ 1,000 each	1,156	–	1,156	–	
Reliance Services and Holdings Limited – 6% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 1,000 each	17,64,66,916	17,647	17,64,66,916	17,647	
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series B1 of ₹ 10 each	2,31,200	–	2,31,200	–	
	23,146	12,956			
In Preference Shares – Quoted, partly paid up					
NW18 HSN Holdings PLC – Class O Preference Shares of USD 0.2 each, paid up USD 0.05 each					
	37,50,00	112			
			19,383	17,359	

	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series C of ₹ 1,000 each	1,807	–	1,807	–	
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series C1 of ₹ 10 each	3,61,400	–	3,61,400	–	
Big Tree Entertainment Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series D of ₹ 10 each	3,41,857	182	3,41,857	212	
Dunzo Digital Private Limited – Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Series F of ₹ 55 each	69,529	1,442	–	–	
Two Platforms Inc					
In Preference shares – Unquoted, partly paid up					
NW18 HSN Holdings PLC – Class O Preference Shares of USD 0.2 each, paid up USD 0.05 each					
	12,75,367	–			
In Debentures or Bonds – Unquoted, fully paid up					
Ashwoni Commercial Private Limited – Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10 each					
	13,55,90,000	136			
In Share Warrant – Unquoted, partly paid up					
NW18 HSN Holdings PLC – Share Warrant of USD 10 each, paid up USD 0.01 each					
	24,18,393	–			
In Limited Liability Partnership					
GentNext Ventures Investment Advisers LLP [₹ 31,64,755; (Previous Year ₹ 31,17,337)]					
	136	136			
In Corpus of Trust					
Unquoted					
Investment in Corpus of Petroleum Trust					
	59,581	46,195			
Total Investments in Associates					
B. Investment in Joint Ventures					
Investment measured at Cost (accounted using Equity Method)					
In Equity Shares – Quoted, Fully paid up					
Alok Industries Limited of ₹ 1 each					
	1,98,65,33,333	158			
In Equity Shares – Unquoted, Fully Paid Up					
Brooks Brothers India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,45,00,000	19			
Burberry India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,23,22,952	42			
Canall India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	1,42,50,000	17			
Dadri Toe Warehousing Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,43,43,661	24			
Diesel Fashion India Reliance Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	5,65,95,000	16			
D.E. Shaw Indic Securities Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	1,07,00,000	1			
Football Sports Development Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	14,85,711	100			
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	7,000	–			
Hathway Bhavani NDS Private Limited of ₹ 500 each					
	15,810	–			
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 26,67,986; (Previous Year ₹ 32,97,641)]					
	13,05,777	1			
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	25,500	2			
Hathway CCN Entertainment India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,55,000	4			
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,42,250	7			
Hathway Channel 5 Cable and Docom Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	2,49,000	–			
Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	20,400	–			
Hathway Digital Soharanpur Cable & Docom Private Limited of ₹ 10 each					
	10,200	–			

