

substance or element

【例】 adulterate its products with cheap additives 在产品中掺杂廉价的添加剂

【近】 alloy, contaminate, pollute, taint, water down

【反】 enrich, fortify, strengthen 加入养分

Unit 7

ADUMBRATE
AFFABLE

ADVENTITIOUS
AFFINITY

ADVERSARY
AFFLUENT

ADVERT
AGGRANDIZE

ADVOCATE
AGGRAVATE

adumbrate ['ædʌmbreɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 部分地或有保留地揭露： to **disclose** partially or guardedly.

【例】 adumbrate a plan 透露计划

【反】 revelation 完全显示

【考法 2】 vt. 预示： to **give a slight indication** of beforehand

【例】 The strife in Bloody Kansas adumbrated the civil war that would follow. 发生在堪萨斯州的流血冲突预示了之后的南北内战的爆发。

【近】 forerun, harbinger, herald, prefigure

adventitious [ædven'tɪʃəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 外来的，后天的： coming from another source and **not inherent or innate**

【例】 Moral considerations are adventitious to the study of art. 道德的考量对于艺术研究来说是不必要的。

【近】 alien, extraneous, external, foreign, supervenient

【反】 constitutional, essential, intrinsic, inborn, inbred, innate, inherent 天生的

adversary ['ædvəsəri]

【考法 1】 n. 敌手，对手： one that contends with, opposes, or **resists** : **enemy**

【例】 political adversary 政敌

【近】 antagonist, foe, opponent

【反】 ally, amigo, friend 联盟，朋友

advert ['ædvɜ:t]

【考法 1】 vi. 引起注意；提到： to call attention; **refer**:

【例】 He adverted to the problem in the opening paragraph. 他开门见山地引出了问题。

【派】 advertent a 留意的

【反】 inattentive, remiss, heedless, negligent 疏忽的

advocate ['ædvəkət]

【考法 1】 vt. 支持，提倡： to speak, plead, or argue in favor of; **support**

【例】 advocates traditional teaching methods 提倡传统教学方法

【近】 back, champion, endorse, patronize

【反】impunge 提出异议

affable ['æfəbl]

【考法 1】adj. 和蔼的，温和的：characterized by ease and friendliness

【例】an affable manner 随和的举止

【近】cordial, genial, hospitable, sociable, good-natured, good-tempered, well-disposed

【反】irascible, testy, ill-tempered, unamiable, ungenial 易怒的，不随和的

affinity [ə'fɪnɪti]

【考法 1】n. 喜欢，亲切感：a habitual attraction to some activity or thing

【例】always had an affinity for nurturing living things 喜欢培养活物

【近】bent, penchant, predilection, predisposition, proclivity, propensity

【反】aversion, repugnance, antipathy 厌恶

【考法 2】n. 相似：the fact or state of having something in common

【例】a study showing an affinity between obesity and socioeconomic status 一项表现了肥胖程度和社会经济水平之间相似性的研究

【近】association, bearing, kinship

affluent ['æfluənt]

【考法 1】adj. 富裕的：having a generously sufficient and typically increasing supply of material possessions

【例】affluent society 富裕的社会

【近】opulent, loaded, deep-pocketed, silk-stocking, well-endowed, well-off, well-to-do

【反】needy, impecunious, impoverished, indigent, penurious 贫困的

aggrandize [ə'grændaɪz]

【考法 1】vt. 增加、提高力量、财富、地位、声誉等：to enhance the power, wealth, position, or reputation of

【例】exploited the situation to aggrandize himself 借势而上使得自己地位提升、财富增长

【近】augment, boost, expand, magnify, add (to), pump up

【反】relegate, disparage, efface, abase, demean 降级，贬低

aggravate ['ægrəveɪt]

【考法 1】vt. 加重，恶化：to make worse, more serious, or more severe

【例】Stress and lack of sleep could aggravate the situation. 压力和睡眠不足使情况恶化。

【近】complicate, worsen

【反】alleviate, succor, console, assuage, mitigate, relieve 减轻，安慰

【考法 2】v. 使不爽：to disturb the peace of mind of (someone) especially by repeated disagreeable acts

【例】it really aggravates me when I arrive 10 minutes before the stated closing time, and the store's closed already 我在号称的打烊时间前 10 分钟到达，却发现商店已经关门了，让我很不爽

【近】annoy, bother, nettle, vex

Unit 8

AGGREGATE

AGGRESSIVE

AGGRIEVE

AGITATE

AGOG