MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors

Document Number: MCUXSDKKL03APIRM Rev. 0

Mar 2017



Contents

Chapter Introduction

Chapter	Driver errors status	
Chapter	Architectural Overview	
Chapter	Trademarks	
Chapter	ADC16: 16-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter Driver	
5.1	Overview	11
5.2	Typical use case	11
5.2.1	Polling Configuration	1
5.2.2	Interrupt Configuration	
5.3	Data Structure Documentation	15
5.3.1	struct adc16_config_t	13
5.3.2	struct adc16_hardware_compare_config_t	16
5.3.3	struct adc16_channel_config_t	16
5.4	Macro Definition Documentation	17
5.4.1	FSL_ADC16_DRIVER_VERSION	17
5.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	17
5.5.1	_adc16_channel_status_flags	1
5.5.2	_adc16_status_flags	1
5.5.3	adc16_channel_mux_mode_t	1
5.5.4	adc16_clock_divider_t	1
5.5.5	adc16_resolution_t	18
5.5.6	adc16_clock_source_t	18
5.5.7	adc16_long_sample_mode_t	18
5.5.8	adc16_reference_voltage_source_t	18
5.5.9	adc16_hardware_average_mode_t	19
5.5.10	adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t	19
5.6	Function Documentation	19
5.6.1	ADC16_Init	19

G	Contents	n
Section	Title	Page
Number		Number
5.6.2	ADC16_Deinit	
5.6.3	ADC16_GetDefaultConfig	
5.6.4	ADC16_DoAutoCalibration	
5.6.5	ADC16_SetOffsetValue	
5.6.6	ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger	
5.6.7	ADC16_SetChannelMuxMode	
5.6.8	ADC16_SetHardwareCompareConfig	
5.6.9	ADC16_SetHardwareAverage	
5.6.10	ADC16_GetStatusFlags	
5.6.11	ADC16_ClearStatusFlags	
5.6.12	ADC16_SetChannelConfig	
5.6.13	ADC16_GetChannelConversionValue	
5.6.14	ADC16_GetChannelStatusFlags	23
Chapter	CMP: Analog Comparator Driver	
6.1	Overview	25
6.2	Typical use case	25
6.2.1	Polling Configuration	25
6.2.2	Interrupt Configuration	
6.3	Data Structure Documentation	28
6.3.1	struct cmp_config_t	28
6.3.2	struct cmp_filter_config_t	28
6.3.3	struct cmp_dac_config_t	
6.4	Macro Definition Documentation	29
6.4.1	FSL_CMP_DRIVER_VERSION	29
6.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	29
6.5.1	_cmp_interrupt_enable	29
6.5.2	_cmp_status_flags	30
6.5.3	cmp_hysteresis_mode_t	30
6.5.4	cmp_reference_voltage_source_t	30
6.6	Function Documentation	30
6.6.1	CMP_Init	30
6.6.2	CMP_Deinit	31
6.6.3	CMP_Enable	31
6.6.4	CMP_GetDefaultConfig	31
6.6.5	CMP_SetInputChannels	
6.6.6	CMP_SetFilterConfig	
6.6.7	CMP_SetDACConfig	
6.6.8	CMP_EnableInterrupts	

Section	Contents		Pa	one
Number	Title	N	umł	_
6.6.9	CMP_DisableInterrupts			33
6.6.10	CMP_GetStatusFlags			33
6.6.11	CMP_ClearStatusFlags		. •	33
Chapter	COP: Watchdog Driver			
7.1	Overview			35
7.2	Typical use case			35
7.3	Data Structure Documentation			36
7.3.1	struct cop_config_t			
7.4	Macro Definition Documentation			36
7.4.1	FSL_COP_DRIVER_VERSION			36
7.5	Enumeration Type Documentation			36
7.5.1	cop_clock_source_t			36
7.5.2	cop_timeout_cycles_t			
7.5.3	cop_timeout_mode_t			37
7.6	Function Documentation			37
7.6.1	COP_GetDefaultConfig			37
7.6.2	COP_Init			
7.6.3	COP_Disable			
7.6.4	COP_Refresh			38
Chapter	C90TFS Flash Driver			
8.1	Overview			39
8.2	Data Structure Documentation			48
8.2.1	struct flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t			48
8.2.2	struct flash_swap_state_config_t			48
8.2.3	struct flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t			48
8.2.4	union flash_swap_ifr_field_data_t			49
8.2.5	union pflash_protection_status_low_t			49
8.2.6	struct pflash_protection_status_t			50
8.2.7	struct flash_prefetch_speculation_status_t			50
8.2.8	struct flash_protection_config_t			50
8.2.9	struct flash_access_config_t			51
8.2.10	struct flash_operation_config_t			
8.2.11	struct flash_config_t			52
8.3	Macro Definition Documentation		, •	54
8.3.1	MAKE_VERSION			54

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors

Section	Contents		τ	Page
Number	Title	N		age iber
8.3.2	FSL_FLASH_DRIVER_VERSION			
8.3.3	FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_FLEXNVM_SUPPORT			
8.3.4	FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_SECONDARY_FLASH_SUPPORT			
8.3.5	FLASH_DRIVER_IS_FLASH_RESIDENT			
8.3.6	FLASH_DRIVER_IS_EXPORTED			
8.3.7	kStatusGroupGeneric			
8.3.8	MAKE STATUS			
8.3.9	FOUR_CHAR_CODE			
0.5.7	TOUR_CIME_CODE	•	• •	54
8.4	Enumeration Type Documentation			54
8.4.1	_flash_driver_version_constants			54
8.4.2	_flash_status			55
8.4.3	_flash_driver_api_keys			55
8.4.4	flash_margin_value_t			56
8.4.5	flash_security_state_t			56
8.4.6	flash_protection_state_t			56
8.4.7	flash_execute_only_access_state_t			56
8.4.8	flash_property_tag_t			
8.4.9	_flash_execute_in_ram_function_constants			57
8.4.10	flash_read_resource_option_t			
8.4.11	_flash_read_resource_range			57
8.4.12	_k3_flash_read_once_index			58
8.4.13	flash_flexram_function_option_t			
8.4.14	flash_swap_function_option_t			
8.4.15	flash_swap_control_option_t			
8.4.16	flash_swap_state_t			
8.4.17	flash_swap_block_status_t			
8.4.18	flash_partition_flexram_load_option_t			
8.4.19	flash_memory_index_t			
8.4.20	flash_cache_controller_index_t			59
8.4.21	flash_cache_clear_process_t			60
0.7				60
8.5	Function Documentation			60
8.5.1	FLASH_Init			60 60
8.5.2	FLASH_SetCallback			61
8.5.3	FLASH_PrepareExecuteInRamFunctions			61
8.5.4	FLASH_EraseAll			_
8.5.5	FLASH_Erase			62
8.5.6	FLASH_EraseAllUnsecure			63
8.5.7	FLASH_Braggram			64
8.5.8	FLASH_Program			64
8.5.9	FLASH_ProgramOnce			65
8.5.10	FLASH_ReadResource			66
8.5.11	FLASH_ReadOnce			67
8.5.12	FLASH_GetSecurityState	٠		68

vi

Number Title Number 8.5.13 FLASH_SecurityBypass 66 8.5.14 FLASH_VerifyEraseAll 66 8.5.15 FLASH_VerifyErase 70 8.5.16 FLASH_VerifyProgram 71 8.5.17 FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsFrecuteOnly 73 8.5.19 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.20 FLASH_SetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_PlashSetProtection 75 8.5.22 FLASH_PlashSetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 78 9.6.1 <td< th=""><th>Section</th><th>Contents</th><th></th><th>– Page</th></td<>	Section	Contents		– Page
8.5.13 FLASH_SecurityBypass 68 8.5.14 FLASH_VerifyEraseAll 66 8.5.15 FLASH_VerifyProgram 71 8.5.16 FLASH_VerifyProgram 71 8.5.17 FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 73 8.5.19 FLASH_StexecuteOnly 74 8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_PashSedProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashSedProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 76 9.5.2 Typical use case 78 9.6.1 Overview 85 9.6.2 Typical		Title	N	_
8.5.14 FLASH_VerifyEraseAll 66 8.5.15 FLASH_VerifyErase 77 8.5.17 FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 73 8.5.19 FLASH_IsExecuteOnly 73 8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_SetProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.4.2 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6.1 Overview 85 9.6.2 Typical use case 82 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter				
8.5.15 FLASH_VerifyPrease 70 8.5.16 FLASH_VerifyProgram 71 8.5.17 FLASH_VerifyProgram 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 72 8.5.19 FLASH_IsExecuteOnly 73 8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_SetProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation		* **		
8.5.16 FLASH_VerifyProgram 71 8.5.17 FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 73 8.5.19 FLASH_IsExecuteOnly 72 8.5.20 FLASH_SelProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 76 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
8.5.17 FLASH_IsProtected 72 8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 73 8.5.20 FLASH_IsExecuteOnly 74 8.5.21 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_SEXProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 75 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
8.5.18 FLASH_IsProtected 72 8.5.19 FLASH_IsExecuteOnly 72 8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_SetProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 8	8.5.17			
8.5.19 FLASH_ISExecuteOnly 73 8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_SetProperty 75 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 96	8.5.18			
8.5.20 FLASH_GetProperty 74 8.5.21 FLASH_SetProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 75 9.5.2 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 82 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 Typical use case 96 10.2.1 Overview 96 10.2.2	8.5.19			
8.5.21 FLASH_SctProperty 74 8.5.22 FLASH_PflashSetProtection 75 8.5.23 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 86 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 96 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 Typical use case 96 9.6.1 Overview 96 10.2.1	8.5.20	FLASH_GetProperty		. 74
8.5.23 FLASH_PflashGetProtection 76 Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 77 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 85 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 Typical use case 96 10.2.1 Overview 85 10.2.2 Typical use case 97 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentatio	8.5.21			
Chapter GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver 9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.3.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 86 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 Typical use case 96 10.2.1 Overview 96 10.2.2 Typical use case 97 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97	8.5.22	FLASH_PflashSetProtection		 . 75
9.1 Overview 77 9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 82 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 90 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102 <	8.5.23	FLASH_PflashGetProtection	•	 . 76
9.2 Data Structure Documentation 77 9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 96 10.2.1 Overview 96 10.2.2 Typical use case 96 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	Chapter	GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver		
9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t 77 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 79 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102 </td <td>9.1</td> <td>Overview</td> <td></td> <td> . 77</td>	9.1	Overview		 . 77
9.3 Macro Definition Documentation 78 9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 79 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 12C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 85 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.2	Data Structure Documentation		 . 77
9.3.1 FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION 78 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 79 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 82 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.2.1	struct gpio_pin_config_t	•	 . 77
9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation 78 9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 79 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.3	Macro Definition Documentation		 . 78
9.4.1 gpio_pin_direction_t 78 9.5 GPIO Driver 79 9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.3.1	FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION		 . 78
9.5 GPIO Driver 75 9.5.1 Overview 75 9.5.2 Typical use case 75 9.5.3 Function Documentation 86 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter 12C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 12C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.4	Enumeration Type Documentation		. 78
9.5.1 Overview 79 9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.4.1	gpio_pin_direction_t	•	 . 78
9.5.2 Typical use case 79 9.5.3 Function Documentation 80 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 89 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.5	GPIO Driver		 . 7 9
9.5.3 Function Documentation 86 9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.5.1	Overview		 . 79
9.6 FGPIO Driver 83 9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 89 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.5.2	Typical use case		 . 79
9.6.1 Overview 83 9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 85 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.5.3	Function Documentation	•	 . 80
9.6.2 Typical use case 83 9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 89 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.6	FGPIO Driver		. 83
9.6.3 Function Documentation 84 Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 89 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.6.1	Overview		 . 83
Chapter I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver 10.1 Overview 89 10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.6.2	Typical use case		 . 83
10.1 Overview 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	9.6.3	Function Documentation	•	 . 84
10.2 I2C Driver 90 10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	Chapter	I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver		
10.2.1 Overview 90 10.2.2 Typical use case 90 10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation 97 10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation 102 10.2.5 Typedef Documentation 102	10.1	Overview		 . 89
10.2.2Typical use case9010.2.3Data Structure Documentation9710.2.4Macro Definition Documentation10210.2.5Typedef Documentation102	10.2	I2C Driver		 . 90
10.2.3Data Structure Documentation9710.2.4Macro Definition Documentation10210.2.5Typedef Documentation102	10.2.1	Overview		 . 90
10.2.4Macro Definition Documentation	10.2.2	Typical use case		 . 90
10.2.5 Typedef Documentation	10.2.3	Data Structure Documentation		 . 97
√1		Macro Definition Documentation		 . 102
10.2.6 Enumeration Type Documentation	10.2.5	**		
	10.2.6	Enumeration Type Documentation		 . 102

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors

vii

Section	Contents	Daga
Number	Title	Page Number
10.2.7	Function Documentation	
10.3	I2C eDMA Driver	118
10.3.1	Overview	118
10.3.2	Data Structure Documentation	118
10.3.3	Typedef Documentation	119
10.3.4	Function Documentation	119
10.4	I2C DMA Driver	122
10.4.1	Overview	122
10.4.2	Data Structure Documentation	122
10.4.3	Typedef Documentation	123
10.4.4	Function Documentation	123
10.5	I2C FreeRTOS Driver	125
10.5.1	Overview	125
10.5.2	Function Documentation	125
Chapter	LLWU: Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit Driver	
11.1	Overview	127
11.2	External wakeup pins configurations	127
11.3	Internal wakeup modules configurations	127
11.4	Digital pin filter for external wakeup pin configurations	127
11.5	Data Structure Documentation	128
11.5.1	struct llwu_external_pin_filter_mode_t	128
11.6	Macro Definition Documentation	128
11.6.1	FSL_LLWU_DRIVER_VERSION	128
11.7	Enumeration Type Documentation	128
11.7.1	llwu_external_pin_mode_t	128
11.7.2	llwu_pin_filter_mode_t	129
11.8	Function Documentation	
11.8.1	LLWU_SetExternalWakeupPinMode	129
11.8.2	LLWU_GetExternalWakeupPinFlag	
11.8.3	LLWU_ClearExternalWakeupPinFlag	
11.8.4	LLWU_SetPinFilterMode	
11.8.5	LLWU_GetPinFilterFlag	
11.8.6	LLWU_ClearPinFilterFlag	130

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
Chapter	LPTMR: Low-Power Timer	
12.1	Overview	133
12.2	Function groups	133
12.2.1	Initialization and deinitialization	133
12.2.2	Timer period Operations	133
12.2.3	Start and Stop timer operations	133
12.2.4	Status	134
12.2.5	Interrupt	
12.3	Typical use case	134
12.3.1	LPTMR tick example	134
12.4	Data Structure Documentation	136
12.4.1	struct lptmr_config_t	136
12.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	137
12.5.1	lptmr_pin_select_t	137
12.5.2	lptmr_pin_polarity_t	137
12.5.3	lptmr_timer_mode_t	137
12.5.4	lptmr_prescaler_glitch_value_t	138
12.5.5	lptmr_prescaler_clock_select_t	138
12.5.6	lptmr_interrupt_enable_t	138
12.5.7	lptmr_status_flags_t	139
12.6	Function Documentation	139
12.6.1	LPTMR_Init	139
12.6.2	LPTMR_Deinit	139
12.6.3	LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig	139
12.6.4	LPTMR_EnableInterrupts	140
12.6.5	LPTMR_DisableInterrupts	140
12.6.6	LPTMR_GetEnabledInterrupts	140
12.6.7	LPTMR_GetStatusFlags	140
12.6.8	LPTMR_ClearStatusFlags	141
12.6.9	LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod	141
12.6.10	LPTMR_GetCurrentTimerCount	141
12.6.11	LPTMR_StartTimer	142
12.6.12	LPTMR_StopTimer	142
Chapter	LPUART: Low Power UART Driver	
13.1	Overview	143
13.2	LPUART Driver	144
13.2.1	Overview	

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors ix

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
13.2.2	Typical use case	
13.2.2	Data Structure Documentation	
13.2.3	Macro Definition Documentation	
13.2.4		
	Typedef Documentation	
13.2.6	Enumeration Type Documentation	
13.2.7	Function Documentation	153
13.3	LPUART DMA Driver	166
13.3.1	Overview	166
13.3.2	Data Structure Documentation	166
13.3.3	Typedef Documentation	167
13.3.4	Function Documentation	
13.4	LPUART eDMA Driver	171
13.4.1	Overview	
13.4.2	Data Structure Documentation	
13.4.3	Typedef Documentation	
13.4.4	Function Documentation	
13.1.1	Tunction Bocumentation	175
13.5	LPUART FreeRTOS Driver	177
13.5.1	Overview	177
13.5.2	Data Structure Documentation	177
13.5.3	Function Documentation	178
Chapter	PMC: Power Management Controller	
14.1	Overview	181
14.2	Data Structure Documentation	182
14.2.1	struct pmc_low_volt_detect_config_t	182
14.2.2	struct pmc_low_volt_warning_config_t	182
14.2.3	struct pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t	
14.3	Macro Definition Documentation	
14.3.1	FSL_PMC_DRIVER_VERSION	183
14.4	Enumeration Type Documentation	183
14.4.1	pmc_low_volt_detect_volt_select_t	183
14.4.2	pmc_low_volt_warning_volt_select_t	183
14.5	Function Documentation	183
14.5.1	PMC_ConfigureLowVoltDetect	
14.5.1	PMC_GetLowVoltDetectFlag	
14.5.3	PMC_ClearLowVoltDetectFlag	
14.5.4		
	PMC_ConfigureLowVoltWarning	
14.5.5	PMC_GetLowVoltWarningFlag	183

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
14.5.6	PMC_ClearLowVoltWarningFlag	
14.5.7	PMC_ConfigureBandgapBuffer	
14.5.8	PMC_GetPeriphIOIsolationFlag	
14.5.9	PMC_ClearPeriphIOIsolationFlag	
14.5.10	PMC_IsRegulatorInRunRegulation	
Chapter	PORT: Port Control and Interrupts	
15.1	Overview	189
15.2	Typical configuration use case	189
15.2.1	Input PORT configuration	
15.2.2	I2C PORT Configuration	
	$oldsymbol{arrho}$	
15.3	Data Structure Documentation	191
15.3.1	struct port_pin_config_t	191
15.4	Macro Definition Documentation	191
15.4.1	FSL_PORT_DRIVER_VERSION	
15.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	191
15.5.1	_port_pull	
15.5.2		
15.5.3	port_passive_filter_enable	
15.5.4		
15.5.5	port_mux_t	192
15.5.6	port_interrupt_t	193
15.6	Function Documentation	193
15.6.1	PORT_SetPinConfig	193
15.6.2	PORT_SetMultiplePinsConfig	
15.6.3	PORT_SetPinMux	
15.6.4	PORT_SetPinInterruptConfig	
15.6.5	PORT_GetPinsInterruptFlags	
15.6.6	PORT_ClearPinsInterruptFlags	
Chapter	RCM: Reset Control Module Driver	
16.1	Overview	199
16.2	Data Structure Documentation	200
16.2.1	struct rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t	
16.3	Macro Definition Documentation	
16.3.1	FSL_RCM_DRIVER_VERSION	
10.5.1		200

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors xi

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
16.4	Enumeration Type Documentation	
16.4.1	rcm_reset_source_t	
16.4.2	rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t	
16.4.3	rcm_boot_rom_config_t	
	&_	
16.5	Function Documentation	201
16.5.1	RCM_GetPreviousResetSources	201
16.5.2	RCM_GetStickyResetSources	
16.5.3	RCM_ClearStickyResetSources	
16.5.4	RCM_ConfigureResetPinFilter	203
16.5.5	RCM_GetBootRomSource	203
16.5.6	RCM_ClearBootRomSource	203
16.5.7	RCM_SetForceBootRomSource	204
Chapter	RTC: Real Time Clock	
17.1	Overview	205
17.2	Function groups	205
17.2.1	Initialization and deinitialization	
17.2.1	Set & Get Datetime	
17.2.3	Set & Get Alarm	
17.2.3	Start & Stop timer	
17.2.5	Status	
17.2.6	Interrupt	
17.2.7	RTC Oscillator	
17.2.8	Monotonic Counter	
17.3	Typical use case	206
17.3.1	RTC tick example	
17.3.1	RTC tick example	200
17.4	Data Structure Documentation	209
17.4.1	struct rtc_datetime_t	209
17.4.2	struct rtc_config_t	210
17.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	211
17.5.1	rtc_interrupt_enable_t	
17.5.2	rtc_status_flags_t	
17.5.3	rtc_osc_cap_load_t	
17.6	Function Documentation	211
17.6.1	RTC_Init	
17.6.2	RTC_Deinit	
17.6.3	RTC_GetDefaultConfig	
17.6.4	RTC_SetDatetime	
17.6.5	RTC GetDatetime	
17.0.3	KTC_OctDatetiffe	213

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
17.6.6	RTC_SetAlarm	
17.6.7	RTC_GetAlarm	
17.6.8	RTC_EnableInterrupts	
17.6.9	RTC_DisableInterrupts	
17.6.10	RTC_GetEnabledInterrupts	
17.6.11	RTC_GetStatusFlags	
17.6.12	RTC_ClearStatusFlags	
17.6.13	RTC_StartTimer	215
17.6.14	RTC_StopTimer	215
17.6.15	RTC_SetOscCapLoad	215
17.6.16	RTC_Reset	216
Chapter	SIM: System Integration Module Driver	
18.1	Overview	217
18.2	Data Structure Documentation	217
18.2.1	struct sim_uid_t	
10.2.1	Struct Shin_drd_t	217
18.3	Enumeration Type Documentation	218
18.3.1	_sim_flash_mode	218
18.4	Function Documentation	219
18.4.1	SIM_GetUniqueId	
18.4.2	SIM_SetFlashMode	
10.1.2	Shvi_sett lashiviode	210
Chapter	SMC: System Mode Controller Driver	
19.1	Overview	219
19.2	Typical use case	219
19.2.1	Enter wait or stop modes	
	•	
19.3	Data Structure Documentation	
19.3.1	struct smc_power_mode_lls_config_t	
19.3.2	struct smc_power_mode_vlls_config_t	221
19.4	Macro Definition Documentation	222
19.4.1	FSL_SMC_DRIVER_VERSION	
17.111	ToD_ome_bit(Dic_vDictor())	
19.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	222
19.5.1	smc_power_mode_protection_t	
19.5.2	smc_power_state_t	
19.5.3	smc_run_mode_t	
19.5.4	smc_stop_mode_t	
19.5.5	smc_stop_submode_t	

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors xiii

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
19.5.6	smc_partial_stop_option_t	
19.5.7	_smc_status	
19.6	Function Documentation	223
19.6.1	SMC_SetPowerModeProtection	223
19.6.2	SMC_GetPowerModeState	224
19.6.3	SMC_PreEnterStopModes	224
19.6.4	SMC_PostExitStopModes	
19.6.5	SMC_PreEnterWaitModes	224
19.6.6	SMC_PostExitWaitModes	224
19.6.7	SMC_SetPowerModeRun	225
19.6.8	SMC_SetPowerModeWait	226
19.6.9	SMC_SetPowerModeStop	226
19.6.10	SMC_SetPowerModeVlpr	226
19.6.11	SMC_SetPowerModeVlpw	
19.6.12	SMC_SetPowerModeVlps	
19.6.13	SMC_SetPowerModeVils	
Chapter	SPI: Serial Peripheral Interface Driver	
20.1	Overview	229
20.2	SPI Driver	230
20.2.1	Overview	
20.2.2	Typical use case	230
20.2.3	Data Structure Documentation	
20.2.4	Macro Definition Documentation	237
20.2.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	237
20.2.6	Function Documentation	220
20.3	SPI DMA Driver	248
20.3.1	Overview	248
20.3.2	Data Structure Documentation	249
20.3.3	Typedef Documentation	249
20.3.4	Function Documentation	249
20.4	SPI FreeRTOS driver	254
20.4.1	Overview	254
20.4.2	Function Documentation	254
Chapter	TPM: Timer PWM Module	
21.1	Overview	257
21.2	Typical use case	258

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
21.2.1	PWM output	
21.2	Data Standarda Dagumantation	262
21.3 21.3.1	Data Structure Documentation	
21.3.1	struct tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t	
21.5.2	struct tpm_config_t	202
21.4	Enumeration Type Documentation	
21.4.1	tpm_chnl_t	
21.4.2	tpm_pwm_mode_t	
21.4.3	tpm_pwm_level_select_t	
21.4.4	tpm_trigger_select_t	
21.4.5	tpm_output_compare_mode_t	
21.4.6	tpm_input_capture_edge_t	
21.4.7	tpm_clock_source_t	
21.4.8	tpm_clock_prescale_t	
21.4.9	tpm_interrupt_enable_t	265
21.4.10	tpm_status_flags_t	265
21.5	Function Documentation	265
21.5.1	TPM_Init	
21.5.2	TPM_Deinit	
21.5.3	TPM_GetDefaultConfig	
21.5.4	TPM_SetupPwm	
21.5.5	TPM_UpdatePwmDutycycle	
21.5.6	TPM_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect	
21.5.7	TPM_SetupInputCapture	
21.5.8	TPM_SetupOutputCompare	
21.5.9	TPM_EnableInterrupts	
21.5.10	TPM_DisableInterrupts	
21.5.11	TPM_GetEnabledInterrupts	
21.5.12	TPM_GetStatusFlags	
21.5.13	TPM_ClearStatusFlags	
21.5.14	TPM_SetTimerPeriod	
21.5.15	TPM_GetCurrentTimerCount	
21.5.16	TPM_StartTimer	
21.5.17	TPM_StopTimer	
Chapter	VREF: Voltage Reference Driver	
22.1	Overview	273
22.2	Typical use case and example	273
22.3	Data Structure Documentation	274
22.3.1	struct vref_config_t	
<i>□</i>	brack vici_coming_t	2/4

