# List 1

"考好 GRE 的唯一捷径就是重复,重复,再重复。" ——曹楚楠,2008 年 10 月 Verbal 750,Quantitative 800, AW 5.5,录取学校 Princeton, MIT, M. Fin

# Unit 1

ABANDON ABASE ABASH ABATE ABBREVIATE
ABDICATE ABERRANT ABET ABEYANCE ABHOR

#### abandon [ə'bændən]

- 【考法 1】 n. 放纵: carefree, freedom from constraint
- 【例】 added spices to the stew with complete abandon 肆无忌惮地向炖菜里面加调料
- 【近】 unconstraint, uninhibitedness, unrestraint
- 【考法 2】 v. 放纵: to give (oneself) over unrestrainedly
- 【例】 abandon oneself to emotion 感情用事,abandon herself to a life of complete idleness 放纵自己过着闲散的生活
- 【近】 indulge, surrender, give up
- 【考法 3】 v. 放弃: to withdraw from often in the face of danger or encroachment
- 【例】 abandon the ship/homes 弃船,离家
- 【反】 salvage 救援
- 【考法 4】 v. 停止做某事: to put an end to (something planned or previously agreed to)
- 【例】 the bad weather forced NASA to abandon the launch 坏天气迫使 NASA 停止了发射
- 【近】 abort, drop, repeal, rescind, revoke, call off
- 【反】 keep, continue, maintain, carry on 继续

#### abase [ə'beɪs]

- 【考法 1】 v. 降低(地位、职位、威望或尊严): to <u>lower</u> in rank, office, prestige, or esteem
- 【例】 was unwilling to abase himself by pleading guilty to a crime that he did not commit 不愿意屈就自己去承认一个莫须有的罪名
- 【近】 debauch, degrade, profane, vitiate, discredit, foul, smirch, take down
- 【反】 elevate, ennoble, uplift, aggrandize, canonize, deify, exalt 使高贵,使有声望

## abash [ə'bæ[]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 使尴尬,使羞愧: to destroy the self-possession or <u>self-confidence</u> of ,disconcert, <u>embarrass</u>
- 【例】 Nothing could abash him. 没有什么可以使他感到难堪。
- 【近】 discomfit, disconcert, discountenance, faze, fluster, nonplus, mortify

## 【反】 embolden 使大胆

#### abate [ə'beɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 减轻(程度或者强度): to <u>reduce</u> in <u>degree or intensity</u>

【例】 abate his rage/pain 平息他的愤怒/减轻痛苦

【近】 moderate, recede, subside, remit, wane, die (away or down or out),let up, phase down, ratchet (down), taper off

#### 【反】 intensify

#### 【考法 2】 v. 减少(数量或者降低价值): to reduce in amount or value

【例】 abate a tax 降低税收

【近】 de-escalate, deplete, downscale, dwindle,

【反】 augment, promote 增加

【考法 3】 v. 停止,撤销: to put an end to

【例】 abate a nuisance 停止伤害

【近】 abrogate, annul, invalidate, nullify, rescind, vacate

## abbreviate [ə'bri:vɪeɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 缩写,缩短: to make briefer

【例】 abbreviate the word "building" as "bldg." 将 "building" 缩写作 "bldg"

【近】 abridge, curtail, cut back, syncopate, truncate

【反】 extend, protract, elongate, lengthen, prolong 延长

#### abdicate ['æbdikeit]

【考法 1】 v. 正式放弃(权力、责任): to renounce a <u>throne</u>,to relinquish (power or responsibility) formally

【例】 abdicate the throne/crown 退位

【近】 cede, relinquish, renounce, resign, step down (from)

【反】 constitute, assume, usurp 任命,承担,篡位

#### aberrant [æ'berent]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 异常的,非常规的: <u>deviating</u> from the usual or natural type

【例】 This behavior might be aberrant enough to draw attention. 这样的行为已经异常得足以引起人们的注意。

【近】 abnormal, anomalous, peculiar, singular, unwonted, uncustomary

【反】 normal, natural, regular, standard, typical 正常的,标准典型的

#### abet [ə'bet]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 帮助,怂恿: to <u>assist or support</u> in the achievement of a purpose

【例】 aid and abet <法律>协助教唆

【近】 ferment, foment, provoke, instigate, stir (up), whip (up)

【考法 2】 v. 鼓励: to actively **encourage** (as an activity or plan)

【近】 aid, assist, back, support, prop (up)

【反】 stymie, frustrate, obstruct, thwart, impede, forestall, hinder 阻挠

#### abeyance [ə'beɪəns]

## 【考法 1】 n. 中止,搁置: temporary inactivity

【例】 hold the plan in abeyance 使计划暂停

【近】 doldrums, quiescence, moratorium, latency, dormancy, suspension, cold storage, deep freeze

## 【反】 continuance, fulfillment 继续,履行

#### abhor [əb'hɔ:]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 深恶痛绝,极度厌恶: to regard with extreme repugnance

- 【例】 He abhors the way people leave their trash at the picnic sites in the park. 他很厌恶人们把垃圾留在公园的野餐点。
- 【近】 abominate, despise, detest, execrate, loathe
- 【反】 greatly admire 非常崇拜

# Unit 2

ABIDING	ABJECT	<b>ABJURE</b>	ABNEGATE	ABOMINATE
<b>ABOVEBOARD</b>	ABRADE	<b>ABRIDGE</b>	ABROGATE	ABSCOND

## abiding [əˈbaɪdɪŋ]

## 【考法 1】 vt. 永久的: lasting for a long time; enduring

- 【例】 an abiding love of Espanol 对西班牙语持久的热爱
- 【近】 ageless, enduring, eternal, everlasting, perennial, perpetual, timeless
- 【反】 evanescent, ephemeral 短暂的