	As at 31st March, 2022			As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
Hathway Ice Television Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	1,02,000	-	-	1,02,000	-	-
Hathway Latu MCN Cable and Datacom Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 26,61,793 (Previous Year ₹ 12,11,163)]	51,000	-	-	51,000	-	-
Hathway MCN Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	9,63,000	6	9,63,000	7	9,63,000	7
Hathway Sat Star Cable and Datacom Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	68,850	2	68,850	9	68,850	9
Hathway Sonali Om Crystal Cable Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	68,000	8	68,000	1	68,000	1
Hathway Sonali Om Crystal Cable Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	2,29,500	-	2,29,500	-	2,29,500	-
IBNI Lokmat News Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	86,25,000	-	-	86,25,000	-	-
Icnix Lifestyle India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	52,85,250	132	25,05,000	39	25,05,000	39
India Gas Solution Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	2,25,00,000	152	2,25,00,000	9	2,25,00,000	9
Jio Payments Bank Limited of ₹ 10 each	18,45,20,000	86	16,24,00,000	88	16,24,00,000	88
Marks and Spencer Reliance India Private Limited (Class A Shares of ₹ 10 each)	81,42,722	43	81,42,722	40	81,42,722	40
Marks and Spencer Reliance India Private Limited (Class C Shares of ₹ 5 each)	9,51,16,546	170	9,51,16,546	160	9,51,16,546	160
Reliance Bally India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	48,50,000	6	48,50,000	5	48,50,000	5
Reliance Paul & Shark Fashions Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	1,31,00,000	6	1,31,00,000	5	1,31,00,000	5
Reliance-GrandVision India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	1,35,00,000	5	1,35,00,000	5	1,35,00,000	5
Reliance-Vision Express Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	11,10,00,000	9	10,20,00,000	7	10,20,00,000	7
Pipeliner Management Services Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,000	8	5,00,00,000	4	5,00,00,000	4
Ryohin-Kekkaku Reliance India Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	2,88,12,000	15	2,48,92,000	16	2,48,92,000	16
TCO Reliance Indic Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	1,37,20,000	14	1,37,20,000	13	1,37,20,000	13
Ubora Technologies Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	10,821	10	10,821	5	10,821	5
CAA Global Brands Reliance Private Limited [₹ 47,050/- (Previous Year ₹ 2 Nil)]	5,000	-	-	-	-	-
Reliance Sidewayz Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 2,00,000/- (Previous Year ₹ 25,000)]	5,000	-	-	5,000	-	-
Zegna South Asia Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	2,98,44,272	6	2,98,44,272	4	2,98,44,272	4
Ethane Crystal LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	86,666	1	84,333	1	84,333	1
Ethane Emerald LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	81,680	1	80,046	1	80,046	1
Ethane Opal LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	81,545	1	79,914	1	79,914	1
Ethane Pearl LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	87,021	1	83,280	1	83,280	1
Ethane Sapphire LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	81,545	1	79,914	1	79,914	1
Ethane Topaz LLC Class A Share of \$1 each	81,545	1	79,914	1	79,914	1
Ethane Crystal LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,76,70,066	219	1,97,48,739	207	1,97,48,739	207
Ethane Emerald LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,65,38,954	212	1,86,12,443	200	1,86,12,443	200
Ethane Opal LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,48,80,086	200	1,65,81,663	189	1,65,81,663	189
Ethane Pearl LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,64,80,720	211	1,98,29,430	199	1,98,29,430	199
Ethane Sapphire LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,46,38,086	199	1,85,81,663	187	1,85,81,663	188
Ethane Topaz LLC Class C Share of \$1 each	2,48,93,086	200	1,85,81,663	188	1,85,81,663	188
Sodium-ion Batteries Pty Limited of AUD \$1.00 each	27,88,823	14	-	-	-	-
In Preference Shares – Unquoted, Fully paid up		2,159				1,847
IBNI Lokmat News Private Limited – 0.10% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares Series "I" of ₹ 100 each	2,20,000	-	-	2,20,000	-	-
IBNI Lokmat News Private Limited – 0.10% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares Series "II" of ₹ 100 each	2,49,999	5	2,49,999	5	2,49,999	5
IBNI Lokmat News Private Limited – 0.01% Optionally Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Share Series "II" of ₹ 100 each	1	-	-	1	-	-
IBNI Lokmat News Private Limited – 0.10% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares Series "III" of ₹ 100 each	20,35,250	5	20,35,250	7	20,35,250	7
Alok Industries Limited of ₹ 1 each – Preference Share	2,50,00,00,000	250	2,50,00,00,000	250	2,50,00,00,000	250
		260				262

(₹ in crore)