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors xv

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
22.4	Macro Definition Documentation	274
22.4.1	FSL_VREF_DRIVER_VERSION	
22.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	
22.5.1	vref_buffer_mode_t	274
22.6	Function Documentation	274
22.6.1	VREF_Init	274
22.6.2	VREF_Deinit	275
22.6.3	VREF_GetDefaultConfig	275
22.6.4	VREF_SetTrimVal	275
22.6.5	VREF_GetTrimVal	276
Chapter	Clock Driver	
23.1	Overview	277
23.2	Get frequency	277
23.3	External clock frequency	277
23.4	Data Structure Documentation	
23.4.1	struct sim_clock_config_t	281
23.4.2	struct oscer_config_t	282
23.4.3	struct osc_config_t	282
23.4.4	struct mcglite_config_t	283
23.5	Macro Definition Documentation	
23.5.1	FSL_SDK_DISABLE_DRIVER_CLOCK_CONTROL	
23.5.2	FSL_CLOCK_DRIVER_VERSION	284
23.5.3	RTC_CLOCKS	
23.5.4	LPUART_CLOCKS	
23.5.5	SPI_CLOCKS	
23.5.6	LPTMR_CLOCKS	
23.5.7	ADC16_CLOCKS	
23.5.8	TPM_CLOCKS	
23.5.9	VREF_CLOCKS	
23.5.10	I2C_CLOCKS	
23.5.11	PORT_CLOCKS	
23.5.12	FTF_CLOCKS	
23.5.13	CMP_CLOCKS	
23.5.14	SYS_CLK	286
23.6	Enumeration Type Documentation	
23.6.1	clock_name_t	
23.6.2	clock_ip_name_t	286

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
23.6.3	_osc_cap_load	
23.6.4	_oscer_enable_mode	
23.6.5	osc_mode_t	
23.6.6	mcglite_clkout_src_t	
23.6.7	mcglite_lirc_mode_t	
23.6.8	mcglite_lirc_div_t	
23.6.9	mcglite_mode_t	
23.6.10	_mcglite_irclk_enable_mode	288
23.7	Function Documentation	288
23.7.1	CLOCK_EnableClock	288
23.7.2	CLOCK_DisableClock	288
23.7.3	CLOCK_SetEr32kClock	289
23.7.4	CLOCK_SetLpuart0Clock	
23.7.5	CLOCK_SetTpmClock	
23.7.6	CLOCK_SetClkOutClock	
23.7.7	CLOCK_SetRtcClkOutClock	
23.7.8	CLOCK SetOutDiv	
23.7.9	CLOCK_GetFreq	
23.7.10	CLOCK_GetCoreSysClkFreq	
23.7.10	CLOCK_GetPlatClkFreq	
23.7.11	CLOCK_GetBusClkFreq	
23.7.12	CLOCK_GetFlashClkFreq	
23.7.14	CLOCK_GetEr32kClkFreq	
23.7.14	CLOCK_GetOsc0ErClkFreq	
23.7.16	CLOCK_SetSimConfig	
23.7.10	CLOCK_SetSimSafeDivs	
23.7.17	CLOCK GetOutClkFreq	
23.7.19	CLOCK_GetInternalRefClkFreq	
23.7.20	CLOCK_GetPeriphClkFreq	
23.7.21	CLOCK_GetMode	
23.7.22	CLOCK_SetMcgliteConfig	
23.7.23	OSC_SetExtRefClkConfig	
23.7.24	OSC_SetCapLoad	
23.7.25	CLOCK_InitOsc0	
23.7.26	CLOCK_DeinitOsc0	
23.7.27	CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq	
23.7.28	CLOCK_SetXtal32Freq	295
23.8	Variable Documentation	
23.8.1	g_xtal0Freq	295
23.8.2	g_xtal32Freq	296
23.9	Multipurpose Clock Generator Lite (MCGLITE)	297
23.9.1	Function description	

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors

Section	Contents	Dogo
Number	Title	Page Number
Chapter	Secure Digital Card/Embedded MultiMedia Card (CARD)	Number
24.1	Overview	299
24.2	Data Structure Documentation	304
24.2.1	struct sd card t	
24.2.2	struct sdio_card_t	305
24.2.3	struct mmc_card_t	
24.2.4	struct mmc_boot_config_t	307
24.3	Macro Definition Documentation	307
24.3.1	FSL_SDMMC_DRIVER_VERSION	
24.4	Enumeration Type Documentation	307
24.4.1	_sdmmc_status	307
24.4.2	_sd_card_flag	308
24.4.3	_mmc_card_flag	309
24.4.4	card_operation_voltage_t	309
24.4.5	_host_endian_mode	309
24.5	Function Documentation	309
24.5.1	SD_Init	309
24.5.2	SD_Deinit	310
24.5.3	SD_CheckReadOnly	311
24.5.4	SD_ReadBlocks	311
24.5.5	SD_WriteBlocks	312
24.5.6	SD_EraseBlocks	313
24.5.7	MMC_Init	313
24.5.8	MMC_Deinit	314
24.5.9	MMC_CheckReadOnly	314
24.5.10	MMC_ReadBlocks	315
24.5.11	MMC_WriteBlocks	315
24.5.12	MMC_EraseGroups	316
24.5.13	MMC_SelectPartition	317
24.5.14	MMC_SetBootConfig	317
24.5.15	SDIO_CardInActive	318
24.5.16	SDIO_IO_Write_Direct	318
24.5.17	SDIO IO Read Direct	
24.5.18	SDIO_IO_Write_Extended	319
24.5.19	SDIO_IO_Read_Extended	
24.5.20	SDIO_GetCardCapability	
24.5.21	SDIO_SetBlockSize	
24.5.22	SDIO CardReset	
24.5.23	SDIO_SetDataBusWidth	
24.5.24	SDIO_SwitchToHighSpeed	

Section	Contents	Doo
Number	Title	Pag Numbe
24.5.25	SDIO_ReadCIS	
24.5.26	SDIO_Init	
24.5.27	SDIO_EnableIOInterrupt	
24.5.28	SDIO_EnableIO	
24.5.29	SDIO_SelectIO	
24.5.30	SDIO_AbortIO	
24.5.31	SDIO_DeInit	
24.5.32	HOST_NotSupport	
24.5.33	CardInsertDetect	
24.5.34	HOST_Init	
24.5.35	HOST_Deinit	
Chapter	SPI based Secure Digital Card (SDSPI)	
25.1	Overview	32
25.2	Data Structure Documentation	33
25.2.1	struct sdspi_command_t	
25.2.2	struct sdspi_host_t	
25.2.3	struct sdspi_card_t	
	1 – –	
25.3	Enumeration Type Documentation	
25.3.1	_sdspi_status	
25.3.2	_sdspi_card_flag	
25.3.3	sdspi_response_type_t	33
25.4	Function Documentation	33
25.4.1	SDSPI_Init	
25.4.2	SDSPI_Deinit	
25.4.3	SDSPI_CheckReadOnly	
25.4.4	SDSPI_ReadBlocks	
25.4.5	SDSPI_WriteBlocks	
Chapter	Debug Console	
26.1	Overview	33
26.2	Function groups	33
26.2.1	Initialization	
26.2.2	Advanced Feature	
26.3	Typical use case	34
26.4	Comilhacting	24
26.4	Semihosting	
26.4.1	Guide Semihosting for Keil Wision	
26.4.2	Guide Semihosting for Keil µVision	34

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

NXP Semiconductors xix

Section	Contents	Dogo
Number	Title	Page Number
26.4.3	Guide Semihosting for KDS	345
26.4.4	Guide Semihosting for ATL	
26.4.5	Guide Semihosting for ARMGCC	346
Chapter	Notification Framework	
27.1	Overview	349
27.2	Notifier Overview	349
27.3	Data Structure Documentation	351
27.3.1	struct notifier_notification_block_t	
27.3.2	struct notifier_callback_config_t	
27.3.3	struct notifier_handle_t	
27.4	Typedef Documentation	353
27.4.1	notifier_user_config_t	
27.4.2	notifier_user_function_t	
27.4.3	notifier_callback_t	
27.5	Enumeration Type Documentation	354
27.5.1	_notifier_status	354
27.5.2	notifier_policy_t	
27.5.3	notifier_notification_type_t	
27.5.4	notifier_callback_type_t	
27.6	Function Documentation	356
27.6.1	NOTIFIER_CreateHandle	356
27.6.2	NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig	357
27.6.3	NOTIFIER_GetErrorCallbackIndex	
Chapter	Shell	
28.1	Overview	359
28.2	Function groups	359
28.2.1	Initialization	
28.2.2	Advanced Feature	
28.2.3	Shell Operation	
28.3	Data Structure Documentation	361
28.3.1	struct shell_context_struct	
28.3.2	struct shell_command_context_t	
28.3.3	struct shell_command_context_list_t	
28.4	Macro Definition Documentation	363

Section	Contents	Page
Number	Title	Number
28.4.1	SHELL_USE_HISTORY	363
28.4.2	SHELL_SEARCH_IN_HIST	
28.4.3	SHELL_USE_FILE_STREAM	363
28.4.4	SHELL_AUTO_COMPLETE	
28.4.5	SHELL_BUFFER_SIZE	
28.4.6	SHELL_MAX_ARGS	
28.4.7	SHELL_HIST_MAX	
28.4.8	SHELL_MAX_CMD	
28.5	Typedef Documentation	363
28.5.1	send_data_cb_t	
28.5.2	recv_data_cb_t	
28.5.3	printf_data_t	
28.5.4	cmd_function_t	
28.6	Enumeration Type Documentation	363
28.6.1	fun_key_status_t	
28.7	Function Documentation	364
28.7.1	SHELL_Init	
28.7.2	SHELL_RegisterCommand	
28.7.3	SHELL Main	

NXP Semiconductors xxi

Chapter 1 Introduction

The MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK) is a collection of software enablement for NXP Microcontrollers that includes peripheral drivers, multicore support, USB stack, and integrated RTOS support for FreeRTOSTM. In addition to the base enablement, the MCUXpresso SD-K is augmented with demo applications, driver example projects, and API documentation to help users quickly leverage the support provided by MCUXpresso SDK. The KEx Web UI is available to provide access to all MCUXpresso SDK packages. See the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (SD-K) Release Notes (document MCUXSDKRN) in the Supported Devices section at MCUXpresso-SDK: Software Development Kit for MCUXpresso for details.

The MCUXpresso SDK is built with the following runtime software components:

- ARM[®] and DSP standard libraries, and CMSIS-compliant device header files which provide direct access to the peripheral registers.
- Peripheral drivers that provide stateless, high-performance, ease-of-use APIs. Communication drivers provide higher-level transactional APIs for a higher-performance option.
- RTOS wrapper driver built on on top of MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers and leverage native RTOS services to better comply to the RTOS cases.
- Real time operation systems (RTOS) for FreeRTOS OS.
- Stacks and middleware in source or object formats including:
 - A USB device, host, and OTG stack with comprehensive USB class support.
 - CMSIS-DSP, a suite of common signal processing functions.
 - The MCUXpresso SDK comes complete with software examples demonstrating the usage of the peripheral drivers, RTOS wrapper drivers, middleware, and RTOSes.

All demo applications and driver examples are provided with projects for the following toolchains:

- IAR Embedded Workbench
- Keil MDK
- MCUXpresso IDE

The peripheral drivers and RTOS driver wrappers can be used across multiple devices within the product family without modification. The configuration items for each driver are encapsulated into C language data structures. Device-specific configuration information is provided as part of the MCUXpresso SDK and need not be modified by the user. If necessary, the user is able to modify the peripheral driver and RTOS wrapper driver configuration during runtime. The driver examples demonstrate how to configure the drivers by passing the proper configuration data to the APIs. The folder structure is organized to reduce the total number of includes required to compile a project.

The rest of this document describes the API references in detail for the peripheral drivers and RTOS wrapper drivers. For the latest version of this and other MCUXpresso SDK documents, see the kex.-nxp.com/apidoc.

Deliverable	Location
Demo Applications	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/demo apps</board_name></install_dir>
Driver Examples	<pre><install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/driver examples</board_name></install_dir></pre>
Documentation	<install_dir>/docs</install_dir>
Middleware	<install_dir>/middleware</install_dir>
Drivers	<pre><install_dir>/<device_name>/drivers/</device_name></install_dir></pre>
CMSIS Standard ARM Cortex-M Headers, math and DSP Libraries	<install_dir>/CMSIS</install_dir>
Device Startup and Linker	<pre><install_dir>/<device_name>/<toolchain>/</toolchain></device_name></install_dir></pre>
MCUXpresso SDK Utilities	<pre><install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/utilities</device_name></install_dir></pre>
RTOS Kernel Code	<install_dir>/rtos</install_dir>

Table 2: MCUXpresso SDK Folder Structure

Chapter 2 Driver errors status

- kStatus_SMC_StopAbort = 3900
- kStatus_SPI_Busy = 1400
- kStatus_SPI_Idle = 1401
- kStatus_SPI_Error = 1402
- kStatus_NOTIFIER_ErrorNotificationBefore = 9800
- kStatus_NOTIFIER_ErrorNotificationAfter = 9801

Chapter 3 Architectural Overview

This chapter provides the architectural overview for the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK). It describes each layer within the architecture and its associated components.

Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK architecture consists of five key components listed below.

- 1. The ARM Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) CORE compliance devicespecific header files, SOC Header, and CMSIS math/DSP libraries.
- 2. Peripheral Drivers
- 3. Real-time Operating Systems (RTOS)
- 4. Stacks and Middleware that integrate with the MCUXpresso SDK
- 5. Demo Applications based on the MCUXpresso SDK

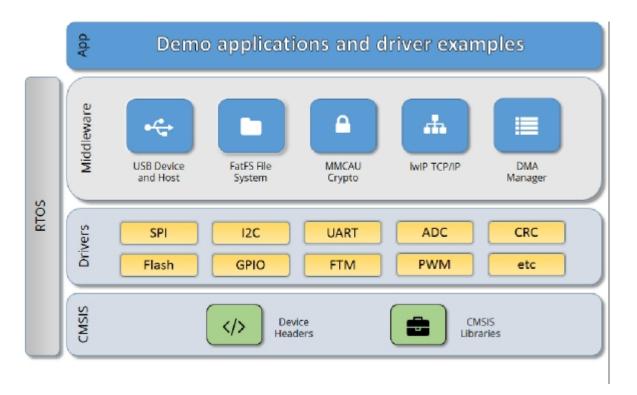


Figure 1: MCUXpresso SDK Block Diagram

MCU header files

Each supported MCU device in the MCUXpresso SDK has an overall System-on Chip (SoC) memory-

mapped header file. This header file contains the memory map and register base address for each peripheral and the IRQ vector table with associated vector numbers. The overall SoC header file provides a access to the peripheral registers through pointers and predefined bit masks. In addition to the overall SoC memory-mapped header file, the MCUXpresso SDK includes a feature header file for each device. The feature header file allows NXP to deliver a single software driver for a given peripheral. The feature file ensures that the driver is properly compiled for the target SOC.

CMSIS Support

Along with the SoC header files and peripheral extension header files, the MCUXpresso SDK also includes common CMSIS header files for the ARM Cortex-M core and the math and DSP libraries from the latest CMSIS release. The CMSIS DSP library source code is also included for reference.

MCUXpresso SDK Peripheral Drivers

The MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers mainly consist of low-level functional APIs for the MCU product family on-chip peripherals and also of high-level transactional APIs for some bus drivers/DM-A driver/eDMA driver to quickly enable the peripherals and perform transfers.

All MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers only depend on the CMSIS headers, device feature files, fsl_common.h, and fsl_clock.h files so that users can easily pull selected drivers and their dependencies into projects. With the exception of the clock/power-relevant peripherals, each peripheral has its own driver. Peripheral drivers handle the peripheral clock gating/ungating inside the drivers during initialization and deinitialization respectively.

Low-level functional APIs provide common peripheral functionality, abstracting the hardware peripheral register accesses into a set of stateless basic functional operations. These APIs primarily focus on the control, configuration, and function of basic peripheral operations. The APIs hide the register access details and various MCU peripheral instantiation differences so that the application can be abstracted from the low-level hardware details. The API prototypes are intentionally similar to help ensure easy portability across supported MCUXpresso SDK devices.

Transactional APIs provide a quick method for customers to utilize higher-level functionality of the peripherals. The transactional APIs utilize interrupts and perform asynchronous operations without user intervention. Transactional APIs operate on high-level logic that requires data storage for internal operation context handling. However, the Peripheral Drivers do not allocate this memory space. Rather, the user passes in the memory to the driver for internal driver operation. Transactional APIs ensure the NVIC is enabled properly inside the drivers. The transactional APIs do not meet all customer needs, but provide a baseline for development of custom user APIs.

Note that the transactional drivers never disable an NVIC after use. This is due to the shared nature of interrupt vectors on devices. It is up to the user to ensure that NVIC interrupts are properly disabled after usage is complete.

Interrupt handling for transactional APIs

A double weak mechanism is introduced for drivers with transactional API. The double weak indicates two levels of weak vector entries. See the examples below:

PUBWEAK SPI0_IRQHandler
PUBWEAK SPI0_DriverIRQHandler
SPI0_IRQHandler

```
LDR R0, =SPI0_DriverIRQHandler
BX R0
```

The first level of the weak implementation are the functions defined in the vector table. In the devices/<-DEVICE_NAME>/<TOOLCHAIN>/startup_<DEVICE_NAME>.s/.S file, the implementation of the first layer weak function calls the second layer of weak function. The implementation of the second layer weak function (ex. SPI0_DriverIRQHandler) jumps to itself (B .). The MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs provide the reimplementation of the second layer function inside of the peripheral driver. If the MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs are linked into the image, the SPI0_DriverIRQHandler is replaced with the function implemented in the MCUXpresso SDK SPI driver.

The reason for implementing the double weak functions is to provide a better user experience when using the transactional APIs. For drivers with a transactional function, call the transactional APIs and the drivers complete the interrupt-driven flow. Users are not required to redefine the vector entries out of the box. At the same time, if users are not satisfied by the second layer weak function implemented in the MCU-Xpresso SDK drivers, users can redefine the first layer weak function and implement their own interrupt handler functions to suit their implementation.

The limitation of the double weak mechanism is that it cannot be used for peripherals that share the same vector entry. For this use case, redefine the first layer weak function to enable the desired peripheral interrupt functionality. For example, if the MCU's UART0 and UART1 share the same vector entry, redefine the UART0_UART1_IRQHandler according to the use case requirements.

Feature Header Files

The peripheral drivers are designed to be reusable regardless of the peripheral functional differences from one MCU device to another. An overall Peripheral Feature Header File is provided for the MCUXpresso SDK-supported MCU device to define the features or configuration differences for each sub-family device.

Application

See the Getting Started with MCUXpresso SDK document (MCUXSDKGSUG).

Chapter 4 **Trademarks**

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MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

9

Chapter 5 ADC16: 16-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter Driver

5.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the 16-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter (A-DC16) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

5.2 Typical use case

5.2.1 Polling Configuration

```
adc16_config_t adc16ConfigStruct;
   adc16_channel_config_t adc16ChannelConfigStruct;
   ADC16_Init (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE);
   ADC16_GetDefaultConfig(&adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_Configure (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, &adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, false);
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    if (kStatus_Success == ADC16_DoAutoCalibration(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE))
       PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Done.\r\n");
   else
       PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Failed.\r\n");
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.channelNumber = DEMO_ADC16_USER_CHANNEL;
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted =
     false;
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableDifferentialConversion = false;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   while(1)
       GETCHAR(); // Input any key in terminal console.
       ADC16_ChannelConfigure(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP, &adc16ChannelConfigStruct);
       while (kADC16_ChannelConversionDoneFlag !=
     ADC16_ChannelGetStatusFlags(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP))
       PRINTF("ADC Value: %d\r\n", ADC16_ChannelGetConversionValue(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE,
     DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP));
```

5.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

```
volatile bool g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = false;
volatile uint32_t g_Adc16ConversionValue;
volatile uint32_t g_Adc16InterruptCount = 0U;
```

Typical use case

```
// ...
    adc16_config_t adc16ConfigStruct;
   adc16_channel_config_t adc16ChannelConfigStruct;
   ADC16_Init (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE);
   ADC16_GetDefaultConfig(&adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_Configure (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, &adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, false);
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    if (ADC16_DoAutoCalibration(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE))
        PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Done.\r\n");
    }
   else
    {
        PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Failed.\r\n");
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.channelNumber = DEMO_ADC16_USER_CHANNEL;
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted =
     true; // Enable the interrupt.
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableDifferentialConversion = false;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   while(1)
        GETCHAR(); // Input a key in the terminal console.
        g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = false;
        ADC16_ChannelConfigure(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP, &adc16ChannelConfigStruct);
        while (!g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag)
        PRINTF("ADC Value: %d\r\n", g_Adc16ConversionValue);
        PRINTF("ADC Interrupt Count: %d\r\n", g_Adc16InterruptCount);
    // ...
   void DEMO_ADC16_IRQHandler(void)
        g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = true;
        // Read the conversion result to clear the conversion completed flag.
        g_Adc16ConversionValue = ADC16_ChannelConversionValue(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP
     ) :
        g_Adc16InterruptCount++;
```

Data Structures

• struct adc16_config_t

ADC16 converter configuration. More...

• struct adc16_hardware_compare_config_t

ADC16 Hardware comparison configuration. More...

• struct adc16_channel_config_t

ADC16 channel conversion configuration. More...

Enumerations

enum _adc16_channel_status_flags { kADC16_ChannelConversionDoneFlag = ADC_SC1_COC-O_MASK }

13

```
Channel status flags.
enum _adc16_status_flags {
 kADC16_ActiveFlag = ADC_SC2_ADACT_MASK,
 kADC16_CalibrationFailedFlag = ADC_SC3_CALF_MASK }
    Converter status flags.
• enum adc16 channel mux mode t {
 kADC16_ChannelMuxA = 0U,
 kADC16 ChannelMuxB = 1U }
    Channel multiplexer mode for each channel.
enum adc16_clock_divider_t {
 kADC16 ClockDivider1 = 0U,
 kADC16_ClockDivider2 = 1U,
 kADC16\_ClockDivider4 = 2U,
 kADC16 ClockDivider8 = 3U }
    Clock divider for the converter.
enum adc16_resolution_t {
 kADC16 Resolution8or9Bit = 0U,
 kADC16 Resolution12or13Bit = 1U,
 kADC16 Resolution 10 or 11 Bit = 2U,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE8Bit = kADC16_Resolution8or9Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE12Bit = kADC16_Resolution12or13Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE10Bit = kADC16_Resolution10or11Bit }
    Converter's resolution.
• enum adc16 clock source t {
 kADC16\_ClockSourceAlt0 = 0U,
 kADC16\_ClockSourceAlt1 = 1U,
 kADC16 ClockSourceAlt2 = 2U,
 kADC16 ClockSourceAlt3 = 3U,
 kADC16_ClockSourceAsynchronousClock = kADC16_ClockSourceAlt3 }
    Clock source.
enum adc16_long_sample_mode_t {
 kADC16\_LongSampleCycle24 = 0U,
 kADC16_LongSampleCycle16 = 1U,
 kADC16\_LongSampleCycle10 = 2U,
 kADC16 LongSampleCycle6 = 3U,
 kADC16_LongSampleDisabled = 4U }
    Long sample mode.
• enum adc16_reference_voltage_source_t {
 kADC16_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref = 0U,
 kADC16 ReferenceVoltageSourceValt = 1U }
    Reference voltage source.
enum adc16_hardware_average_mode_t {
 kADC16_HardwareAverageCount4 = 0U,
 kADC16 HardwareAverageCount8 = 1U,
 kADC16_HardwareAverageCount16 = 2U,
 kADC16_HardwareAverageCount32 = 3U,
 kADC16_HardwareAverageDisabled = 4U }
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

```
    Hardware average mode.
    enum adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t {
        kADC16_HardwareCompareMode0 = 0U,
        kADC16_HardwareCompareMode1 = 1U,
        kADC16_HardwareCompareMode2 = 2U,
        kADC16_HardwareCompareMode3 = 3U }

    Hardware compare mode.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_ADC16_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

ADC16 driver version 2.0.0.

Initialization

- void ADC16_Init (ADC_Type *base, const adc16_config_t *config)

 Initializes the ADC16 module.
- void ADC16_Deinit (ADC_Type *base)

De-initializes the ADC16 module.

• void ADC16_GetDefaultConfig (adc16_config_t *config)

Gets an available pre-defined settings for the converter's configuration.

• status_t ADC16_DoAutoCalibration (ADC_Type *base)

Automates the hardware calibration.

• static void ADC16_SetOffsetValue (ADC_Type *base, int16_t value)

Sets the offset value for the conversion result.

Advanced Features

- static void ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger (ADC_Type *base, bool enable) Enables the hardware trigger mode.
- void ADC16_SetChannelMuxMode (ADC_Type *base, adc16_channel_mux_mode_t mode) Sets the channel mux mode.
- void ADC16_SetHardwareCompareConfig (ADC_Type *base, const adc16_hardware_compare_config_t *config_)

Configures the hardware compare mode.

- void ADC16_SetHardwareAverage (ADC_Type *base, adc16_hardware_average_mode_t mode)

 Sets the hardware average mode.
- uint32_t ADC16_GetStatusFlags (ADC_Type *base)

Gets the status flags of the converter.

• void ADC16_ClearStatusFlags (ADC_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Clears the status flags of the converter.

Conversion Channel

void ADC16_SetChannelConfig (ADC_Type *base, uint32_t channelGroup, const adc16_channel_config_t *config_t

Configures the conversion channel.

- static uint32_t ADC16_GetChannelConversionValue (ADC_Type *base, uint32_t channelGroup) Gets the conversion value.
- uint32_t ADC16_GetChannelStatusFlags (ADC_Type *base, uint32_t channelGroup)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Gets the status flags of channel.

5.3 Data Structure Documentation

5.3.1 struct adc16_config_t

Data Fields

• adc16_reference_voltage_source_t referenceVoltageSource

Select the reference voltage source.

• adc16_clock_source_t clockSource

Select the input clock source to converter.

bool enableAsynchronousClock

Enable the asynchronous clock output.

• adc16 clock divider t clockDivider

Select the divider of input clock source.

• adc16_resolution_t resolution

Select the sample resolution mode.

• adc16_long_sample_mode_t longSampleMode

Select the long sample mode.

• bool enableHighSpeed

Enable the high-speed mode.

• bool enableLowPower

Enable low power.

• bool enableContinuousConversion

Enable continuous conversion mode.