#### abject ['æbdʒekt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 无精打采的: cast down in spirit, spiritless

- 【例】 a man made abject by suffering 被生活折磨得无精打采的人
- 【近】 spiritless
- 【反】 spirited, excited, exultant 狂喜的,令人兴奋的
- 【考法 2】 adj. (地位、身份)悲惨、凄凉的: sunk to or existing in a low state or condition
- 【例】 abject poverty 让人绝望的贫穷
- 【考法 3】 adj. 卑微的,讨好的: expressing or offered in a humble and often ingratiating spirit
- 【例】 abject flattery 卑躬屈膝般的恭维; an abject apology 讨好般的、真心的道歉
- 【近】 base, humble, menial, servile, slavish

## abjure [æbˈdʒบə]

## 【考法 1】 v. 发誓放弃: a firm and final <u>rejecting</u> or <u>abandoning</u> often made under oath

- 【例】 abjure one's belief 发誓放弃信仰
- 【近】 recant, renege, renounce, abnegate, forswear (also foreswear), repudiate
- 【反】 affirm, espouse, embrace 拥护

## 【考法 2】 v. 抵制, 避免: to resist the temptation of

- 【例】 abjure extravagance 抵制铺张浪费
- 【近】 keep (from), refrain (from), withhold (from)
- 【反】 bow to, give in to, submit to, succumb to, surrender to, yield to 屈从于

#### abnegate ['æbnɪgeɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 否认: deny, renounce

- 【例】 abnegated the idea of freedom 放弃自由的观念
- 【近】 recant, renege, repudiate, unsay, forswear (also foreswear), take back,
- 【反】 reaffirm 再肯定,重申
- 【考法 2】 v. 投降,放弃,交出(权力等): surrender, relinquish
- 【例】 abnegated her powers 交出她拥有的权力
- 【近】 cede, resign, step aside (from), step down (from)
- 【反】 adhere to 依附, 坚持

## abominate [ə'bɔmineit]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 憎恶: to hate or loathe intensely, abhor

- 【例】 We abominate jokes that make fun of people who have physical disabilities. 我们鄙视对有生理缺陷的人开玩笑。
- 【近】 despise, detest, execrate, loathe
- 【反】 esteem, love, adore 尊敬, 爱

## [bcdved'e] braodavods

## 【考法 1】 adj. 无欺诈的, 光明正大的: free from all traces of deceit or duplicity

- 【例】 This transaction was totally aboveboard, so there was no reason to question it. 这项交易完全公开公正,没有必要质疑。
- 【反】 chicanery, surreptitious, underhanded 偷偷摸摸的

## abrade [ə'breid]

## 【考法 1】 v. 磨损,精神上折磨: to rub or wear away especially by friction; wear down spiritually

- 【例】 My skin was abraded. 我的皮肤被磨损了。
- 【近】 chafe, excoriate, rasp, graze, scuff
- 【反】 augment 增加

#### abridge [ə'brɪdʒ]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 缩短,缩小: to **shorten** in duration or extent

- 【例】 modern transportation abridges distance 现代运输方式缩短了路途
- 【近】 curtail, truncate, cut back
- 【反】 extend in length, protract, amplify 延长,放大
- 【考法 2】v. 在不改变本意的条件下删减词语,缩写: to shorten by omission of words without sacrifice of sense
- 【例】 an abridged edition 精简版
- 【近】 abbreviate, curtail, condense, syncopate

#### abrogate ['æbrəugeɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 官方的正式废除: to abolish by authoritative action, annul

- 【例】 abrogate the law/ treaty 废除法律、条约
- 【近】 disannul, invalidate, nullify, quash, rescind, roll back, strike down
- 【反】 embrace, uphold, institute 采纳, 支持, 建立

## 【考法 2】 v. 无视(某事的)存在: to treat as <u>nonexistent</u>

【例】 abrogate their responsibilities 抛开、不顾他们的责任

#### abscond [æb'skond]

## 【考法 1】 v. 偷偷离开: to depart secretly and hide oneself

- 【例】 abscond from the prison 越狱
- 【近】 flee, lam, run off, break out (of), clear out

## Unit 3

ABSOLUTE ABSOLVE ABSTAIN ABSTEMIOUS ABSTRACT ABSTRUSE ABSURD ABUNDANT ABUSE ABUT

#### absolute ['æbsəluːt]

## 【考法 1】 adj. 专制的: <u>unconstrained</u> by constitutional or other provisions

- 【例】 absolute ruler 专制的统治者
- 【近】 arbitrary, autocratic, despotic, dictatorial, monocratic, tyrannical

#### 【考法 2】 adj. 无限的: unqualified in extent or degree; total

- 【例】 absolute silence 鸦雀无声
- 【近】 complete, utter, deadly, downright, out-and-out
- 【反】 qualified 有限的,有保留的

## 【考法 3】 adj. 完美的、纯净不掺杂的: free from imperfection free or relatively; free from mixture

- 【例】 absolute alcohol 无水酒精(纯酒精)
- 【近】 plain, refined, unadulterated, unalloyed, undiluted, unmixed
- 【反】 adulterated, alloyed, diluted, impure, mixed 参杂的,不纯的

## 【考法 4】 adj. 不容置疑的,确凿的: positive, unquestionable

- 【例】 absolute proof 确凿的证据
- 【近】 clear, deciding, decisive, definitive
- 【反】 inconclusive, indecisive, unclear 不明确的

## absolve [əb'zəlv]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 使无罪,解除责任: to set free from an obligation or the consequences of guilt, exculpate

- 【例】 absolve somebody from blame 使某人免受责备
- 【近】 acquit, exonerate, vindicate
- 【反】 blame, criminate, incriminate 定罪

#### abstain [əb'stein]

## 【考法 1】 v. 自我克制,主动戒绝: to <u>refrain</u> from something <u>by one's own choice</u>

- 【例】 abstain from smoking/voting 戒烟,弃权
- 【近】 forgo, keep from, refrain from, withhold (from)
- 【反】 bow to, give in to, submit to, succumb to, surrender to, yield to 屈服于

