

R_LOGISTIC_REGRESSION

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Importing the libraries

```
#install.packages("Amelia")
library(Amelia)
library(ggplot2)
```

Importing the dataset

```
df = read.csv("titanic.csv")
head(df)
```

```
## PassengerId Survived Pclass
## 1          1         0      3
## 2          2         1      1
## 3          3         1      3
## 4          4         1      1
## 5          5         0      3
## 6          6         0      3
##                                     Name      Sex Age SibSp
Parch
## 1                               Braund, Mr. Owen Harris   male  22      1
0
## 2 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer) female  38      1
0
## 3                               Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female  26      0
0
## 4 Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female  35      1
0
## 5                               Allen, Mr. William Henry   male  35      0
0
## 6                               Moran, Mr. James         male  NA      0
0
##          Ticket      Fare Cabin Embarked
## 1          A/5 21171  7.2500      S
## 2          PC 17599 71.2833    C85      C
## 3 STON/O2. 3101282  7.9250      S
## 4          113803 53.1000   C123      S
## 5          373450  8.0500      S
## 6          330877  8.4583      Q
```

Knowing better the dataset

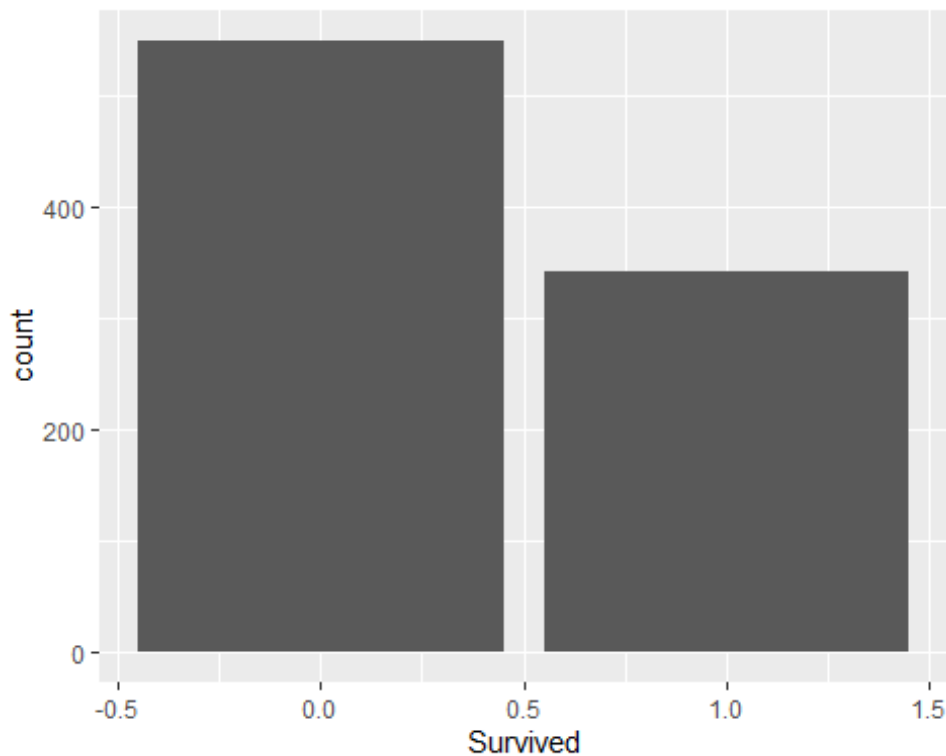
```
str(df)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    891 obs. of  12 variables:
## $ PassengerId: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ Survived   : int  0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ Pclass     : int  3 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 2 ...
## $ Name       : chr   "Braund, Mr. Owen Harris" "Cumings, Mrs. John
Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)" "Heikkinen, Miss. Laina" "Futrelle,
Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)" ...
## $ Sex        : chr   "male" "female" "female" "female" ...
## $ Age        : num  22 38 26 35 35 NA 54 2 27 14 ...
## $ SibSp      : int  1 1 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 1 ...
## $ Parch      : int  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 ...
## $ Ticket     : chr   "A/5 21171" "PC 17599" "STON/O2. 3101282"
"113803" ...
## $ Fare       : num  7.25 71.28 7.92 53.1 8.05 ...
## $ Cabin      : chr   "" "C85" "" "C123" ...
## $ Embarked   : chr   "S" "C" "S" "S" ...
```