Data Structure Documentation

5.3.1.0.0.1 Field Documentation

- 5.3.1.0.0.1.1 adc16_reference_voltage_source_t adc16_config_t::referenceVoltageSource
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.2 adc16_clock_source_t adc16 config t::clockSource
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.3 bool adc16_config_t::enableAsynchronousClock
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.4 adc16 clock divider t adc16 config t::clockDivider
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.5 adc16_resolution_t adc16_config_t::resolution
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.6 adc16_long_sample_mode_t adc16_config_t::longSampleMode
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.7 bool adc16_config_t::enableHighSpeed
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.8 bool adc16 config t::enableLowPower
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.9 bool adc16 config t::enableContinuousConversion
- 5.3.2 struct adc16 hardware compare config t

Data Fields

- adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t hardwareCompareMode Select the hardware compare mode.
- int16 t value1

Setting value1 for hardware compare mode.

• int16_t value2

Setting value2 for hardware compare mode.

5.3.2.0.0.2 Field Documentation

5.3.2.0.0.2.1 adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t adc16_hardware_compare_config_t::hardware-CompareMode

See "adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t".

- 5.3.2.0.0.2.2 int16_t adc16_hardware_compare_config_t::value1
- 5.3.2.0.0.2.3 int16_t adc16_hardware_compare_config_t::value2
- 5.3.3 struct adc16_channel_config_t

Data Fields

- uint32_t channelNumber
 - Setting the conversion channel number.
- bool enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted

Enumeration Type Documentation

Generate an interrupt request once the conversion is completed.

5.3.3.0.0.3 Field Documentation

5.3.3.0.0.3.1 uint32_t adc16_channel_config_t::channelNumber

The available range is 0-31. See channel connection information for each chip in Reference Manual document.

5.3.3.0.0.3.2 bool adc16_channel_config_t::enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted

5.4 Macro Definition Documentation

5.4.1 #define FSL ADC16 DRIVER VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

5.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.5.1 enum _adc16_channel_status_flags

Enumerator

kADC16_ChannelConversionDoneFlag Conversion done.

5.5.2 enum _adc16_status_flags

Enumerator

kADC16_ActiveFlag Converter is active. *kADC16_CalibrationFailedFlag* Calibration is failed.

5.5.3 enum adc16_channel_mux_mode_t

For some ADC16 channels, there are two pin selections in channel multiplexer. For example, ADC0_SE4a and ADC0_SE4b are the different channels that share the same channel number.

Enumerator

kADC16_ChannelMuxA For channel with channel mux a. *kADC16_ChannelMuxB* For channel with channel mux b.

5.5.4 enum adc16_clock_divider_t

Enumerator

kADC16_ClockDivider1 For divider 1 from the input clock to the module.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

```
    kADC16_ClockDivider2 For divider 2 from the input clock to the module.
    kADC16_ClockDivider4 For divider 4 from the input clock to the module.
    kADC16_ClockDivider8 For divider 8 from the input clock to the module.
```

5.5.5 enum adc16_resolution_t

Enumerator

```
kADC16_Resolution8or9Bit Single End 8-bit or Differential Sample 9-bit.
kADC16_Resolution12or13Bit Single End 12-bit or Differential Sample 13-bit.
kADC16_Resolution10or11Bit Single End 10-bit or Differential Sample 11-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE8Bit Single End 8-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE12Bit Single End 12-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE10Bit Single End 10-bit.
```

5.5.6 enum adc16_clock_source_t

Enumerator

```
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt0 Selection 0 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt1 Selection 1 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt2 Selection 2 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt3 Selection 3 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAsynchronousClock Using internal asynchronous clock.
```

5.5.7 enum adc16_long_sample_mode_t

Enumerator

```
    kADC16_LongSampleCycle24 20 extra ADCK cycles, 24 ADCK cycles total.
    kADC16_LongSampleCycle16 12 extra ADCK cycles, 16 ADCK cycles total.
    kADC16_LongSampleCycle10 6 extra ADCK cycles, 10 ADCK cycles total.
    kADC16_LongSampleCycle6 2 extra ADCK cycles, 6 ADCK cycles total.
    kADC16_LongSampleDisabled Disable the long sample feature.
```

5.5.8 enum adc16_reference_voltage_source_t

Enumerator

kADC16_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref For external pins pair of VrefH and VrefL.kADC16_ReferenceVoltageSourceValt For alternate reference pair of ValtH and ValtL.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

5.5.9 enum adc16_hardware_average_mode_t

Enumerator

kADC16_HardwareAverageCount4 For hardware average with 4 samples.

kADC16_HardwareAverageCount8 For hardware average with 8 samples.

kADC16_HardwareAverageCount16 For hardware average with 16 samples.

kADC16_HardwareAverageCount32 For hardware average with 32 samples.

kADC16_HardwareAverageDisabled Disable the hardware average feature.

5.5.10 enum adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t

Enumerator

kADC16_HardwareCompareMode0 x < value1.

kADC16_HardwareCompareMode1 x > value1.

 $kADC16_HardwareCompareMode2$ if value1 <= value2, then x < value1 || x > value2; else, value1 > x > value2.

 $kADC16_HardwareCompareMode3$ if value1 <= value2, then value1 <= x <= value2; else x >= value1 || x <= value2.

5.6 Function Documentation

5.6.1 void ADC16_Init (ADC_Type * base, const adc16_config_t * config)

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to configuration structure. See "adc16_config_t".

5.6.2 void ADC16_Deinit (ADC_Type * base)

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
------	--------------------------------

5.6.3 void ADC16_GetDefaultConfig ($adc16_config_t * config$)

This function initializes the converter configuration structure with available settings. The default values are as follows.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

config	Pointer to the configuration structure.
--------	---

5.6.4 status t ADC16 DoAutoCalibration (ADC Type * base)

This auto calibration helps to adjust the plus/minus side gain automatically. Execute the calibration before using the converter. Note that the hardware trigger should be used during the calibration.

Parameters

base ADC16 peripheral base address.

Returns

Execution status.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Calibration is done successfully.
kStatus_Fail	Calibration has failed.

5.6.5 static void ADC16_SetOffsetValue (ADC_Type * base, int16_t value) [inline], [static]

This offset value takes effect on the conversion result. If the offset value is not zero, the reading result is subtracted by it. Note, the hardware calibration fills the offset value automatically.

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
value	Setting offset value.

5.6.6 static void ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger (ADC_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
enable	Switcher of the hardware trigger feature. "true" means enabled, "false" means not enabled.

5.6.7 void ADC16_SetChannelMuxMode (ADC_Type * base, adc16_channel_mux_mode_t mode)

Some sample pins share the same channel index. The channel mux mode decides which pin is used for an indicated channel.

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
mode	Setting channel mux mode. See "adc16_channel_mux_mode_t".

5.6.8 void ADC16_SetHardwareCompareConfig (ADC_Type * base, const adc16_hardware_compare_config_t * config)

The hardware compare mode provides a way to process the conversion result automatically by using hardware. Only the result in the compare range is available. To compare the range, see "adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t" or the appropriate reference manual for more information.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to the "adc16_hardware_compare_config_t" structure. Passing "NULL" disables the feature.

5.6.9 void ADC16_SetHardwareAverage (ADC_Type * base, adc16_hardware_average_mode_t mode)

The hardware average mode provides a way to process the conversion result automatically by using hardware. The multiple conversion results are accumulated and averaged internally making them easier to read.

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
mode	Setting the hardware average mode. See "adc16_hardware_average_mode_t".

5.6.10 uint32_t ADC16_GetStatusFlags (ADC_Type * base)

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
------	--------------------------------

Returns

Flags' mask if indicated flags are asserted. See "_adc16_status_flags".

5.6.11 void ADC16_ClearStatusFlags (ADC_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
mask	Mask value for the cleared flags. See "_adc16_status_flags".

5.6.12 void ADC16_SetChannelConfig (ADC_Type * base, uint32_t channelGroup, const adc16_channel_config_t * config_)

This operation triggers the conversion when in software trigger mode. When in hardware trigger mode, this API configures the channel while the external trigger source helps to trigger the conversion.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Note that the "Channel Group" has a detailed description. To allow sequential conversions of the ADC to be triggered by internal peripherals, the ADC has more than one group of status and control registers, one for each conversion. The channel group parameter indicates which group of registers are used, for example, channel group 0 is for Group A registers and channel group 1 is for Group B registers. The channel groups are used in a "ping-pong" approach to control the ADC operation. At any point, only one of the channel groups is actively controlling ADC conversions. The channel group 0 is used for both software and hardware trigger modes. Channel group 1 and greater indicates multiple channel group registers for use only in hardware trigger mode. See the chip configuration information in the appropriate MCU reference manual for the number of SC1n registers (channel groups) specific to this device. Channel group 1 or greater are not used for software trigger operation. Therefore, writing to these channel groups does not initiate a new conversion. Updating the channel group 0 while a different channel group is actively controlling a conversion is allowed and vice versa. Writing any of the channel group registers while that specific channel group is actively controlling a conversion aborts the current conversion.

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
channelGroup	Channel group index.
config	Pointer to the "adc16_channel_config_t" structure for the conversion channel.

5.6.13 static uint32_t ADC16_GetChannelConversionValue (ADC_Type * base, uint32_t channelGroup) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
channelGroup	Channel group index.

Returns

Conversion value.

5.6.14 uint32_t ADC16_GetChannelStatusFlags (ADC_Type * base, uint32_t channelGroup)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	ADC16 peripheral base address.
channelGroup	Channel group index.

Returns

Flags' mask if indicated flags are asserted. See "_adc16_channel_status_flags".

Chapter 6

CMP: Analog Comparator Driver

6.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Analog Comparator (CMP) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The CMP driver is a basic comparator with advanced features. The APIs for the basic comparator enable the CMP to compare the two voltages of the two input channels and create the output of the comparator result. The APIs for advanced features can be used as the plug-in functions based on the basic comparator. They can process the comparator's output with hardware support.

6.2 Typical use case

6.2.1 Polling Configuration

```
int main (void)
    cmp_config_t mCmpConfigStruct;
    cmp_dac_config_t mCmpDacConfigStruct;
    // Configures the comparator.
    CMP_Init (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_GetDefaultConfig(&mCmpConfigStruct);
    CMP_Configure (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpConfigStruct);
    // Configures the DAC channel.
   mCmpDacConfigStruct.referenceVoltageSource =
     kCMP_VrefSourceVin2; // VCC.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.DACValue = 32U; // Half voltage of logic high-level.
    CMP_SetDACConfig(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpDacConfigStruct);
    CMP_SetInputChannels (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, DEMO_CMP_USER_CHANNEL, DEMO_CMP_DAC_CHANNEL
     );
    while (1)
        if (OU != (kCMP_OutputAssertEventFlag &
      CMP_GetStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE)))
        {
            // Do something.
       else
            // Do something.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

6.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

```
volatile uint32_t g_CmpFlags = 0U;
// ...
void DEMO_CMP_IRQ_HANDLER_FUNC(void)
    g_CmpFlags = CMP_GetStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_ClearStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag |
     kCMP_OutputFallingEventFlag);
    if (OU != (g_CmpFlags & kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag))
        // Do something.
    else if (OU != (g_CmpFlags & kCMP_OutputFallingEventFlag))
        // Do something.
int main(void)
    cmp_config_t mCmpConfigStruct;
    cmp_dac_config_t mCmpDacConfigStruct;
    EnableIRQ(DEMO_CMP_IRQ_ID);
    // Configures the comparator.
    CMP_Init (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_GetDefaultConfig(&mCmpConfigStruct);
    CMP_Configure (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpConfigStruct);
    // Configures the DAC channel.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.referenceVoltageSource =
     kCMP_VrefSourceVin2; // VCC.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.DACValue = 32U; // Half voltage of logic high-level.
    CMP_SetDACConfig(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpDacConfigStruct);
    CMP_SetInputChannels(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, DEMO_CMP_USER_CHANNEL, DEMO_CMP_DAC_CHANNEL
     );
    // Enables the output rising and falling interrupts.
    CMP_EnableInterrupts (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE,
      kCMP_OutputRisingInterruptEnable |
      kCMP_OutputFallingInterruptEnable);
    while (1)
```

Data Structures

```
    struct cmp_config_t
        Configures the comparator. More...
    struct cmp_filter_config_t
        Configures the filter. More...
    struct cmp_dac_config_t
```

Configures the internal DAC. More...

Enumerations

```
enum _cmp_interrupt_enable {
 kCMP_OutputRisingInterruptEnable = CMP_SCR_IER_MASK,
 kCMP OutputFallingInterruptEnable = CMP SCR IEF MASK }
    Interrupt enable/disable mask.
enum _cmp_status_flags {
 kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag = CMP_SCR_CFR_MASK,
 kCMP_OutputFallingEventFlag = CMP_SCR_CFF_MASK,
 kCMP OutputAssertEventFlag = CMP SCR COUT MASK }
    Status flags' mask.
enum cmp_hysteresis_mode_t {
  kCMP HysteresisLevel0 = 0U,
 kCMP HysteresisLevel1 = 1U,
 kCMP HysteresisLevel2 = 2U,
 kCMP_HysteresisLevel3 = 3U }
    CMP Hysteresis mode.
enum cmp_reference_voltage_source_t {
 kCMP VrefSourceVin1 = 0U,
 kCMP VrefSourceVin2 = 1U }
    CMP Voltage Reference source.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_CMP_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) CMP driver version 2.0.0.

Initialization

- void CMP_Init (CMP_Type *base, const cmp_config_t *config) Initializes the CMP.
- void CMP_Deinit (CMP_Type *base)

De-initializes the CMP module.

• static void CMP_Enable (CMP_Type *base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the CMP module.

• void CMP GetDefaultConfig (cmp config t *config)

Initializes the CMP user configuration structure.

• void CMP_SetInputChannels (CMP_Type *base, uint8_t positiveChannel, uint8_t negativeChannel) *Sets the input channels for the comparator.*

Advanced Features

- void CMP_SetFilterConfig (CMP_Type *base, const cmp_filter_config_t *config) Configures the filter.
- void CMP_SetDACConfig (CMP_Type *base, const cmp_dac_config_t *config)
- Configures the internal DAC. void CMP_EnableInterrupts (CMP_Type *base, uint32_t mask)
- Enables the interrupts. void CMP_DisableInterrupts (CMP_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Disables the interrupts.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

Results

- uint32_t CMP_GetStatusFlags (CMP_Type *base)
 - Gets the status flags.
- void CMP_ClearStatusFlags (CMP_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Clears the status flags.

6.3 Data Structure Documentation

6.3.1 struct cmp_config_t

Data Fields

• bool enableCmp

Enable the CMP module.

• cmp_hysteresis_mode_t hysteresisMode

CMP Hysteresis mode.

bool enableHighSpeed

Enable High-speed (HS) comparison mode.

bool enableInvertOutput

Enable the inverted comparator output.

bool useUnfilteredOutput

Set the compare output(COUT) to equal COUTA(true) or COUT(false).

• bool enablePinOut

The comparator output is available on the associated pin.

• bool enableTriggerMode

Enable the trigger mode.

6.3.1.0.0.4 Field Documentation

- 6.3.1.0.0.4.1 bool cmp config t::enableCmp
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.2 cmp_hysteresis_mode_t cmp_config_t::hysteresisMode
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.3 bool cmp config t::enableHighSpeed
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.4 bool cmp_config_t::enableInvertOutput
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.5 bool cmp_config_t::useUnfilteredOutput
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.6 bool cmp_config_t::enablePinOut
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.7 bool cmp_config_t::enableTriggerMode

6.3.2 struct cmp_filter_config_t

Data Fields

• uint8_t filterCount

Filter Sample Count.

Enumeration Type Documentation

• uint8_t filterPeriod Filter Sample Period.

6.3.2.0.0.5 Field Documentation

6.3.2.0.0.5.1 uint8_t cmp_filter_config_t::filterCount

Available range is 1-7; 0 disables the filter.

6.3.2.0.0.5.2 uint8_t cmp_filter_config_t::filterPeriod

The divider to the bus clock. Available range is 0-255.

6.3.3 struct cmp_dac_config_t

Data Fields

- cmp_reference_voltage_source_t referenceVoltageSource Supply voltage reference source.
- uint8_t DACValue Value for the DAC Output Voltage.

6.3.3.0.0.6 Field Documentation

6.3.3.0.0.6.1 cmp reference voltage source t cmp dac config t::referenceVoltageSource

6.3.3.0.0.6.2 uint8 t cmp dac config t::DACValue

Available range is 0-63.

- 6.4 Macro Definition Documentation
- 6.4.1 #define FSL CMP DRIVER VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0))
- 6.5 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 6.5.1 enum _cmp_interrupt_enable

Enumerator

kCMP_OutputRisingInterruptEnable Comparator interrupt enable rising. *kCMP_OutputFallingInterruptEnable* Comparator interrupt enable falling.

6.5.2 enum cmp_status_flags

Enumerator

kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlagkCMP_OutputFallingEventFlagkCMP_OutputAssertEventFlagReturn the current value of the analog comparator output.

6.5.3 enum cmp_hysteresis_mode_t

Enumerator

```
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel0 Hysteresis level 0.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel1 Hysteresis level 1.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel2 Hysteresis level 2.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel3 Hysteresis level 3.
```

6.5.4 enum cmp_reference_voltage_source_t

Enumerator

kCMP_VrefSourceVin1 Vin1 is selected as a resistor ladder network supply reference Vin.kCMP_VrefSourceVin2 Vin2 is selected as a resistor ladder network supply reference Vin.

6.6 Function Documentation

6.6.1 void CMP_Init (CMP_Type * base, const cmp_config_t * config)

This function initializes the CMP module. The operations included are as follows.

- Enabling the clock for CMP module.
- Configuring the comparator.
- Enabling the CMP module. Note that for some devices, multiple CMP instances share the same clock gate. In this case, to enable the clock for any instance enables all CMPs. See the appropriate MCU reference manual for the clock assignment of the CMP.

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure.

6.6.2 void CMP_Deinit (CMP_Type * base)

This function de-initializes the CMP module. The operations included are as follows.

- Disabling the CMP module.
- Disabling the clock for CMP module.

This function disables the clock for the CMP. Note that for some devices, multiple CMP instances share the same clock gate. In this case, before disabling the clock for the CMP, ensure that all the CMP instances are not used.

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

6.6.3 static void CMP_Enable (CMP_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
enable	Enables or disables the module.

6.6.4 void CMP_GetDefaultConfig ($cmp_config_t * config$)

This function initializes the user configuration structure to these default values.

```
* config->enableCmp = true;
* config->hysteresisMode = kCMP_HysteresisLevel0;
* config->enableHighSpeed = false;
* config->enableInvertOutput = false;
* config->useUnfilteredOutput = false;
* config->enablePinOut = false;
* config->enableTriggerMode = false;
```

Parameters

config	Pointer to the configuration structure.
--------	---

6.6.5 void CMP_SetInputChannels (CMP_Type * base, uint8_t positiveChannel, uint8_t negativeChannel)

This function sets the input channels for the comparator. Note that two input channels cannot be set the same way in the application. When the user selects the same input from the analog mux to the positive and negative port, the comparator is disabled automatically.

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
positive- Channel	Positive side input channel number. Available range is 0-7.
negative- Channel	Negative side input channel number. Available range is 0-7.

6.6.6 void CMP_SetFilterConfig (CMP_Type * base, const cmp_filter_config_t * config_)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure.

6.6.7 void CMP_SetDACConfig (CMP_Type * base, const cmp_dac_config_t * config)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

config	Pointer to the configuration structure. "NULL" disables the feature.
--------	--

6.6.8 void CMP_EnableInterrupts (CMP_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
mask	Mask value for interrupts. See "_cmp_interrupt_enable".

6.6.9 void CMP_DisableInterrupts (CMP_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
mask	Mask value for interrupts. See "_cmp_interrupt_enable".

6.6.10 uint32_t CMP_GetStatusFlags (CMP_Type * base)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
	1 1

Returns

Mask value for the asserted flags. See " $_$ cmp $_$ status $_$ flags".

6.6.11 void CMP_ClearStatusFlags (CMP_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	CMP peripheral base address.
mask	Mask value for the flags. See "_cmp_status_flags".

Chapter 7 COP: Watchdog Driver

7.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Computer Operating Properly module (COP) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

7.2 Typical use case

```
cop_config_t config;
COP_GetDefaultConfig(&config);
config.timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles;
COP_Init(sim_base,&config);
```

Data Structures

• struct cop_config_t

Describes COP configuration structure. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum cop_clock_source_t {
        kCOP_LpoClock = 0U,
        kCOP_McgIrClock = 1U,
        kCOP_OscErClock = 2U,
        kCOP_BusClock = 3U }
        COP clock source selection.
    enum cop_timeout_cycles_t {
        kCOP_2Power5CyclesOr2Power13Cycles = 1U,
        kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles = 2U,
        kCOP_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles = 3U }
        Define the COP timeout cycles.
    enum cop_timeout_mode_t {
        kCOP_ShortTimeoutMode = 0U,
        kCOP_LongTimeoutMode = 1U }
        Define the COP timeout mode.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_COP_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) COP driver version 2.0.0.

COP refresh sequence.

• #define COP_FIRST_BYTE_OF_REFRESH (0x55U)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

First byte of refresh sequence.

• #define COP_SECOND_BYTE_OF_REFRESH (0xAAU)

Second byte of refresh sequence.

COP Functional Operation

• void COP GetDefaultConfig (cop config t *config)

Initializes the COP configuration structure.

• void COP_Init (SIM_Type *base, const cop_config_t *config)

Initializes the COP module.

• static void COP_Disable (SIM_Type *base)

De-initializes the COP module.

• void COP_Refresh (SIM_Type *base)

Refreshes the COP timer.

7.3 Data Structure Documentation

7.3.1 struct cop_config_t

Data Fields

• bool enableWindowMode

COP run mode: window mode or normal mode.

• cop_timeout_mode_t timeoutMode

COP timeout mode: long timeout or short timeout.

bool enableStop

Enable or disable COP in STOP mode.

• bool enableDebug

Enable or disable COP in DEBUG mode.

• cop_clock_source_t clockSource

Set COP clock source.

• cop_timeout_cycles_t timeoutCycles

Set COP timeout value.

7.4 Macro Definition Documentation

7.4.1 #define FSL_COP_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

7.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.5.1 enum cop_clock_source_t

Enumerator

```
    kCOP_LpoClock COP clock sourced from LPO.
    kCOP_McgIrClock COP clock sourced from MCGIRCLK.
    kCOP_OscErClock COP clock sourced from OSCERCLK.
    kCOP_BusClock COP clock sourced from Bus clock.
```

7.5.2 enum cop_timeout_cycles_t

Enumerator

```
    kCOP_2Power5CyclesOr2Power13Cycles
    2^5 or 2^13 clock cycles
    kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles
    2^8 or 2^16 clock cycles
    kCOP_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles
    2^10 or 2^18 clock cycles
```

7.5.3 enum cop_timeout_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kCOP_ShortTimeoutModeCOP selects long timeout.kCOP_LongTimeoutModeCOP selects short timeout.
```

7.6 Function Documentation

7.6.1 void COP_GetDefaultConfig (cop_config_t * config)

This function initializes the COP configuration structure to default values. The default values are:

```
* copConfig->enableWindowMode = false;
* copConfig->timeoutMode = kCOP_LongTimeoutMode;
* copConfig->enableStop = false;
* copConfig->enableDebug = false;
* copConfig->clockSource = kCOP_LpoClock;
* copConfig->timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles;
*
```

Parameters

```
config Pointer to the COP configuration structure.
```

See Also

```
cop_config_t
```

7.6.2 void COP_Init (SIM_Type * base, const cop_config_t * config)

This function configures the COP. After it is called, the COP starts running according to the configuration. Because all COP control registers are write-once only, the COP_Init function and the COP_Disable function can be called only once. A second call has no effect.

Example:

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
* cop_config_t config;
* COP_GetDefaultConfig(&config);
* config.timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles
;
* COP_Init(sim_base,&config);
*
```

Parameters

base	SIM peripheral base address.	
config	The configuration of COP.	

7.6.3 static void COP_Disable (SIM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This dedicated function is not provided. Instead, the COP_Disable function can be used to disable the COP.

Disables the COP module.

This function disables the COP Watchdog. Note: The COP configuration register is a write-once after reset. To disable the COP Watchdog, call this function first.

Parameters

base	SIM peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

7.6.4 void COP_Refresh(SIM_Type * base)

This function feeds the COP.

Parameters

base	SIM peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Chapter 8 C90TFS Flash Driver

8.1 Overview

The flash provides the C90TFS Flash driver of MCUXpresso SDK devices with the C90TFS Flash module inside. The flash driver provides general APIs to handle specific operations on C90TFS/FTFx Flash module. The user can use those APIs directly in the application. In addition, it provides internal functions called by the driver. Although these functions are not meant to be called from the user's application directly, the APIs can still be used.

Data Structures

```
• struct flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t 
Flash execute-in-RAM function information. More...
```

struct flash_swap_state_config_t

Flash Swap information. More...

struct flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t

Flash Swap IFR fields. More...

union flash_swap_ifr_field_data_t

Flash Swap IFR field data. More...

• union pflash_protection_status_low_t

PFlash protection status - low 32bit. More...

struct pflash_protection_status_t

PFlash protection status - full. More...

• struct flash_prefetch_speculation_status_t

Flash prefetch speculation status. More...

• struct flash_protection_config_t

Active flash protection information for the current operation. More...

• struct flash_access_config_t

Active flash Execute-Only access information for the current operation. More...

• struct flash_operation_config_t

Active flash information for the current operation. More...

• struct flash_config_t

Flash driver state information. More...

Typedefs

• typedef void(* flash_callback_t)(void)

A callback type used for the Pflash block.

