### **Analysis Report**

## Global dataset report

This report is the output of the Amazon SageMaker Clarify analysis. The report is split into following parts:

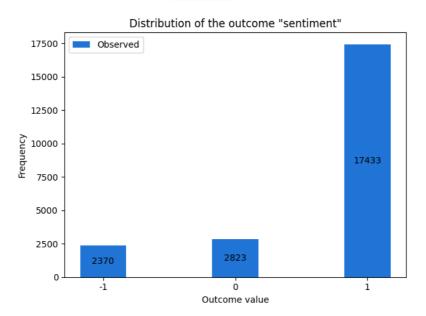
- 1. Analysis configuration
- 2. Pretraining bias metrics

#### **Analysis Configuration**

Bias analysis requires you to configure the outcome label column, the facet and optionally a group variable. Generating explanations requires you to configure the outcome label. You configured the analysis with the following variables. The complete analysis configuration is appended at the end.

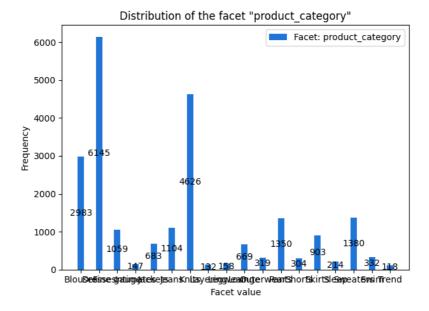
**Outcome label:** You chose the column sentiment in the input data as the outcome label. Bias metric computation requires designating the positive outcome. You chose sentiment = 1 as the positive outcome. sentiment consisted of values [-1, 0, 1].

The figure below shows the distribution of values of sentiment .



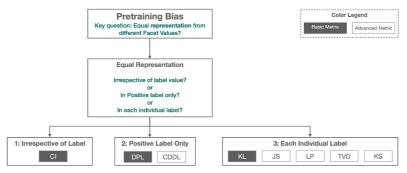
Facet: You chose the column product\_category in the input data as the facet. product\_category consisted of values ['Blouses', 'Dresses', 'Fine gauge', 'Intimates', 'Jackets', 'Jeans', 'Knits', 'Layering', 'Legwear', 'Lounge', 'Outerwear', 'Pants', 'Shorts', 'Skirts', 'Sleep', 'Sweaters', 'Swim', 'Trend'] . Bias metrics were computed by comparing the inputs product\_category = Blouses with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Pants with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Rnits with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Intimates with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Outerwear with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Sweaters with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Sweaters with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Siep with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Jackets with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Trend with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Jeans with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Legwear with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Shorts with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Legwear with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Shorts with all other inputs, then by comparing inputs product\_category = Layering with all other inputs.

The figure below shows the distribution of values of product\_category .



#### **Pre-training Bias Metrics**

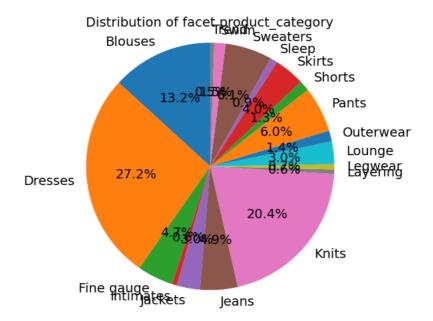
Pretraining bias metrics measure imbalances in facet value representation in the training data. Imbalances can be measured across different dimensions. For instance, you could focus imbalances within the inputs with positive observed label only. The figure below shows how different pretraining bias metrics focus on different dimensions. For a detailed description of these dimensions, see <u>Learn How Amazon SageMaker Clarify Helps Detect Bias</u>.



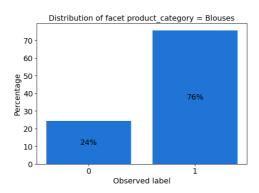
The metric values along with an informal description of what they mean are shown below. For mathematical formulas and examples, see the <u>Measure Pretraining Bias</u> section of the AWS documentation.

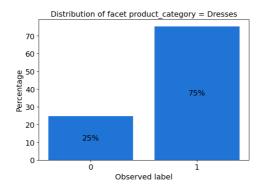
We computed the bias metrics for the label sentiment using label value(s)/threshold sentiment = 1 for the following facets:

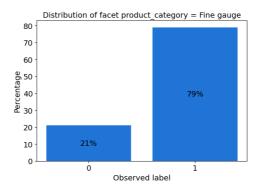
• Facet column: **product\_category**The pie chart shows the distribution of facet column | product\_category | in your data.