EDA

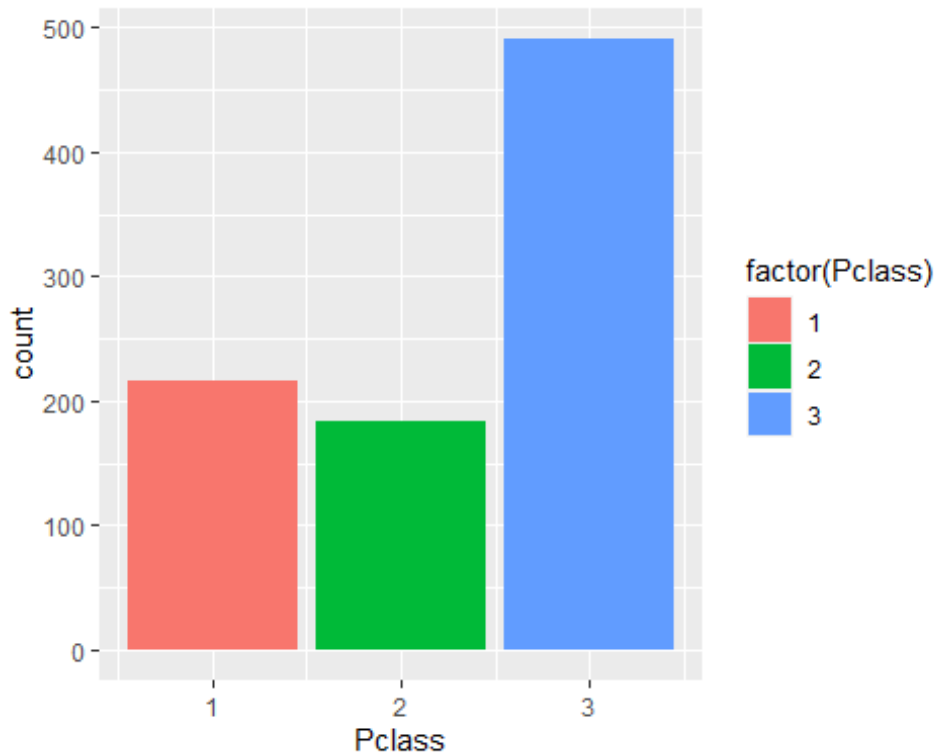
Counting how many people survived

```
ggplot(df, aes(Survived)) + geom_bar()
```



Counting the people by ticket class

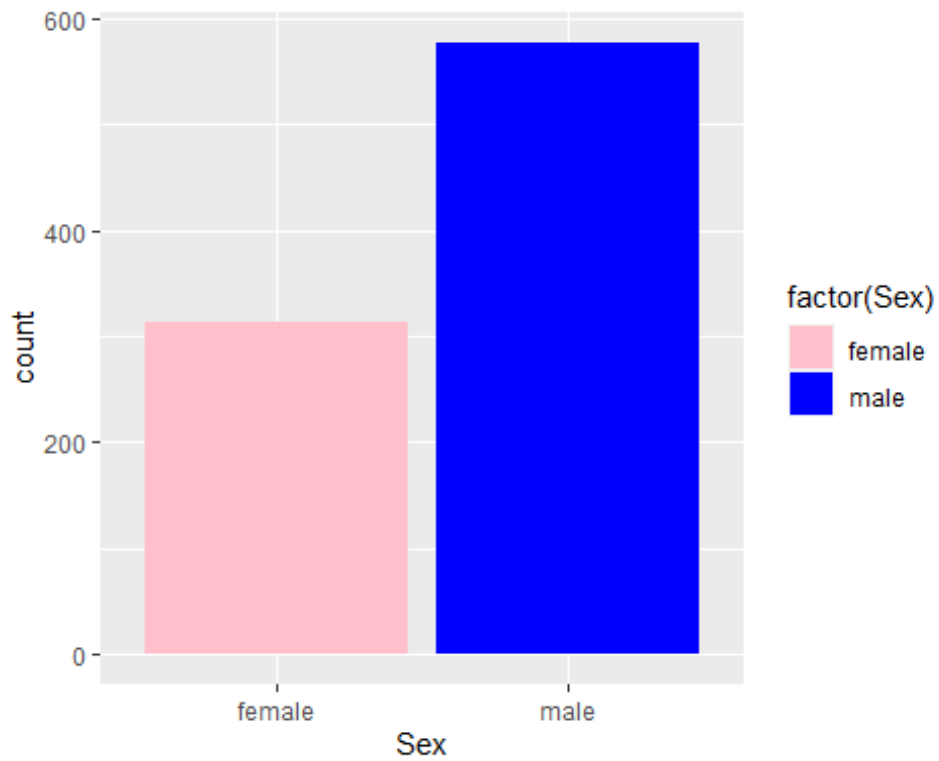
```
ggplot(df, aes(Pclass)) + geom_bar(aes(fill= factor(Pclass)))
```