Enumerations

enum flash_margin_value_t {
 kFLASH_MarginValueNormal,
 kFLASH_MarginValueUser,
 kFLASH_MarginValueFactory,

Overview

```
kFLASH MarginValueInvalid }
    Enumeration for supported flash margin levels.
enum flash_security_state_t {
 kFLASH SecurityStateNotSecure.
 kFLASH_SecurityStateBackdoorEnabled,
 kFLASH SecurityStateBackdoorDisabled }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash security states.
enum flash_protection_state_t {
 kFLASH_ProtectionStateUnprotected,
 kFLASH ProtectionStateProtected,
 kFLASH ProtectionStateMixed }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash protection levels.
enum flash_execute_only_access_state_t {
 kFLASH AccessStateUnLimited.
 kFLASH_AccessStateExecuteOnly,
 kFLASH_AccessStateMixed }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash execute access levels.
enum flash_property_tag_t {
 kFLASH PropertyPflashSectorSize = 0x00U,
 kFLASH PropertyPflashTotalSize = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockSize = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockCount = 0x03U,
 kFLASH PropertyPflashBlockBaseAddr = 0x04U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashFacSupport = 0x05U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentSize = 0x06U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentCount = 0x07U,
 kFLASH PropertyFlexRamBlockBaseAddr = 0x08U,
 kFLASH PropertyFlexRamTotalSize = 0x09U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashSectorSize = 0x10U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashTotalSize = 0x11U,
 kFLASH PropertyDflashBlockSize = 0x12U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockCount = 0x13U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockBaseAddr = 0x14U,
 kFLASH PropertyEepromTotalSize = 0x15U,
 kFLASH_PropertyFlashMemoryIndex = 0x20U,
 kFLASH_PropertyFlashCacheControllerIndex = 0x21U }
    Enumeration for various flash properties.
enum _flash_execute_in_ram_function_constants {
 kFLASH ExecuteInRamFunctionMaxSizeInWords = 16U,
 kFLASH ExecuteInRamFunctionTotalNum = 2U }
    Constants for execute-in-RAM flash function.
enum flash_read_resource_option_t {
 kFLASH ResourceOptionFlashIfr,
 kFLASH_ResourceOptionVersionId = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the two possible options of flash read resource command.
enum _flash_read_resource_range {
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
kFLASH ResourceRangePflashIfrSizeInBytes = 256U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdSizeInBytes = 8U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdStart = 0x00U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdEnd = 0x07U,
 kFLASH ResourceRangePflashSwapIfrEnd,
 kFLASH ResourceRangeDflashIfrStart = 0x800000U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeDflashIfrEnd = 0x8003FFU }
    Enumeration for the range of special-purpose flash resource.
enum _k3_flash_read_once_index {
  kFLASH RecordIndexSwapAddr = 0xA1U,
 kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapEnable = 0xA2U,
 kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapDisable = 0xA3U }
    Enumeration for the index of read/program once record.
enum flash_flexram_function_option_t {
 kFLASH FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableAsRam = 0xFFU,
 kFLASH_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableForEeprom = 0x00U }
    Enumeration for the two possilbe options of set FlexRAM function command.
• enum _flash_acceleration_ram_property
    Enumeration for acceleration RAM property.
enum flash_swap_function_option_t {
  kFLASH_SwapFunctionOptionEnable = 0x00U,
 kFLASH SwapFunctionOptionDisable = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the possible options of Swap function.
enum flash_swap_control_option_t {
  kFLASH_SwapControlOptionIntializeSystem = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInUpdateState = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInCompleteState = 0x04U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionReportStatus = 0x08U,
 kFLASH SwapControlOptionDisableSystem = 0x10U }
    Enumeration for the possible options of Swap control commands.
enum flash_swap_state_t {
  kFLASH SwapStateUninitialized = 0x00U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateReady = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateUpdate = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateUpdateErased = 0x03U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateComplete = 0x04U,
 kFLASH SwapStateDisabled = 0x05U }
    Enumeration for the possible flash Swap status.
enum flash_swap_block_status_t {
  kFLASH_SwapBlockStatusLowerHalfProgramBlocksAtZero,
 kFLASH SwapBlockStatusUpperHalfProgramBlocksAtZero }
    Enumeration for the possible flash Swap block status
enum flash_partition_flexram_load_option_t {
 kFLASH_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionLoadedWithValidEepromData,
 kFLASH PartitionFlexramLoadOptionNotLoaded = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the FlexRAM load during reset option.
enum flash_memory_index_t {
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Overview

```
kFLASH_MemoryIndexPrimaryFlash = 0x00U,
kFLASH_MemoryIndexSecondaryFlash = 0x01U }
Enumeration for the flash memory index.
• enum flash_cache_controller_index_t {
kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore0 = 0x00U,
kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore1 = 0x01U }
Enumeration for the flash cache controller index.
• enum flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t
Enumeration for the two possible options of flash prefetch speculation.
• enum flash_cache_clear_process_t {
kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPre = 0x00U,
kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPost = 0x01U }
Flash cache clear process code.
```

Flash version

```
enum _flash_driver_version_constants {
    kFLASH_DriverVersionName = 'F',
    kFLASH_DriverVersionMajor = 2,
    kFLASH_DriverVersionMinor = 3,
    kFLASH_DriverVersionBugfix = 1 }
    Flash driver version for ROM.
#define MAKE_VERSION(major, minor, bugfix) (((major) << 16) | ((minor) << 8) | (bugfix))
    Constructs the version number for drivers.</li>
#define FSL_FLASH_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 3, 1))
    Flash driver version for SDK.
```

Flash configuration

#define FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_FLEXNVM_SUPPORT 1

Indicates whether to support FlexNVM in the Flash driver.

#define FLASH_SSD_IS_FLEXNVM_ENABLED (FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_FLEXN-VM_SUPPORT && FSL_FEATURE_FLASH_HAS_FLEX_NVM)

Indicates whether the FlexNVM is enabled in the Flash driver.

#define FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_SECONDARY_FLASH_SUPPORT 1

Indicates whether to support Secondary flash in the Flash driver.

• #define FLASH SSD IS SECONDARY FLASH ENABLED (0)

Indicates whether the secondary flash is supported in the Flash driver.

#define FLASH_DRIVER_IS_FLASH_RESIDENT 1

Flash driver location.

• #define FLASH_DRIVER_IS_EXPORTED 0

Flash Driver Export option.

Flash status

```
enum _flash_status {
 kStatus_FLASH_Success = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupGeneric, 0),
 kStatus FLASH InvalidArgument = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupGeneric, 4),
 kStatus FLASH SizeError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 0),
 kStatus_FLASH_AlignmentError,
 kStatus_FLASH_AddressError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 2),
 kStatus FLASH AccessError,
 kStatus FLASH ProtectionViolation.
 kStatus_FLASH_CommandFailure,
 kStatus FLASH UnknownProperty = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 6),
 kStatus_FLASH_EraseKeyError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 7).
 kStatus_FLASH_RegionExecuteOnly,
 kStatus_FLASH_ExecuteInRamFunctionNotReady,
 kStatus FLASH PartitionStatusUpdateFailure,
 kStatus FLASH SetFlexramAsEepromError,
 kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsRamError.
 kStatus_FLASH_SetFlexramAsRamError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 13),
 kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsEepromError,
 kStatus FLASH CommandNotSupported = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 15),
 kStatus_FLASH_SwapSystemNotInUninitialized,
 kStatus FLASH SwapIndicatorAddressError.
 kStatus_FLASH_ReadOnlyProperty = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 18),
 kStatus FLASH InvalidPropertyValue,
 kStatus_FLASH_InvalidSpeculationOption }
    Flash driver status codes.
• #define kStatusGroupGeneric 0
    Flash driver status group.
• #define kStatusGroupFlashDriver 1
• #define MAKE_STATUS(group, code) ((((group)*100) + (code)))
    Constructs a status code value from a group and a code number.
```

Flash API key

- enum_flash_driver_api_keys { kFLASH_ApiEraseKey = FOUR_CHAR_CODE('k', 'f', 'e', 'k') } Enumeration for Flash driver API keys.
- #define FOUR_CHAR_CODE(a, b, c, d) (((d) << 24) | ((c) << 16) | ((b) << 8) | ((a))) Constructs the four character code for the Flash driver API key.

Initialization

- status_t FLASH_Init (flash_config_t *config)
 Initializes the global flash properties structure members.
 status_t FLASH_SetCallback (flash_config_t *config, flash_callback_t callback)
- status_t FLASH_SetCallback (flash_config_t *config, flash_callback_t callback)

 Sets the desired flash callback function.
- status_t FLASH_PrepareExecuteInRamFunctions (flash_config_t *config)

Prepares flash execute-in-RAM functions.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Overview

Erasing

- status_t FLASH_EraseAll (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t key)

 Erases entire flash.
- status_t FLASH_Erase (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, uint32_t key)

 Erases the flash sectors encompassed by parameters passed into function.
- status_t FLASH_EraseAllUnsecure (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t key)

Erases the entire flash, including protected sectors.

• status_t FLASH_EraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t key)

Erases all program flash execute-only segments defined by the FXACC registers.

Programming

- status_t FLASH_Program (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t *src, uint32_t lengthIn-Bytes)
 - *Programs flash with data at locations passed in through parameters.*
- status_t FLASH_ProgramOnce (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t index, uint32_t *src, uint32_t tlengthInBytes)

Programs Program Once Field through parameters.

Reading

Programs flash with data at locations passed in through parameters via the Program Section command.

This function programs the flash memory with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.	
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	
src	A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.	
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

kStatus_FLASH AlignmentError	Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline.
kStatus_FLASH_Address- Error	Address is out of range.
kStatus_FLASH_Set- FlexramAsRamError	Failed to set flexram as RAM.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during command execution.
kStatus_FLASH_Recover- FlexramAsEepromError	Failed to recover FlexRAM as EEPROM.

Programs the EEPROM with data at locations passed in through parameters.

This function programs the emulated EEPROM with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.	
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	
src	A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.	
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

Overview

kStatus_FLASH_Address-	Address is out of range.
Error	
kStatus_FLASH_Set-	Failed to set flexram as eeprom.
FlexramAsEepromError	
kStatus_FLASH	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
ProtectionViolation	
kStatus_FLASH_Recover-	Failed to recover the FlexRAM as RAM.
FlexramAsRamError	

- status_t FLASH_ReadResource (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t *dst, uint32_t t lengthInBytes, flash_read_resource_option_t option)
 - Reads the resource with data at locations passed in through parameters.
- status_t FLASH_ReadOnce (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t index, uint32_t *dst, uint32_t length-InBytes)

Reads the Program Once Field through parameters.

Security

- status_t FLASH_GetSecurityState (flash_config_t *config, flash_security_state_t *state)

 Returns the security state via the pointer passed into the function.
- status_t FLASH_SecurityBypass (flash_config_t *config, const uint8_t *backdoorKey) Allows users to bypass security with a backdoor key.

Verification

- status_t FLASH_VerifyEraseAll (flash_config_t *config, flash_margin_value_t margin) Verifies erasure of the entire flash at a specified margin level.
- status_t FLASH_VerifyErase (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_margin_value_t margin)
 - Verifies an erasure of the desired flash area at a specified margin level.
- status_t FLASH_VerifyProgram (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, const uint32_t *expectedData, flash_margin_value_t margin, uint32_t *failedAddress, uint32_t *failedData)
 - *Verifies programming of the desired flash area at a specified margin level.*
- status_t FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash_config_t *config, flash_margin_value_t margin)

Verifies whether the program flash execute-only segments have been erased to the specified read margin level.

Protection

- status_t FLASH_IsProtected (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_protection_state_t *protection_state)
 - Returns the protection state of the desired flash area via the pointer passed into the function.
- status_t FLASH_IsExecuteOnly (flash_config_t *config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_execute_only_access_state_t *access_state)

Returns the access state of the desired flash area via the pointer passed into the function.

Properties

status_t FLASH_GetProperty (flash_config_t *config, flash_property_tag_t whichProperty, uint32-t *value)

Returns the desired flash property.

• status_t FLASH_SetProperty (flash_config_t *config, flash_property_tag_t whichProperty, uint32_t value)

Sets the desired flash property.

Flash Protection Utilities

Prepares the FlexNVM block for use as data flash, EEPROM backup, or a combination of both and initializes the FlexRAM.

Parameters

config	Pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.
option	The option used to set FlexRAM load behavior during reset.
eepromData- SizeCode	Determines the amount of FlexRAM used in each of the available EEPROM subsystems.
flexnvm- PartitionCode	Specifies how to split the FlexNVM block between data flash memory and EEPROM backup memory supporting EEPROM functions.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	Invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during command execution.

- status_t FLASH_PflashSetProtection (flash_config_t *config, pflash_protection_status_t *protect-Status)
 - Sets the PFlash Protection to the intended protection status.
- status_t FLASH_PflashGetProtection (flash_config_t *config, pflash_protection_status_t *protect-Status)

Gets the PFlash protection status.

Data Structure Documentation

8.2 Data Structure Documentation

8.2.1 struct flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t

Data Fields

- uint32 t activeFunctionCount
 - Number of available execute-in-RAM functions.
- uint32_t * flashRunCommand
 - Execute-in-RAM function: flash run command.
- uint32 t * flashCommonBitOperation
 - Execute-in-RAM function: flash_common_bit_operation.

8.2.1.0.0.7 Field Documentation

- 8.2.1.0.0.7.1 uint32 t flash execute in ram function config t::activeFunctionCount
- 8.2.1.0.0.7.2 uint32_t* flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t::flashRunCommand
- 8.2.1.0.0.7.3 uint32_t* flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t::flashCommonBitOperation
- 8.2.2 struct flash swap state config t

Data Fields

- flash_swap_state_t flashSwapState
 - The current Swap system status.
- flash_swap_block_status_t currentSwapBlockStatus
 - The current Swap block status.
- flash_swap_block_status_t nextSwapBlockStatus
 - The next Swap block status.

8.2.2.0.0.8 Field Documentation

- 8.2.2.0.0.8.1 flash_swap_state_t flash_swap_state config t::flashSwapState
- 8.2.2.0.0.8.2 flash_swap_block_status_t flash_swap_state_config_t::currentSwapBlockStatus
- 8.2.2.0.0.8.3 flash_swap_block_status_t flash_swap_state_config_t::nextSwapBlockStatus
- 8.2.3 struct flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t

Data Fields

- uint16 t swapIndicatorAddress
 - A Swap indicator address field.
- uint16_t swapEnableWord
 - A Swap enable word field.
- uint8_t reserved0 [4]

A reserved field.

8.2.3.0.0.9 Field Documentation

- 8.2.3.0.0.9.1 uint16_t flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t::swapIndicatorAddress
- 8.2.3.0.0.9.2 uint16_t flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t::swapEnableWord
- 8.2.3.0.0.9.3 uint8_t flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t::reserved0[4]
- 8.2.4 union flash swap ifr field data t

Data Fields

- uint32_t flashSwapIfrData [2]
 - A flash Swap IFR field data.
- flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t flashSwapIfrField

A flash Swap IFR field structure.

8.2.4.0.0.10 Field Documentation

- 8.2.4.0.0.10.1 uint32 t flash swap ifr field data t::flashSwaplfrData[2]
- 8.2.4.0.0.10.2 flash_swap_ifr_field_config_t flash_swap_ifr_field_data_t::flashSwaplfrField
- 8.2.5 union pflash_protection_status_low_t

Data Fields

- uint32_t protl32b
 - PROT[31:0].
- uint8_t protsl
 - PROTS[7:0].
- uint8_t protsh
 - PROTS[15:8].

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

8.2.5.0.0.11 Field Documentation

8.2.5.0.0.11.1 uint32_t pflash_protection_status_low_t::protl32b

8.2.5.0.0.11.2 uint8_t pflash_protection_status_low_t::protsl

8.2.5.0.0.11.3 uint8_t pflash_protection_status_low_t::protsh

8.2.6 struct pflash protection status t

Data Fields

• pflash_protection_status_low_t valueLow32b PROT[31:0] or PROTS[15:0].

8.2.6.0.0.12 Field Documentation

8.2.6.0.0.12.1 pflash_protection_status_low_t pflash protection status t::valueLow32b

8.2.7 struct flash prefetch speculation status t

Data Fields

- flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t instructionOption Instruction speculation.
- flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t dataOption Data speculation.

8.2.7.0.0.13 Field Documentation

- 8.2.7.0.0.13.1 flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t flash_prefetch_speculation_status_t::instructionOption
- 8.2.7.0.0.13.2 flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t flash_prefetch_speculation_status_t::data-Option

8.2.8 struct flash_protection_config_t

Data Fields

- uint32_t regionBase
 - Base address of flash protection region.
- uint32_t regionSize
 - size of flash protection region.
- uint32_t regionCount

flash protection region count.

8.2.8.0.0.14 Field Documentation

8.2.8.0.0.14.1 uint32_t flash_protection_config_t::regionBase

8.2.8.0.0.14.2 uint32_t flash_protection_config_t::regionSize

8.2.8.0.0.14.3 uint32_t flash_protection_config_t::regionCount

8.2.9 struct flash_access_config_t

Data Fields

• uint32_t SegmentBase

Base address of flash Execute-Only segment.

• uint32_t SegmentSize

size of flash Execute-Only segment.

• uint32_t SegmentCount

flash Execute-Only segment count.

8.2.9.0.0.15 Field Documentation

8.2.9.0.0.15.1 uint32_t flash_access_config_t::SegmentBase

8.2.9.0.0.15.2 uint32_t flash_access_config_t::SegmentSize

8.2.9.0.0.15.3 uint32 t flash access config t::SegmentCount

8.2.10 struct flash operation config t

Data Fields

• uint32 t convertedAddress

A converted address for the current flash type.

• uint32_t activeSectorSize

A sector size of the current flash type.

• uint32_t activeBlockSize

A block size of the current flash type.

• uint32 t blockWriteUnitSize

The write unit size.

uint32_t sectorCmdAddressAligment

An erase sector command address alignment.

• uint32 t partCmdAddressAligment

A program/verify part command address alignment.

• 32_t resourceCmdAddressAligment

A read resource command address alignment.

• uint32_t checkCmdAddressAligment

A program check command address alignment.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

