无线通信实验在线开放课程

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广东省教学质量工程建设项目



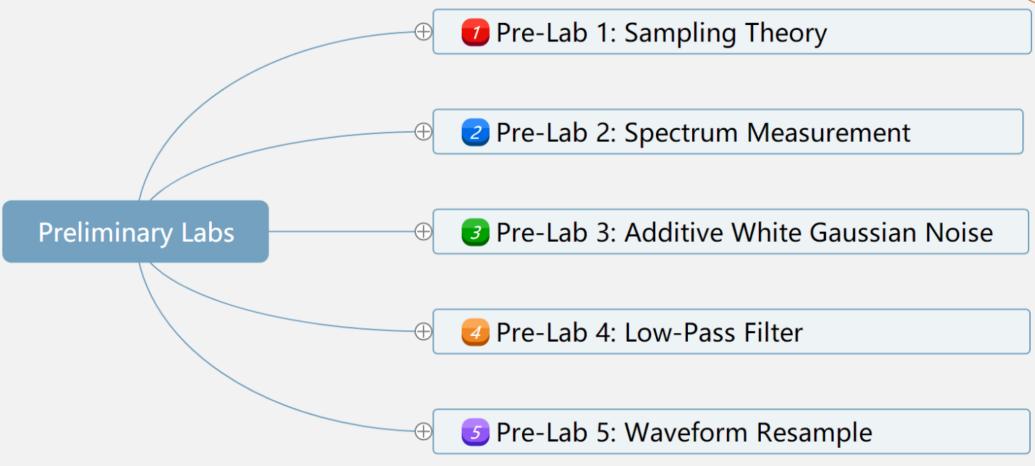
Lab 2: Pre-Labs and AM

(Pre-Labs)

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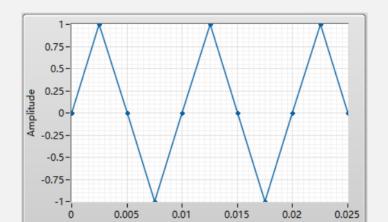
Demo: Sample-Rate



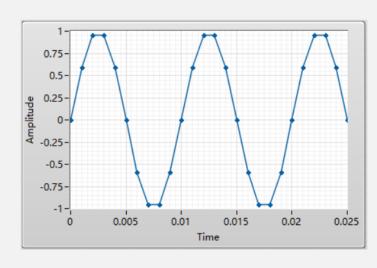


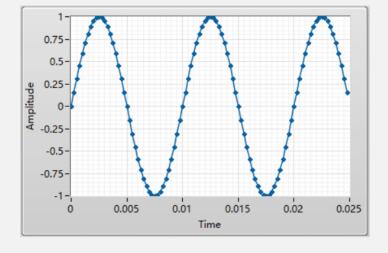
Nyquist–Shannon sampling theorem: If a signal x(t) contains no frequencies higher than B hertz, a sufficient **Sample-Rate** is therefore anything larger than B samples per second. (Wikipedia)