the people by sex

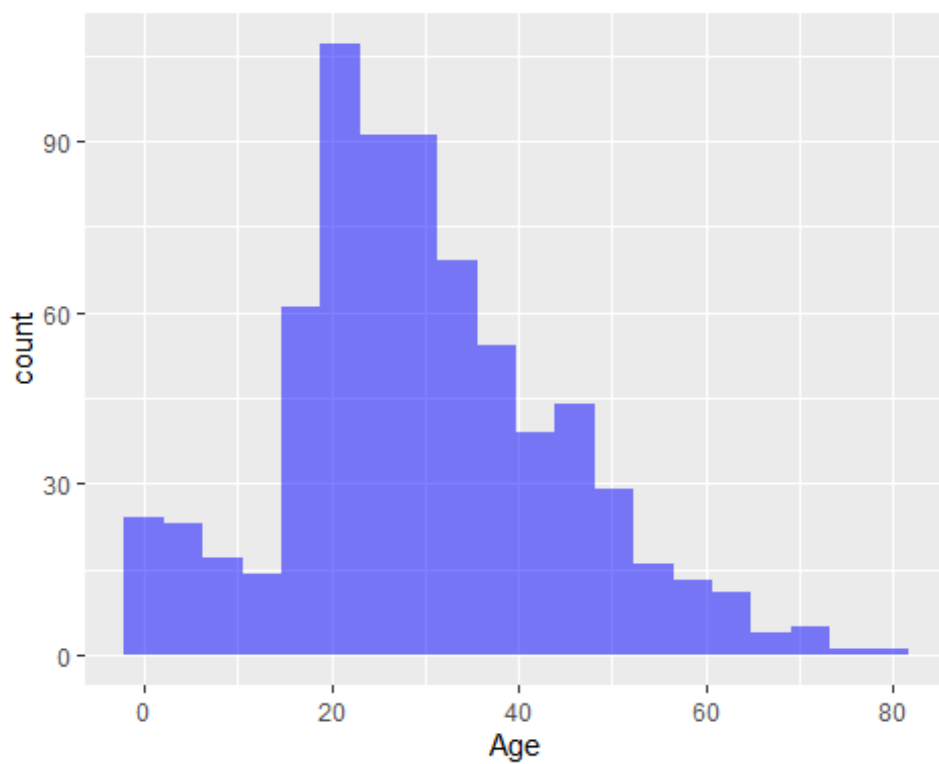
Counting

```
ggplot(df, aes(Sex)) + geom_bar(aes(fill= factor(Sex))) +  
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("pink", "blue"))
```



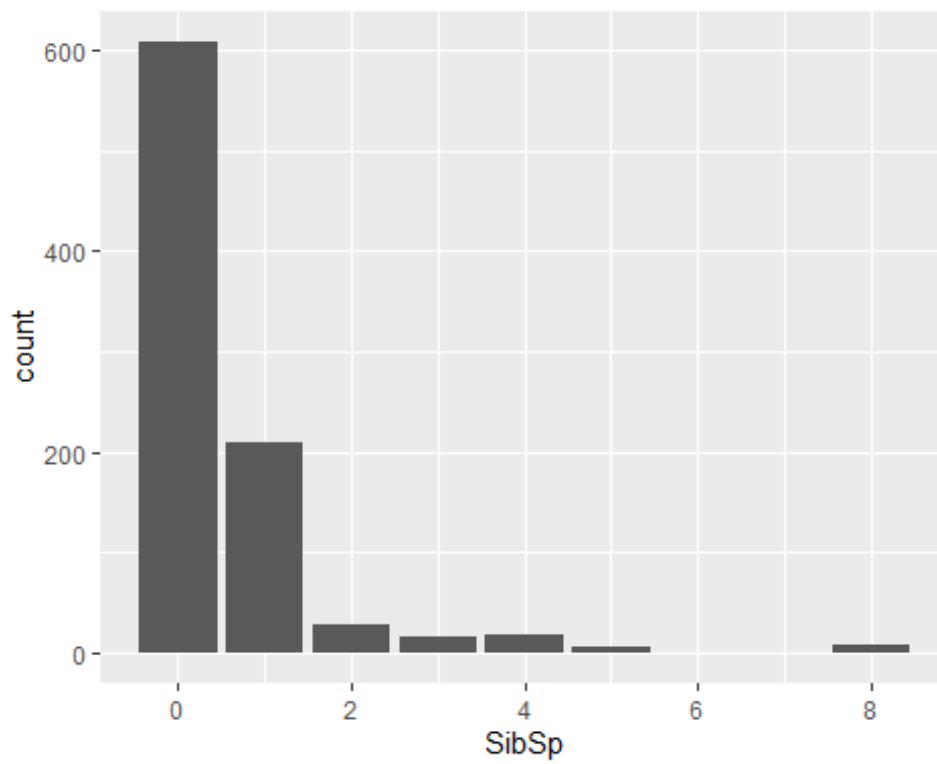
Data distribution of the age

```
ggplot(df, aes(Age)) + geom_histogram(bins = 20, alpha = 0.5, fill = "blue")
```