```
8.2.10.0.0.16 Field Documentation
8.2.10.0.0.16.1
               uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::convertedAddress
8.2.10.0.0.16.2
               uint32 t flash operation config t::activeSectorSize
8.2.10.0.0.16.3
               uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::activeBlockSize
8.2.10.0.0.16.4 uint32 t flash operation config t::blockWriteUnitSize
8.2.10.0.0.16.5
               uint32 t flash operation config t::sectorCmdAddressAligment
8.2.10.0.0.16.6
               uint32 t flash operation config t::partCmdAddressAligment
8.2.10.0.0.16.7
               uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::resourceCmdAddressAligment
8.2.10.0.0.16.8 uint32 t flash operation config t::checkCmdAddressAligment
8.2.11
        struct flash config t
```

An instance of this structure is allocated by the user of the flash driver and passed into each of the driver APIs.

Data Fields

- uint32 t PFlashBlockBase
 - A base address of the first PFlash block.
- uint32 t PFlashTotalSize
 - The size of the combined PFlash block.
- uint8_t PFlashBlockCount
 - A number of PFlash blocks.
- uint8_t FlashMemoryIndex
 - 0 primary flash; 1 secondary flash
- uint8_t FlashCacheControllerIndex
 - 0 Controller for core 0; 1 Controller for core 1
- uint8_t Reserved0
 - Reserved field 0.
- uint32_t PFlashSectorSize
 - The size in bytes of a sector of PFlash.
- flash_callback_t PFlashCallback
 - *The callback function for the flash API.*
- uint32_t PFlashAccessSegmentSize
 - A size in bytes of an access segment of PFlash.
- uint32 t PFlashAccessSegmentCount
 - A number of PFlash access segments.
- uint32 t * flashExecuteInRamFunctionInfo
 - An information structure of the flash execute-in-RAM function.
- uint32_t FlexRAMBlockBase

For the FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the FlexRAM.

Data Structure Documentation

53

- uint32 t FlexRAMTotalSize
 - For the FlexNVM device, this is the size of the FlexRAM.
- uint32 t DFlashBlockBase
 - For the FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the D-Flash memory (FlexNVM memory)
- uint32 t DFlashTotalSize
 - For the FlexNVM device, this is the total size of the FlexNVM memory;.
- uint32_t EEpromTotalSize

For the FlexNVM device, this is the size in bytes of the EEPROM area which was partitioned from FlexR-AM.

8.2.11.0.0.17 Field Documentation

- 8.2.11.0.0.17.1 uint32_t flash_config_t::PFlashTotalSize
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.2 uint8 t flash config t::PFlashBlockCount
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.3 uint32_t flash_config_t::PFlashSectorSize
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.4 flash_callback_t flash_config_t::PFlashCallback
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.5 uint32_t flash_config_t::PFlashAccessSegmentSize
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.6 uint32_t flash_config_t::PFlashAccessSegmentCount
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.7 uint32_t* flash_config_t::flashExecuteInRamFunctionInfo
- 8.2.11.0.0.17.8 uint32_t flash_config_t::FlexRAMBlockBase

For the non-FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the acceleration RAM memory

8.2.11.0.0.17.9 uint32 t flash config t::FlexRAMTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this is the size of the acceleration RAM memory

8.2.11.0.0.17.10 uint32 t flash config t::DFlashBlockBase

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

8.2.11.0.0.17.11 uint32 t flash config t::DFlashTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

8.2.11.0.0.17.12 uint32 t flash config t::EEpromTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

- 8.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 8.3.1 #define MAKE_VERSION(major, minor, bugfix) (((major) << 16) | ((minor) << 8) | (bugfix))
- 8.3.2 #define FSL_FLASH_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 3, 1))

Version 2.3.1.

8.3.3 #define FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_FLEXNVM_SUPPORT 1

Enables the FlexNVM support by default.

8.3.4 #define FLASH_SSD_CONFIG_ENABLE_SECONDARY_FLASH_SUPPORT 1

Enables the secondary flash support by default.

8.3.5 #define FLASH_DRIVER_IS_FLASH_RESIDENT 1

Used for the flash resident application.

8.3.6 #define FLASH DRIVER IS EXPORTED 0

Used for the KSDK application.

- 8.3.7 #define kStatusGroupGeneric 0
- 8.3.8 #define MAKE STATUS(group, code) ((((group)*100) + (code)))
- 8.3.9 #define FOUR_CHAR_CODE(a, b, c, d) (((d) << 24) | ((c) << 16) | ((b) << 8) | ((a)))
- 8.4 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 8.4.1 enum flash driver version constants

Enumerator

kFLASH_DriverVersionName Flash driver version name.

kFLASH_DriverVersionMajor Major flash driver version.kFLASH_DriverVersionBugfix Bugfix for flash driver version.

8.4.2 enum flash status

Enumerator

kStatus_FLASH_Success API is executed successfully.

kStatus_FLASH_InvalidArgument Invalid argument.

kStatus_FLASH_SizeError Error size.

kStatus_FLASH_AlignmentError Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.

kStatus_FLASH_AddressError Address is out of range.

kStatus FLASH AccessError Invalid instruction codes and out-of bound addresses.

kStatus_FLASH_ProtectionViolation The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.

kStatus_FLASH_CommandFailure Run-time error during command execution.

kStatus_FLASH_UnknownProperty Unknown property.

kStatus_FLASH_EraseKeyError API erase key is invalid.

kStatus_FLASH_RegionExecuteOnly The current region is execute-only.

kStatus_FLASH_ExecuteInRamFunctionNotReady Execute-in-RAM function is not available.

kStatus_FLASH_PartitionStatusUpdateFailure Failed to update partition status.

kStatus_FLASH_SetFlexramAsEepromError Failed to set FlexRAM as EEPROM.

kStatus_FLASH_RecoverFlexramAsRamError Failed to recover FlexRAM as RAM.

kStatus FLASH SetFlexramAsRamError Failed to set FlexRAM as RAM.

kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsEepromError Failed to recover FlexRAM as EEPROM.

kStatus_FLASH_CommandNotSupported Flash API is not supported.

kStatus_FLASH_SwapSystemNotInUninitialized Swap system is not in an uninitialized state.

kStatus FLASH SwapIndicatorAddressError The swap indicator address is invalid.

kStatus_FLASH_ReadOnlyProperty The flash property is read-only.

kStatus FLASH InvalidPropertyValue The flash property value is out of range.

kStatus_FLASH_InvalidSpeculationOption The option of flash prefetch speculation is invalid.

8.4.3 enum _flash_driver_api_keys

Note

The resulting value is built with a byte order such that the string being readable in expected order when viewed in a hex editor, if the value is treated as a 32-bit little endian value.

Enumerator

kFLASH_ApiEraseKey Key value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

8.4.4 enum flash_margin_value_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_MarginValueNormal Use the 'normal' read level for 1s.

kFLASH_MarginValueUser Apply the 'User' margin to the normal read-1 level.

kFLASH_MarginValueFactory Apply the 'Factory' margin to the normal read-1 level.

kFLASH_MarginValueInvalid Not real margin level, Used to determine the range of valid margin level.

8.4.5 enum flash_security_state_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_SecurityStateNotSecure Flash is not secure.

kFLASH_SecurityStateBackdoorEnabled Flash backdoor is enabled.

kFLASH_SecurityStateBackdoorDisabled Flash backdoor is disabled.

8.4.6 enum flash_protection_state_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_ProtectionStateUnprotected Flash region is not protected.

kFLASH ProtectionStateProtected Flash region is protected.

kFLASH_ProtectionStateMixed Flash is mixed with protected and unprotected region.

8.4.7 enum flash_execute_only_access_state_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_AccessStateUnLimited Flash region is unlimited.

kFLASH AccessStateExecuteOnly Flash region is execute only.

kFLASH_AccessStateMixed Flash is mixed with unlimited and execute only region.

8.4.8 enum flash_property_tag_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_PropertyPflashSectorSize Pflash sector size property.kFLASH_PropertyPflashTotalSize Pflash total size property.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockSize Pflash block size property.

kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockCount Pflash block count property.

kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockBaseAddr Pflash block base address property.

kFLASH_PropertyPflashFacSupport Pflash fac support property.

kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentSize Pflash access segment size property.

kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentCount Pflash access segment count property.

kFLASH_PropertyFlexRamBlockBaseAddr FlexRam block base address property.

kFLASH_PropertyFlexRamTotalSize FlexRam total size property.

kFLASH_PropertyDflashSectorSize Dflash sector size property.

kFLASH_PropertyDflashTotalSize Dflash total size property.

kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockSize Dflash block size property.

kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockCount Dflash block count property.

kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockBaseAddr Dflash block base address property.

kFLASH_PropertyEepromTotalSize EEPROM total size property.

kFLASH_PropertyFlashMemoryIndex Flash memory index property.

kFLASH_PropertyFlashCacheControllerIndex Flash cache controller index property.

8.4.9 enum _flash_execute_in_ram_function_constants

Enumerator

kFLASH_ExecuteInRamFunctionMaxSizeInWords The maximum size of execute-in-RAM function.

kFLASH_ExecuteInRamFunctionTotalNum Total number of execute-in-RAM functions.

8.4.10 enum flash_read_resource_option_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_ResourceOptionFlashIfr Select code for Program flash 0 IFR, Program flash swap 0 IFR, Data flash 0 IFR.

kFLASH_ResourceOptionVersionId Select code for the version ID.

8.4.11 enum _flash_read_resource_range

Enumerator

kFLASH_ResourceRangePflashIfrSizeInBytes Pflash IFR size in byte.

kFLASH ResourceRangeVersionIdSizeInBytes Version ID IFR size in byte.

kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdStart Version ID IFR start address.

kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdEnd Version ID IFR end address.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kFLASH_ResourceRangePflashSwapIfrEnd Pflash swap IFR end address.

kFLASH_ResourceRangeDflashIfrStart Dflash IFR start address.

kFLASH_ResourceRangeDflashIfrEnd Dflash IFR end address.

8.4.12 enum k3 flash read_once index

Enumerator

kFLASH RecordIndexSwapAddr Index of Swap indicator address.

kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapEnable Index of Swap system enable.

kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapDisable Index of Swap system disable.

8.4.13 enum flash_flexram_function_option_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableAsRam An option used to make FlexRAM available as RAM.

kFLASH_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableForEeprom An option used to make FlexRAM available for EEPROM.

8.4.14 enum flash_swap_function_option_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_SwapFunctionOptionEnable An option used to enable the Swap function.

kFLASH_SwapFunctionOptionDisable An option used to disable the Swap function.

8.4.15 enum flash_swap_control_option_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_SwapControlOptionIntializeSystem An option used to initialize the Swap system.

kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInUpdateState An option used to set the Swap in an update state.

kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInCompleteState An option used to set the Swap in a complete state.

kFLASH_SwapControlOptionReportStatus An option used to report the Swap status.

kFLASH_SwapControlOptionDisableSystem An option used to disable the Swap status.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

8.4.16 enum flash_swap_state_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_SwapStateUninitialized Flash Swap system is in an uninitialized state.

kFLASH_SwapStateReady Flash Swap system is in a ready state.

kFLASH_SwapStateUpdate Flash Swap system is in an update state.

kFLASH_SwapStateUpdateErased Flash Swap system is in an updateErased state.

kFLASH_SwapStateComplete Flash Swap system is in a complete state.

kFLASH_SwapStateDisabled Flash Swap system is in a disabled state.

8.4.17 enum flash_swap_block_status_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_SwapBlockStatusLowerHalfProgramBlocksAtZero Swap block status is that lower half program block at zero.

kFLASH_SwapBlockStatusUpperHalfProgramBlocksAtZero Swap block status is that upper half program block at zero.

8.4.18 enum flash_partition_flexram_load_option_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionLoadedWithValidEepromData FlexRAM is loaded with valid EEPROM data during reset sequence.

kFLASH_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionNotLoaded FlexRAM is not loaded during reset sequence.

8.4.19 enum flash_memory_index_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_MemoryIndexPrimaryFlash Current flash memory is primary flash.

kFLASH_MemoryIndexSecondaryFlash Current flash memory is secondary flash.

8.4.20 enum flash_cache_controller_index_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore0 Current flash cache controller is for core 0. *kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore1* Current flash cache controller is for core 1.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

8.4.21 enum flash_cache_clear_process_t

Enumerator

kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPre Pre flash cache clear process.kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPost Post flash cache clear process.

8.5 Function Documentation

8.5.1 status_t FLASH_Init (flash_config_t * config)

This function checks and initializes the Flash module for the other Flash APIs.

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
--------	--

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute-	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
InRamFunctionNotReady kStatus_FLASH	Failed to update the partition status.
PartitionStatusUpdate- Failure	

8.5.2 status_t FLASH_SetCallback (flash_config_t * config, flash_callback_t callback)

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
callback	A callback function to be stored in the driver.

Return values

61

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

8.5.3 status_t FLASH_PrepareExecuteInRamFunctions (flash_config_t * config)

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
--------	--

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

8.5.4 status_t FLASH_EraseAll (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t key)

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
key	A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH_Erase-	API erase key is invalid.
KeyError	
kStatus_FLASH_Execute-	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
InRamFunctionNotReady	

kStatus_FLASH_Access-	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
Error	
kStatus_FLASH	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
ProtectionViolation	
kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during command execution.
CommandFailure	
kStatus_FLASH	Failed to update the partition status.
PartitionStatusUpdate-	
Failure	

8.5.5 status_t FLASH_Erase (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, uint32_t key)

This function erases the appropriate number of flash sectors based on the desired start address and length.

Parameters

config	The pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be erased. The start address does not need to be sector-aligned but must be word-aligned.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words) to be erased. Must be word-aligned.
key	The value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH	The parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.
AlignmentError	
kStatus_FLASH_Address-	The address is out of range.
Error	

kStatus_FLASH_Erase- KeyError	The API erase key is invalid.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.6 status_t FLASH_EraseAllUnsecure (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t key)

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
key	A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Erase- KeyError	API erase key is invalid.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during command execution.
CommandFailure	
kStatus_FLASH	Failed to update the partition status.
PartitionStatusUpdate-	
Failure	

8.5.7 status_t FLASH_EraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t key)

Parameters

config	Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
key	A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Erase- KeyError	API erase key is invalid.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.8 status_t FLASH_Program (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, uint32_t * src, uint32_t lengthInBytes)

This function programs the flash memory with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and the length.

65

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.	
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	
src	A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.	
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.	

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH AlignmentError	Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.
kStatus_FLASH_Address- Error	Address is out of range.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.9 status_t FLASH_ProgramOnce ($flash_config_t * config$, $uint32_t * src$, $uint32_t * lengthInBytes$)

This function programs the Program Once Field with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the index and length.

Parameters
Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
index	The index indicating which area of the Program Once Field to be programmed.
src	A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the Program Once Field.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.10 status_t FLASH_ReadResource (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, uint32_t * dst, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_read_resource_option_t option)

This function reads the flash memory with the desired location for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.	
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-	7
	aligned.	

67

dst	A pointer to the destination buffer of data that is used to store data to be read.	
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be read. Must be word-aligned.	
option	The resource option which indicates which area should be read back.	

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH AlignmentError	Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.11 status_t FLASH_ReadOnce (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t index, uint32_t * dst, uint32_t lengthInBytes)

This function reads the read once feild with given index and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
index	The index indicating the area of program once field to be read.
dst	A pointer to the destination buffer of data that is used to store data to be read.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.12 status_t FLASH_GetSecurityState (flash_config_t * config, flash_security_state_t * state)

This function retrieves the current flash security status, including the security enabling state and the back-door key enabling state.

Parameters

config	A pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.
state	A pointer to the value returned for the current security status code:

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

8.5.13 status_t FLASH_SecurityBypass (flash_config_t * config, const uint8_t * backdoorKey)

If the MCU is in secured state, this function unsecures the MCU by comparing the provided backdoor key with ones in the flash configuration field.

69

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
backdoorKey	A pointer to the user buffer containing the backdoor key.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.14 status_t FLASH_VerifyEraseAll (flash_config_t * config, flash_margin_value_t margin)

This function checks whether the flash is erased to the specified read margin level.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
margin	Read margin choice.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

kStatus_FLASH_Execute-	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
InRamFunctionNotReady	
kStatus_FLASH_Access-	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
Error	
kStatus_FLASH	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
ProtectionViolation	
kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during the command execution.
CommandFailure	

8.5.15 status_t FLASH_VerifyErase (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_margin_value_t margin)

This function checks the appropriate number of flash sectors based on the desired start address and length to check whether the flash is erased to the specified read margin level.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be verified. The start address does not need to be sector-aligned but must be word-aligned.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be verified. Must be wordaligned.
margin	Read margin choice.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH	Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline.
AlignmentError	
kStatus_FLASH_Address-	Address is out of range.
Error	

71

kStatus_FLASH_Execute-	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
InRamFunctionNotReady	
kStatus_FLASH_Access-	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
Error	
kStatus_FLASH	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
ProtectionViolation	
kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during the command execution.
CommandFailure	

8.5.16 status_t FLASH_VerifyProgram (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, const uint32_t * expectedData, flash_margin_value_t margin, uint32_t * failedAddress, uint32_t * failedData)

This function verifies the data programed in the flash memory using the Flash Program Check Command and compares it to the expected data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be verified. Must be word-aligned.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be verified. Must be wordaligned.
expectedData	A pointer to the expected data that is to be verified against.
margin	Read margin choice.
failedAddress	A pointer to the returned failing address.
failedData	A pointer to the returned failing data. Some derivatives do not include failed data as part of the FCCOBx registers. In this case, zeros are returned upon failure.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

kStatus_FLASH AlignmentError	Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline.
kStatus_FLASH_Address- Error	Address is out of range.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.
kStatus_FLASH CommandFailure	Run-time error during the command execution.

8.5.17 status_t FLASH_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash_config_t * config, flash_margin_value_t margin)

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
margin	Read margin choice.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH_Execute- InRamFunctionNotReady	Execute-in-RAM function is not available.
kStatus_FLASH_Access- Error	Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.
kStatus_FLASH ProtectionViolation	The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.

kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during the command execution.
CommandFailure	

8.5.18 status t FLASH IsProtected (flash_config_t * config, uint32 t start, uint32_t lengthInBytes, flash_protection_state_t * protection_state)

This function retrieves the current flash protect status for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be checked. Must be word-aligned.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words) to be checked. Must be wordaligned.
protection state	A pointer to the value returned for the current protection status code for the desired flash area.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH	Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline.
AlignmentError	
kStatus_FLASH_Address-	The address is out of range.
Error	

status_t FLASH_IsExecuteOnly (flash_config_t * config, uint32_t start, 8.5.19 uint32 t lengthInBytes, flash_execute_only_access_state_t * access_state)

This function retrieves the current flash access status for a given flash area as determined by the start

address and length.		 	 - 5	
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MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual 73 **NXP Semiconductors**

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
start	The start address of the desired flash memory to be checked. Must be word-aligned.
lengthInBytes	The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be checked. Must be wordaligned.
access_state	A pointer to the value returned for the current access status code for the desired flash area.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH	The parameter is not aligned to the specified baseline.
AlignmentError	
kStatus_FLASH_Address-	The address is out of range.
Error	

8.5.20 status_t FLASH_GetProperty (flash_config_t * config, flash_property_tag_t whichProperty, uint32_t * value)

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
whichProperty	The desired property from the list of properties in enum flash_property_tag_t
value	A pointer to the value returned for the desired flash property.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	
kStatus_FLASH	An unknown property tag.
UnknownProperty	

8.5.21 status_t FLASH_SetProperty (flash_config_t * config, flash_property_tag_t whichProperty, uint32 t value)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

75

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
whichProperty	The desired property from the list of properties in enum flash_property_tag_t
value	A to set for the desired flash property.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- Argument	An invalid argument is provided.
kStatus_FLASH UnknownProperty	An unknown property tag.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- PropertyValue	An invalid property value.
kStatus_FLASH_Read- OnlyProperty	An read-only property tag.

8.5.22 status_t FLASH_PflashSetProtection (flash_config_t * config, pflash_protection_status_t * protectStatus)

Parameters

config	A pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.
protectStatus	The expected protect status to set to the PFlash protection register. Each bit is corresponding to protection of 1/32(64) of the total PFlash. The least significant bit is corresponding to the lowest address area of PFlash. The most significant bit is corresponding to the highest address area of PFlash. There are two possible cases as shown below: 0: this area is protected. 1: this area is unprotected.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

kStatus_FLASH	Run-time error during command execution.	
CommandFailure		

8.5.23 status_t FLASH_PflashGetProtection ($flash_config_t * config$, $pflash_protection_status_t * protectStatus$)

Parameters

config	A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.
protectStatus	Protect status returned by the PFlash IP. Each bit is corresponding to the protection of 1/32(64) of the total PFlash. The least significant bit corresponds to the lowest address area of the PFlash. The most significant bit corresponds to the highest address area of PFlash. There are two possible cases as shown below: 0: this area is protected. 1: this area is unprotected.

Return values

kStatus_FLASH_Success	API was executed successfully.
kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-	An invalid argument is provided.
Argument	

Chapter 9

GPIO: General-Purpose Input/Output Driver

9.1 Overview

Modules

- FGPIO Driver
- GPIO Driver

Data Structures

• struct gpio_pin_config_t

The GPIO pin configuration structure. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum gpio_pin_direction_t {
        kGPIO_DigitalInput = 0U,
        kGPIO_DigitalOutput = 1U }
        GPIO direction definition.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 1)) GPIO driver version 2.1.1.

9.2 Data Structure Documentation

9.2.1 struct gpio_pin_config_t

Each pin can only be configured as either an output pin or an input pin at a time. If configured as an input pin, leave the outputConfig unused. Note that in some use cases, the corresponding port property should be configured in advance with the PORT_SetPinConfig().

Data Fields

- gpio_pin_direction_t pinDirection GPIO direction, input or output.
- uint8_t outputLogic

Set a default output logic, which has no use in input.

- 9.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 9.3.1 #define FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 1))
- 9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 9.4.1 enum gpio_pin_direction_t

Enumerator

kGPIO_DigitalInput Set current pin as digital input.kGPIO_DigitalOutput Set current pin as digital output.

9.5 GPIO Driver

9.5.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

9.5.2 Typical use case

9.5.2.1 Output Operation

```
/* Output pin configuration */
gpio_pin_config_t led_config =
{
    kGpioDigitalOutput,
    1,
};
/* Sets the configuration */
GPIO_PinInit(GPIO_LED, LED_PINNUM, &led_config);
```

9.5.2.2 Input Operation

GPIO Configuration

• void GPIO_PinInit (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin, const gpio_pin_config_t *config)

Initializes a GPIO pin used by the board.

GPIO Output Operations

- static void GPIO_WritePinOutput (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin, uint8_t output) Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 1 or 0.
- static void GPIO_SetPinsOutput (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 1.
- static void GPIO_ClearPinsOutput (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)
 - Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 0.
- static void GPIO_TogglePinsOutput (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Reverses the current output logic of the multiple GPIO pins.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

GPIO Driver

GPIO Input Operations

• static uint32_t GPIO_ReadPinInput (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin)

Reads the current input value of the GPIO port.

GPIO Interrupt

uint32_t GPIO_GetPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO_Type *base)
 Reads the GPIO port interrupt status flag.

 void GPIO_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)
 Clears multiple GPIO pin interrupt status flags.

9.5.3 Function Documentation

9.5.3.1 void GPIO_PinInit (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin, const gpio_pin_config_t * config_)

To initialize the GPIO, define a pin configuration, as either input or output, in the user file. Then, call the GPIO_PinInit() function.

This is an example to define an input pin or an output pin configuration.

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
pin	GPIO port pin number
config	GPIO pin configuration pointer

9.5.3.2 static void GPIO_WritePinOutput (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin, uint8_t output) [inline], [static]

81

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
pin	GPIO pin number
output	 GPIO pin output logic level. 0: corresponding pin output low-logic level. 1: corresponding pin output high-logic level.

9.5.3.3 static void GPIO_SetPinsOutput (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
mask	GPIO pin number macro

9.5.3.4 static void GPIO_ClearPinsOutput (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
mask	GPIO pin number macro

9.5.3.5 static void GPIO_TogglePinsOutput (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
mask	GPIO pin number macro

9.5.3.6 static uint32_t GPIO_ReadPinInput (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin) [inline], [static]

GPIO Driver

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
pin	GPIO pin number

Return values

GPIO	port input value
	0: corresponding pin input low-logic level.1: corresponding pin input high-logic level.

9.5.3.7 uint32_t GPIO_GetPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO_Type * base)

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
------	--

Return values

The	current GPIO port interrupt status flag, for example, 0x00010001 means
	the pin 0 and 17 have the interrupt.

9.5.3.8 void GPIO_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)
mask	GPIO pin number macro

9.6 FGPIO Driver

9.6.1 Overview

This chapter describes the programming interface of the FGPIO driver. The FGPIO driver configures the FGPIO module and provides a functional interface to build the GPIO application.

Note

FGPIO (Fast GPIO) is only available in a few MCUs. FGPIO and GPIO share the same peripheral but use different registers. FGPIO is closer to the core than the regular GPIO and it's faster to read and write.

9.6.2 Typical use case

9.6.2.1 Output Operation

```
/* Output pin configuration */
gpio_pin_config_t led_config =
{
    kGpioDigitalOutput,
    1,
};
/* Sets the configuration */
FGPIO_PinInit(FGPIO_LED, LED_PINNUM, &led_config);
```

9.6.2.2 Input Operation

FGPIO Configuration

• void FGPIO_PinInit (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin, const gpio_pin_config_t *config)

Initializes a FGPIO pin used by the board.

FGPIO Output Operations

• static void FGPIO_WritePinOutput (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin, uint8_t output) Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 1 or 0.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

FGPIO Driver

- static void FGPIO_SetPinsOutput (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 1.
- static void FGPIO_ClearPinsOutput (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 0.
- static void FGPIO_TogglePinsOutput (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Reverses the current output logic of the multiple FGPIO pins.

FGPIO Input Operations

• static uint32_t FGPIO_ReadPinInput (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t pin)

Reads the current input value of the FGPIO port.

FGPIO Interrupt

- uint32_t FGPIO_GetPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO_Type *base)
 Reads the FGPIO port interrupt status flag.

 void FGPIO_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t maximum flags)
- void FGPIO_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Clears the multiple FGPIO pin interrupt status flag.

9.6.3 Function Documentation

9.6.3.1 void FGPIO_PinInit (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin, const gpio_pin_config_t * config)

To initialize the FGPIO driver, define a pin configuration, as either input or output, in the user file. Then, call the FGPIO_PinInit() function.

This is an example to define an input pin or an output pin configuration:

```
* // Define a digital input pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*     kGPIO_DigitalInput,
*     0,
* }
* //Define a digital output pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*     kGPIO_DigitalOutput,
*     0,
* }
*
```

85

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)	
pin	FGPIO port pin number	
config	FGPIO pin configuration pointer	

9.6.3.2 static void FGPIO_WritePinOutput (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin, uint8_t output) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
pin	FGPIO pin number
output	 FGPIOpin output logic level. 0: corresponding pin output low-logic level. 1: corresponding pin output high-logic level.

9.6.3.3 static void FGPIO_SetPinsOutput (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
mask	FGPIO pin number macro

9.6.3.4 static void FGPIO_ClearPinsOutput (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
mask	FGPIO pin number macro

9.6.3.5 static void FGPIO_TogglePinsOutput (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

FGPIO Driver

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
mask	FGPIO pin number macro

9.6.3.6 static uint32_t FGPIO_ReadPinInput (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t pin) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
pin	FGPIO pin number

Return values

FGPIO	port input value
	0: corresponding pin input low-logic level.1: corresponding pin input high-logic level.

9.6.3.7 uint32_t FGPIO_GetPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO_Type * base)

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level-sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
------	--

Return values

The	current FGPIO port interrupt status flags, for example, 0x00010001 means
	the pin 0 and 17 have the interrupt.

9.6.3.8 void FGPIO_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)
mask	FGPIO pin number macro

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

FGPIO Driver

Chapter 10

I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver

Overview 10.1

Modules

- I2C DMA Driver
- I2C DriverI2C FreeRTOS Driver
- I2C eDMA Driver

10.2 I2C Driver

10.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

The I2C driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs target the low-level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for the I2C master/slave initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional APIs requires knowing the I2C master peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. The I2C functional operation groups provide the functional APIs set.

Transactional APIs target the high-level APIs. The transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and also in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are critical requirements, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code using the functional APIs or accessing the hardware registers.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions I2C_MasterTransfer-NonBlocking() set up the interrupt non-blocking transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the status.

10.2.2 Typical use case

10.2.2.1 Master Operation in functional method

```
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
/\star Gets the default configuration for master. \star/
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Inititializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
/* Sends a start and a slave address. */
I2C_MasterStart(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, 7-bit slave address,
      kI2C_Write/kI2C_Read);
/\star Waits for the sent out address. \star/
while(!((status = I2C_GetStatusFlag(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR)) & kI2C_IntPendingFlag))
{
if (status & kI2C ReceiveNakFlag)
    return kStatus_I2C_Nak;
result = I2C_MasterWriteBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, txBuff, BUFFER_SIZE,
     kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag);
if(result)
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
{
    return result;
```

10.2.2.2 Master Operation in interrupt transactional method

```
i2c_master_handle_t g_m_handle;
volatile bool g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
i2c_master_transfer_t masterXfer;
\verb|static void i2c_master_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *factorial void *factor
               userData)
          /\star Signal transfer success when received success status. \star/
          if (status == kStatus_Success)
                     g_MasterCompletionFlag = true;
/* Gets a default configuration for master. */
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Initializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
masterXfer.slaveAddress = I2C_MASTER_SLAVE_ADDR_7BIT;
masterXfer.direction = kI2C_Write;
masterXfer.subaddress = NULL;
masterXfer.subaddressSize = 0;
masterXfer.data = txBuff;
masterXfer.dataSize = BUFFER_SIZE;
masterXfer.flags = kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag;
I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandle(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_handle,
               i2c_master_callback, NULL);
I2C_MasterTransferNonBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_handle, &
              masterXfer);
/* Waits for a transfer to be completed. */
while (!g_MasterCompletionFlag)
g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
```

10.2.2.3 Master Operation in DMA transactional method

```
i2c_master_dma_handle_t g_m_dma_handle;
dma_handle_t dmaHandle;
volatile bool g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
i2c_master_transfer_t masterXfer;

static void i2c_master_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void * userData)
{
    /* Signal transfer success when received success status. */
    if (status == kStatus_Success)
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
g_MasterCompletionFlag = true;
/* Gets the default configuration for the master. */
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Initializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
masterXfer.slaveAddress = I2C_MASTER_SLAVE_ADDR_7BIT;
masterXfer.direction = kI2C_Write;
masterXfer.subaddress = NULL;
masterXfer.subaddressSize = 0;
masterXfer.data = txBuff;
masterXfer.dataSize = BUFFER_SIZE;
masterXfer.flags = kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag;
DMAMGR_RequestChannel((dma_request_source_t)DMA_REQUEST_SRC, 0, &dmaHandle);
I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &
     g_m_dma_handle, i2c_master_callback, NULL, &dmaHandle);
I2C_MasterTransferDMA(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_dma_handle, &masterXfer);
/* Wait for transfer completed. */
while (!g_MasterCompletionFlag)
g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
```

10.2.2.4 Slave Operation in functional method

```
i2c_slave_config_t slaveConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&slaveConfig); /*A default configuration 7-bit
      addressing mode*/
slaveConfig.slaveAddr = 7-bit address
slaveConfig.addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit/
      kI2C_RangeMatch;
I2C_SlaveInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &slaveConfig, I2C_SLAVE_CLK);
/* Waits for an address match. */
while(!((status = I2C_GetStatusFlag(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR)) & kI2C_AddressMatchFlag))
{
/\star A slave transmits; master is reading from the slave. \star/
if (status & kI2C_TransferDirectionFlag)
    result = I2C_SlaveWriteBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, txBuff, BUFFER_SIZE);
}
else
{
    I2C_SlaveReadBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, rxBuff, BUFFER_SIZE);
return result;
```

10.2.2.5 Slave Operation in interrupt transactional method

```
i2c_slave_config_t slaveConfig;
i2c_slave_handle_t g_s_handle;
volatile bool g_SlaveCompletionFlag = false;
static void i2c_slave_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_transfer_t *xfer, void *
    switch (xfer->event)
        /* Transmit request */
        case kI2C_SlaveTransmitEvent:
            /\star Update information for transmit process \star/
            xfer->data = g_slave_buff;
            xfer->dataSize = I2C_DATA_LENGTH;
            break:
        /\star Receives request \star/
        case kI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent:
            /* Update information for received process */
            xfer->data = g_slave_buff;
            xfer->dataSize = I2C_DATA_LENGTH;
            break:
        /\star Transfer is done \star/
        case kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent:
            g_SlaveCompletionFlag = true;
            break:
            g_SlaveCompletionFlag = true;
            break;
I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&slaveConfig); /*A default configuration 7-bit
      addressing mode*/
slaveConfig.slaveAddr = 7-bit address
slaveConfig.addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit/
      kI2C_RangeMatch;
I2C_SlaveInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &slaveConfig, I2C_SLAVE_CLK);
I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &g_s_handle,
      i2c_slave_callback, NULL);
I2C_SlaveTransferNonBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &g_s_handle,
     kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent);
/* Waits for a transfer to be completed. */
while (!g_SlaveCompletionFlag)
{
g_SlaveCompletionFlag = false;
```

Data Structures

```
    struct i2c_master_config_t
        I2C master user configuration. More...
    struct i2c_slave_config_t
        I2C slave user configuration. More...
    struct i2c_master_transfer_t
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
    12C master transfer structure. More...
    struct i2c_master_handle_t
        12C master handle structure. More...

    struct i2c_slave_transfer_t
        12C slave transfer structure. More...

    struct i2c_slave_handle_t
        12C slave handle structure. More...
```

Typedefs

- typedef void(* i2c_master_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

 I2C master transfer callback typedef.
- typedef void(* i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_transfer_t *xfer, void *userData)

I2C slave transfer callback typedef.

Enumerations

```
• enum i2c status {
 kStatus_I2C_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 0),
 kStatus_I2C_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 1),
 kStatus_I2C_Nak = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 2),
 kStatus I2C ArbitrationLost = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup I2C, 3),
 kStatus_I2C_Timeout = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 4),
 kStatus I2C Addr Nak = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup I2C, 5) }
    I2C status return codes.
enum <u>i2c_flags</u> {
 kI2C_ReceiveNakFlag = I2C_S_RXAK_MASK,
 kI2C_IntPendingFlag = I2C_S_IICIF_MASK,
 kI2C_TransferDirectionFlag = I2C_S_SRW_MASK,
 kI2C_RangeAddressMatchFlag = I2C_S_RAM_MASK,
 kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag = I2C_S_ARBL_MASK,
 kI2C_BusBusyFlag = I2C_S_BUSY_MASK,
 kI2C_AddressMatchFlag = I2C_S_IAAS_MASK,
 kI2C_TransferCompleteFlag = I2C_S_TCF_MASK,
 kI2C_StopDetectFlag = I2C_FLT_STOPF_MASK << 8,
 kI2C_StartDetectFlag = I2C_FLT_STARTF_MASK << 8 }
    I2C peripheral flags.
enum _i2c_interrupt_enable {
 kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable = I2C_C1_IICIE_MASK,
 kI2C_StartStopDetectInterruptEnable = I2C_FLT_SSIE_MASK }
    I2C feature interrupt source.
enum i2c_direction_t {
 kI2C Write = 0x0U,
```

```
kI2C Read = 0x1U }
    The direction of master and slave transfers.
enum i2c_slave_address_mode_t {
 kI2C Address7bit = 0x0U,
 kI2C_RangeMatch = 0X2U }
    Addressing mode.
• enum _i2c_master_transfer_flags {
 kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag = 0x0U,
 kI2C_TransferNoStartFlag = 0x1U,
 kI2C TransferRepeatedStartFlag = 0x2U,
 kI2C_TransferNoStopFlag = 0x4U }
    I2C transfer control flag.
enum i2c_slave_transfer_event_t {
 kI2C SlaveAddressMatchEvent = 0x01U,
 kI2C SlaveTransmitEvent = 0x02U,
 kI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent = 0x04U,
 kI2C_SlaveTransmitAckEvent = 0x08U,
 kI2C SlaveStartEvent = 0x10U,
 kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent = 0x20U,
 kI2C_SlaveGenaralcallEvent = 0x40U,
 kI2C SlaveAllEvents }
    Set of events sent to the callback for nonblocking slave transfers.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_I2C_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) *I2C driver version 2.0.3.*

Initialization and deinitialization

• void I2C_MasterInit (I2C_Type *base, const i2c_master_config_t *masterConfig, uint32_t src-Clock_Hz)

Initializes the I2C peripheral.

void I2C_SlaveInit (I2C_Type *base, const i2c_slave_config_t *slaveConfig, uint32_t srcClock_-Hz)

Initializes the I2C peripheral.

