

Побудова моделі та обчислення
велися за наступними формулами

$$P(A \mid B) = \frac{P(B \mid A) P(A)}{P(B)},$$

where A and B are **events** and $P(B) \neq 0$.

- $P(A)$ and $P(B)$ are the **probabilities** of observing A and B without regard to each other.
- $P(A \mid B)$, a **conditional probability**, is the probability of observing event A given that B is true.
- $P(B \mid A)$ is the probability of observing event B given that A is true.

$$P(spam|w1 \cap w2 \cap \dots \cap wn) = \frac{P(w1 \cap w2 \cap \dots \cap wn|spam) \cdot P(spam)}{P(w1 \cap w2 \cap \dots \cap wn)}$$

$$\frac{P(w1|spam) \cdot P(w2|spam) \dots P(wn|spam) \cdot P(spam)}{P(w1) \cdot P(w2) \dots P(wn)}$$

$P(spam|w1 \cap w2 \cap \dots \cap wn)$ versus $P(\sim spam|w1 \cap w2 \cap \dots \cap wn)$

Мішок слів

$$P(w) = \frac{\text{Total number of occurrences of } w \text{ in dataset}}{\text{Total number of words in dataset}}$$

$$P(w|spam) = \frac{\text{Total number of occurrences of } w \text{ in spam messages}}{\text{Total number of words in spam messages}}$$

TF-IDF

$$IDF(w) = \log \frac{\text{Total number of messages}}{\text{Total number of messages containing } w}$$

$$P(w) = \frac{TF(w) * IDF(w)}{\sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{train dataset}} TF(x) * IDF(x)}$$

$$P(w|spam) = \frac{TF(w|spam) * IDF(w)}{\sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{train dataset}} TF(x|spam) * IDF(x)}$$

$$P(w|spam) = \frac{TF(w|spam) + \alpha}{\sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{spam in train dataset}} TF(x) + \alpha \sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{spam in train dataset}} 1}$$

$$P(w|spam) = \frac{TF(w|spam) * IDF(w) + \alpha}{\sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{train dataset}} TF(x) * IDF(x) + \alpha \sum_{\forall \text{ words } x \in \text{spam in train dataset}} 1}$$

Більш детальну інформацію можна знайти за посиланнями

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Naive_Bayes_spam_filtering
- <https://www.kdnuggets.com/2020/07/spam-filter-python-naive-bayes-scratch.html>
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/325270587_Ham_and_Spam_E-Mails_Classification_Using_Machine_Learning_Techniques
- <https://www.kaggle.com/benvozza/spam-classification>