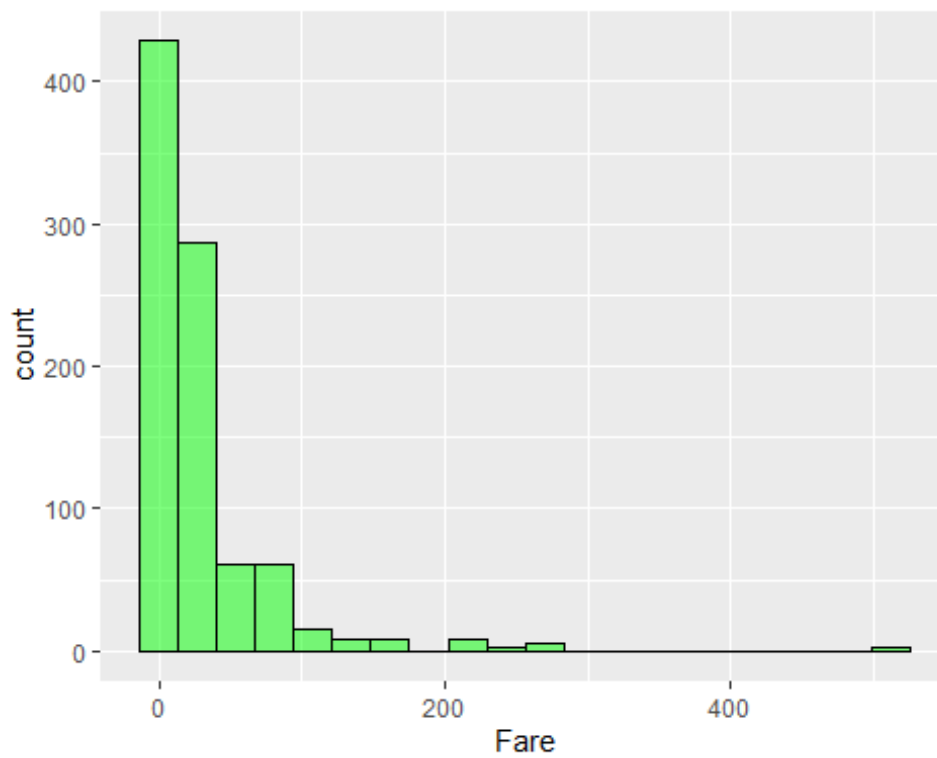
Counting people with siblings or spouse

```
ggplot(df, aes(SibSp)) + geom_bar()
```