		As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
		Units	Amount
		Units	Amount
In Debentures or Bonds – Unquoted, fully paid up			
Inospace MET Logistics Park Farukhnagar Private Limited - Non-Convertible Bonds of ₹ 10 each	49,400	5	-
Clarks Reliance Footwear Private Limited - 4.5% Optionally Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10 each	5,10,00,000	51	-
		56	-
In Limited Liability Partnership			
Hothway SS Cable & Datacom LLP [₹ 5,88,980/- (Previous Year ₹ 11,52,820)]	-	-	-
		316	262
Total Investments in Joint Ventures		2,633	2,372
c. Other Investments			
Investment measured at Amortised Cost			
In Government Securities – Unquoted			
6 Years National Savings Certificate (Deposited with Sales Tax Department and other Government Authorities) [₹ 45,08,847/- (Previous Year ₹ 45,08,847)]	-	-	-
		-	-
In Debentures or Bonds – Quoted, Fully paid up			
Summit Digital Infrastructure Private Limited – Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000 each (Series 5)	53,360	5,372	118,360
		5,372	11,880
In Debentures or Bonds – Unquoted, Fully paid up			
Jid Digital Fibre Private Limited – Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000 each (Series PPD1)	60,000	6,035	60,000
Jid Digital Fibre Private Limited – Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000 each (Series PPD2)	1,00,000	10,057	100,000
Jid Digital Fibre Private Limited – Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000 each (Series PPD3)	93,420	9,396	93,420
		25,488	25,342
In Preference Shares – Unquoted, Fully paid up			
0% Redeemable, Non-Participating, Non-Cumulative and Non-Convertible Preference Shares of Summit Digital Infrastructure Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,000	14	-
		14	-
In Others			
PTC – Master Trust 2019 Series I	-		
Moringold Trust	60		
First Business Receivables Trust	-		
Tower Infrastructure Trust	56		
		116	1,581
Investment measured at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)			
In Membership Interest of LLP – Unquoted			
Labs 02 Limited Partnership	47		
First Close Partners I, LLP [₹ 22,30,050/- (Previous Year ₹ Nil)]	-		
Breakthrough Energy Ventures II, LP.	129		
		176	21
In Membership Interest of LLC – Unquoted			
Breakthrough Energy Ventures LLC	612		
		612	199
In Preferred Shares – Unquoted, Fully paid up			
EdCast Inc – Series B	2,34,322	5	2,34,302
Krikey Inc – Series A	27,16,948	75	27,16,948
KaiOS Technologies PTE. of USD 0.01 each	6,25,000	36	6,25,000
Netradyne Inc – Series A	150,75,708	442	1,91,34,355
		150,75,708	1,91,34,355

Notes

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	As at 31st March, 2022			As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
Netadyne Inc - Series B	40,56,647	119	-	-	1,49,99,990	-
NexWayne GmbH - Series C	86,887	213	-	-	1,49,99,990	-
Homodeus Inc - Series B	2,94,118	2	2,94,118	2	27,500	-
In Preference Shares - Unquoted, Fully paid up	892	394			27,500	-
Aeon Learning Private Limited - Series B compulsorily convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 1 each	2	-	2	-	27,500	-
Jio Digital Fibre Private Limited - 10% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 Each	77,70,11,98,375	77,893	77,70,11,98,375	77,889	58,009	58
Jio Digital Fibre Private Limited - 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	12,50,000	1	12,50,000	1	11,88,370	8
Summit DigiTech Infrastructure Private Limited - 0% Redeemable, Non-Participating, Non-Cumulative and Non-Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	-	-	5,00,00,000	94	4,23,44,473	-
Karepert Technologies Private Limited - Series A Preference Shares of ₹ 20 each	22,222	10	22,222	10	2,924	113
Karepert Technologies Private Limited - Series B Preference Shares of ₹ 20 each	44,443	20	44,443	20	2,924	2,206
Pipeline Infrastructure Private Limited - 01% Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	4,00,00,00,000	4,000	4,00,00,00,000	4,000	2,924	2,206
Pipeline Infrastructure Private Limited - 01% Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	50	5,00,00,00,000	50	2,924	2,206
Hiphi Nutrition Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	9,269	4	9,269	6	2,924	2,206
Teesta Retail Private Limited - 6% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	2,025	466	2,025	466	2,924	2,206
Altigreen Propulsion Labs Private limited, Series A Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each	34,000	50	-	-	2,924	2,206
In Equity Shares - Quoted, Fully paid up	82,494	82,536			2,924	2,206
Affinity Energy and Health Limited of AUD 0.1636 each	-	-	1,58,350	-	2,924	2,206
Balaji Telefilms Limited of ₹ 2 each	2,52,00,000	179	2,52,00,000	144	2,924	2,206
EIH Limited of ₹ 2 each	11,77,60,869	1,821	11,77,60,869	1,095	2,924	2,206
Eros STX Global Corporation of GBP 0.30 each	31,11,088	4	31,11,088	41	2,924	2,206
Himachal Futuristic Communications Limited of ₹ 1 each	4,85,32,164	385	4,85,32,164	122	2,924	2,206
KSI and Industries Limited of ₹ 4 each [₹ 12,80,632; (Previous Year ₹ 12,80,632)]	4,74,308	-	4,74,308	-	2,924	2,206
Refex Industries Limited of ₹ 10 each	2,75,000	3	2,75,000	3	2,924	2,206
SMC Global Securities Limited of ₹ 2 each	11,35,670	9	11,35,670	8	2,924	2,206
Yatra Online Inc. of \$ 0.0001 each	19,26,397	25	19,26,397	28	2,924	2,206
In Equity Shares - Unquoted, Fully Paid Up	2,426	1,441			2,924	2,206
Ahmedabad Mega Clean Association of ₹ 10 each [₹ 1,00,000; (Previous Year ₹ 10,00,000)]	10,000	-	10,000	-	2,924	2,206
Aeon Learning Private Limited of ₹ 1 each [₹ 1,00,000; (Previous Year ₹ 10,00,000)]	1,00,000	-	1,00,000	-	2,924	2,206
24x7 Learning Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	6,45,558	-	6,45,558	-	2,924	2,206
DSE Estates Limited of ₹ 1 each	8,98,500	-	8,98,500	-	2,924	2,206
Enertech Technologies Private Limited	400	-	400	-	2,924	2,206
Eshwar Land Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	-	-	2,019	14	2,924	2,206
Future10 Design Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	71,175	3	71,175	3	2,924	2,206
Hothway Patiala Cable Private Limited of ₹ 10 each	19,04,781	46	19,04,781	46	2,924	2,206
KaiOS Technologies PTE. Limited of USD 0.01 each	100	-	100	-	2,924	2,206
Eliph Nutrition Private Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 4,80,400; (Previous Year ₹ 6,40,400)]	3,01,876	-	3,01,876	-	2,924	2,206
Petronet India Limited of ₹ 0.10 each [₹ 10,00,000; (Previous Year ₹ 10,00,000)]	1,00,00,000	-	1,00,00,000	-	2,924	2,206