#### abstemious [æb'stiːmɪəs]

【考法 1】 adj. (吃喝等)有节制的,节俭的: marked by <u>restraint</u> especially in the consumption of <u>food or</u> alcohol, sparring

- 【例】 an abstemious diet有节制的饮食, abstemious meals 节俭的晚餐
- 【近】 continent, temperate, self-abnegating, self-denying

#### 【反】 indulgent 放纵的

## abstract ['æbstrækt]

## 【考法 1】 vt. 做总结,概括: to make an <u>abstract</u> of, <u>summarize</u>

- 【例】 abstracted the 135-page report in three short paragraphs 将一份 135 页的报告概括为三段话
- 【近】 digest, recapitulate, synopsize, sum up, boil down
- 【反】 elaborate 详细描述

#### 【考法 2】 vt. 使分心: to draw away the attention of

- 【例】 personal problems abstracted him 私人问题让他分心
- 【近】 detract. divert. call off. throw off
- 【派】 abstraction n. 心不在焉
- 【反】 attention 关注

## abstruse [əb'struːs]

## 【考法 1】 adj. 难以理解的: difficult to comprehend: recondite

- 【例】 the abstruse calculations 复杂深奥的计算
- 【近】 arcane, esoteric, hermetic (also hermetical), recondite
- 【反】 accessible, patent, shallow, superficial 可了解的,肤浅的

## absurd [əb'sə:d]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 不合理的: ridiculously unreasonable, unsound, or incongruous

- 【例】 an absurd argument 无稽之谈
- 【近】 wild, bizarre, ludicrous, insane, nonsensical, preposterous, half-baked
- 【反】 rational, sensible, realistic, reasonable 理性的,合理的

#### abundant [ə'bʌndənt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 大量的: marked by great plenty (as of resources)

- 【例】 a abundant land 一片富饶的土地
- 【近】 ample, cornucopian, teeming, replete, abounding
- 【反】 infrequent, rare, uncommon, inadequate, scanty, scarce 稀少的,罕见的

#### abuse [ə'bju:s]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 辱骂抨击: language that condemns or vilifies usually unjustly, intemperately, and angrily

- 【例】 He alleged that he was verbally abused by his colleagues. 他声称受到了同事的言语攻击。
- 【近】 assail, bash, castigate, excoriate, lambaste
- 【派】 abusive 辱骂的
- 【考法 2】 v. 不正当不合理使用: to put to a wrong or improper use; 过分过量使用: to use excessively
- 【例】 abuse a privilege 滥用特权; abuse alcohol 酗酒
- 【近】 misemploy, misuse

#### abut [ə'bʌt]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 邻接,毗邻: to touch at one end or side; lie adjacent

- 【例】 Our land abuts a wildlife preserve. 我们的土地靠近一片野生动物保护区。
- 【近】 skirt, verge on, border on, butt on, march with

## Unit 4

# ABYSMAL ACCEDE ACCELERATE ACCESSIBLE ACCESSORY ACCIDENTAL ACCLIMATE ACCOLADE ACCOMMODATE ACCOST

#### abysmal [ə'bɪzməl]

【考法 1】 adj. 极低的或极可怜的: <u>immeasurably low</u> or wretched

【例】 abysmal living conditions 极可怜的生活条件

近 bottomless

反 shallow shoal

【考法 2】 adj. (程度) 很深的、极端的: immeasurably great

【例】 abysmal ignorance 极端的无知; an abysmal cliff 深不见底的悬崖

【近】 profound

【反】 skin-deep, superficial 肤浅的

#### accede [æk'siːd]

## 【考法 1】 v. 赞成: to express approval or give consent

【例】 acceded to their pleas 同意了他们的请愿

【近】 acquiesce, assent, consent, subscribe, come round

【反】 demur, dissent 反对

【考法 2】 v. 就任, 就职: To arrive at or come into an office or dignity:

【例】 accede to the throne 就任国王

#### accelerate [ək'seləreɪt]

【考法 1】 v. 加速: to cause to move <u>faster</u>

【例】 accelerate his steps 加快脚步

【近】 balloon, escalate, snowball, mushroom, proliferate, burgeon, build up

【反】 retard 减速

【考法 2】 v. 使提前发生: to bring about at an earlier time

【例】 accelerate their departure 提前离开

【考法 3】 v. 变大,变多: to become <u>greater</u> in size, extent, volume, amount, or number

【例】 toy purchases accelerate dramatically during the Christmas season 玩具销售量在圣诞期间暴涨

【近】 accumulate, balloon, enlarge, escalate, mushroom, proliferate, snowball, roll up

【反】 contract, decrease, diminish, dwindle, lessen, recede, wane

#### accessible [ək'sesɪbl]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 可以到达的: situated within easy reach

【例】 the town accessible by rail 有铁路通达的城镇

【近】 handy, reachable

【反】 inconvenient, unhandy, unreachable, untouchable

【考法 2】 adj. 可理解的: capable of being <u>understood</u> or appreciated

【例】 The information ought to be made more accessible. 信息应该更清晰易懂。

- 【近】 apprehensible, fathomable, legible, scrutable
- 【反】 abstruse, incoherent, incomprehensible, inscrutable, insensible 深奥的
- 【考法 3】 adj. 能够获得的: possible to get
- 【例】 The data is not currently accessible. 数据目前还不可用。
- 【近】 available, attainable, obtainable, procurable
- 【反】 unattainable, unavailable, unobtainable

## accessory [ək'sesəri]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 辅助的,附属的: having a secondary, supplementary, or subordinate function.
- 【例】 accessory features such as call-waiting 类似呼叫等待的附属功能
- 【近】 accessory, peripheral, supplementary
- 【反】 of primarily importance, chief, main, principal 主要的
- 【考法 2】 n. 帮凶: one associated with another in wrongdoing
- 【例】two accessories, the driver of the getaway car and the dishonest bank teller, were charged in the robbery case 两个帮凶,逃逸车辆的司机和不诚信的银行出纳,在抢劫案中被控告
- 【近】abettor, confederate

