Unit 8

WILT AGAPE ANNEX BAFFLING BEWITCHING BORE BUMBLE CAREFREE CHAPERONE CHARISMA

wilt [wɪlt]

【考法 1】 vi. (花、植物等) 萎蔫: to become limp or flaccid

【例】 The plants wilted after I forgot to water them for three whole days. 在我整整三天忘记浇水之后,植物们全都萎蔫了。

【近】 flag, hang, loll, sag, swag

【考法 2】 vi. 精神萎靡,憔悴: to feel or exhibit the effects of fatigue or exhaustion

【例】 She had wilted a bit after walking around the hot and humid city. 在炎热潮湿的城市中行走使得她略显憔悴。 || His brain wilted from hitherto unprecedented weariness. 在前所未有的疲劳面前,他的开始变得神情憔悴。

【近】 decay, droop, emaciate, fade, fail, lag, languish, sink, waste, wither

【反】 convalesce, rally, rebound, recover, recuperate 康复,复原

agape [ə'geip]

【考法 1】 adj. 急切盼望的: having or showing signs of eagerly awaiting something

【例】 At the sound of the sleigh bells the children were all agape, waiting for Santa to appear. 听到雪橇铃,孩子们开始好奇地等待圣诞老人的到来。

【近】 agog, anticipant, anticipatory

【反】 apathetic, indifferent, unconcerned, uninterested 不感兴趣的,不为所动的

annex [ə'neks]

【考法 1】 n. 裙楼, 副楼: a building added on to a larger one or an auxiliary building situated near a main one

【例】 The new annex that will serve as the permanent home for the school library. 新的裙楼将成为学校图书馆的永久住所。

【近】 addition, extension, penthouse

【考法 2】 vt. 添加,合并: to <u>join</u> (something) to a mass, quantity, or number so as to bring about an overall increase

【例】 plans to annex the supply room so as to make the classroom bigger 计划将工具房并入教室,从而扩充其容量

【近】 adjoin, affix, append, attach, subjoin, tack

【反】 abate, deduct, remove, subtract 削减

【考法 3】 vt. 吞并,夺取(土地等): to <u>incorporate</u> (a country or other territory) within the domain of a state

- 【例】 Rome annexed the Nabatean kingdom in 106 AD. 公元前 106 年罗马帝国吞并了古城那巴顿。
- 【近】 acquire, appropriate, arrogate, expropriate, seize, take over
- 【反】 lose 失去

baffling [ˈbæflɪŋ]

【考法 1】 adj. 令人疑惑的,难以理解的: making great mental demands; hard to comprehend or solve

- 【例】 I was constantly ill, with a baffling array of symptoms. 我常常生病,而且有着一系列令人困惑的症状。
- 【近】 befuddling, bewildering, confounding, confusing, enigmatic, puzzling, perplexing
- 【反】 apparent, distinct, evident, lucid, manifest, obvious, patent, pellucid, perspicuous, plain, transparent 明

确的, 明显的

bewitching [bi'wit∫in]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 迷人的,令人着迷的: having an often mysterious or magical power to <u>attract</u>
- 【例】 bewitching woman who has never lacked for suitors 一个从不缺乏追求者的迷人女子
- 【近】 alluring, appealing, attractive, captivating, charismatic, enchanting, engaging, entrancing, glamorous, luring, magnetic, seductive
- 【反】 repellent, repelling, repugnant, repulsive, revolting 令人反感的

bore [bo:]

- 【考法 1】 n. 令人厌烦的人或事物: one that <u>causes boredom</u>
- 【例】 For once, the graduation speaker wasn't a real bore. 就这一次毕业演讲者不是那么令人厌倦。
- 【近】 drip, droner, snoozer, yawner
- 【考法 2】 vt. 使厌倦,使厌烦: to <u>make weary</u> by being dull, repetitive, or tedious
- 【例】 The professor's lifeless and unimaginative teaching style bored the students to death. 教授毫无生气和想象力的说教方式让学生厌倦至极。
- 【近】 jade, pall, tire, weary
- 【反】 absorb, engage, engross, enthrall, fascinate, grip, interest, intrigue 使充满兴趣, 使全神贯注
- 【派】 boring adj. 令人厌烦的; boredom n. 厌烦,乏味

bumble ['bnmbəl]