	As at 31st March, 2022			As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
Petronet VK Limited of ₹ 10 each [₹ 20,000; (Previous Year ₹ 20,000)]	-	-	1,49,99,990	-	1,49,99,990	-
Ushodaya Enterprises Private Limited of ₹ 100 each [₹ 27,50,000; (Previous Year ₹ 27,50,000)]	-	-	27,500	-	27,500	-
VAKT Holdings Limited of USD 0.001 each	-	-	58,009	58	39,894	39
Yatra Online Limited of ₹ 1 each	-	-	11,88,370	8	1,09,348	8
Ambri Inc. of \$ 0.00001 each	-	-	4,23,44,473	372	-	-
In Debentures or Bonds - Unquoted, Fully paid up	-	-	487	113		
Karkinos Health Care Private Limited - 01% Optionally Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100 each	-	-	25,00,000	25	25	-
Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100 each	-	-	25	25	25	-
In Debentures or Bonds - Quoted, Fully paid up	-	-	28,907	3,552	3,552	-
In Fixed Maturity Plan - Quoted, Fully Paid Up	-	-	-	-	1,372	-
In Fixed Maturity Plan - Quoted	-	-	22,992	-	-	-
In Units - Unquoted, fully paid up	-	-	2,924	2,206	2,206	-
Investments measured at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)						
In Equity Shares - Quoted, Fully paid up	-	-	158	-	158	-
In Equity Shares - Unquoted, Fully paid up	-	-	360	491	360	-
In Preference Shares - Unquoted, Fully paid up	-	-	-	-	375	-
In Debentures or Bonds - Quoted	-	-	328	-	328	-
In Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faering Capital India Evolving Fund of ₹ 1,000 each	-	-	11,66,581	347	11,66,581	160
GenNext Ventures Fund - Class A Units of ₹ 10 each	-	-	1,33,58,384	26	1,98,58,351	78
IIFL Special Opportunities Fund Class A 5.1 of ₹ 10 each (Year ₹ 3,721 each)	-	-	4,95,06,919	52	4,95,06,919	57
JM Financial Property Fund - I of ₹ 3,721 each (Year ₹ 3,721 each)	-	-	50,000	4	50,000	4
JMFARC - Securities Receipt	-	-	3,40,000	26	3,40,000	26
KKR India Debt Fund I of ₹ 1,000 each	-	-	1,31,512	-	2,53,314	2
UCHEI Housing and Infrastructure Fund of ₹ 100 each	-	-	6,50,000	13	5,16,900	5
UCHEI Urban Development Fund of ₹ 10,000 each ₹ 2,975 paid up (Previous Year ₹ 3,762 paid up)	-	-	25,000	3	25,000	7
Multiples Private Equity Fund - Scheme I of ₹ 1,00,000 each, ₹ 5,145 paid up (Previous Year ₹ 16,971 each)	-	-	5,000	2	5,000	13
Multiples Private Equity Fund II LLP of ₹ 1,000 each	-	-	8,70,522	167	9,66,872	125
Paragon Partners Growth Fund - I of ₹ 100 each	-	-	43,27,809	79	45,43,052	62
Urban Infrastructure Opportunities Fund of ₹ 23,930 per unit (Previous Year ₹ 27,430 each)	-	-	21,600	21	21,600	24
Zone4 Capital Fund Scheme II of ₹ 1,00,000 fully paid up (Previous Year ₹ 85,000 partly paid up)	-	-	2,000	68	2,000	30
Kalari Capital Partners India IV of ₹ 1000 each	-	-	35,88,887	384	2,78,978	24
JMFARC - MARCH 2018 - Trust - Series I of ₹ 1,000 each	-	-	8,00,00,000	63	8,00,00,000	63
Nepean Focused Investment Fund - Class A or ₹ 1,00,000 each	-	-	2,10,893	2,101	-	-
CFMARC Trust 88 of ₹ 1000 each	-	-	70,95,948	710	-	-
Total Other Investments			4,066	1,77,737	1,32,218	680
Total Non-Current Investments (A+B+C)			2,86,146			2,12,382