## accidental [æksɪ'dentəl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 意外发生的,偶然的: occurring <u>unexpectedly</u> or by chance
- 【例】 The discovery of gold was entirely accidental. 黄金的发现纯属偶然。
- 【近】 incidental, fortuitous, unintended, unintentional, unpremeditated, unwitting
- 【反】 calculated, deliberate, intended, planned, premeditated 预先计划好的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 附带的,不重要的: <u>not being a vital part</u> of or belonging to something
- 【例】 Its commercial value was accidental. 它的商业价值微乎其微。
- 【近】 alien, extraneous, external, adventitious
- 【反】 inherent, innate, intrinsic 内在的, 固有的

#### acclimate [ə`klaımıt]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 使适应: to change (something) so as to make it suitable for a new use or situation
- 【例】 acclimate oneself to a nine-to-five office job 适应朝九晚五的坐班生活
- 【近】 adjust, accommodate, shape, suit, tailor
- 【反】 make unfamiliar with 使不熟悉

#### accolade ['ækəleɪd]

- 【考法 1】 n. 同意,赞赏: an expression of approval
- 【反】 disapprobation 不赞成
- 【例】 won virtually every accolade that the film world has to offer 赢得了电影界几乎一致的赞赏
- 【近】 applause, credit, distinction
- 【考法 2】 v. 赞扬: to <u>praise</u> or honor
- 【 反 】 excoriation, criticism, reprobation, castigation, cutting remark, derogation, reproof. denigration, denunciation, swearword 批评,谴责

## accommodate [əˈkɔmədeɪt]

- 【考法 1】 v. 提供所需(例如服务、借贷、寄宿): to <u>provide</u> with something desired, needed, or suited (as a helpful service, a loan, or lodgings)
- 【例】 This cruise ship was big enough to accommodate over 600 people. 该游轮可以为超过 600 人提供食宿。

【近】 fit, hold, take

【考法 2】 v. 改变以适应新情况、新场景: to change (something) so as to make it suitable for a new use or situation

- 【例】 accommodated the lectern to the height of the guest speaker 将讲台的高度调节得适合讲演者
- 【近】 acclimate, adjust, condition, conform, doctor, edit, shape, suit, tailor

【考法 3】 v. 使和谐: to bring to a state <u>free of conflicts</u>, inconsistencies, or differences

- 【例】 The idea that the United States could harmoniously accommodate all was a fiction. 认为美国能够和谐一切就是幻想。
- 【近】 attune, conciliate, conform, coordinate, reconcile
- 【反】 disharmonize 使不和谐

#### accost [ə'kəst]

【考法 1】 vt. 以挑衅的形式搭讪: to approach and speak to often in a challenging or aggressive way

【例】 accosted by three gang members 被三个混混搭讪

# Unit 5

ACCRETE ACCUMULATE ACERBIC ACME ACQUIESCE ACRID ACRIMONIOUS ACUMEN ACUTE ADAMANT

## accrete [ækri:t]

【考法 1】 v. 逐渐增长: to **grow** or increase **gradually**, as by addition

- 【例】 silt accreting at the mouth of the river泥沙在河口淤积
- 【近】 accumulate, build up, pile (up), stack (up)
- 【反】 wear away, reduction in substance caused by erosion 侵蚀,减少
- 【派】 accretion n. 慢慢增加

#### accumulate [ə'kjuːmjʊleit]

【考点 1】 vi. 逐渐增长: to increase gradually in quantity or number

- 【例】 accumulate a fortune 积攒了一笔财富
- 【近】 mount, swell, garner, snowball, build up, bulk (up)
- 【反】 dissipate, diminish, dwindle, recede, wane 消散,减少

#### acerbic [ə'səːbik]

【考法 1】 adj. 酸涩的心情、心境或者语调: marked by the use of wit that is intended to <u>cause hurt feelings</u>

- 【例】 acerbic commentary 失酸的评论
- 【近】 pungent, sardonic, satiric, scalding, scathing
- 【反】 sweet. saccharin 甜的,糖精(甜)
- 【派】 acerbity n. 酸

#### acme ['ækmɪ]

【考法 1】 n. 顶点,极点: the **highest** point or stage, as of achievement or development

- 【例】 the acme of his career 他事业的巅峰
- 【近】 culmination, pinnacle, tip-top, high-water mark
- 【反】 bottom, nadir, rock bottom 最低点

【考法 2】 n. 最佳典范: the most perfect type or example

【例】 a movie that has come to be regarded as the acme of the Hollywood musical 这部影片被认为是好莱坞音乐剧的最佳典范

【近】 apotheosis, epitome, exemplar

## acquiesce [ækwɪ'es]

【考法 1】 v. 勉强同意;默许: to <u>accept</u>, comply, or submit <u>tacitly or passively</u>

- 【例】 acquiesce to my own fleecing 默许我的敲竹杠行为
- 【近】 assent, consent, subscribe, come round
- 【反】 resist, defy, dissent 抵制,不同意

#### acrid ['ækrɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 辛辣的,刺鼻的: sharp and <u>harsh</u> or unpleasantly pungent in <u>taste</u> or <u>odor</u>: irritating

【例】 acrid smell of tobacco 烟草刺鼻的味道

【考点 2】 adj. 刻薄的: marked by the use of wit that is intended to cause hurt feelings

【例】 acrid temper 刻薄的性情

【反】 gentle 温和的

## acrimonious [ækrɪˈməʊnɪəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 刻薄的, 充满仇恨的: having or showing deep-seated resentment

【近】 embittered, hard, rancorous, resentful, sore

#### acumen [əˈkiuːmən]

【考法 1】 n. 不同寻常的洞察力和鉴别力: <u>exceptional discernment and judgment</u> especially in practical matters

