# CÁLCULO I

Técnicas de Integração Parte I

Integrais da forma  $\int f(g(x))g'(x)dx$ 

$$u = g(x) \rightarrow du = g'(x)dx$$

$$\int f(g(x))g'(x)dx = \int f(u)du = F(u) + c = F(g(x)) + c$$

$$\int 2x \cos x^2 dx$$

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$$u = x^2 \to du = 2x dx$$

$$u = x^2 \to du = 2x \, dx$$

$$\int 2x \cos x^2 dx = \int \cos u \, du = \sin u + c =$$

$$sen x^2 + c$$

$$\int x \sin x^2 dx$$

$$u = x^2 \to du = 2x dx \to \frac{1}{2} du = x dx$$

$$\int x \sin x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \sin u \, du =$$

$$-\frac{\cos u}{2} + c = -\frac{\cos x^2}{2} + c$$

$$\int e^{5x} dx$$

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$$u = 5x \rightarrow du = 5 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{5} du = dx$$

$$\int e^{5x} dx$$

$$u = 5x \rightarrow du = 5 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{5} du = dx$$

$$\int e^{5x} dx = \frac{1}{5} \int e^{u} du = \frac{e^{u}}{5} + c = \frac{e^{5x}}{5} + c$$

$$\int (3x+5)^3 dx$$

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$$u = 3x + 5 \rightarrow du = 3 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}du = dx$$

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$$u = 3x + 5 \rightarrow du = 3 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} du = dx$$

$$\int (3x+5)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3} \int u^3 du = \frac{u^4}{12} + c = \frac{(3x+5)^4}{12} + c$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1+x^3} dx$$

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$$u = 1 + x^3 \rightarrow du = 3x^2 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} du = x^2 dx$$

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$$u = 1 + x^3 \rightarrow du = 3x^2 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} du = x^2 dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1+x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{u} du = \ln|u| + c = \frac{\ln|1+x^3|}{3} + c$$

$$\int x\sqrt{2+x^2}dx$$

$$\int x\sqrt{2+x^2}dx$$

$$u = 2 + x^2 \rightarrow du = 2x dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}du = x dx$$

$$u = 2 + x^2 \rightarrow du = 2x dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}du = x dx$$

$$\int x\sqrt{2+x^2}dx = \frac{1}{2}\int \sqrt{u}\ du = \frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{2u^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + c =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(2+x^2)^3}}{3}+c$$

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{2 + x^2} dx$$

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{2 + x^2} dx$$

$$u = 2 + x^{2} \rightarrow du = 2x dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}du = x dx$$
 $u = 2 + x^{2} \rightarrow x^{2} = u - 2$ 

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, x \, dx =$$

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, x \, dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\int (u-2)\sqrt{u}\,du = \frac{1}{2}\int u^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2u^{\frac{1}{2}}\,du =$$

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{2 + x^2} \, x \, dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\int (u-2)\sqrt{u}\,du = \frac{1}{2}\int u^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2u^{\frac{1}{2}}\,du =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{u^5}}{10} - \frac{4\sqrt{u^3}}{6} + c = \frac{\sqrt{(2+x^2)^5}}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{(2+x^2)^3}}{3} + c$$

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