	As at 31st March, 2022			As at 31st March, 2021		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
Corporate Overview						
Management Review						
Governance						
Financial Statements						
Consolidated						

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to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
2.1 Category-wise Non Current Investments			
Financial Assets measured at Cost	1,08,409	80,164	
Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	30,909	38,809	
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	1,41,835	91,863	
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	4,912	1,546	
Total Non-Current Investments (A+B+C)	2,86,146	2,12,382	
3. Loans – Non-Current (Unsecured and Considered Good)			
Loans and Advances – to Others	1,588	1,117	
Total	1,588	1,117	

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
4. Other Financial Assets - Non Current			
Deposits with Related Parties [Refer Note 33 (v)]	520	519	
Others *	1,857	848	
Total	2,377	1,367	

* Includes fair valuation of interest free deposits.

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
5. Deferred Tax Component of Deferred Tax			
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	1,043	1,147	
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	49,644	37,001	
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	(48,601)	(35,854)	

* Includes fair valuation of interest free deposits.

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
6. Other Non-Current Assets (Unsecured and Considered Good)			
Capital Advances		8,712	20,287
Security Deposits [§]		3,180	3,194
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision) [#]		5,926	5,104
Upfront Fibre Payment		14,980	15,500
Others *		28,390	20,392
Total		61,188	64,377

[§] Includes Deposits of ₹ 483 crore (Previous Year ₹ 473 crore), given to Related Parties [Refer Note 33 (v)].

* Refer Note 13

Includes device rights and advance for acquisition of Right-to-Use assets taken on lease.

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
7. Inventories			
Raw Materials (Including Material in Transit)		17,177	15,200
Work-in-Progress *		33,985	27,781
Finished Goods		20,049	11,836
Stores and Spares		12,665	11,600
Stock-in-Trade		21,221	13,285
Others ^		2,681	1,970
Total		1,07,778	81,672

* Includes land, development cost and inventory on completion of projects.

^ Includes Programming and Film Rights.

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
Deferred Tax Assets (Net) in Relation to:			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Asset		(906)	(281)
Financial Assets		71	-
Loan and Advances		1	-
Provisions		248	(13)
Disallowances		107	40
Carried Forward Loss		1,762	(373)
Others		(136)	467
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	1,147	(160)	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) in Relation to:			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Asset		57,301	9,082
Financial Assets and Others		(7,089)	5,121
Loan and Advances		(30)	(1)
Provisions		(450)	(72)
Disallowances		104	13
Carried Forward Losses		(12,607)	(1,172)
Others		(228)	5
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	37,001	12,976	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	(35,854)	(13,136)	408

* Refer Note 13

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
Other Non-Current Assets (Unsecured and Considered Good)			
Capital Advances		8,712	20,287
Security Deposits [§]		3,180	3,194
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision) [#]		5,926	5,104
Upfront Fibre Payment		14,980	15,500
Others *		28,390	20,392
Total		61,188	64,377

[§] Includes Deposits of ₹ 483 crore (Previous Year ₹ 473 crore), given to Related Parties [Refer Note 33 (v)].