- 【例】 the business acumen 商业方面的洞察力
- 【近】 keenness, shrewdness, canniness, clear-sightedness, hardheadedness
- 【反】 unable to discerning 不能辨别的

#### acute [əˈkjuːt]

【考法 1】 adj. 敏锐的: marked by <u>keen discernment</u> or intellectual perception especially of subtle distinctions, penetrating

- 【例】 an acute thinker 思维敏锐的思想者
- 【近】 delicate, fine, keen, perceptive, sensitive

【考法 2】 adj. 严重的,急性的: needing immediate attention

- 【例】 acute appendicitis 急性阑尾炎
- 【近】 exigent, imperative, compelling, urgent
- 【反】 mild, noncritical, nonurgent 轻微的,不严重的

【考法 3】 adj. (程度、影响)极强: extreme in degree, or effect

【例】 experiencing acute distress over the misunderstanding with her best friend 因误会她的死党陷入了深深的痛苦

【近】 dreadful, excruciating, profound

【反】 light, moderate, soft 程度温和的

#### adamant ['ædəmənt]

【考法 1】 adj. 固执的,不可动摇的: <u>unshakable</u> or insistent especially in maintaining a position or opinion, unyielding; inflexible

- 【例】 adamant about staying here执意留下来
- 【近】 hardheaded, headstrong, intransigent, pertinacious, obdurate, uncompromising
- 【反】 vacillatory, incline to yield, amenable, compliant, relenting, yielding 动摇的,易屈从的

# Unit 6

ADAPT	ADDICT	ADHERE	ADJOURN	ADJUNCT
AD-LIB	<b>ADMONISH</b>	ADORE	ADULATE	<b>ADULTERATE</b>

#### adapt [ə'dæpt]

【考法 1】 vt. 修改,使适应: to modify according with the changing circumstances

【例】 adapt to the change 适应变化; adapt the novel for the screen 改编小说为影视作品

【近】 adjust, conform, edit, accommodate, shape, suit, tailor

#### addict [ə'dɪkt]

【考法 1】 v. 沉溺,上瘾: to devote or surrender (oneself) to something habitually or obsessively

【例】 be addicted to drug/ alcohol 沉溺于毒品、酒

【考法 2】 n. 对某事上瘾的人: a person with a strong and habitual liking for something

【例】 science-fiction addicts who eagerly await each new installment in the series 科幻小说爱好者,等待着系列的每一次更新

【近】 devotee, enthusiast, fanatic, maniac

【反】 nonfan 非粉丝

## adhere [ədˈhɪə]

【考法 1】 v. 依附, 粘着: to cause to stick fast

- 【例】 adhere to the surface 附着在表面
- 【近】 cleave, cling, hew
- 【反】 detach 分离

【考法 2】 v. 服从命令: to act <u>according to the commands</u> of

- 【例】 adhere to the rules 遵守规定
- 【近】 cling to, hew to, stand by, stick to, comply with
- 【反】 defy, disobey, rebel against 不服从,反抗

【考法 3】 v. 坚定地支持: to give <u>steadfast support</u> to

【例】 our coach adheres to the belief that we can win this game if we just have a positive attitude 我们的教练坚定地相信,只有我们有积极的态度,我们就能拿下比赛

- 【近】 keep to, stand by, stick to or with
- 【反】 defect from 叛变
- 【派】 adherent n. 追随者: a <u>follower</u> of a leader, party, or profession

#### 【反】 forerunner 先行者

## adjourn [ə'dʒɜːn]

【考法 1】 vi. 延期,休会: to <u>suspend</u> a session indefinitely or to another time or place

【例】 The meeting adjourned for a week. 会议延期一周。

【近】 prorogate, prorogue, recess, suspend

【反】 convoke 召集,召开会议

## adjunct ['ædʒʌŋkt]

【考法 1】 n. 附属物,非必须部分: something joined or added to another thing but <u>not essentially a part</u> of it

【例】 Massage therapy can be used as an adjunct along with the medication. 按摩治疗可以作为药物治疗的补充疗法。

【近】 appendage, appliance, attachment, add-on

【反】 essential element 重要部分

ad-lib [æd 'lɪb]

【考法 1】 adj. 即兴的: made or done <u>without previous thought or preparation</u>

【例】 not bad for an ad-lib comedy routine 对即兴喜剧表演来说已经不错了

【近】 extemporary, impromptu, improvisational, offhanded

【反】 considered, planned, premeditated, rehearsed

## admonish [əd'monıs]

【考法 1】 v. 建议: to give advice to

【例】 admonished the patient to eat more healthy foods 建议患者多吃健康食品

【近】 counsel

【考法 2】 v. 责备: to reprove gently but earnestly.

【例】 admonished her for littering 责备她乱扔垃圾

【近】 chide, reprimand, reproach, reprove, tick off

【派】 admonishment n. 责备

#### adore [ə'dɔ:]

【考法 1】 vt. 喜爱, 感到愉悦: to take **pleasure** in

【例】 I adore those earrings. 我相中那对耳环了。

【近】 fancy, relish, savor, delight in, rejoice in

【考法 2】 vt. 宠爱: to feel passion, devotion, or tenderness for

【例】 adored his wife 宠爱他的妻子

【近】 cherish

#### adulate ['ædjʊleɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 极度谄媚: to praise too much

【例】 incompetent assistants who spend all their time adulating her 成天恭维她的不称职的下属

【近】 overpraise, belaud, soft-soap, butter up

【反】 scorn, disdain, vituperate, disparage 鄙视

## adulterate [ə'dʌltəreɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 掺杂,加入低等成分: to corrupt, debase, or make <u>impure</u> by the <u>addition</u> of a foreign or inferior

#### substance or element

- 【例】 adulterate its products with cheap additives 在产品中掺杂廉价的添加剂
- 【近】 alloy, contaminate, pollute, taint, water down
- 【反】 enrich, fortify, strengthen 加入养分

## Unit 7

ADUMBRATE ADVENTITIOUS ADVERSARY ADVERT ADVOCATE
AFFABLE AFFINITY AFFLUENT AGGRANDIZE AGGRAVATE

#### adumbrate ['ædnmbreɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 部分地或有保留地揭露: to <u>disclose</u> partially or guardedly.