Sample-Rate: Samples per Second



Frequency=100Hz





Sample Rate=400

Time

Number of Samples=11

Sample Rate=1000

Number of Samples=26

Sample Rate=4000

Number of Samples=100

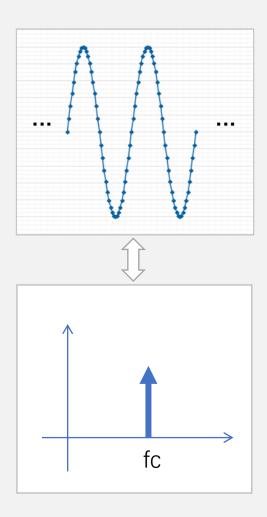


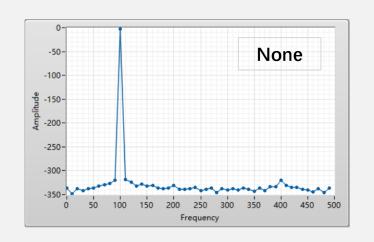


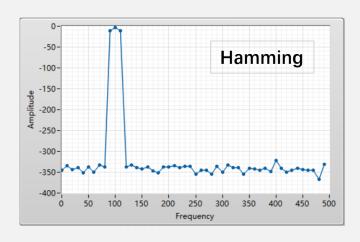
Demo: Spectrum Measurement

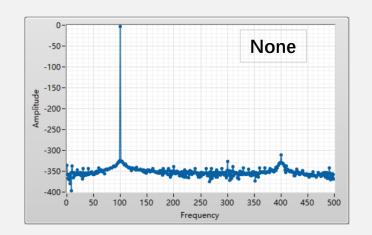


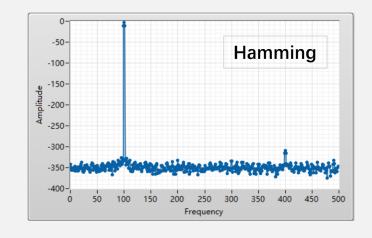












Number of Samples=100

Number of Samples=1000





$$dB = 20 \lg \left(\frac{X_{Amplitude}}{Y_{Amplitude}} \right)$$

$$dB = 10 \lg \left(\frac{X_{Power}}{Y_{Power}} \right)$$

$$-3 dB: \frac{X_{Amplitude}}{Y_{Amplitude}} = 0.7079$$

$$-3 dB: \frac{X_{Power}}{Y_{Power}} = 0.5012$$

$$dBm = 10 \lg \left(\frac{X_{Power}}{1mW} \right)$$

$$10dBm = 10mW$$
$$30dBm = 1000mW$$





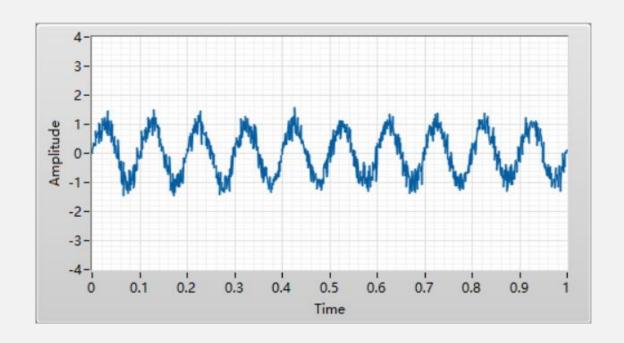
Demo: Additive White Gaussian Noise

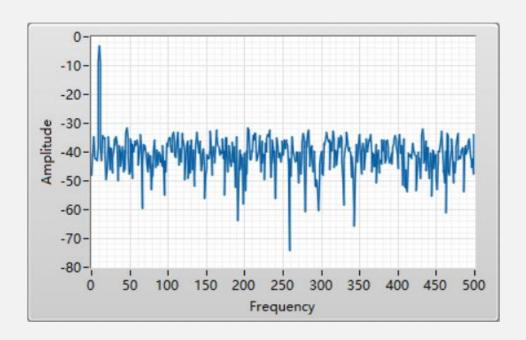


Pre-Lab 3: Additive White Gaussian Noise

Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) is a basic noise model used in Information theory to mimic the effect of many random processes that occur in nature. (Wikipedia)