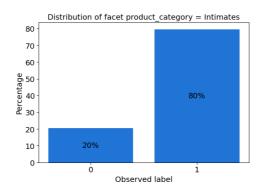


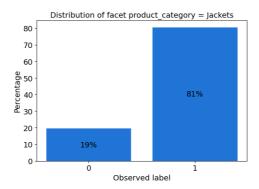
The bar plot(s) below show the distribution of facet column product\_category in your data.

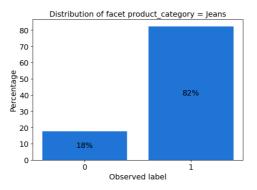


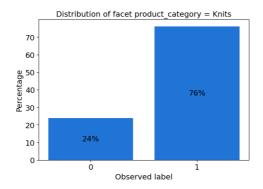


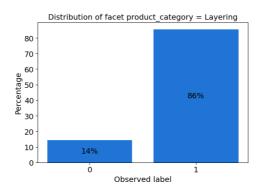


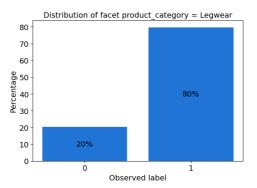


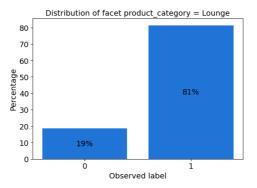


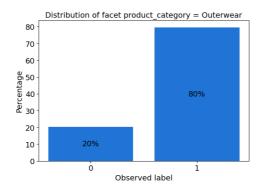


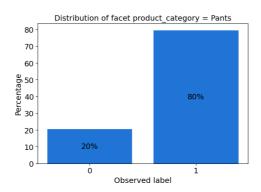


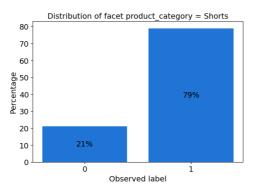


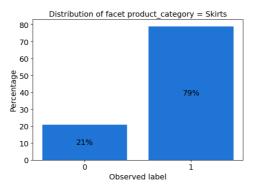


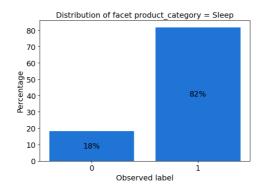


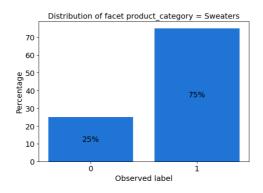


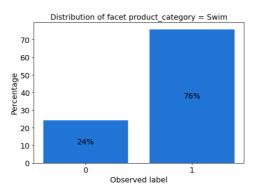


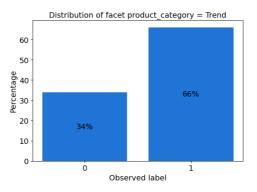












Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Blouses

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs.	0.736
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> ( <u>DPL</u> )	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs.	0.016
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.016
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Blouses rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.023
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Blouses and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.016

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Dresses

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Dresses and rest of the inputs.	0.457
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Dresses and rest of the inputs.	0.022
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	$\label{thm:much the observed label distributions of facet values product\_category = Dresses \\ \text{and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically}.$	0.000
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Dresses and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Dresses and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.022
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Dresses rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.032
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	0.022
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Pants	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Pants and rest of the inputs.	0.881
Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Pants and rest of the inputs.	-0.027
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Pants and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Pants and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values $product\_category = Pants \ \ and \ rest \ of \ the \ inputs \ in \ the \ dataset.$	0.027
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Pants rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.038
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Pants and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.027
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Knits	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.591
Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values <code>product_category = Knits and rest of the inputs.</code>	0.011
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Knits and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Knits and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Knits and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.011
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Knits$ rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.016
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Knits and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.011

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Intimates

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.987
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Intimates and rest of the inputs.	-0.026
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Intimates</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Intimates and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Intimates and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.026
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Intimates rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.036
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Intimates and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.026
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Outerwear	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values <code>product_category = Outerwear</code> and rest of the inputs.	0.972
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Outerwear and rest of the inputs.	-0.026
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Outerwear</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Outerwear and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Outerwear and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.026
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Outerwear rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.037
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Outerwear and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.026
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Lounge	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Lounge and rest of the inputs.	0.941
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Lounge and rest of the inputs.	-0.046
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values	0.002
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values	0.006
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Lounge and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.046
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Lounge$ rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.064
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Lounge and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.046