- 【例】 adumbrate a plan 透露计划
- 【反】 revelation 完全显示

【考法 2】 vt. 预示着: to give a slight indication of beforehand

- 【例】 The strife in Bloody Kansas adumbrated the civil war that would follow. 发生在堪萨斯州的流血冲突预示了之后的南北内战的爆发。
- 【近】 forerun, harbinger, herald, prefigure

#### adventitious [.ædven'ti[əs]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 外来的,后天的: coming from another source and not inherent or innate
- 【例】 Moral considerations are adventitious to the study of art. 道德的考量对于艺术研究来说是不必要的。
- 【近】 alien, extraneous, external, foreign, supervenient
- 【反】 constitutional, essential, intrinsic, inborn, inbred, innate, inherent 天生的

#### adversary ['ædvəsəri]

- 【考法 1】 n. 敌手,对手: one that contends with, opposes, or resists: enemy
- 【例】 political adversary 政敌
- 【近】 antagonist, foe, opponent
- 【反】 ally, amigo, friend 联盟, 朋友

## advert ['ædvs:t]

- 【考法 1】 vi. 引起注意;提到: to call attention; refer:
- 【例】 He adverted to the problem in the opening paragraph. 他开门见山地引出了问题。
- 【派】 advertent a 留意的
- 【反】 inattentive, remiss, heedless, negligent 疏忽的

#### advocate ['ædvəkət]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 支持, 提倡: to speak, plead, or argue in favor of; support
- 【例】 advocates traditional teaching methods 提倡传统教学方法
- 【近】 back, champion, endorse, patronize

#### 【反】 impunge 提出异议

#### affable ['æfəbl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 和蔼的, 温和的: characterized by ease and friendliness
- 【例】 an affable manner 随和的举止
- 【近】 cordial, genial, hospitable, sociable, good-natured, good-tempered, well-disposed
- 【反】 irascible, testy, ill-tempered, unamiable, ungenial 易怒的,不随和的

#### affinity [əˈfɪnɪtɪ]

- 【考法 1】 n. 喜欢,亲切感: a habitual <u>attraction</u> to some activity or thing
- 【例】 always had an affinity for nurturing living things 喜欢培养活物
- 【近】 bent, penchant, predilection, predisposition, proclivity, propensity
- 【反】 aversion, repugnance, antipathy 厌恶
- 【考法 2】 n. 相似: the fact or state of having something in common
- 【近】 association, bearing, kinship

#### affluent ['æflʊənt]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 富裕的: having a generously **sufficient** and typically increasing **supply** of material possessions
- 【例】 affluent society 富裕的社会
- 【近】 opulent, loaded, deep-pocketed, silk-stocking, well-endowed, well-off, well-to-do
- 【反】 needy, impecunious, impoverished, indigent, penurious 贫困的

#### aggrandize [ə'grændaɪz]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 增加、提高力量、财富、地位、声誉等: to <u>enhance</u> the power, wealth, position, or reputation of
- 【例】 exploited the situation to aggrandize himself 借势而上使得自己地位提升、财富增长
- 【近】 augment, boost, expand, magnify, add (to), pump up
- 【反】 relegate, disparage, efface, abase, demean 降级,贬低

#### aggravate ['ægrəveɪt]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 加重,恶化: to make worse, more serious, or more severe
- 【例】 Stress and lack of sleep could aggravate the situation. 压力和睡眠不足使情况恶化。
- 【近】 complicate, worsen
- 【反】 alleviate, succor, console, assuage, mitigate, relieve 减轻, 安慰
- 【考法 2】 v. 使不爽: to disturb the peace of mind of (someone) especially by repeated disagreeable acts
- 【例】 it really aggravates me when I arrive 10 minutes before the stated closing time, and the store's closed already 我在号称的打烊时间前 10 分钟到达,但发现商店已经关门了,让我很不爽
- 【近】 annoy, bother, nettle, vex

## Unit 8

AGGREGATE AGGRESSIVE AGGRIEVE AGITATE AGOG

AGONIZE

**AIRTIGHT** 

**ALACRITY** 

ALIBI

**ALIENATE** 

#### aggregate ['ægrigeit]

- 【考法 1】 n. 集合体: a mass or body of <u>units or parts</u> somewhat loosely <u>associated</u> with one another
- 【例】 An empire is the aggregate of many states under one common head.帝国是以一个共同领袖领导的若干国家的集合体。
- 【近】 sum, summation, totality
- 【反】 isolated units 隔离的单位
- 【考法 2】 v. 集合, 聚集: to collect or gather into a mass or whole
- 【例】 aggregates content from many other sites搜罗集合了其他网站的内容
- 【近】 coalesce, join together 结合,连接
- 【派】 disaggregate v. 分解
- 【反】 disperse 分散

## aggressive ['əgresıv]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 好斗的: having a quality of anger and determination that makes it ready to attack others
- 【例】 aggressive behavior 具有攻击性的行为
- 【近】 fierce, assaultive, combative, militant, confrontational, go-getting, self-assertive, truculent, pugnacious
- 【反】 even-tempered, nonbelligerent, pacific, uncombative, uncontentious 心平气和的,不好斗的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 强有力的,强烈的: marked by or uttered with forcefulness
- 【例】 an aggressive campaign to win the African-American vote 一次能够获得非裔美国人选票的强有力的竞选
- 【近】 dynamic, energetic, full-blooded, vigorous