• void I2C_MasterDeinit (I2C_Type *base)

De-initializes the I2C master peripheral.

• void I2C_SlaveDeinit (I2C_Type *base)

De-initializes the I2C slave peripheral.

void I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig (i2c_master_config_t *masterConfig)

Sets the I2C master configuration structure to default values.

void I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (i2c_slave_config_t *slaveConfig)

Sets the I2C slave configuration structure to default values.

• static void I2C_Enable (I2C_Type *base, bool enable)

Enables or disabless the I2C peripheral operation.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Status

• uint32_t I2C_MasterGetStatusFlags (I2C_Type *base)

Gets the I2C status flags.

• static uint32_t I2C_SlaveGetStatusFlags (I2C_Type *base)

Gets the I2C status flags.

• static void I2C_MasterClearStatusFlags (I2C_Type *base, uint32_t statusMask)

Clears the I2C status flag state.

• static void I2C_SlaveClearStatusFlags (I2C_Type *base, uint32_t statusMask) Clears the I2C status flag state.

Interrupts

• void I2C_EnableInterrupts (I2C_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Enables I2C interrupt requests.

• void I2C_DisableInterrupts (I2C_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Disables I2C interrupt requests.

DMA Control

• static uint32_t I2C_GetDataRegAddr (I2C_Type *base) Gets the I2C tx/rx data register address.

Bus Operations

- void I2C_MasterSetBaudRate (I2C_Type *base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t srcClock_Hz) Sets the I2C master transfer baud rate.
- status_t I2C_MasterStart (I2C_Type *base, uint8_t address, i2c_direction_t direction)
 Sends a START on the I2C bus.
- status_t I2C_MasterStop (I2C_Type *base)

Sends a STOP signal on the I2C bus.

- status_t I2C_MasterRepeatedStart (I2C_Type *base, uint8_t address, i2c_direction_t direction) Sends a REPEATED START on the I2C bus.
- status_t I2C_MasterWriteBlocking (I2C_Type *base, const uint8_t *txBuff, size_t txSize, uint32_t flags)

Performs a polling send transaction on the I2C bus.

- status_t I2C_MasterReadBlocking (I2C_Type *base, uint8_t *rxBuff, size_t rxSize, uint32_t flags)

 Performs a polling receive transaction on the I2C bus.
- status_t I2C_SlaveWriteBlocking (I2C_Type *base, const uint8_t *txBuff, size_t txSize)

 Performs a polling send transaction on the I2C bus.
- void I2C_SlaveReadBlocking (I2C_Type *base, uint8_t *rxBuff, size_t rxSize)
 - Performs a polling receive transaction on the I2C bus.
- status_t I2C_MasterTransferBlocking (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_transfer_t *xfer) Performs a master polling transfer on the I2C bus.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Transactional

• void I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandle (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData)

Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transactional functions.

• status_t I2C_MasterTransferNonBlocking (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_transfer_t *xfer)

Performs a master interrupt non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

• status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCount (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, size_t *count)

Gets the master transfer status during a interrupt non-blocking transfer.

• void I2C_MasterTransferAbort (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle)

Aborts an interrupt non-blocking transfer early.

• void I2C_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (I2C_Type *base, void *i2cHandle)

Master interrupt handler.

• void I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_handle_t *handle, i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData)

Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transactional functions.

• status_t I2C_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_handle_t *handle, uint32_t eventMask)

Starts accepting slave transfers.

• void I2C_SlaveTransferAbort (I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_handle_t *handle)

Aborts the slave transfer.

- status_t I2C_SlaveTransferGetCount (I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_handle_t *handle, size_t *count)

 Gets the slave transfer remaining bytes during a interrupt non-blocking transfer.
- void I2C_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (I2C_Type *base, void *i2cHandle) Slave interrupt handler.

10.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

10.2.3.1 struct i2c_master_config_t

Data Fields

bool enableMaster

Enables the I2C peripheral at initialization time.

bool enableStopHold

Controls the stop hold enable.

uint32_t baudRate_Bps

Baud rate configuration of I2C peripheral.

• uint8_t glitchFilterWidth

Controls the width of the glitch.

10.2.3.1.0.18 Field Documentation

10.2.3.1.0.18.1 bool i2c_master_config_t::enableMaster

10.2.3.1.0.18.2 bool i2c_master_config_t::enableStopHold

10.2.3.1.0.18.3 uint32_t i2c_master_config_t::baudRate_Bps

10.2.3.1.0.18.4 uint8_t i2c_master_config_t::glitchFilterWidth

10.2.3.2 struct i2c slave config t

Data Fields

• bool enableSlave

Enables the I2C peripheral at initialization time.

• bool enableGeneralCall

Enables the general call addressing mode.

• bool enableWakeUp

Enables/disables waking up MCU from low-power mode.

bool enableBaudRateCtl

Enables/disables independent slave baud rate on SCL in very fast I2C modes.

• uint16 t slaveAddress

A slave address configuration.

• uint16_t upperAddress

A maximum boundary slave address used in a range matching mode.

• i2c_slave_address_mode_t addressingMode

An addressing mode configuration of i2c slave address mode config t.

• uint32_t sclStopHoldTime_ns

the delay from the rising edge of SCL (I2C clock) to the rising edge of SDA (I2C data) while SCL is high (stop condition), SDA hold time and SCL start hold time are also configured according to the SCL stop hold time.

```
10.2.3.2.0.19 Field Documentation

10.2.3.2.0.19.1 bool i2c_slave_config_t::enableSlave

10.2.3.2.0.19.2 bool i2c_slave_config_t::enableGeneralCall

10.2.3.2.0.19.3 bool i2c_slave_config_t::enableWakeUp

10.2.3.2.0.19.4 bool i2c_slave_config_t::enableBaudRateCtl

10.2.3.2.0.19.5 uint16_t i2c_slave_config_t::slaveAddress

10.2.3.2.0.19.6 uint16_t i2c_slave_config_t::upperAddress

10.2.3.2.0.19.7 i2c_slave_address_mode_t i2c_slave_config_t::addressingMode

10.2.3.2.0.19.8 uint32_t i2c_slave_config_t::sclStopHoldTime_ns

10.2.3.3 struct i2c_master_transfer_t
```

Data Fields

- uint32_t flags
 - A transfer flag which controls the transfer.
- uint8 t slaveAddress
 - 7-bit slave address.
- i2c_direction_t direction

A transfer direction, read or write.

- uint32_t subaddress
 - A sub address.
- uint8_t subaddressSize

A size of the command buffer.

- uint8_t *volatile data
 - A transfer buffer.
- volatile size_t dataSize

A transfer size.

10.2.3.3.0.20 Field Documentation

- 10.2.3.3.0.20.1 uint32_t i2c_master_transfer_t::flags
- 10.2.3.3.0.20.2 uint8_t i2c_master_transfer_t::slaveAddress
- 10.2.3.3.0.20.3 i2c_direction_t i2c_master_transfer_t::direction
- 10.2.3.3.0.20.4 uint32_t i2c_master_transfer_t::subaddress

Transferred MSB first.

10.2.3.3.0.20.5 uint8 t i2c master transfer t::subaddressSize

10.2.3.3.0.20.6 uint8_t* volatile i2c_master_transfer_t::data

10.2.3.3.0.20.7 volatile size_t i2c_master_transfer_t::dataSize

10.2.3.4 struct _i2c_master_handle

I2C master handle typedef.

Data Fields

• i2c_master_transfer_t transfer

12C master transfer copy.

size t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

• uint8_t state

A transfer state maintained during transfer.

• i2c_master_transfer_callback_t completionCallback

A callback function called when the transfer is finished.

void * userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

10.2.3.4.0.21 Field Documentation

10.2.3.4.0.21.1 i2c_master_transfer_t i2c_master_handle_t::transfer

10.2.3.4.0.21.2 size t i2c master handle t::transferSize

10.2.3.4.0.21.3 uint8 t i2c master handle t::state

10.2.3.4.0.21.4 i2c_master_transfer_callback_t i2c master handle t::completionCallback

10.2.3.4.0.21.5 void* i2c master handle t::userData

10.2.3.5 struct i2c_slave_transfer_t

Data Fields

• i2c slave transfer event t event

A reason that the callback is invoked.

• uint8 t *volatile data

A transfer buffer.

• volatile size_t dataSize

A transfer size.

• status_t completionStatus

Success or error code describing how the transfer completed.

size_t transferredCount

A number of bytes actually transferred since the start or since the last repeated start.

10.2.3.5.0.22 Field Documentation

10.2.3.5.0.22.1 i2c_slave_transfer_event_t i2c_slave_transfer_t::event

10.2.3.5.0.22.2 uint8 t* volatile i2c slave transfer t::data

10.2.3.5.0.22.3 volatile size_t i2c_slave_transfer_t::dataSize

10.2.3.5.0.22.4 status_t i2c_slave_transfer_t::completionStatus

Only applies for kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent.

10.2.3.5.0.22.5 size t i2c slave transfer t::transferredCount

10.2.3.6 struct _i2c_slave_handle

I2C slave handle typedef.

Data Fields

• volatile bool isBusy

Indicates whether a transfer is busy.

• i2c_slave_transfer_t transfer

I2C slave transfer copy.

• uint32_t eventMask

A mask of enabled events.

• i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t callback

A callback function called at the transfer event.

void * userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

10.2.3.6.0.23 Field Documentation

10.2.3.6.0.23.1 volatile bool i2c_slave_handle_t::isBusy

10.2.3.6.0.23.2 i2c_slave_transfer_t i2c_slave_handle_t::transfer

10.2.3.6.0.23.3 uint32_t i2c_slave_handle_t::eventMask

10.2.3.6.0.23.4 i2c slave transfer callback t i2c slave handle t::callback

10.2.3.6.0.23.5 void* i2c slave handle t::userData

10.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation

10.2.4.1 #define FSL_I2C_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

10.2.5 Typedef Documentation

10.2.5.1 typedef void(* i2c_master_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

10.2.5.2 typedef void(* i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c slave transfer t *xfer, void *userData)

10.2.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

10.2.6.1 enum _i2c_status

Enumerator

kStatus_I2C_Busy I2C is busy with current transfer.

kStatus_I2C_Idle Bus is Idle.

kStatus_I2C_Nak NAK received during transfer.

kStatus 12C ArbitrationLost Arbitration lost during transfer.

kStatus 12C Timeout Wait event timeout.

kStatus_I2C_Addr_Nak NAK received during the address probe.

10.2.6.2 enum <u>i2c_flags</u>

The following status register flags can be cleared:

- kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag
- kI2C_IntPendingFlag
- kI2C_StartDetectFlag
- kI2C_StopDetectFlag

Note

These enumerations are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask.

Enumerator

kI2C_ReceiveNakFlag I2C receive NAK flag.

kI2C_IntPendingFlag I2C interrupt pending flag.

kI2C_TransferDirectionFlag I2C transfer direction flag.

kI2C_RangeAddressMatchFlag I2C range address match flag.

kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag I2C arbitration lost flag.

kI2C_BusBusyFlag I2C bus busy flag.

kI2C_AddressMatchFlag I2C address match flag.

kI2C TransferCompleteFlag I2C transfer complete flag.

kI2C_StopDetectFlag I2C stop detect flag.

kI2C_StartDetectFlag I2C start detect flag.

10.2.6.3 enum _i2c_interrupt_enable

Enumerator

kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable I2C global interrupt.

kI2C_StartStopDetectInterruptEnable I2C start&stop detect interrupt.

10.2.6.4 enum i2c_direction_t

Enumerator

kI2C Write Master transmits to the slave.

kI2C_Read Master receives from the slave.

10.2.6.5 enum i2c_slave_address_mode_t

Enumerator

kI2C_Address7bit 7-bit addressing mode.

kI2C_RangeMatch Range address match addressing mode.

10.2.6.6 enum _i2c_master_transfer_flags

Enumerator

kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag A transfer starts with a start signal, stops with a stop signal.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
kI2C_TransferNoStartFlag A transfer starts without a start signal.
```

kI2C_TransferRepeatedStartFlag A transfer starts with a repeated start signal.

kI2C_TransferNoStopFlag A transfer ends without a stop signal.

10.2.6.7 enum i2c_slave_transfer_event_t

These event enumerations are used for two related purposes. First, a bit mask created by OR'ing together events is passed to I2C_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() to specify which events to enable. Then, when the slave callback is invoked, it is passed the current event through its *transfer* parameter.

Note

These enumerations are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask of events.

Enumerator

kI2C_SlaveAddressMatchEvent Received the slave address after a start or repeated start.

k12C_SlaveTransmitEvent A callback is requested to provide data to transmit (slave-transmitter role).

kI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent A callback is requested to provide a buffer in which to place received data (slave-receiver role).

kI2C SlaveTransmitAckEvent A callback needs to either transmit an ACK or NACK.

kI2C_SlaveStartEvent A start/repeated start was detected.

kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent A stop was detected or finished transfer, completing the transfer.

kI2C_SlaveGenaralcallEvent Received the general call address after a start or repeated start.

kI2C SlaveAllEvents A bit mask of all available events.

10.2.7 Function Documentation

10.2.7.1 void I2C_MasterInit (I2C_Type * base, const i2c_master_config_t * masterConfig, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

Call this API to ungate the I2C clock and configure the I2C with master configuration.

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application. Otherwise, any operation to the I2C module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled. The configuration structure can be custom filled or it can be set with default values by using the I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the master is ready to transfer. This is an example.

```
* i2c_master_config_t config = {
* .enableMaster = true,
* .enableStopHold = false,
* .highDrive = false,
* .baudRate_Bps = 100000,
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

105

```
* .glitchFilterWidth = 0
* };
* I2C_MasterInit(I2C0, &config, 12000000U);
**
```

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
masterConfig	A pointer to the master configuration structure
srcClock_Hz	I2C peripheral clock frequency in Hz

10.2.7.2 void I2C_SlaveInit (I2C_Type * base, const i2c_slave_config_t * slaveConfig, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

Call this API to ungate the I2C clock and initialize the I2C with the slave configuration.

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application. Otherwise, any operation to the I2C module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled. The configuration structure can partly be set with default values by I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig() or it can be custom filled by the user. This is an example.

```
* i2c_slave_config_t config = {
* .enableSlave = true,
* .enableGeneralCall = false,
* .addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit,
* .slaveAddress = 0x1DU,
* .enableWakeUp = false,
* .enablehighDrive = false,
* .enableBaudRateCtl = false,
* .sclStopHoldTime_ns = 4000
* };
* I2C_SlaveInit(I2C0, &config, 12000000U);
```

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
slave Config	A pointer to the slave configuration structure
srcClock_Hz	I2C peripheral clock frequency in Hz

10.2.7.3 void I2C_MasterDeinit (I2C_Type * base)

Call this API to gate the I2C clock. The I2C master module can't work unless the I2C_MasterInit is called.

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
------	------------------

10.2.7.4 void I2C_SlaveDeinit (I2C_Type * base)

Calling this API gates the I2C clock. The I2C slave module can't work unless the I2C_SlaveInit is called to enable the clock.

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
------	------------------

10.2.7.5 void I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig (i2c_master_config_t * masterConfig)

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in the I2C_Master-Configure(). Use the initialized structure unchanged in the I2C_MasterConfigure() or modify the structure before calling the I2C_MasterConfigure(). This is an example.

```
* i2c_master_config_t config;
* I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&config);
.
```

Parameters

masterConfig A pointer to the master configuration structure.

10.2.7.6 void I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (i2c_slave_config_t * slaveConfig)

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in the I2C_SlaveConfigure(). Modify fields of the structure before calling the I2C_SlaveConfigure(). This is an example.

```
* i2c_slave_config_t config;
* I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&config);
*
```

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

107

slaveConfig	A pointer to the slave configuration structure.
Sid v C Corific	11 pointer to the stave configuration structure.

10.2.7.7 static void I2C_Enable (I2C_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
enable	Pass true to enable and false to disable the module.

10.2.7.8 uint32_t I2C_MasterGetStatusFlags (I2C_Type * base)

Parameters

base I	I2C base pointer
--------	------------------

Returns

status flag, use status flag to AND _i2c_flags to get the related status.

10.2.7.9 static uint32_t I2C_SlaveGetStatusFlags (I2C_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

Returns

status flag, use status flag to AND _i2c_flags to get the related status.

10.2.7.10 static void I2C_MasterClearStatusFlags (I2C_Type * base, uint32_t statusMask) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag and kI2C_IntPendingFlag.

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
statusMask	The status flag mask, defined in type i2c_status_flag_t. The parameter can be any combination of the following values: • kI2C_StartDetectFlag (if available) • kI2C_StopDetectFlag (if available) • kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag • kI2C_IntPendingFlagFlag

10.2.7.11 static void I2C_SlaveClearStatusFlags (I2C_Type * base, uint32_t statusMask) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag and kI2C_IntPendingFlag

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
statusMask	The status flag mask, defined in type i2c_status_flag_t. The parameter can be any combination of the following values: • kI2C_StartDetectFlag (if available) • kI2C_StopDetectFlag (if available) • kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag • kI2C_IntPendingFlagFlag

10.2.7.12 void I2C_EnableInterrupts (I2C_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
mask	 interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined: kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable kI2C_StopDetectInterruptEnable/kI2C_StartDetectInterruptEnable kI2C_SdaTimeoutInterruptEnable

10.2.7.13 void I2C_DisableInterrupts (I2C_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

109

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer
mask	 interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined: kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable kI2C_StopDetectInterruptEnable/kI2C_StartDetectInterruptEnable kI2C_SdaTimeoutInterruptEnable

This API is used to provide a transfer address for I2C DMA transfer configuration.

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer

Returns

data register address

10.2.7.15 void I2C_MasterSetBaudRate (I2C_Type * base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

Parameters

base	base I2C base pointer	
baudRate_Bps	the baud rate value in bps	
srcClock_Hz	Source clock	

10.2.7.16 status_t I2C_MasterStart (I2C_Type * base, uint8_t address, i2c_direction_t direction)

This function is used to initiate a new master mode transfer by sending the START signal. The slave address is sent following the I2C START signal.

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base pointer
address	7-bit slave device address.
direction	Master transfer directions(transmit/receive).

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully send the start signal.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	Current bus is busy.

10.2.7.17 status_t I2C_MasterStop (I2C_Type * base)

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully send the stop signal.
kStatus_I2C_Timeout	Send stop signal failed, timeout.

10.2.7.18 status_t I2C_MasterRepeatedStart (I2C_Type * base, uint8_t address, i2c_direction_t direction)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base pointer
address	7-bit slave device address.
direction	Master transfer directions(transmit/receive).

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully send the start signal.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	Current bus is busy but not occupied by current I2C master.

10.2.7.19 status_t I2C_MasterWriteBlocking (I2C_Type * base, const uint8_t * txBuff, size_t txSize, uint32_t flags)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

111

Parameters

base	The I2C peripheral base pointer.	
txBuff The pointer to the data to be transferred.		
txSize	txSize The length in bytes of the data to be transferred.	
flags Transfer control flag to decide whether need to send a stop, use kI2C_Transfer DefaultFlag to issue a stop and kI2C_TransferNoStop to not send a stop.		

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully complete the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Arbitration-	Transfer error, arbitration lost.
Lost	
kStataus_I2C_Nak	Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer.

10.2.7.20 status_t I2C_MasterReadBlocking (I2C_Type * base, uint8_t * rxBuff, size_t rxSize, uint32_t flags)

Note

The I2C_MasterReadBlocking function stops the bus before reading the final byte. Without stopping the bus prior for the final read, the bus issues another read, resulting in garbage data being read into the data register.

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base pointer.	
rxBuff	rxBuff The pointer to the data to store the received data.	
rxSize	The length in bytes of the data to be received.	
flags Transfer control flag to decide whether need to send a stop, use kI2C_Transfer DefaultFlag to issue a stop and kI2C_TransferNoStop to not send a stop.		

Return values

kStatus_Success Successfully complete the data transmission.
--

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kStatus_I2C_Timeout Send stop	signal failed, timeout.
---------------------------------	-------------------------

10.2.7.21 status_t I2C_SlaveWriteBlocking (I2C_Type * base, const uint8_t * txBuff, size_t txSize)

Parameters

base	The I2C peripheral base pointer.
txBuff	The pointer to the data to be transferred.
txSize	The length in bytes of the data to be transferred.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully complete the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Arbitration-	Transfer error, arbitration lost.
Lost	
kStataus_I2C_Nak	Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer.

10.2.7.22 void I2C_SlaveReadBlocking (I2C_Type * base, uint8_t * rxBuff, size_t rxSize)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base pointer.
rxBuff	The pointer to the data to store the received data.
rxSize	The length in bytes of the data to be received.

10.2.7.23 status_t I2C_MasterTransferBlocking (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_transfer_t * xfer)

Note

The API does not return until the transfer succeeds or fails due to arbitration lost or receiving a NAK.

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address.
xfer	Pointer to the transfer structure.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully complete the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	Previous transmission still not finished.
kStatus_I2C_Timeout	Transfer error, wait signal timeout.
kStatus_I2C_Arbitration-	Transfer error, arbitration lost.
Lost	
kStataus_I2C_Nak	Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer.

10.2.7.24 void I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandle (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure to store the transfer state.
callback	pointer to user callback function.
userData	user parameter passed to the callback function.

10.2.7.25 status_t I2C_MasterTransferNonBlocking (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_transfer_t * xfer)

Note

Calling the API returns immediately after transfer initiates. The user needs to call I2C_MasterGet-TransferCount to poll the transfer status to check whether the transfer is finished. If the return status is not kStatus_I2C_Busy, the transfer is finished.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.
xfer	pointer to i2c_master_transfer_t structure.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	Previous transmission still not finished.
kStatus_I2C_Timeout	Transfer error, wait signal timeout.

10.2.7.26 status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCount (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.
count	Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	count is Invalid.
kStatus_Success	Successfully return the count.

10.2.7.27 void I2C_MasterTransferAbort (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_handle_t * handle)

Note

This API can be called at any time when an interrupt non-blocking transfer initiates to abort the transfer early.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state

10.2.7.28 void I2C_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (I2C_Type * base, void * i2cHandle)

Parameters

base	2 I2C base pointer.	
i2cHandle	pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure.	

10.2.7.29 void I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (I2C_Type * base, i2c_slave_handle_t * handle, i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure to store the transfer state.
callback	pointer to user callback function.
userData	user parameter passed to the callback function.

10.2.7.30 status_t I2C_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (I2C_Type * base, i2c_slave_handle_t * handle, uint32_t eventMask)

Call this API after calling the I2C_SlaveInit() and I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() to start processing transactions driven by an I2C master. The slave monitors the I2C bus and passes events to the callback that was passed into the call to I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle(). The callback is always invoked from the interrupt context.

The set of events received by the callback is customizable. To do so, set the *eventMask* parameter to the OR'd combination of i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators for the events you wish to receive. The k-I2C_SlaveTransmitEvent and #kLPI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent events are always enabled and do not need to be included in the mask. Alternatively, pass 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events that are always enabled. In addition, the kI2C_SlaveAllEvents constant is provided as a convenient way to enable all events.

Parameters

base	The I2C peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to #i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.
eventMask	Bit mask formed by OR'ing together i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators to specify which events to send to the callback. Other accepted values are 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events, and kI2C_SlaveAllEvents to enable all events.

Return values

#kStatus_Success	Slave transfers were successfully started.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	Slave transfers have already been started on this handle.

10.2.7.31 void I2C_SlaveTransferAbort (I2C_Type * base, i2c_slave_handle_t * handle)

Note

This API can be called at any time to stop slave for handling the bus events.

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.

10.2.7.32 status_t I2C_SlaveTransferGetCount (I2C_Type * base, i2c_slave_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.
handle	pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure.
count	Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	count is Invalid.
kStatus_Success	Successfully return the count.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

10.2.7.33 void I2C_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (I2C_Type * base, void * i2cHandle)

Parameters

base	I2C base pointer.	
i2cHandle	pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state	

10.3 I2C eDMA Driver

10.3.1 Overview

Data Structures

• struct i2c_master_edma_handle_t

I2C master eDMA transfer structure. More...

Typedefs

typedef void(* i2c_master_edma_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
 I2C master eDMA transfer callback typedef.

I2C Block eDMA Transfer Operation

- void I2C_MasterCreateEDMAHandle (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_edma_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData, edma_handle_t *edmaHandle)
 Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transcational functions.
- status_t I2C_MasterTransferEDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_transfer_t *xfer)

Performs a master eDMA non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

- status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCountEDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_edma_handle_-t *handle, size_t *count)
 - Gets a master transfer status during the eDMA non-blocking transfer.
- void I2C_MasterTransferAbortEDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t *handle) Aborts a master eDMA non-blocking transfer early.

10.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

10.3.2.1 struct i2c master edma handle

I2C master eDMA handle typedef.

Data Fields

- i2c_master_transfer_t transfer
 - I2C master transfer structure.
- size t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

- uint8_t nbytes
 - eDMA minor byte transfer count initially configured.
- uint8_t state

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

I2C eDMA Driver

I2C master transfer status.

• edma handle t * dmaHandle

The eDMA handler used.

