許家文 408530049

By stackoverflow

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13932932/why-does-stdout-need-explicit-flushing-when-redirected-to-file

Why does stdout need explicit flushing when redirected to file?

Asked 10 years, 5 months ago Modified 2 years, 4 months ago Viewed 18k times



The behaviour of printf() seems to depend on the location of stdout.



1. If stdout is sent to the console, then printf() is line-buffered and is flushed after a newline is printed.



2. If stdout is redirected to a file, the buffer is not flushed unless fflush() is called.



3. Moreover, if printf() is used before stdout is redirected to file, subsequent writes (to the file) are line-buffered and are flushed after newline.

When is stdout line-buffered, and when does fflush() need to be called?

stdout 改成file 的話 需要加入fflush()否則並不把所有累積在buffer的字元輸出到file中。而最後一行execlp會輸出原因可能為程式執行完畢後會flush所有buffer中的內容。

註解掉1

原本代表從/dev/nul輸入, 註解掉恢復成標準輸入。

對4:因為修改輸入並不會影響到該程式的輸出結果而就原本程式(沒註解掉123來說), 執行結果應該會把 i: hello;0<=i<=10 寫入到stdout.log這個檔案中, 但又因為程式沒加入fflush()並不會flush, 所以i: hello;0<=i<=10 不會寫入到stdout.log中。

對5:原本stdin會從/dev/null輸入, 註解掉後使用者須自行輸入10個char。

對7:並無影響 會把Is -R寫入到stoud.log中

```
stdoutlog U X M makefile U C lovelyHon.c U

/:
bin
boot
cdrom
Desktop
dev
etc
home
lib
lib32
lib64
libx32
lost+found
media
mnt
opt
proc
root
run
sbin
snap
srv
swapfile
sys
tmp
usr
var

/boot:
config-5.15.0-71-generic
config-5.15.0-72-generic
efi
grub
initrd.img
initrd.img
initrd.img.5.15.0-72-generic
initrd.img.5.15.0-72-generic
initrd.img.5.15.0-72-generic
initrd.img.old
memtest86+.elf
```

註解掉2

原本代表輸出到stdout.log, 註解掉恢復輸出到標準輸出。

對4:原本會輸出到stdout.log 改成輸出到stdout

```
ulohg@ulohg-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/system-program/hw12$ ./lovelyRon
0: hello
1: hello
2: hello
3: hello
4: hello
5: hello
6: hello
7: hello
8: hello
9: hello
試著在20秒內切斷連線
```

對5:並無影響 還是會從/dev/null 中輸入

對7:原本會輸出到stdout.log 改成輸出到標準輸出上

註解掉3

原本3代表error會輸出到stderr.log, 註解掉恢復原本預設輸出到螢幕上。

對4:並無影響對5:並無影響

對7:原本error會輸出到stderr.log, 註解掉恢復原本預設輸出到螢幕上

```
ulohg@ulohg-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/system-program/hw12$ ./lovelyRon
*******************************
s: cannot open directory '/boot/efi': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/etc/cups/ssl': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/etc/polkit-1/localauthority': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/etc/ssl/private': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/media/ulohg/VBox_GAs_6.1.30': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/fd': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/fdinfo': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/map_files': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/ns': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/task/1/fd': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/1/task/1/fdinfo': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/fd': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/fd': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/fdinfo': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/fdinfo': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/map_files': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/map_files': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/ns': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/fdsk/10/fd': Permission denied
ls: cannot open directory '/proc/10/task/10/fd': Permission denied
```

註解掉6

需考慮兩種情況

1.使用者讓程式繼續執行, 照原本沒有註解123的情況, 會從/dev/null getchar()且output到 stdout.log中 且error 也會output在stderr.log中, 並且等待20秒後執行Is / -R 最後執行完畢。

ulohg@ulohg-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/system-program/hw12\$./lovelyRon ulohg@ulohg-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/system-program/hw12\$

2.使用者在程式執行前就terminal, 原本 signal(SIGHUP, SIG_IGN); 會ignore 終止執行的 signal, 所以在關閉terminal後程式還是會繼續執行。

但註解掉這行的話在關閉terminal後,程式就停止執行了。