## aggrieve [ə`griːv]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 使苦恼,悲痛: to give <u>pain</u> or <u>trouble</u> to, <u>distress</u>
- 【反】 gratify 使高兴,满足
- 【派】 aggrieved adj. 苦恼的, 怨念的
- 【例】 a line of aggrieved ticket-holders, demanding a refund for the cancelled play 一队怨念的购票者,为取消的话剧要求退款
- 【近】 discontent, disgruntled, displeased, dissatisfied, malcontent

#### agitate ['ædʒiteit]

- 【考法 1】 v. 煽动,激起: to attempt to arouse public feeling
- 【例】 agitate for better conditions 为得到更好的工作条件而煽动
- 【近】 debate, dispute, bat (around or back and forth), hash (over or out), talk over
- 【考法 2】 v. 使不安: to excite and often <u>trouble the mind</u> or feelings of : <u>disturb</u>
- 【例】 There's no need to agitate the patient about little things. 没必要因为鸡毛蒜皮的事让患者烦躁。
- 【近】 bother, discomfort, discompose, perturb
- 【反】 calm, compose, soothe, tranquilize 平息抚慰,淡定

#### agog [ə'gɔg]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 极度感兴趣的: showing <u>urgent desire or interest</u>
- 【例】 Children were agog over new toys. 孩子们见到了新玩具极其兴奋。
- 【近】 avid, ardent, enthusiastic, solicitous, voracious

【反】 apathetic, indifferent, uneager, unenthusiastic 漠不关心的,无情的

#### agonize ['ægənaɪz]

【考法 1】 v. 使非常痛苦: to feel deep sadness or mental pain

【例】 agonizes over every decision 做每一个决定都非常痛苦

【近】 anguish, suffer

## airtight ['eətaɪt]

【考法 1】 adj. 无瑕疵的: having no noticeable weakness, flaw, or loophole

【例】 an airtight argument 滴水不漏、无懈可击的论断

【考法 2】 adj. 密封的,不透气的: impermeable to air or nearly so

【例】 an airtight seal 不透气的封口

#### alacrity [əˈlækrɪtɪ]

【考法 1】 n. 反应迅速,乐意: promptness in response: cheerful readiness

【例】 accepted the invitation with alacrity 欣喜地接受了邀请

【近】 amenability, gameness, obligingness, willingness

【反】 dilatoriness, hesitance and reluctance 拖延, 犹豫和不情愿

## alibi [ˈælɪbaɪ]

【考法 1】n. 不在场的证明; 托辞, 借口: an excuse usually intended to avert blame or punishment (as for failure or negligence)

【例】 He always has a very creative alibi for undone homework. 他对于不完成作业总是有各种新奇的借口。

【近】 defense, justification, plea, reason

#### alienate ['eiljəneit]

【考法 1】 v. 疏远, 离间: to make unfriendly, or indifferent especially where attachment formerly existed

【例】 alienated most of his colleagues with his bad temper 因为他的坏脾气,很多同事都和他疏远了

【近】 disaffect, disgruntle, sour

【反】 unite, reunite, reconcile 联合, 重新联合, 和好

【考法 2】 v. 转移、变卖(财产或权利): to convey or transfer (as property or a right) usually by a specific act rather than the due course of law

【例】 A landowner has a right to alienate his right of ownership. 地主有权利变卖自己的地产。

【近】 assign, cede, deed, make over

## Unit 9

ALIGN	ALLAY	<b>ALLEGIANCE</b>	ALLEVIATE	ALLUDE
ALLURE	ALLY	ALOFT	ALOOF	ALTRUISM

## 【考法 1】 vt. 排成一行: to bring into line or alignment

- 【例】 align the cars with the curb 使车与路缘对齐
- 【反】 askew, awry, warped 歪斜的
- 【考法 2】 vt. 调准,校准: to adjust to produce a proper relationship or orientation
- 【例】 align the wheels of the truck调整卡车的轮子
- 【反】 improperly adjusted, irregular 调整不当的,不规则的

#### allay ['æleɪ]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 减轻: to subdue or reduce in intensity or severity, alleviate

- 【例】 allay one's fears or doubts 减轻某人的恐惧或怀疑
- 【近】 assuage, ease, mitigate, mollify, palliate, relieve, soothe
- 【反】 excite, aggravate, foment, increase the intensity of, exacerbate 激起,加重

## allegiance [əˈliːdʒəns]

## 【考法 1】 n. 忠诚: <u>devotion or loyalty</u> to a person, group, or cause

- 【例】 They swore their allegiance to the USA. 他们宣誓效忠美国。
- 【近】 commitment, dedication, piety, faithfulness, steadfastness
- 【反】 inconstancy, infidelity, perfidiousness, treachery

#### alleviate [əˈliːvɪeɪt]

## 【考法 1】 v. 缓和,减轻: <u>relieve, lessen</u>

- 【例】 alleviate pain/suffering 减轻痛苦
- 【近】 ease, assuage, mitigate, mollify, palliate, soothe
- 【反】 exacerbate 加剧

#### **allude** [əˈluːd]

## 【考法 1】 vi. 间接提到: to convey an idea indirectly

- 【例】 He also alluded to his rival's past marital troubles. 他间接提到了对手过去的婚姻问题。
- 【近】 imply, indicate, infer, insinuate, intimate, suggest

## allure [ə'ljuə]

## 【考法 1】 vt. 吸引: to <u>attract or delight</u> as if by magic

- 【近】 entice, seduce, solicit, tempt, captivate, enchant, lead on
- 【派】 alluring 诱惑的,有吸引力的
- 【例】 an alluring smile 迷人的微笑
- 【反】 unattractive 无吸引力的
- 【考法 2】 v. 诱惑做某事: to lead away from a usual or proper course by offering some pleasure or advantage
- 【例】 allured by the promise of big bucks, he decided to have a go at a job on the trading floor of the stock market 被赚大钱的许诺所引诱,他决定投身股票市场工作
- 【近】 bait, beguile, decoy, entice, seduce, lead on