* Refer Note 13

Includes device rights and advance for acquisition of Right-to-Use assets taken on lease.

Notes

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
8. Investments – Current			
In Collateral Borrowing and Lending Obligation – Unquoted	-	1,000	
Investment Measured at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	-	1,000	
In Fixed Maturity Plan – Quoted, Fully paid up	1,431	10,446	
In Mutual Fund – Quoted	6,368	2,768	
In Mutual Fund – Unquoted	63,527	95,006	
Total	71,326	1,08,420	
Investment Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)			
In Government Securities – Quoted	2,545	4,774	
In Debentures or Bonds – Quoted, Fully Paid Up	89	1,961	
In Mutual Fund – Quoted	474	3,238	
In Treasury Bills – Quoted	10,819	13,161	
In Certificate of Deposits – Unquoted	1,921	-	
In Mutual Fund – Unquoted	20,944	20,092	
Total Investments – Current	38,792	43,226	
Total	1,08,318	1,52,446	

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
8.1 Category-Wise Investments – Current			
Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	-	1,000	
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	71,326	1,08,220	
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	36,792	43,226	
Total Investments – Current	1,08,318	1,52,446	

9. Trade Receivables (Unsecured and Considered Good)

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
Trade Receivables	23,640	19,014	
Total	23,640	19,014	

9.1 Trade Receivables ageing

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment*				Total	(₹ in crore)
	Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	
As at 31st March, 2022:						
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	2,742	165	111	83	179	3,280
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,742	165	111	83	179	3,280

* Net of Provision

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
10. Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash on Hand	-	-	
Balances with Banks *	-	-	
Others – Deposits / Advances	-	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet	36,178	17,397	

(* in crore)

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
11. Other Financial Assets – Current			
Deposits #	-	12,623	
Call Money Receivable *	-	-	
Others ^	-	-	
Total	11,273	7,790	

(* in crore)

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
12. Other Current Assets (Unsecured and Considered Good)			
Balance with Customs, Central Excise, GST and State Authorities	-	31,342	
Others **	-	-	
Total	16,937	26,638	

(* in crore)

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
13. Taxation			
Income Tax Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-	
Current Tax	-	3,161	
Deferred Tax	-	13,136	
Total Income Tax Expenses	16,297	17,722	

(* in crore)

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
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to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Year Ended 31st March, 2022	Year Ended 31st March, 2021
The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:		
Profit Before Tax (before Exceptional Item)	81,306	49,819
Applicable Tax Rate	34.944%	34.944%
Computed Tax Expense	28,412	17,409
	(1,589)	(157)
Tax Effect of:		
Exempted Income		
Expenses Disallowed	7,730	6,417
Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit	(22,820)	(14,882)
Non-Taxable Subsidiaries and effect of Differential Tax Rate under various Jurisdiction	(3,333)	(2,184)
Caret Forward losses Utilised	(5,478)	(4,261)
Others	249	(137)
	3,161	2,205
Current Tax Provision (A)		
Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	2,352	8,034
Incremental Deferred Tax (Asset) / Liability on account of Financial Assets and Other Items	10,784	(8,517)
	13,136	(433)
Deferred Tax Provision (B)		
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)	16,297	17,722
Effective Tax Rate	20.04%	3.45%
Tax on Exceptional Item ^	-	(13,801)

- 8 -

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	₹ in crore)
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)			
At start of the year			
Change for the year			
Others *			
Tax paid during the year			
At end of the year #	5,067	5,576	
	(3,161)	(2,205)	
	158	(1,517)	
	3,797	3,213	
	5,067	5,576	

Pertains to Provision for Tax on Other Comprehensive Income and Exceptional Item.