Noise type: Additive White Gaussian Noise







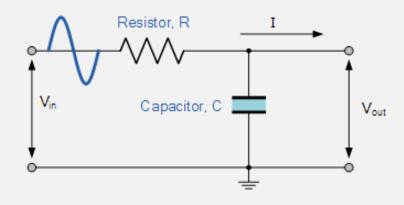


Demo: Low-Pass Filter

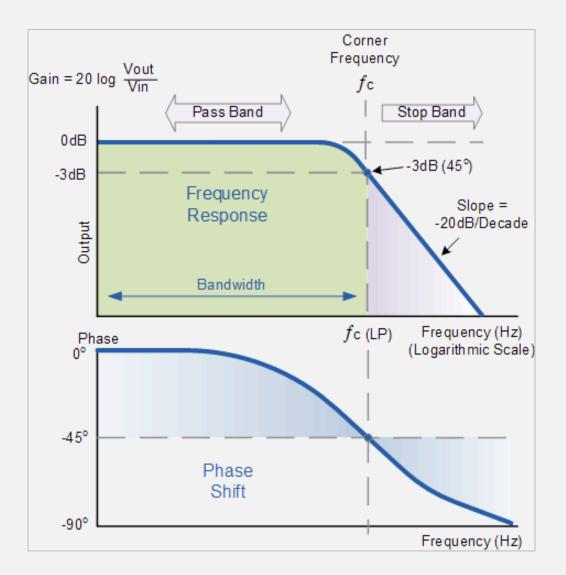




Low-Pass Filter (LPF) is a filter that passes signals with a frequency lower than a selected cutoff frequency and attenuates signals with frequencies higher than the cutoff frequency.



RC Low Pass Filter Circuit



https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/filter/filter_2.html

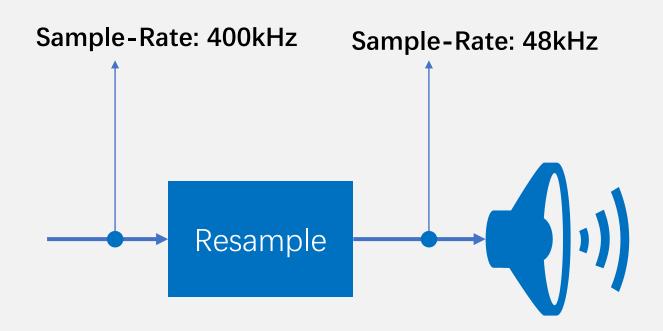


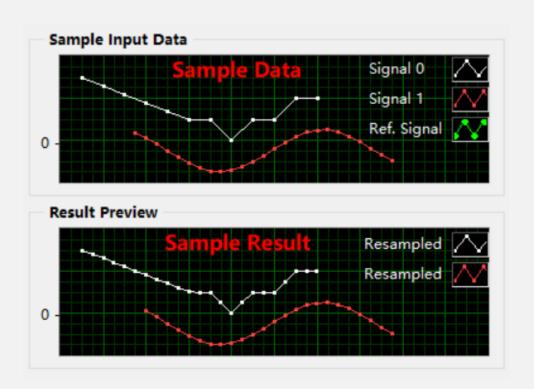


Demo: Waveform Resample

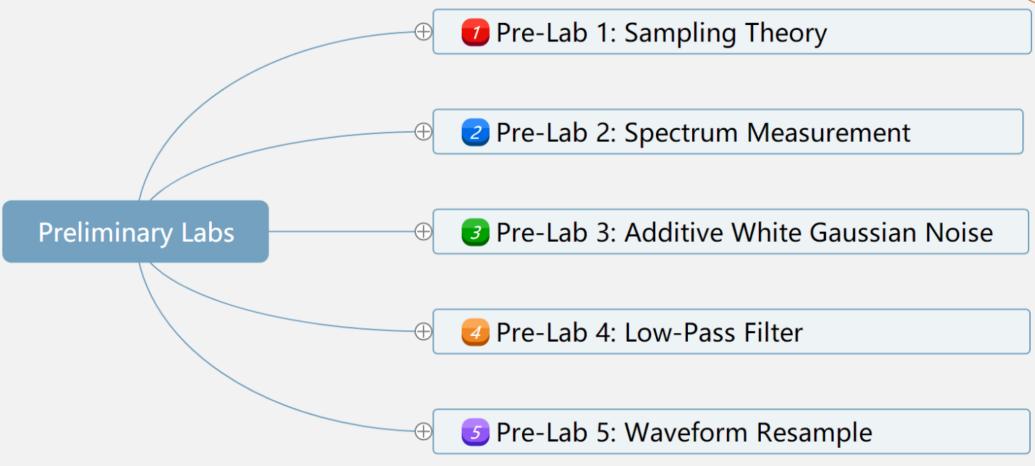
Pre-Lab 5: Waveform Resample













Question ?