Data distribution of the fare

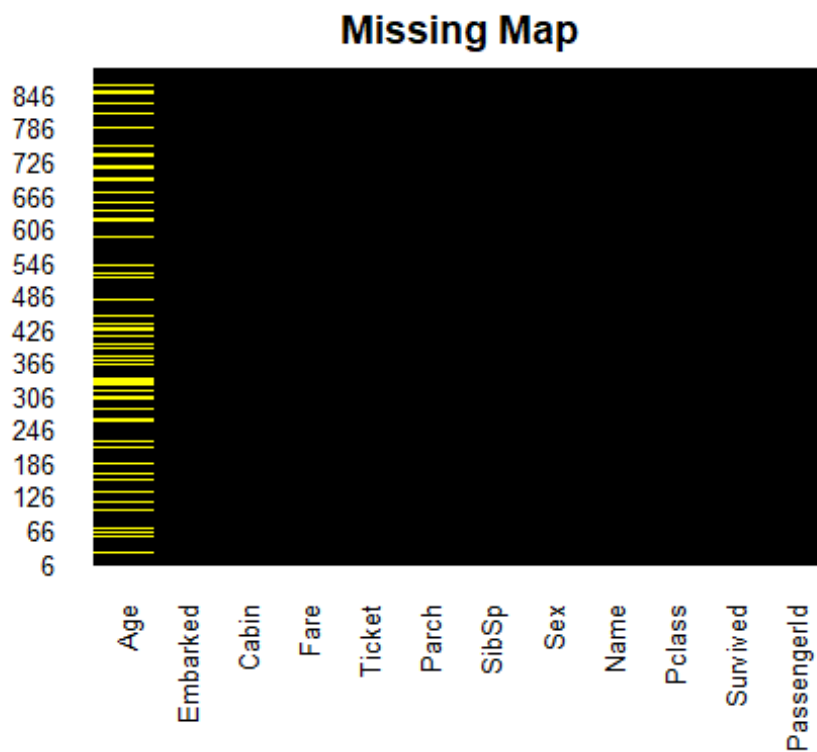
```
ggplot(df, aes(Fare)) + geom_histogram(bins=20, alpha = 0.5, color =  
"black", fill = "green")
```



ETL

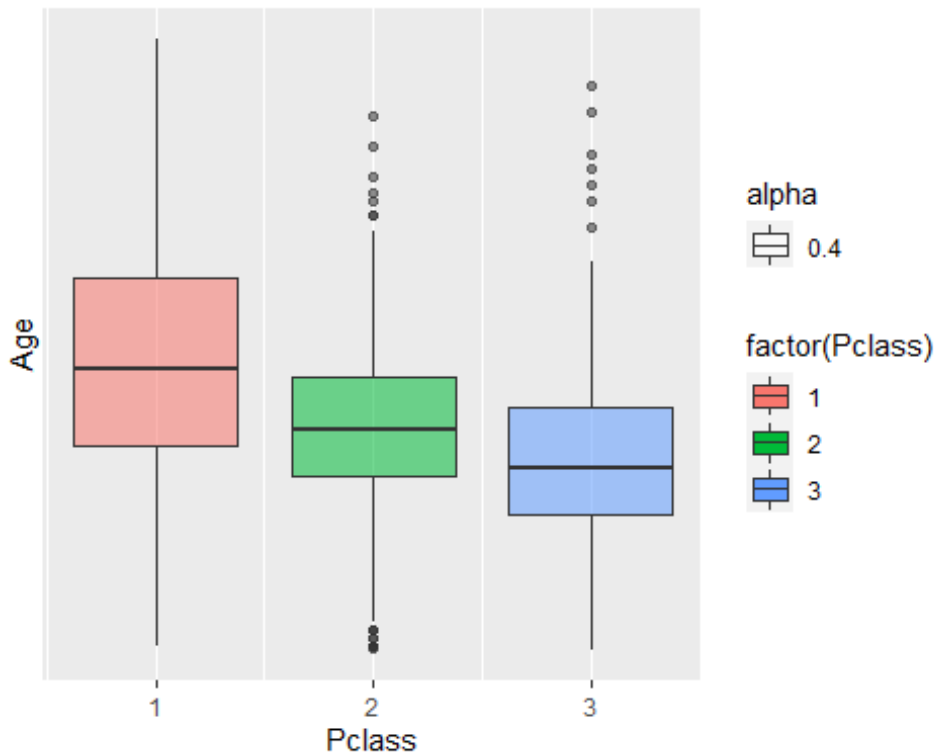
Working with missing values

```
missmap(df, main = "Missing Map", col = c("yellow", "black"), legend = F)
```



Noting the mean of age per class

```
g = ggplot(df, aes(Pclass, Age))
g = g + geom_boxplot(aes(group = Pclass, fill = factor(Pclass), alpha = 0.4))
g = g + scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0,80,2)) + theme_bw()
g
```