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Sweaters

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.878
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Sweaters and rest of the inputs.	0.021
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Sweaters</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Sweaters and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values $product\_category = Sweaters \   and  rest  of  the  inputs  in  the  dataset.$	0.021
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Sweaters rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.030
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Sweaters and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.021
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Skirts	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.920
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Skirts and rest of the inputs.	-0.021
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values $\  \  $ product_category = Skirts and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Skirts and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Skirts and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.021
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Skirts rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.030
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Skirts and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.021
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Fine gauge	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values <code>product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs.</code>	0.906
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs.	-0.021
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.</code>	0.000
Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.</code>	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.021
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Fine gauge rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.029
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Fine gauge and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.021

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Sleep

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values $ \begin{array}{c} \text{product\_category} = \text{Sleep} \ \ \text{and} \\ \text{rest of the inputs}. \end{array} $	0.981
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values <code>product_category = Sleep and rest of the inputs.</code>	-0.048
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Sleep and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Sleep and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.007
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values ${\tt product\_category = Sleep} \ \ {\tt and rest of the inputs in the dataset}.$	0.048
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Sleep rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.067
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Sleep$ and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.048
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Jackets	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Jackets and rest of the inputs.	0.940
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values <code>product_category = Jackets</code> and rest of the inputs.	-0.036
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Jackets</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Jackets and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.004
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Jackets and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.036
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Jackets$ rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.051
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Jackets and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.036
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Swim	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.971
Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values <code>product_category = Swim and rest of the inputs.</code>	0.012
<u>Jensen-Shannon</u> <u>Divergence (JS)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Swim and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Swim and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values ${\tt product\_category = Swim} \ \ {\tt and rest of the inputs in the dataset}.$	0.012
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Swim$ rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.016
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Swim$ and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.012

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Trend

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.990
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Trend and rest of the inputs.	0.110
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Trend</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.007
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Trend</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.029
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values $product\_category = Trend \  \   and  rest  of  the  inputs  in  the  dataset.$	0.110
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Trend rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.156
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Trend and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.110
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Jeans	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.902
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Jeans and rest of the inputs.	-0.056
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Jeans and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Jeans and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.010
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Jeans and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.056
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Jeans rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.079
<u>Total Variation</u> <u>Distance (TVD)</u>	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Jeans and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.056
Facet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Legwear	
Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values	0.986
<u>Difference in</u> <u>Proportions of Labels</u> (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Legwear and rest of the inputs.	-0.027
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Legwear</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
<u>Kullback-Leibler</u> <u>Divergence (KL)</u>	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Legwear and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.002
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Legwear and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.027
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Legwear rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.038
Total Variation Distance (TVD)	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values $product\_category = Legwear$ and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.027

Facet Value(s)/Threshold: product\_category = Shorts

Metric	Description	Value
Class Imbalance (CI)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values $product\_category = Shorts$ and rest of the inputs.	0.973
Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)	Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Shorts and rest of the inputs.	-0.019
Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values <code>product_category = Shorts</code> and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.000
Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Shorts and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.	0.001
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)	Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values product_category = Shorts and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.019
<u>Lp-norm (LP)</u>	Measures a p-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product_category = Shorts rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.027
Total Variation	Measures half of the L1-norm difference between the observed label distributions associated with facet values product category = Shorts and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	0.019
<u>Distance (TVD)</u>	facet values product_category = Shorts and rest of the inputs in the dataset.	
	hold: product_category = Layering	
	, ,	Value
acet Value(s)/Thres	hold: product_category = Layering	<b>Value</b> 0.988
Metric  Class Imbalance (CI)  Difference in	hold: product_category = Layering  Description  Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Layering	
Metric  Class Imbalance (CI)  Difference in Proportions of Labels	hold: product_category = Layering  Description  Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category =	0.988
Metric  Class Imbalance (CI)  Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL) Jensen-Shannon	hold: product_category = Layering  Description  Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category =	0.988
Metric  Class Imbalance (CI)  Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)  Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)  Kullback-Leibler	hold: product_category = Layering  Description  Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.  Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = product_cat	0.988 -0.086 0.006
Metric  Class Imbalance (CI)  Difference in Proportions of Labels (DPL)  Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JS)  Kullback-Leibler Divergence (KL)	Measures the imbalance in the number of inputs with facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures the imbalance of positive observed labels between facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs.  Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.  Measures how much the observed label distributions of facet values product_category = Layering and rest of the inputs diverge from each other entropically.  Measures maximum divergence between the observed label distributions for facet values	0.988 -0.086 0.006 0.026

# **Appendix: Analysis Configuration Parameters**

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{
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          "KL",
          "JS",
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```

```
"TVD",

"KS"

},

"report": {

"name": "report",

"title": "Analysis Report"

}

}
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