• i2c_master_edma_transfer_callback_t completionCallback

A callback function called after the eDMA transfer is finished.

void * userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

10.3.2.1.0.24 Field Documentation

- 10.3.2.1.0.24.1 i2c_master_transfer_t i2c_master_edma_handle_t::transfer
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.2 size t i2c master edma handle t::transferSize
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.3 uint8_t i2c_master_edma_handle_t::nbytes
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.4 uint8 t i2c master edma handle t::state
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.5 edma handle t* i2c master edma handle t::dmaHandle
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.6 i2c_master_edma_transfer_callback_t i2c_master_edma_handle_t::completion-Callback
- 10.3.2.1.0.24.7 void* i2c_master_edma_handle_t::userData

10.3.3 Typedef Documentation

typedef void(* i2c_master_edma_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, 10.3.3.1 i2c master edma handle t *handle, status t status, void *userData)

10.3.4 Function Documentation

10.3.4.1 void I2C_MasterCreateEDMAHandle (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_edma_handle t * handle. i2c master edma transfer callback t callback. void * userData, edma handle t * edmaHandle)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address.	
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.	
callback	A pointer to the user callback function.	

userData	A user parameter passed to the callback function.
edmaHandle	eDMA handle pointer.

10.3.4.2 status_t I2C_MasterTransferEDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_- master_edma_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_transfer_t * xfer)

Parameters

base	e I2C peripheral base address.	
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.	
xfer	A pointer to the transfer structure of i2c_master_transfer_t.	

Return values

kStatus_Success	Sucessfully completed the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	A previous transmission is still not finished.
kStatus_I2C_Timeout	Transfer error, waits for a signal timeout.
kStatus_I2C_Arbitration-	Transfer error, arbitration lost.
Lost	
kStataus_I2C_Nak	Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer.

10.3.4.3 status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCountEDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address.
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.
count	A number of bytes transferred by the non-blocking transaction.

10.3.4.4 void I2C_MasterTransferAbortEDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_edma_handle_t * handle)

I2C eDMA Driver

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address.
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.

10.4 I2C DMA Driver

10.4.1 Overview

Data Structures

• struct i2c_master_dma_handle_t

I2C master DMA transfer structure. More...

Typedefs

typedef void(* i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
 I2C master DMA transfer callback typedef.

I2C Block DMA Transfer Operation

- void I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData, dma_handle_t *dmaHandle)

 Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transcational functions.
- status_t_I2C_MasterTransferDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_transfer_t *xfer)

Performs a master DMA non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

- status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, size t *count)
 - Gets a master transfer status during a DMA non-blocking transfer.
- void I2C_MasterTransferAbortDMA (I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle) Aborts a master DMA non-blocking transfer early.

10.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

10.4.2.1 struct i2c master dma handle

I2C master DMA handle typedef.

Data Fields

- i2c_master_transfer_t transfer
 - *I2C master transfer struct.*
- size_t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

- uint8_t state
 - *I2C* master transfer status.
- dma_handle_t * dmaHandle

NXP Semiconductors 123

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

I2C DMA Driver

The DMA handler used.

- i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t completionCallback A callback function called after the DMA transfer finished.
- void * userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

10.4.2.1.0.25 Field Documentation

- 10.4.2.1.0.25.1 i2c master transfer t i2c master dma handle t::transfer
- 10.4.2.1.0.25.2 size_t i2c_master_dma_handle_t::transferSize
- 10.4.2.1.0.25.3 uint8_t i2c_master_dma_handle_t::state
- 10.4.2.1.0.25.4 dma_handle_t* i2c_master_dma_handle_t::dmaHandle
- 10.4.2.1.0.25.5 i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t i2c_master_dma_handle_t::completion-Callback
- 10.4.2.1.0.25.6 void* i2c master dma handle t::userData

10.4.3 Typedef Documentation

10.4.3.1 typedef void(* i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t)(I2C_Type *base, i2c master dma handle t *handle, status t status, void *userData)

10.4.4 Function Documentation

10.4.4.1 void I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_dma_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData, dma handle t * dmaHandle)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address
handle	Pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure
callback	Pointer to the user callback function
userData	A user parameter passed to the callback function
dmaHandle	DMA handle pointer

10.4.4.2 status_t I2C_MasterTransferDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_transfer_t * xfer)

125

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure
xfer	A pointer to the transfer structure of the i2c_master_transfer_t

Return values

kStatus_Success	Sucessfully completes the data transmission.
kStatus_I2C_Busy	A previous transmission is still not finished.
kStatus_I2C_Timeout	A transfer error, waits for the signal timeout.
kStatus_I2C_Arbitration-	A transfer error, arbitration lost.
Lost	
kStataus_I2C_Nak	A transfer error, receives NAK during transfer.

10.4.4.3 status_t I2C_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure
count	A number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction.

10.4.4.4 void I2C_MasterTransferAbortDMA (I2C_Type * base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t * handle)

Parameters

base	I2C peripheral base address
handle	A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure.

I2C FreeRTOS Driver

10.5 I2C FreeRTOS Driver

10.5.1 Overview

I2C RTOS Operation

- status_t I2C_RTOS_Init (i2c_rtos_handle_t *handle, I2C_Type *base, const i2c_master_config_t *masterConfig, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)
 Initializes I2C.
- status_t I2C_RTOS_Deinit (i2c_rtos_handle_t *handle)

 Deinitializes the I2C.
- status_t I2C_RTOS_Transfer (i2c_rtos_handle_t *handle, i2c_master_transfer_t *transfer)

 Performs the I2C transfer.

10.5.2 Function Documentation

10.5.2.1 status_t I2C_RTOS_Init (i2c_rtos_handle_t * handle, I2C_Type * base, const i2c_master_config_t * masterConfig, uint32 t srcClock_Hz)

This function initializes the I2C module and the related RTOS context.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS I2C handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context.
base	The pointer base address of the I2C instance to initialize.
masterConfig	The configuration structure to set-up I2C in master mode.
srcClock_Hz	The frequency of an input clock of the I2C module.

Returns

status of the operation.

10.5.2.2 status_t I2C_RTOS_Deinit (i2c_rtos_handle_t * handle)

This function deinitializes the I2C module and the related RTOS context.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS I2C handle.
--------	----------------------

10.5.2.3 status_t I2C_RTOS_Transfer (i2c_rtos_handle_t * handle, i2c_master_transfer_t * transfer)

This function performs the I2C transfer according to the data given in the transfer structure.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS I2C handle.
transfer	A structure specifying the transfer parameters.

Returns

status of the operation.

I2C FreeRTOS Driver

Chapter 11

LLWU: Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit Driver

11.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit (LLWU) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The LLWU module allows the user to select external pin sources and internal modules as a wake-up source from low-leakage power modes.

11.2 External wakeup pins configurations

Configures the external wakeup pins' working modes, gets, and clears the wake pin flags. External wakeup pins are accessed by the pinIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of the external pins depend on the SoC configuration.

11.3 Internal wakeup modules configurations

Enables/disables the internal wakeup modules and gets the module flags. Internal modules are accessed by moduleIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of external pins depend the on SoC configuration.

11.4 Digital pin filter for external wakeup pin configurations

Configures the digital pin filter of the external wakeup pins' working modes, gets, and clears the pin filter flags. Digital pin filters are accessed by the filterIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of external pins depend on the SoC configuration.

Data Structures

• struct llwu_external_pin_filter_mode_t

An external input pin filter control structure. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum llwu_external_pin_mode_t {
        kLLWU_ExternalPinDisable = 0U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinRisingEdge = 1U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinFallingEdge = 2U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinAnyEdge = 3U }
        External input pin control modes.
    enum llwu_pin_filter_mode_t {
        kLLWU_PinFilterDisable = 0U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterRisingEdge = 1U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterFallingEdge = 2U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterAnyEdge = 3U }
        Digital filter control modes.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

Driver version

• #define FSL_LLWU_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) LLWU driver version 2.0.1.

Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit Control APIs

void LLWU_SetExternalWakeupPinMode (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t pinIndex, llwu_external_pin_mode_t pinMode)

Sets the external input pin source mode.

• bool LLWU_GetExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t pinIndex) Gets the external wakeup source flag.

• void LLWU_ClearExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t pinIndex)

Clears the external wakeup source flag.

void LLWU_SetPinFilterMode (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t filterIndex, llwu_external_pin_filter_mode_t filterMode)

Sets the pin filter configuration.

• bool LLWU_GetPinFilterFlag (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t filterIndex)

Gets the pin filter configuration.

• void LLWU_ClearPinFilterFlag (LLWU_Type *base, uint32_t filterIndex) Clears the pin filter configuration.

11.5 Data Structure Documentation

11.5.1 struct llwu external pin filter mode t

Data Fields

• uint32_t pinIndex

A pin number.

• llwu_pin_filter_mode_t filterMode

Filter mode.

11.6 Macro Definition Documentation

11.6.1 #define FSL_LLWU_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

11.7 Enumeration Type Documentation

11.7.1 enum llwu_external_pin_mode_t

Enumerator

kLLWU_ExternalPinDisable Pin disabled as a wakeup input.

kLLWU_ExternalPinRisingEdge Pin enabled with the rising edge detection.

kLLWU_ExternalPinFallingEdge Pin enabled with the falling edge detection.

kLLWU_ExternalPinAnyEdge Pin enabled with any change detection.

131

11.7.2 enum llwu_pin_filter_mode_t

Enumerator

kLLWU PinFilterDisable Filter disabled.

kLLWU_PinFilterRisingEdge Filter positive edge detection.

kLLWU_PinFilterFallingEdge Filter negative edge detection.

kLLWU_PinFilterAnyEdge Filter any edge detection.

11.8 Function Documentation

11.8.1 void LLWU_SetExternalWakeupPinMode (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t pinIndex, llwu_external_pin_mode_t pinMode)

This function sets the external input pin source mode that is used as a wake up source.

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
pinIndex	A pin index to be enabled as an external wakeup source starting from 1.
pinMode	A pin configuration mode defined in the llwu_external_pin_modes_t.

11.8.2 bool LLWU_GetExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t pinIndex)

This function checks the external pin flag to detect whether the MCU is woken up by the specific pin.

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
pinIndex	A pin index, which starts from 1.

Returns

True if the specific pin is a wakeup source.

11.8.3 void LLWU_ClearExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t pinIndex)

This function clears the external wakeup source flag for a specific pin.

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
pinIndex	A pin index, which starts from 1.

11.8.4 void LLWU_SetPinFilterMode (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t filterIndex, llwu_external_pin_filter_mode_t filterMode)

This function sets the pin filter configuration.

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
filterIndex	A pin filter index used to enable/disable the digital filter, starting from 1.
filterMode	A filter mode configuration

11.8.5 bool LLWU_GetPinFilterFlag (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t filterIndex)

This function gets the pin filter flag.

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
filterIndex	A pin filter index, which starts from 1.

Returns

True if the flag is a source of the existing low-leakage power mode.

11.8.6 void LLWU_ClearPinFilterFlag (LLWU_Type * base, uint32_t filterIndex)

This function clears the pin filter flag.

Parameters

base	LLWU peripheral base address.
filterIndex	A pin filter index to clear the flag, starting from 1.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Chapter 12

LPTMR: Low-Power Timer

12.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Low-Power Timer (LPTMR) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

12.2 Function groups

The LPTMR driver supports operating the module as a time counter or as a pulse counter.

12.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function LPTMR_Init() initializes the LPTMR with specified configurations. The function LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the LPTMR for a timer or a pulse counter mode mode. It also sets up the LPTMR's free running mode operation and a clock source.

The function LPTMR_DeInit() disables the LPTMR module and gates the module clock.

12.2.2 Timer period Operations

The function LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod() sets the timer period in units of count. Timers counts from 0 to the count value set here.

The function LPTMR_GetCurrentTimerCount() reads the current timer counting value. This function returns the real-time timer counting value ranging from 0 to a timer period.

The timer period operation function takes the count value in ticks. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl_common.h file to convert to microseconds or milliseconds.

12.2.3 Start and Stop timer operations

The function LPTMR_StartTimer() starts the timer counting. After calling this function, the timer counts up to the counter value set earlier by using the LPTMR_SetPeriod() function. Each time the timer reaches the count value and increments, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag. An interrupt is also triggered if the timer interrupt is enabled.

The function LPTMR_StopTimer() stops the timer counting and resets the timer's counter register.

Typical use case

12.2.4 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the LPTMR status.

12.2.5 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable LPTMR interrupts and get the currently enabled interrupts.

12.3 Typical use case

12.3.1 LPTMR tick example

Updates the LPTMR period and toggles an LED periodically.

```
int main (void)
   uint32_t currentCounter = 0U;
   lptmr_config_t lptmrConfig;
   LED_INIT();
    /* Board pin, clock, debug console initialization */
   BOARD_InitHardware();
   /* Configures the LPTMR */
   LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig(&lptmrConfig);
    /\star Initializes the LPTMR \star/
   LPTMR_Init(LPTMR0, &lptmrConfig);
    /\star Sets the timer period \star/
   LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod(LPTMR0, USEC_TO_COUNT(1000000U, LPTMR_SOURCE_CLOCK));
   /* Enables a timer interrupt */
   LPTMR_EnableInterrupts(LPTMR0,
     kLPTMR_TimerInterruptEnable);
   /* Enables the NVIC */
   EnableIRQ(LPTMR0_IRQn);
   PRINTF("Low Power Timer Example\r\n");
    /* Starts counting */
   LPTMR_StartTimer(LPTMR0);
   while (1)
        if (currentCounter != lptmrCounter)
            currentCounter = lptmrCounter;
            PRINTF("LPTMR interrupt No.%d \r\n", currentCounter);
```

Data Structures

• struct lptmr_config_t

LPTMR config structure. More...

Enumerations

```
enum lptmr_pin_select_t {
 kLPTMR PinSelectInput 0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR PinSelectInput 1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_3 = 0x3U }
    LPTMR pin selection used in pulse counter mode.
enum lptmr_pin_polarity_t {
 kLPTMR PinPolarityActiveHigh = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveLow = 0x1U }
    LPTMR pin polarity used in pulse counter mode.
• enum lptmr timer mode t {
 kLPTMR TimerModeTimeCounter = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_TimerModePulseCounter = 0x1U }
    LPTMR timer mode selection.
enum lptmr_prescaler_glitch_value_t {
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_3 = 0x3U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 4 = 0x4U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_5 = 0x5U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_6 = 0x6U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 7 = 0x7U.
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_8 = 0x8U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 9 = 0x9U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_10 = 0xAU,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 11 = 0xBU,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 12 = 0xCU,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_13 = 0xDU,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_14 = 0xEU,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 15 = 0xFU
    LPTMR prescaler/glitch filter values.
enum lptmr_prescaler_clock_select_t {
  kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR PrescalerClock 2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_3 = 0x3U }
    LPTMR prescaler/glitch filter clock select.
• enum lptmr_interrupt_enable_t { kLPTMR_TimerInterruptEnable = LPTMR_CSR_TIE MASK }
    List of the LPTMR interrupts.
• enum lptmr_status_flags_t { kLPTMR_TimerCompareFlag = LPTMR_CSR_TCF_MASK }
    List of the LPTMR status flags.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL LPTMR DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 0, 1))

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

Version 2.0.1.

Initialization and deinitialization

- void LPTMR_Init (LPTMR_Type *base, const lptmr_config_t *config)

 Ungates the LPTMR clock and configures the peripheral for a basic operation.
- void LPTMR Deinit (LPTMR Type *base)

Gates the LPTMR clock.

• void LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig (lptmr_config_t *config)

Fills in the LPTMR configuration structure with default settings.

Interrupt Interface

- static void LPTMR_EnableInterrupts (LPTMR_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Enables the selected LPTMR interrupts.
- static void LPTMR_DisableInterrupts (LPTMR_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Disables the selected LPTMR interrupts.
- static uint32_t LPTMR_GetEnabledInterrupts (LPTMR_Type *base) Gets the enabled LPTMR interrupts.

Status Interface

- static uint32_t LPTMR_GetStatusFlags (LPTMR_Type *base)

 Gets the LPTMR status flags.
- static void LPTMR_ClearStatusFlags (LPTMR_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Clears the LPTMR status flags.

Read and write the timer period

- static void LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod (LPTMR_Type *base, uint32_t ticks) Sets the timer period in units of count.
- static uint32_t LPTMR_GetCurrentTimerCount (LPTMR_Type *base)

 Reads the current timer counting value.

Timer Start and Stop

• static void LPTMR_StartTimer (LPTMR_Type *base)

Starts the timer.

• static void LPTMR_StopTimer (LPTMR_Type *base) Stops the timer.

12.4 Data Structure Documentation

12.4.1 struct lptmr_config_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the LPTMR peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your configuration structure instance.

The configuration struct can be made constant so it resides in flash.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

139

Data Fields

lptmr_timer_mode_t timerMode

Time counter mode or pulse counter mode.

• lptmr_pin_select_t pinSelect

LPTMR pulse input pin select; used only in pulse counter mode.

lptmr_pin_polarity_t pinPolarity

LPTMR pulse input pin polarity; used only in pulse counter mode.

bool enableFreeRunning

True: enable free running, counter is reset on overflow False: counter is reset when the compare flag is set.

• bool bypassPrescaler

True: bypass prescaler; false: use clock from prescaler.

lptmr_prescaler_clock_select_t prescalerClockSource

LPTMR clock source.

• lptmr_prescaler_glitch_value_t value

Prescaler or glitch filter value.

12.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.5.1 enum lptmr_pin_select_t

Enumerator

```
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_0
    Pulse counter input 0 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_1
    Pulse counter input 1 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_2
    Pulse counter input 2 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_3
    Pulse counter input 3 is selected.
```

12.5.2 enum lptmr_pin_polarity_t

Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveHigh Pulse Counter input source is active-high. kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveLow Pulse Counter input source is active-low.
```

12.5.3 enum lptmr_timer_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_TimerModeTimeCounter Time Counter mode. kLPTMR_TimerModePulseCounter Pulse Counter mode.
```

Enumeration Type Documentation

12.5.4 enum lptmr_prescaler_glitch_value_t

Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_0 Prescaler divide 2, glitch filter does not support this setting.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 1 Prescaler divide 4, glitch filter 2.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_2 Prescaler divide 8, glitch filter 4.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_3 Prescaler divide 16, glitch filter 8.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_4 Prescaler divide 32, glitch filter 16.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 5 Prescaler divide 64, glitch filter 32.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_6 Prescaler divide 128, glitch filter 64.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_7 Prescaler divide 256, glitch filter 128.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_8 Prescaler divide 512, glitch filter 256.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 9 Prescaler divide 1024, glitch filter 512.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_10 Prescaler divide 2048 glitch filter 1024.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_11 Prescaler divide 4096, glitch filter 2048.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_12 Prescaler divide 8192, glitch filter 4096.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 13 Prescaler divide 16384, glitch filter 8192.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 14 Prescaler divide 32768, glitch filter 16384.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_15 Prescaler divide 65536, glitch filter 32768.
```

12.5.5 enum lptmr_prescaler_clock_select_t

Note

Clock connections are SoC-specific

Enumerator

```
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_0
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_2
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 1 selected.
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_2
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 2 selected.
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_3
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 3 selected.
```

12.5.6 enum lptmr_interrupt_enable_t

Enumerator

kLPTMR TimerInterruptEnable Timer interrupt enable.

12.5.7 enum lptmr_status_flags_t

Enumerator

kLPTMR_TimerCompareFlag Timer compare flag.

12.6 **Function Documentation**

12.6.1 void LPTMR Init (LPTMR Type * base, const lptmr_config_t * config_)

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the LPTMR driver.

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
config	A pointer to the LPTMR configuration structure.

12.6.2 void LPTMR Deinit (LPTMR Type * base)

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
------	-------------------------------

12.6.3 void LPTMR GetDefaultConfig (lptmr_config_t * config)

The default values are as follows.

```
config->timerMode = kLPTMR_TimerModeTimeCounter;
config->pinSelect = kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_0;
config->pinPolarity = kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveHigh;
config->enableFreeRunning = false;
config->bypassPrescaler = true;
config->prescalerClockSource = kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1;
config->value = kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_0;
```

Parameters

NXP Semiconductors 141

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

config	A pointer to the LPTMR configuration structure.
--------	---

12.6.4 static void LPTMR_EnableInterrupts (LPTMR_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
	The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr-
	_interrupt_enable_t

12.6.5 static void LPTMR_DisableInterrupts (LPTMR_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
	The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr_interrupt_enable_t.

12.6.6 static uint32_t LPTMR_GetEnabledInterrupts (LPTMR_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
------	-------------------------------

Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr_interrupt_enable_t

12.6.7 static uint32_t LPTMR_GetStatusFlags (LPTMR_Type * base) [inline], [static]

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

143

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
------	-------------------------------

Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr_status_flags_t

12.6.8 static void LPTMR_ClearStatusFlags (LPTMR_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
mask	The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr
	status_flags_t.

12.6.9 static void LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod (LPTMR_Type * base, uint32_t ticks) [inline], [static]

Timers counts from 0 until it equals the count value set here. The count value is written to the CMR register.

Note

- 1. The TCF flag is set with the CNR equals the count provided here and then increments.
- 2. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl_common.h to convert to ticks.

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
ticks	A timer period in units of ticks, which should be equal or greater than 1.

12.6.10 static uint32_t LPTMR_GetCurrentTimerCount (LPTMR_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value in a range from 0 to a timer period.

Note

Call the utility macros provided in the fsl_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec.

Parameters

Returns

The current counter value in ticks

12.6.11 static void LPTMR_StartTimer (LPTMR_Type * base) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, the timer counts up to the CMR register value. Each time the timer reaches the CMR value and then increments, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag. An interrupt is also triggered if the timer interrupt is enabled.

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
------	-------------------------------

This function stops the timer and resets the timer's counter register.

Parameters

base	LPTMR peripheral base address
------	-------------------------------

Chapter 13 LPUART: Low Power UART Driver

13.1 **Overview**

Modules

- LPUART DMA Driver
- LPUART DriverLPUART FreeRTOS Driver
- LPUART eDMA Driver

LPUART Driver

13.2 LPUART Driver

13.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Low Power UART (LPUART) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

13.2.2 Typical use case

13.2.2.1 LPUART Operation

```
uint8_t ch;
LPUART_GetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
user_config.baudRate = 115200U;
config.enableTx = true;
config.enableRx = true;

LPUART_Init(LPUART1, &user_config, 120000000U);

LPUART_WriteBlocking(LPUART1, txbuff, sizeof(txbuff) - 1);
while(1)
{
    LPUART_ReadBlocking(LPUART1, &ch, 1);
    LPUART_WriteBlocking(LPUART1, &ch, 1);
}
```

Data Structures

- struct lpuart_config_t

 LPUART configuration structure. More...
- struct lpuart_transfer_t

LPUART transfer structure. More...

struct lpuart_handle_t

LPUART handle structure. More...

Typedefs

• typedef void(* lpuart_transfer_callback_t)(LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

LPUART transfer callback function.