- 【考法 1】 vi. 含糊不清地说,杂乱无章地说: to speak <u>rapidly, inarticulately</u>, and usually unintelligibly
- 【例】 Overcome with stage fright, I could only bumble through the speech. 由于怯场,我结结巴巴地说完了演讲稿。
- 【近】 babble, drivel, drool, gabble, gibber, jabber, prattle, sputter
- 【反】 articulate, enunciate, pronounce 清楚地说
- 【考法 2】 vi. 笨拙地行动: to move, act, or proceed clumsily
- 【例】 I sort of bumbled through the dance number, hoping that it would soon end. 我笨拙地跟着曲子舞蹈,心里指望着它快点结束。
- 【近】 blunder, flounder, limp, lumber, plod, struggle, stumble, trudge
- 【反】 coast, drift, glide, sail, slide (轻松地)行动,滑动

carefree ['keə,fri:]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 无忧无虑的: free from care as having no worries or troubles
- 【例】 passengers on a luxury cruise ship enjoying a carefree vacation 在豪华游轮上享受着无忧旅途的乘客 || carefree college students on spring break 春假期间无忧无虑的大学生
- 【近】 blithe, debonair, gay, insouciant, lighthearted, lightsome, slaphappy, unconcerned
- 【反】 careworn 焦虑的

chaperone [ˈ∫æpərəʊn]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 同行,护送: to **go along with** in order to provide assistance, protection, or companionship
- 【例】 Three parents will chaperone the students on the school trip. 本次班级旅行将有三名家长同行。
- 【近】 accompany, attend, companion, company, convoy, escort, squire
- 【反】 abandon, desert, ditch, dump, forsake 抛弃,不顾

charisma [kəˈrɪzmə]

- 【考法 1】 n. 魅力,吸引力: a special magnetic <u>charm</u> or appeal
- 【例】 a movie star with unique charisma 有着独特魅力的电影明星 || The candidate was lacking in charisma.

候选人就是缺乏了点个人魅力。

- 【近】 allure, appeal, attractiveness, captivation, enchantment, fascination, glamor, seductiveness, witchery
- 【反】 repulsion, repulsiveness 反感,厌恶
- 【派】 charismatic adj. 有魅力的,吸引人的

Unit 9

CONFLAGRATION CROW DASHING DATED DEPENDABLE DEPLORABLE DIKE ESCORT FELONY GRUMBLE

conflagration [konfle'qrei[en]

【考法 1】 n. 大火: a large destructive fire

- 【例】 All the stock was destroyed in a warehouse conflagration. 仓库里所有的货物都被一场大火烧毁了。
- 【近】 holocaust, inferno
- 【考法 2】 n. 武装冲突,战争: a state of <u>armed violent struggle</u> between states, nations, or groups
- 【例】 What began as a skirmish over disputed territory erupted into a conflagration that swept the continent. 这场席卷整个大陆的战争是由之前关于有纠纷的领土的小冲突引发的。
- 【近】 conflict, war, warfare
- 【反】 peace 和平; truce 休战

crow [krəu]

【考法 1】 vi. 感到高兴: to feel or express joy or triumph

- 【例】 Being the home of the new Super Bowl champs was the first thing that city residents had to crow about in a very long time. 当地的队伍获得超级碗冠军队伍是这个城市居民长期以来得以感到高兴的第一件事情。
- 【近】 delight, exuberate, glory, jubilate, joy, rejoice, triumph
- 【反】 bemoan, bewail, grieve, lament, weep 感到悲伤,叹息
- 【考法 2】 vi. 自鸣得意: to praise or express <u>pride in one's own possessions</u>, qualities, or accomplishments often to excess
- 【例】 He is already crowing over his victory. 他已经在那里为自己的胜利而自鸣得意了。
- 【近】 blow, brag, swagger, vapor, vaunt

dashing ['dæ[iη]

【考法 1】 adj. 爱好冒险的,大胆的: inclined or willing to take risks

- 【例】 the dashing heroes in stories about the American West 美国西部故事中那些勇敢无畏的英雄
- 【近】 adventurous, audacious, daring, emboldened, enterprising, gutsy, nerved, nervy, venturous
- 【反】 cowardly, craven, pusillanimous, timid, timorous 胆小的

dated ['dertid]

【考法 1】 adj. 过时的: having <u>passed its time of use</u> or usefulness; out-of-date

- 【例】 His jokes are awfully dated, referring to things that happened years ago. 他的笑话全是些关于几年前的事情的过时货。
- 【近】 antiquated, archaic, fossilized, medieval, moribund, moth-eaten, obsolete, outdated, outmoded, outworn,