		As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(in Crores)			
14. Share Capital							
Authorised Share Capital:							
14,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each		14,000	14,000				
(14,00,00,00,000)							
1,00,00,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each		1,000	1,000				
(1,00,00,00,000)							
Total		15,000	15,000				
Issued and Subscribed Capital:							
6,76,59,94,014 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each		6,766	6,339				
(6,33,94,41,920)							
– Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each (Refer Note 14.9)		–	423				
(42,26,26,894)							
Total		6,766	6,782				
Paid Up Capital:							
6,76,59,94,014 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up		6,766	6,339				
(6,33,94,41,920)							
– Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 2.5 paid up (Refer Note 14.9)		–	106				
(42,26,26,894)							
Less: Calls unpaid (Refer Note 14.9)		(1)	–				
Total		6,765	6,445				
14.1	3,08,03,34,238 Equity shares were allotted as fully paid Bonus Shares in the last five years by capitalisation of (3,08,03,34,238) Securities Premium and Capital Redemption Reserve						
14.2	– Issued as partly paid shares under Right Issue (Refer Note 14.9)						
14.3	41,31,91,759 Shares held by Associates (41,31,91,759)						
Figures in brackets represent Previous year figures.							
14.4 The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares:							
Name of the Shareholder		As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021				
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held			
Shrikarsha Commercial LLP	73,95,99,829	10.93%	73,95,99,829	10.94%			
Devarshi Commercial LLP	54,55,68,460	8.06%	54,55,69,460	8.07%			
Karuna Commercial LLP	54,55,68,460	8.06%	54,55,69,460	8.07%			
Tattvam Enterprises LLP	54,55,68,460	8.06%	54,55,69,460	8.07%			
Life Insurance Corporation of India	41,35,42,219	6.11%	37,16,09,077	5.50%			
14.5 shareholding of Promoter							
Sr. No.	Class of Equity Share	Promoter's Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
As at 31st March, 2022							
1	Fully paid-up equity shares of ₹ 10 each	Mukesh D. Ambani	75,00,000	5,52,020	80,52,020	0.12	
2	Partly paid-up equity shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 2.50 paid-up	Mukesh D. Ambani	5,52,020 (5,52,020)	–	–	–	
			80,52,020	–	80,52,020	0.12	

2000-2001 General Budget Financial Statement for the County of Marin

2 the General election financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2000

Sr. No.	Class of Equity Share	Promoter's Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
As at 31st March, 2021							
1	Fully paid-up equity shares of ₹ 10 each	Mukesh D. Ambani	75,00,000	-	75,00,000	0.11	-
2	Partly paid-up equity shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 2.50 paid-up	Mukesh D. Ambani	-	5,52,020	5,52,020	0.01	0.01
Total			75,00,000	5,52,020	80,52,020	0.12	0.01
				As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
				No. of Shares		No. of Shares	
6 The Reconciliation of the Number of Shares Outstanding is set out below:							
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year				6,76,20,68,814		6,33,92,67,510	
Add: Shares issued on exercise of employee stock options				39,25,200		1,74,410	
Add: Shares issued on Rights Issue (Refer Note 14.9)				-		42,26,28,894	
Equity Shares at the end of the year				6,76,59,94,014		6,76,20,68,814	

7 Options granted under ESOS-2006 prior to withdrawal of scheme, continue to be governed by ESOS-2006. There are no options pending for vesting under ESOS-2006. Pursuant to Reliance Industries Limited Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2017 (ESOS-2017), 90,000 options have been granted to eligible employees during the year. Options granted and remaining to be vested as at the end of the year under ESOS-2017 is 3,90,000.

3 Rights, preferences and restrictions

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of ₹ 10/- each. The holder of the equity share is entitled to dividend right and voting right in the same proportion as the capital paid-up on such equity share bears to the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company. The dividend proposed by Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company in the same proportion as the capital paid-up on the equity shares held by them bears to the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

‘**Εγκαίρια σημειώσεις**’

	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore)
Other Equity			
Share Application Money Pending Allotment			
per last Balance Sheet	-	1	291
Issue of Shares / Application Money Received (Refer Note 15.1)	-	(1)	-
Capital Reserve			
per last Balance Sheet	-	50	50
Capital Redemption Reserve			
per last Balance Sheet	-	5,976	9,427
Contingent Redemption Reserve			
per last Balance Sheet	-	524	(41)
Transferred from / (to) Retained Earnings	(1,795)	(3,410)	-
Transferred to General Reserve	4,705	5,976	291

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115.1 Share Application Mor

Stock Option Scheme.