Des: Sea V e.v. sobre K y A = V, se llana anulador de A al conjunto

$$A^{\circ} = Ann(A) = \mathcal{G} \mathcal{E} V^{*} / \mathcal{G}(u) = 0 ; \forall u \in A \mathcal{G}$$

Prop.: Sea V e. J. sobre K y A = V, se cumple

$$2) \quad V^{\circ} = \{0\}$$

4) Se Alphy
$$\rightarrow A^{\circ} + V^{\circ}$$

Pruba:

1) Slan fige A y diße K

$$\rightarrow (xf+\beta g)(u) = xf(u)+\beta g(u)$$

$$= 0; \forall u \in A$$

$$\rightarrow t=0$$

5) Sea
$$f \in B^{\circ} \rightarrow f(u) = 0$$
; $\forall u \in B$
 $\rightarrow f(u) = 0$; $\forall u \in A$ (ya que $A \subseteq B$)

 $\rightarrow f \in A^{\circ}$

Prop. Sean V on K -esp ved con den $V \times 100$ y $S < V$

Se comple.

2) $\dim V = \dim S + \dim S^{\circ}$
 $\stackrel{\bullet}{=} 1$ Sea $f \in V^{*}$, $define$ $g : S \rightarrow K$
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 $\stackrel{\bullet}{=} 1$ $\lim_{N \to \infty} f(u) = \dim S + \dim S^{\circ}$
 $\stackrel{\bullet}{=} 1$ $\lim_{N \to \infty} f(u) + \lim_{N \to \infty} f(u) = \dim S + \dim S^{\circ}$
 $\stackrel{\bullet}{=} 1$ $\lim_{N \to \infty} f(u) + \lim_{N \to \infty} f(u) = \dim S + \dim S^{\circ}$

 $= \propto f(n) + B f(n)! A \propto B \in K$

 \rightarrow ges*

Define $\psi: V^* \longrightarrow S^*$ f >>> g * Yes søbrey : Sea la base de V {U1;000;Uv; [1;000;Ut]} donal fuijoso; ung es base de S Significantly $S = \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{1,000}, \mathcal{I}_{1}) \longrightarrow V = S \oplus S'$ Se verifica que fe V*, luego Y(f) = g=h * Sq Y(f) = 0 -> g(u) = 0 -> f(u) = 0; Yues > feso -> Mu(4) = 5° o PORTETL V* ~ S* 1/

Prop: 58 dim V < +00 y S < V -> 5°= 5 P: Frenc. Det: Sea T: U->V t.l., definances la transpusta de T denotada por To como la t.l. Too V* > U* tal gul TV(fi=foT; YfeV* UT>V Prono: 11/4/TV-NTV, HXFK Prop: 1) $(xT)^{\nabla} = xT^{\nabla}$; $\forall x \in K$ 2) (T+L) = T>+L> (on T,L:U->V+l.) 3) (Lot) = To L donde U JV L>W 4) SeTes givers. -> (T-L) = (T)-L 5) Si I:U→U es identidad → I":U*→v* es identidad en U

$$\frac{\mathcal{L}}{\mathcal{L}} = \frac{1}{2} (x + 1)^{\nabla} (f_1 = f_0(\alpha + 1))$$

$$= \alpha f_0 = \alpha + \frac{1}{2} (f_1) \cdot \forall f \in V^*, \forall \alpha \in K$$

2)
$$(T+L)^{\nabla}(f) = f \circ (T+L)$$

= $f \circ T + f \circ L$
= $f \circ T + f \circ L$
= $f \circ (T+L) = f \circ (T+L) = f \circ (T+L) = f \circ (T+L) = f \circ (T+L)$

Prof.: Sea T:U >V t.l Se time gul

- 1) $\left[T(u) \right]^{\circ} = N(T^{\nabla})$
- 2) To (V*) C[N(T])°
- 3) Se Uy V son de dimensión finita -> dentiul = dent (V*) 4) (on las mismas cond. de 3) [N(T)] = T (V*)

 $f \in [T(u)]^{\circ} \leftrightarrow f(T(w) = 0; \forall u \in U$ (fot) (N=O; Aue U <>> foT = 0 \leftarrow \leftarrow $t \in N(\bot_{\Delta})$ 2) Se fet(v*), 3geV*/ +7(g)=f hugo $f(u) = g_0 T(u) = g(0) = 0$; $\forall u \in N(T)$ -> feN(t)