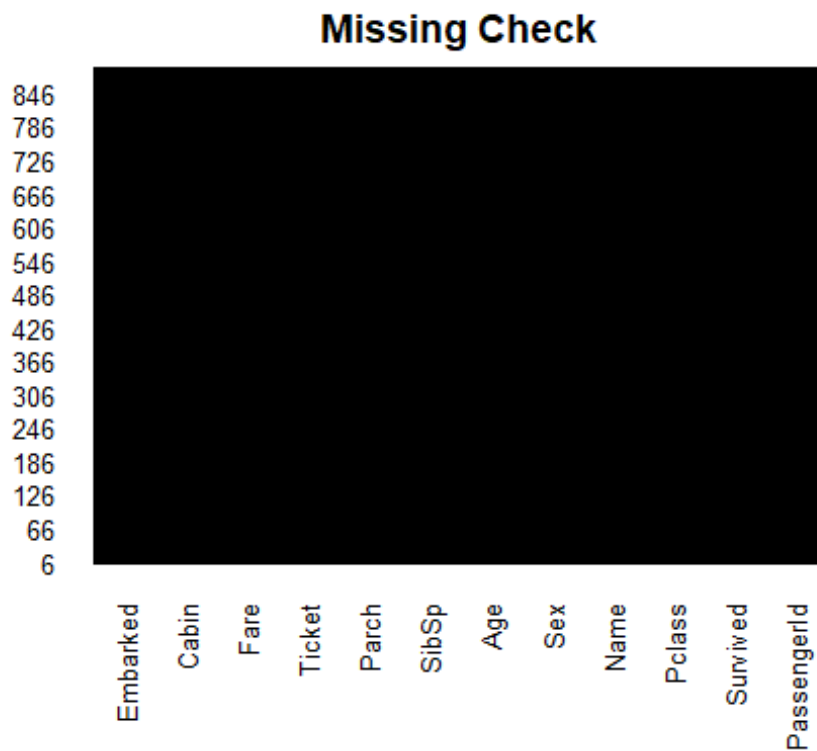
Modifying the value of NA by the mean depending of the ticket class

```
impute_age = function (age,class){
  out <- age
  for (i in 1:length(age)){
    if (is.na(age[i])){
      if (class[i] == 1) {
        out[i] = 37
      }else if (class[i] == 2){
        out[i] = 29
      }else{
        out[i] = 24
      }
    }else{
      out[i]=age[i]
    }
  }
  return(out)
}
```

```
fixed_ages = impute_age(df$Age, df$Pclass)
df$Age = fixed_ages
```

Checking the results of the NA values

```
check_MP = missmap(df, main = "Missing Check", col = c("yellow",
"black"), legend = F)
```



```
check_MP
```

```
## NULL
```

Creating the model

Removing variables that we are not going to use

```
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

df = select(df, -PassengerId, -Name, -Ticket, -Cabin)
head(df)

##   Survived Pclass    Sex Age SibSp Parch    Fare Embarked
## 1         0      3  male  22     1     0  7.2500         S
## 2         1      1 female  38     1     0 71.2833         C
## 3         1      3 female  26     0     0  7.9250         S
## 4         1      1 female  35     1     0 53.1000         S
## 5         0      3  male  35     0     0  8.0500         S
## 6         0      3  male  24     0     0  8.4583         Q
```

Training the model

```
library(caTools)
split = sample.split(df$Survived, SplitRatio = 0.7)
df_train = subset(df, split == T)
df_test = subset(df, split == F)

model = glm(Survived ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"), data =
df_train)
summary(model)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Survived ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
##     data = df_train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.3816  -0.5451  -0.3854   0.5581   2.6185
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  18.531699  601.456914   0.031   0.9754
## Pclass       -1.282808   0.185960  -6.898 5.26e-12 ***
## Sexmale      -2.962342   0.251831 -11.763 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## Age          -0.054212    0.010388   -5.219 1.80e-07 ***
## SibSp        -0.281182    0.122378   -2.298  0.0216  *
## Parch        -0.216286    0.157570   -1.373  0.1699
## Fare          0.001897    0.002578    0.736  0.4618
## EmbarkedC    -12.267253  601.456563   -0.020  0.9837
## EmbarkedQ    -12.277886  601.456640   -0.020  0.9837
## EmbarkedS    -12.691839  601.456530   -0.021  0.9832
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 829.60  on 622  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 514.95  on 613  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 534.95
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 13
```

Creating predictions

```
pre = predict(model, df_test, type = "response")
results = ifelse(pre>0.5,0,1)
```

Metrics

```
missClass = mean(results != df_test$Survived)
print(paste0("The accuracy of this model is ", missClass))

## [1] "The accuracy of this model is 0.764925373134328"
```

Confusion Matrix

```
table(df_test$Survived, pre > 0.5)

##
##      FALSE TRUE
##  0      136   29
##  1       34   69
```