```
LCA. Haumenbeuni oduini npedon.
                        Sparse Table. CBedenue k RMQ
   3ada4a
              LCA (least common ancestor)
 Depebo:
                           CBAZHER HEOP. FRA90
                            c kon-bon pë Sep = kon-bo
Bepunh-1
                             Mendy Modhau 2 beptil. ects
pobro 1 nyth.
Modbemennoe depebo
                               Bocc-nod4hnënnhe
                                Podurens - pesëhok
 Onp. Веригина Апредок вершины В, если из верщины
 Beerb nyor (no op. pë Spam) BA. Unu re AB nod depebe
 Onp. LCA Bepunn Auß sto Snuraiman k hum
 Bepunna Kotopaa abnaeven poduvenem AuB.
              ose npedra Bepunn 2 us
 Onp. tinlv) - Bpens Bxoda B Bepwung v Bo Bpens dfs
tout(v) - Bpens Bhxoda (nochednero) uz Bepwung v.
 timer = 0
void 1ts(v, p)
     tin [V] = timer ++;
      for u in q [v]:
          ; f (u \( p)'
             dfslu,v)
      LOULEV3 = timer++;
Kar onpedenuts, 4to odna Bepmung npedok dpyroù?
Mendy tintus u tout cus haxod rtc = TUNGKU
 вершини из подберева V.
  bool pred (a, b): (anpedox b?)
       return tincaj = tincbj && toutcaj > toutcbj
    bunno dremm
                                Ecm C npedon A u B
                                   To pred (C) Tome
                                   npedok A u B
bydem nourare на счепени овойки:
                             DA > KOWEDO ú
                             Вершины храним
                              npedka ha paccroshuu
 Kandhü paz nphsaem na manc. pacesosnue
Tak 470 Sh Shr6 Beerda HE npedkom вершинь В
B konve ukamenca в вершине иоторая НЕпребок
В но уже следующая вершина пребои В.
 Debaute zamerum, 400 ecm ma
   V \xrightarrow{2^n} V' = V \xrightarrow{2^n} \text{Bedet he Tyda} = V
V' \xrightarrow{2^n} \text{Bedet he Tyda}
\left(2^n + 2^n = 2^{n+1}\right)
  V \rightarrow V' \rightarrow \alpha
     2 4+1
  int lca(a,b):
      if pred(a,b):
                                     npedok a
      for i = log N-1:, i >, 0:, --i:
            if (!pred(upcazciz,b)):
                   a = up[a][i]
      return up[a][o]
 Kak Hactutath up?
 up [v] [k] = up [up[v][k-1]] [K-1]
 V - V - Q
 void dfs(v,p)
      up[V][0] = p
                          E + BH TYT
      for i = 1 ... log N:
          up [ v ] [ i ] = up [ up [ v ] [ i - 1] [ i - 1]
       for hing cv3:
              dfslu, v)
   dfs (root, root)
 HCHMNTOTUKA:
 Mannth: O(NlogN)
Bremn ha noctpoethe: O(NlogN)
Bremn ha zanpoc: O(logN)
3 Sanpoch ha nyou (ctatu4hhe)
   · Muhumym / makcumym na nyth mendy A h B
   · Cymmy Ha nyru ...
  hpcvjckj = v'
  valcvzckz
   up [ v] [ k] = up [ up [ v] [k-1] ] [ k-1]
   Valcvz [k] = valtvz [k-1] + val [up[vz [k-1] ] [k-1]
                   Hymno cdenart dea zanyong
Kod das mununyma:
  int lea-min (a,b)
        if pred (a, b) :
              return INF
         res=INF
        for i = log N-1: i >, 0; --i:
              if !pred (upcasciz,b):
                     res = min(res, valcaztiz)
                      a = upcastij
              return min (res, valcaztos)
 4 CBEDEHUE LCA « RMQ
         (8), (9)
12425859521363731012123232101210
 Mendy dbyns bepwanamu pobho 1 nyob
Это пубь по всему дереву
  LCA mendy Auß sto min ka [tin(A); tin(B)]
      econ tin(A) & tin(B)
  order = vecs;
 void dfs/v, p,d)
       tin [ v ] = urder. Sizel)
       order. push(v)
        for u in y tv);
             if (u 7 p):
               dfs/4, v, d+1)
   int (ca(a,b)
       l = tin [a]
       r=tincb>
       if (>v:
            swap(1,r)
        underc munumyma na [l., r]
  Kopha4ka:
  Damath: O(N)
  13 pems na nocopoenne: O(N)
  Bpens Ha zanpoc: O(M)
 Depelo orpezhol:
  May 16: D(N)
  Bpens на построение: O(N)
  Brens ha zanpoc: Olloy N)
5 Sparse Table [Pazpenenne Tabnuya)
  min/max
                            a o a = a
                               2 < r- 1+1
                               2" > r-1+1
                               => k - log(r-1+1)
min [ 1, v ] = min min [ 1; 1+2 k], min [ 5-2 k; v ]
 TEpositki = mintpositpos+2"]
 void createla)
  fg[1]=0
for (i=2; i\( N'; ++i \) fg[i]= fg[i/2] + 1
   for (i=0:i(N:,++i) T [i][0] = a[i]
   for 1j=1:, 5 4 loy N: ++5)
       for (i=v; i+2<sup>5</sup> 2N; ++i)
           TCi3CJ3 = min(TCi3CJ-13, TCi+23-13)
      TCiJCJ-13
                          TC:+23-17
     int get_min(l,r) [l',r]
         J = lg [ r - l + 1]
         return min | TEPSESS, TEr-23553)
                          [], {+ 2] ] [L-5]; L]
  Acumntotuka:
  Dangto: O(N log N)
   Bpens na nocorpoenue: UN log N)
   Bpens na zanpoc: O(1)
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