#### ally [ə'lai]

## 【考法 1】 n.盟友,支持者: one in helpful <u>association</u> with another

- 【例】enter the war as an ally of America 以美国的同盟者身份加入战争
- 【近】supporter, confederate, sympathizer
- 【反】adversary, rival 对手

#### 【考法 2】 v. 加入联盟: to enter into an alliance

- 【例】several tribes allied to fend off the invaders 几个部落联合起来抵抗侵略者
- 【反】disband 解散

#### aloft [ə'loft]

【考法 1】 adv. 在空中: in the air especially: in flight (as in an airplane)

- 【例】The balloon stayed aloft for days 气球在空中停留了很多天。
- 【近】overhead
- 【反】grounded 着陆地

#### aloof [ə'luːf]

【考法 1】 adj. 孤高的,不合群的: removed or <u>distant</u> either physically or emotionally

- 【例】an aloof church 一座孤零零的教堂; stood apart with aloof dignity 带着超然的尊严站在一旁
- 【近】detached, offish, unsociable, withdrawn, standoffish
- 【反】sociable 好社交的

#### altruism ['æltruɪzm]

【考法 1】 n. 利他主义: <u>unselfish</u> regard for or devotion to the welfare of others

- 【例】Ambition that is masked as altruism. 在利他主义掩盖下的野心。
- 【反】egoism 利己主义
- 【派】altruistic adj.利他的
- 【反】egotistic, self-centered, self-concerned, selfish 自私的

## Unit 10

<b>AMALGAMATE</b>	<b>AMBIGUOUS</b>	AMBLE	<b>AMBROSIAL</b>	<b>AMELIORATE</b>
<b>AMENABLE</b>	AMENITY	<b>AMIABLE</b>	AMICABLE	AMITY

#### amalgamate [ə'mælgəmeɪt]

【考法 1】 v. 合并,混合: to <u>combine</u> into a <u>unified</u> or integrated whole; <u>unite</u>

- 【例】to amalgamate with an American company 与一家美国公司合并
- 【近】mix, fuse, intermix, compound, meld, comingle, integrate, intermingle
- 【反】separate, isolate 分开,隔离

#### ambiguous [æm'bɪgjʊəs]

【考法 1】 adj.有多种理解方式的;不确定的: open to <u>more than one</u> interpretation; <u>doubtful</u> or <u>uncertain</u>

- 【例】Students have ambiguous feelings about their role in the world. 学生们为他们在世界中的角色感到迷茫。 Frustrated by ambiguous instructions 因为不明确的指示而受挫
- 【近】doubtful, equivocal, unclear, uncertain
- 【反】distinct, pellucid, patent, blatant, explicit, lucid, perspicuous 清楚的,明显的

## amble ['æmbl]

- 【考法 1】 vi. / n. 漫步,闲逛: to <u>walk slowly</u> or <u>leisurely</u>; <u>stroll</u>
- 【例】Every evening, they ambled along the bank. 他们每晚沿河边散步。
- 【近】ramble, saunter, stroll, wander, dally, dawdle
- 【反】step quickly 快走

#### ambrosial [æm`brəuzjəl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. (食物或者气味)特别美味的: something extremely pleasing to taste or smell
- 【例】The ambrosial aroma of the roast stimulated our appetites. 烤肉的美味香气刺激了我们的食欲。
- 【近】savory, aromal, aromatic, perfumed, redolent, odorous
- 【反】fetid, noisome, stenchy, malodorous, rancid 恶臭的

#### ameliorate [əˈmiːlɪəreɪt]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 改善, 改进: to make or become better; improve
- 【例】to ameliorate the suffering of people who have lost their jobs 改善失业人员的痛苦
- 【近】improve, convalesce, recuperate
- 【反】aggravate, worsen, deteriorate 恶化
- 【派】ameliorator n. 改良物
- 【反】damper n. 抑制因素

## amenable [ə'miːnəbl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 顺从的,服从的: readily brought to yield, submit, or cooperate
- 【例】a high-spirited and rebellious girl not at all amenable to persuasion. 一个泼辣而反叛的女孩根本不听从劝告。
- 【近】compliant, docile, submissive, tractable, obedient
- 【反】intransigent, contumacious 不妥协的; intractable, recalcitrant, refractory 倔强的; uncontrollable, ungovernable, unruly 难管束的

## amenity [ə'mi:nɪtɪ]

- 【考法 1】 n. (环境,设备等的)舒适,人性化: something that conduces to **comfort**, convenience, or enjoyment
- 【例】the amenity of the new surroundings 新环境的宜人之处
- 【近】comfort, convenience, affability
- 【考法 2】n. 融洽,和谐: the quality of being pleasant or agreeable
- 【例】a discussion conducted in perfect amenity 在和谐融洽的气氛中进行的讨论
- 【近】agreeability, cordiality, harmony, accord, concord, consonance
- 【反】discordance, inharmony 不和谐

## amiable ['eɪmɪəbl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 好脾气的, 友好易相处的: being friendly, sociable, and congenial
- 【例】an amiable teacher not easily annoyed 一个不易惹恼易相处的老师
- 【近】friendly, affable, amicable, genial, easy to get along with
- 【反】disagreeable, ill-natured, ill-tempered, unamiable, ungenial, ungracious, unpleasant 坏脾气的,令人不愉快的

#### amicable ['æmɪkəbl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 友善的: characterized by <u>friendly</u> goodwill; <u>amiable</u>
- 【例】maintain amicable relations 保持友好关系; an amicable divorce 和平离婚

- 【近】friendly, affable, amicable, genial, easy to get along with
- 【反】antagonistic, hostile, unfriendly 有敌意的

## amity [æmətɪ]

【考法 1】 n.友好, 亲善和睦关系: <u>friendship</u>; especially: <u>friendly</u> relations between nations

【例】live in amity with his neighbors 与邻居和谐相处; They parted in amity. 他们很友好地分别了。

【近】friendship

【反】enmity, hostility 敌意