147

Enumerations

```
enum _lpuart_status {
 kStatus LPUART TxBusy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 0),
 kStatus LPUART RxBusy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 1),
 kStatus_LPUART_TxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPUART, 2),
 kStatus_LPUART_RxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPUART, 3),
 kStatus LPUART TxWatermarkTooLarge = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 4),
 kStatus LPUART RxWatermarkTooLarge = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 5),
 kStatus_LPUART_FlagCannotClearManually = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPUART, 6),
 kStatus_LPUART_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPUART, 7),
 kStatus LPUART RxRingBufferOverrun,
 kStatus LPUART RxHardwareOverrun = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 9),
 kStatus_LPUART_NoiseError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPUART, 10),
 kStatus LPUART FramingError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 11),
 kStatus LPUART ParityError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPUART, 12),
 kStatus_LPUART_BaudrateNotSupport }
    Error codes for the LPUART driver.
enum lpuart_parity_mode_t {
 kLPUART_ParityDisabled = 0x0U,
 kLPUART ParityEven = 0x2U,
 kLPUART_ParityOdd = 0x3U }
    LPUART parity mode.
• enum lpuart_data_bits_t { kLPUART_EightDataBits = 0x0U }
    LPUART data bits count.
enum lpuart_stop_bit_count_t {
 kLPUART_OneStopBit = 0U,
 kLPUART_TwoStopBit = 1U }
    LPUART stop bit count.
enum _lpuart_interrupt_enable {
 kLPUART_LinBreakInterruptEnable = (LPUART_BAUD_LBKDIE_MASK >> 8),
 kLPUART RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable = (LPUART BAUD RXEDGIE MASK >> 8),
 kLPUART TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable = (LPUART CTRL TIE MASK),
 kLPUART TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable = (LPUART CTRL TCIE MASK),
 kLPUART_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable = (LPUART_CTRL_RIE_MASK),
 kLPUART_IdleLineInterruptEnable = (LPUART_CTRL_ILIE_MASK),
 kLPUART RxOverrunInterruptEnable = (LPUART CTRL ORIE MASK),
 kLPUART NoiseErrorInterruptEnable = (LPUART CTRL NEIE MASK),
 kLPUART_FramingErrorInterruptEnable = (LPUART_CTRL_FEIE_MASK),
 kLPUART ParityErrorInterruptEnable = (LPUART CTRL PEIE MASK) }
    LPUART interrupt configuration structure, default settings all disabled.
enum _lpuart_flags {
```

LPUART Driver

```
kLPUART TxDataRegEmptyFlag,
kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag,
kLPUART RxDataRegFullFlag.
kLPUART_IdleLineFlag = (LPUART_STAT_IDLE_MASK),
kLPUART RxOverrunFlag = (LPUART STAT OR MASK),
kLPUART NoiseErrorFlag = (LPUART STAT NF MASK),
kLPUART_FramingErrorFlag,
kLPUART_ParityErrorFlag = (LPUART_STAT_PF_MASK),
kLPUART LinBreakFlag = (LPUART STAT LBKDIF MASK),
kLPUART_RxActiveEdgeFlag,
kLPUART_RxActiveFlag,
kLPUART DataMatch1Flag = LPUART STAT MA1F MASK,
kLPUART_DataMatch2Flag = LPUART_STAT_MA2F_MASK,
kLPUART NoiseErrorInRxDataRegFlag.
kLPUART_ParityErrorInRxDataRegFlag }
  LPUART status flags.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_LPUART_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 2, 3)) LPUART driver version 2.2.3.

Initialization and deinitialization

- status_t LPUART_Init (LPUART_Type *base, const lpuart_config_t *config, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)
 - *Initializes an LPUART instance with the user configuration structure and the peripheral clock.*
- void LPUART_Deinit (LPUART_Type *base)

Deinitializes a LPUART instance.

void LPUART_GetDefaultConfig (lpuart_config_t *config)

Gets the default configuration structure.

• status_t LPUART_SetBaudRate (LPUART_Type *base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t src-Clock_Hz)

Sets the LPUART instance baudrate.

Status

- uint32_t LPUART_GetStatusFlags (LPUART_Type *base) Gets LPUART status flags.
- status_t LPUART_ClearStatusFlags (LPUART_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Clears status flags with a provided mask.

Interrupts

• void LPUART_EnableInterrupts (LPUART_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Enables LPUART interrupts according to a provided mask.

• void LPUART_DisableInterrupts (LPUART_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Disables LPUART interrupts according to a provided mask.

• uint32_t LPUART_GetEnabledInterrupts (LPUART_Type *base)

Gets enabled LPUART interrupts.

Bus Operations

• static void LPUART_EnableTx (LPUART_Type *base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the LPUART transmitter.

• static void LPUART_EnableRx (LPUART_Type *base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the LPUART receiver.

• static void LPUART_WriteByte (LPUART_Type *base, uint8_t data)

Writes to the transmitter register.

• static uint8_t LPUART_ReadByte (LPUART_Type *base)

Reads the receiver register.

• void LPUART_WriteBlocking (LPUART_Type *base, const uint8_t *data, size_t length)

Writes to the transmitter register using a blocking method.

• status t LPUART ReadBlocking (LPUART Type *base, uint8 t *data, size t length)

Reads the receiver data register using a blocking method.

Transactional

• void LPUART_TransferCreateHandle (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData)

Initializes the LPUART handle.

• status_t LPUART_TransferSendNonBlocking (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer)

Transmits a buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void LPUART_TransferStartRingBuffer (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, uint8_t *ringBuffer, size_t ringBufferSize)

Sets up the RX ring buffer.

• void LPUART_TransferStopRingBuffer (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle)

Aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

- void LPUART_TransferAbortSend (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle)

 Aborts the interrupt-driven data transmit.
- status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCount (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, uint32-t *count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been written to the LPUART transmitter register.

• status_t LPUART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer, size_t *receivedBytes)

Receives a buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void LPUART_TransferAbortReceive (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle)

Aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

• status_t LPUART_TransferGetReceiveCount (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle, uint32 t *count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been received.

- void LPUART_TransferHandleIRQ (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle) LPUART IRQ handle function.
- void LPUART_TransferHandleErrorIRQ (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_handle_t *handle) LPUART Error IRQ handle function.

13.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

13.2.3.1 struct lpuart_config_t

Data Fields

• uint32_t baudRate_Bps

LPUART baud rate.

lpuart_parity_mode_t parityMode

Parity mode, disabled (default), even, odd.

• lpuart_data_bits_t dataBitsCount

Data bits count, eight (default), seven.

bool isMsb

Data bits order, LSB (default), MSB.

lpuart_stop_bit_count_t stopBitCount

Number of stop bits, 1 stop bit (default) or 2 stop bits.

bool enableTx

Enable TX.

• bool enableRx

Enable RX.

13.2.3.2 struct lpuart_transfer_t

Data Fields

• uint8 t * data

The buffer of data to be transfer.

• size_t dataSize

The byte count to be transfer.

13.2.3.2.0.26 Field Documentation

13.2.3.2.0.26.2 size_t lpuart_transfer_t::dataSize

13.2.3.3 struct _lpuart_handle

Data Fields

• uint8_t *volatile txData

Address of remaining data to send.

• volatile size_t txDataSize

Size of the remaining data to send.

• size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

• uint8_t *volatile rxData

Address of remaining data to receive.

• volatile size_t rxDataSize

Size of the remaining data to receive.

• size t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

• uint8_t * rxRingBuffer

Start address of the receiver ring buffer.

• size_t rxRingBufferSize

Size of the ring buffer.

• volatile uint16_t rxRingBufferHead

Index for the driver to store received data into ring buffer.

• volatile uint16_t rxRingBufferTail

Index for the user to get data from the ring buffer.

• lpuart_transfer_callback_t callback

Callback function.

• void * userData

LPUART callback function parameter.

• volatile uint8_t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8 t rxState

RX transfer state.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

```
13.2.3.3.0.27 Field Documentation
 13.2.3.3.0.27.1 uint8_t* volatile lpuart_handle_t::txData
 13.2.3.3.0.27.2 volatile size t lpuart handle t::txDataSize
 13.2.3.3.0.27.3 size_t lpuart_handle_t::txDataSizeAll
 13.2.3.3.0.27.4 uint8 t* volatile lpuart handle t::rxData
 13.2.3.3.0.27.5 volatile size t lpuart handle t::rxDataSize
 13.2.3.3.0.27.6 size t lpuart handle t::rxDataSizeAll
 13.2.3.3.0.27.7 uint8_t* lpuart_handle_t::rxRingBuffer
 13.2.3.3.0.27.8 size t lpuart handle t::rxRingBufferSize
 13.2.3.3.0.27.9 volatile uint16 t lpuart handle t::rxRingBufferHead
 13.2.3.3.0.27.10 volatile uint16_t lpuart_handle_t::rxRingBufferTail
 13.2.3.3.0.27.11 lpuart_transfer_callback_t lpuart_handle_t::callback_
 13.2.3.3.0.27.12 void* lpuart_handle_t::userData
 13.2.3.3.0.27.13 volatile uint8 t lpuart handle t::txState
 13.2.3.3.0.27.14 volatile uint8_t lpuart_handle_t::rxState
 13.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation
 13.2.4.1
          #define FSL LPUART DRIVER VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 2, 3))
 13.2.5 Typedef Documentation
 13.2.5.1
          typedef void(* lpuart transfer callback t)(LPUART Type *base, lpuart handle t
           *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
 13.2.6 Enumeration Type Documentation
 13.2.6.1 enum _lpuart_status
Enumerator
    kStatus_LPUART_TxBusy TX busy.
    kStatus_LPUART_RxBusy RX busy.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kStatus_LPUART_TxIdle LPUART transmitter is idle.

kStatus LPUART RxIdle LPUART receiver is idle.

kStatus_LPUART_TxWatermarkTooLarge TX FIFO watermark too large.

kStatus_LPUART_RxWatermarkTooLarge RX FIFO watermark too large.

kStatus_LPUART_FlagCannotClearManually Some flag can't manually clear.

kStatus_LPUART_Error Error happens on LPUART.

kStatus_LPUART_RxRingBufferOverrun LPUART RX software ring buffer overrun.

kStatus_LPUART_RxHardwareOverrun LPUART RX receiver overrun.

kStatus_LPUART_NoiseError LPUART noise error.

kStatus LPUART FramingError LPUART framing error.

kStatus_LPUART_ParityError LPUART parity error.

kStatus_LPUART_BaudrateNotSupport Baudrate is not support in current clock source.

13.2.6.2 enum lpuart_parity_mode_t

Enumerator

kLPUART_ParityDisabled Parity disabled.
kLPUART_ParityEven Parity enabled, type even, bit setting: PE|PT = 10.
kLPUART ParityOdd Parity enabled, type odd, bit setting: PE|PT = 11.

13.2.6.3 enum lpuart_data_bits_t

Enumerator

kLPUART EightDataBits Eight data bit.

13.2.6.4 enum lpuart_stop_bit_count_t

Enumerator

kLPUART_OneStopBit One stop bit.kLPUART TwoStopBit Two stop bits.

13.2.6.5 enum _lpuart_interrupt_enable

This structure contains the settings for all LPUART interrupt configurations.

Enumerator

kLPUART_LinBreakInterruptEnable LIN break detect.kLPUART_RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable Receive Active Edge.kLPUART TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable Transmit data register empty.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable Transmission complete.

kLPUART_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable Receiver data register full.

kLPUART_IdleLineInterruptEnable Idle line.

kLPUART_RxOverrunInterruptEnable Receiver Overrun.

kLPUART_NoiseErrorInterruptEnable Noise error flag.

kLPUART_FramingErrorInterruptEnable Framing error flag.

kLPUART_ParityErrorInterruptEnable Parity error flag.

13.2.6.6 enum _lpuart_flags

This provides constants for the LPUART status flags for use in the LPUART functions.

Enumerator

- **kLPUART_TxDataRegEmptyFlag** Transmit data register empty flag, sets when transmit buffer is empty.
- **kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag** Transmission complete flag, sets when transmission activity complete.
- **kLPUART_RxDataRegFullFlag** Receive data register full flag, sets when the receive data buffer is full.
- kLPUART_IdleLineFlag Idle line detect flag, sets when idle line detected.
- **kLPUART_RxOverrunFlag** Receive Overrun, sets when new data is received before data is read from receive register.
- **kLPUART_NoiseErrorFlag** Receive takes 3 samples of each received bit. If any of these samples differ, noise flag sets
- **kLPUART_FramingErrorFlag** Frame error flag, sets if logic 0 was detected where stop bit expected.
- **kLPUART_ParityErrorFlag** If parity enabled, sets upon parity error detection.
- *kLPUART_LinBreakFlag* LIN break detect interrupt flag, sets when LIN break char detected and LIN circuit enabled.
- **kLPUART_RxActiveEdgeFlag** Receive pin active edge interrupt flag, sets when active edge detected.
- kLPUART_RxActiveFlag Receiver Active Flag (RAF), sets at beginning of valid start bit.
- **kLPUART_DataMatch1Flag** The next character to be read from LPUART_DATA matches MA1.
- *kLPUART_DataMatch2Flag* The next character to be read from LPUART_DATA matches MA2.
- **kLPUART_NoiseErrorInRxDataRegFlag** NOISY bit, sets if noise detected in current data word.
- **kLPUART_ParityErrorInRxDataRegFlag** PARITYE bit, sets if noise detected in current data word.

13.2.7 Function Documentation

13.2.7.1 status_t LPUART_Init (LPUART_Type * base, const lpuart_config_t * config, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

This function configures the LPUART module with user-defined settings. Call the LPUART_GetDefault-Config() function to configure the configuration structure and get the default configuration. The example below shows how to use this API to configure the LPUART.

```
* lpuart_config_t lpuartConfig;
* lpuartConfig.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
* lpuartConfig.parityMode = kLPUART_ParityDisabled;
* lpuartConfig.dataBitsCount = kLPUART_EightDataBits;
* lpuartConfig.isMsb = false;
* lpuartConfig.stopBitCount = kLPUART_OneStopBit;
* lpuartConfig.txFifoWatermark = 0;
* lpuartConfig.rxFifoWatermark = 1;
* LPUART_Init(LPUART1, &lpuartConfig, 20000000U);
*
```

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to a user-defined configuration structure.
srcClock_Hz	LPUART clock source frequency in HZ.

Return values

kStatus_LPUART BaudrateNotSupport	Baudrate is not support in current clock source.
kStatus_Success	LPUART initialize succeed

13.2.7.2 void LPUART_Deinit (LPUART_Type * base)

This function waits for transmit to complete, disables TX and RX, and disables the LPUART clock.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.

13.2.7.3 void LPUART_GetDefaultConfig (lpuart_config_t * config_)

This function initializes the LPUART configuration structure to a default value. The default values are: lpuartConfig->baudRate_Bps = 115200U; lpuartConfig->parityMode = kLPUART_ParityDisabled;

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

lpuartConfig->dataBitsCount = kLPUART_EightDataBits; lpuartConfig->isMsb = false; lpuartConfig->stopBitCount = kLPUART_OneStopBit; lpuartConfig->txFifoWatermark = 0; lpuartConfig->rxFifoWatermark = 1; lpuartConfig->enableTx = false; lpuartConfig->enableRx = false;

Parameters

config	Pointer to a configuration structure.
--------	---------------------------------------

13.2.7.4 status_t LPUART_SetBaudRate (LPUART_Type * base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

This function configures the LPUART module baudrate. This function is used to update the LPUART module baudrate after the LPUART module is initialized by the LPUART_Init.

```
* LPUART_SetBaudRate(LPUART1, 115200U, 20000000U);
*
```

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.	
baudRate_Bps	LPUART baudrate to be set.	
srcClock_Hz	LPUART clock source frequency in HZ.	

Return values

kStatus_LPUART BaudrateNotSupport	Baudrate is not supported in the current clock source.
kStatus_Success	Set baudrate succeeded.

13.2.7.5 uint32_t LPUART_GetStatusFlags (LPUART_Type * base)

This function gets all LPUART status flags. The flags are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators _lpuart_flags. To check for a specific status, compare the return value with enumerators in the _lpuart_flags. For example, to check whether the TX is empty:

LPUART Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
------	---------------------------------

Returns

LPUART status flags which are ORed by the enumerators in the lipuart flags.

13.2.7.6 status_t LPUART_ClearStatusFlags (LPUART_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

This function clears LPUART status flags with a provided mask. Automatically cleared flags can't be cleared by this function. Flags that can only cleared or set by hardware are: kLPUART_TxData-RegEmptyFlag, kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag, kLPUART_RxDataRegFullFlag, kLPUART_RxActiveFlag, kLPUART_NoiseErrorInRxDataRegFlag, kLPUART_ParityErrorInRxDataRegFlag, kLPUART_TxFifoEmptyFlag,kLPUART_RxFifoEmptyFlag Note: This API should be called when the Tx/-Rx is idle, otherwise it takes no effects.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
mask	the status flags to be cleared. The user can use the enumerators in the _lpuart_status-
	_flag_t to do the OR operation and get the mask.

Returns

0 succeed, others failed.

Return values

kStatus_LPUART_Flag- CannotClearManually	The flag can't be cleared by this function but it is cleared automatically by hardware.
kStatus_Success	Status in the mask are cleared.

13.2.7.7 void LPUART_EnableInterrupts (LPUART_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

This function enables the LPUART interrupts according to a provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See the _lpuart_interrupt_enable. This examples shows how to enable TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt:

```
* LPUART_EnableInterrupts(LPUART1,
    kLPUART_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable |
    kLPUART_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable);
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
mask	The interrupts to enable. Logical OR of _uart_interrupt_enable.

13.2.7.8 void LPUART_DisableInterrupts (LPUART_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

This function disables the LPUART interrupts according to a provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See <u>lpuart_interrupt_enable</u>. This example shows how to disable the TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt:

```
LPUART_DisableInterrupts(LPUART1,
kLPUART_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable |
kLPUART_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable);
```

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
mask	The interrupts to disable. Logical OR of _lpuart_interrupt_enable.

13.2.7.9 uint32_t LPUART_GetEnabledInterrupts (LPUART_Type * base)

This function gets the enabled LPUART interrupts. The enabled interrupts are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators <u>lpuart_interrupt_enable</u>. To check a specific interrupt enable status, compare the return value with enumerators in _lpuart_interrupt_enable. For example, to check whether the TX empty interrupt is enabled:

```
uint32_t enabledInterrupts = LPUART_GetEnabledInterrupts(LPUART1);
if (kLPUART_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable & enabledInterrupts)
```

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
------	---------------------------------

Returns

LPUART interrupt flags which are logical OR of the enumerators in _lpuart_interrupt_enable.

LPUART Driver

13.2.7.10 static void LPUART_EnableTx (LPUART_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the LPUART transmitter.

161

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
enable	True to enable, false to disable.

13.2.7.11 static void LPUART_EnableRx (LPUART_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the LPUART receiver.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
enable	True to enable, false to disable.

13.2.7.12 static void LPUART_WriteByte (LPUART_Type * base, uint8_t data) [inline], [static]

This function writes data to the transmitter register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the TX register is empty or that the TX FIFO has room before calling this function.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
data	Data write to the TX register.

13.2.7.13 static uint8_t LPUART_ReadByte (LPUART_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function reads data from the receiver register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the receiver register is full or that the RX FIFO has data before calling this function.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.

Returns

Data read from data register.

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

13.2.7.14 void LPUART_WriteBlocking (LPUART_Type * base, const uint8_t * data, size_t length)

This function polls the transmitter register, waits for the register to be empty or for TX FIFO to have room, and writes data to the transmitter buffer.

Note

This function does not check whether all data has been sent out to the bus. Before disabling the transmitter, check the kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the transmit is finished.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
data	Start address of the data to write.
length	Size of the data to write.

13.2.7.15 status_t LPUART_ReadBlocking (LPUART_Type * base, uint8_t * data, size_t length)

This function polls the receiver register, waits for the receiver register full or receiver FIFO has data, and reads data from the TX register.

Parameters

base	base LPUART peripheral base address.	
data	Start address of the buffer to store the received data.	
length	Size of the buffer.	

Return values

kStatus_LPUART_Rx- HardwareOverrun	Receiver overrun happened while receiving data.
kStatus_LPUART_Noise- Error	Noise error happened while receiving data.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kStatus_LPUART	Framing error happened while receiving data.
FramingError	
kStatus_LPUART_Parity- Error	Parity error happened while receiving data.
kStatus_Success	Successfully received all data.

13.2.7.16 void LPUART_TransferCreateHandle (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData)

This function initializes the LPUART handle, which can be used for other LPUART transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified LPUART instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

The LPUART driver supports the "background" receiving, which means that user can set up an RX ring buffer optionally. Data received is stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the LP-UART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If there is already data received in the ring buffer, the user can get the received data from the ring buffer directly. The ring buffer is disabled if passing NULL as ringBuffer.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.	
handle	PUART handle pointer.	
callback	Callback function.	
userData	User data.	

13.2.7.17 status_t LPUART_TransferSendNonBlocking (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_t * xfer)

This function send data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns directly without waiting for all data written to the transmitter register. When all data is written to the TX register in the ISR, the LPUART driver calls the callback function and passes the kStatus_LPUART_TxIdle as status parameter.

Note

The kStatus_LPUART_TxIdle is passed to the upper layer when all data are written to the TX register. However, there is no check to ensure that all the data sent out. Before disabling the T-X, check the kLPUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the transmit is finished.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
xfer	LPUART transfer structure, see lpuart_transfer_t.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start the data transmission.
kStatus_LPUART_TxBusy	Previous transmission still not finished, data not all written to the TX reg-
	ister.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.2.7.18 void LPUART_TransferStartRingBuffer (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle, uint8_t * ringBuffer, size_t ringBufferSize)

This function sets up the RX ring buffer to a specific UART handle.

When the RX ring buffer is used, data received is stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the UART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If there is already data received in the ring buffer, the user can get the received data from the ring buffer directly.

Note

When using RX ring buffer, one byte is reserved for internal use. In other words, if ringBuffer-Size is 32, then only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
ringBuffer	Start address of ring buffer for background receiving. Pass NULL to disable the ring buffer.
ringBufferSize	size of the ring buffer.

13.2.7.19 void LPUART_TransferStopRingBuffer (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

165

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.

13.2.7.20 void LPUART_TransferAbortSend (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the interrupt driven data sending. The user can get the remainBtyes to find out how many bytes are not sent out.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.

13.2.7.21 status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCount (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle, uint32_t * count)

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to LPUART TX register by an interrupt method.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Send bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Parameter is invalid.
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.2.7.22 status_t LPUART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart handle t * handle, lpuart transfer t * xfer, size t * receivedBytes)

This function receives data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function which returns without waiting to ensure that all data are received. If the RX ring buffer is used and not empty, the data in

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART Driver

the ring buffer is copied and the parameter receivedBytes shows how many bytes are copied from the ring buffer. After copying, if the data in the ring buffer is not enough for read, the receive request is saved by the LPUART driver. When the new data arrives, the receive request is serviced first. When all data is received, the LPUART driver notifies the upper layer through a callback function and passes a status parameter kStatus_UART_RxIdle. For example, the upper layer needs 10 bytes but there are only 5 bytes in ring buffer. The 5 bytes are copied to xfer->data, which returns with the parameter receivedBytes set to 5. For the remaining 5 bytes, the newly arrived data is saved from xfer->data[5]. When 5 bytes are received, the LPUART driver notifies the upper layer. If the RX ring buffer is not enabled, this function enables the RX and RX interrupt to receive data to xfer->data. When all data is received, the upper layer is notified.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
xfer	LPUART transfer structure, see #uart_transfer_t.
receivedBytes	Bytes received from the ring buffer directly.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully queue the transfer into the transmit queue.
kStatus_LPUART_Rx-	Previous receive request is not finished.
Busy	
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.2.7.23 void LPUART_TransferAbortReceive (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving. The user can get the remainBytes to find out how many bytes not received yet.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Receive bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	No receive in progress.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Parameter is invalid.
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.2.7.25 void LPUART_TransferHandleIRQ (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_handle_t * handle)

This function handles the LPUART transmit and receive IRQ request.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.

13.2.7.26 void LPUART_TransferHandleErrorIRQ (LPUART_Type * base, Ipuart_handle_t * handle)

This function handles the LPUART error IRQ request.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.

LPUART DMA Driver

13.3 LPUART DMA Driver

13.3.1 Overview

Data Structures

• struct lpuart_dma_handle_t

LPUART DMA handle, More...

Typedefs

• typedef void(* lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t)(LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

LPUART transfer callback function.

EDMA transactional

• void LPUART_TransferCreateHandleDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData, dma_handle_t *txDmaHandle, dma_handle_t *rxDmaHandle)

Initializes the LPUART handle which is used in transactional functions.

• status_t LPUART_TransferSendDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer)

Sends data using DMA.

• status_t LPUART_TransferReceiveDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer)

Receives data using DMA.

- void LPUART_TransferAbortSendDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle) Aborts the sent data using DMA.
- void LPUART_TransferAbortReceiveDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle) Aborts the received data using DMA.
- status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCountDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, uint32_t *count)

Gets the number of bytes written to the LPUART TX register.

• status_t LPUART_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_- t *handle, uint32_t *count)

Gets the number of received bytes.

13.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

13.3.2.1 struct | Ipuart | dma | handle

Data Fields

• lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t callback

169

Callback function.

void * userData

LPUART callback function parameter.

size_t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

• size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

• dma_handle_t * txDmaHandle

The DMA TX channel used.

• dma_handle_t * rxDmaHandle

The DMA RX channel used.

• volatile uint8_t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8_t rxState

RX transfer state.

13.3.2.1.0.28 Field Documentation

- 13.3.2.1.0.28.1 lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t lpuart_dma_handle_t::callback_
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.2 void* lpuart_dma_handle_t::userData
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.3 size t lpuart dma handle t::rxDataSizeAll
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.4 size_t lpuart_dma_handle_t::txDataSizeAll
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.5 dma handle t* lpuart dma handle t::txDmaHandle
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.6 dma_handle_t* lpuart_dma_handle_t::rxDmaHandle
- 13.3.2.1.0.28.7 volatile uint8 t lpuart dma handle t::txState

13.3.3 Typedef Documentation

13.3.3.1 typedef void(* lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t)(LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

13.3.4 Function Documentation

13.3.4.1 void LPUART_TransferCreateHandleDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_dma_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData, dma_handle_t * txDmaHandle, dma_handle_t * rxDmaHandle)

LPUART DMA Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.	
handle	Pointer to lpuart_dma_handle_t structure.	
callback	Callback function.	
userData	User data.	
txDmaHandle	User-requested DMA handle for TX DMA transfer.	
rxDmaHandle	User-requested DMA handle for RX DMA transfer.	

13.3.4.2 status_t LPUART_TransferSendDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_t * xfer)

This function sends data using DMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is sent, the send callback function is called.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
xfer	LPUART DMA transfer structure. See lpuart_transfer_t.

Return values

kStatus_Success	if succeed, others failed.
kStatus_LPUART_TxBusy	Previous transfer on going.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.3.4.3 status_t LPUART_TransferReceiveDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_t * xfer)

This function receives data using DMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is received, the receive callback function is called.

171

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to lpuart_dma_handle_t structure.
xfei	LPUART DMA transfer structure. See lpuart_transfer_t.

Return values

kStatus_Success	if succeed, others failed.
kStatus_LPUART_Rx- Busy	Previous transfer on going.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.3.4.4 void LPUART_TransferAbortSendDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts send data using DMA.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address
handle	Pointer to lpuart_dma_handle_t structure

13.3.4.5 void LPUART_TransferAbortReceiveDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the received data using DMA.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address
handle	Pointer to lpuart_dma_handle_t structure

13.3.4.6 status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCountDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle, uint32_t * count)

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to LPUART TX register by DMA.

LPUART DMA Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Send bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	No send in progress.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Parameter is invalid.
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.3.4.7 status_t LPUART_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_dma_handle_t * handle, uint32_t * count)

This function gets the number of received bytes.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Receive bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn-	No receive in progress.
Progress	
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Parameter is invalid.
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.4 LPUART eDMA Driver

13.4.1 Overview

Data Structures

• struct lpuart_edma_handle_t

LPUART eDMA handle, More...

Typedefs

• typedef void(* lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t)(LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

LPUART transfer callback function.

eDMA transactional

• void LPUART_TransferCreateHandleEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t callback, void *userData, edma_handle_t *txEdma-Handle, edma_handle_t *rxEdmaHandle)

Initializes the LPUART handle which is used in transactional functions.

• status_t LPUART_SendEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer)

Sends data using eDMA.

status_t LPUART_ReceiveEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, lpuart_transfer_t *xfer)

Receives data using eDMA.

- void LPUART_TransferAbortSendEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle) Aborts the sent data using eDMA.
- void LPUART_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle)

Aborts the received data using eDMA.

• status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCountEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_- t *handle, uint32 t *count)

Gets the number of bytes written to the LPUART TX register.

• status_t LPUART_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA (LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, uint32_t *count)

Gets the number of received bytes.

LPUART eDMA Driver

13.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

13.4.2.1 struct _lpuart_edma_handle

Data Fields

- lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t callback
 - Callback function.
- void * userData

LPUART callback function parameter.

- size t rxDataSizeAll
 - Size of the data to receive.
- size_t txDataSizeAll
 - Size of the data to send out.
- edma_handle_t * txEdmaHandle
 - The eDMA TX channel used.
- edma_handle_t * rxEdmaHandle
 - The eDMA RX channel used.
- uint8_t nbytes
 - eDMA minor byte transfer count initially configured.
- volatile uint8_t txState
 - TX transfer state.
- volatile uint8_t rxState
 - RX transfer state.

- 13.4.2.1.0.29 Field Documentation
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.1 lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t lpuart_edma_handle_t::callback
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.2 void* lpuart edma handle t::userData
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.3 size_t lpuart_edma_handle_t::rxDataSizeAll
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.4 size_t lpuart_edma_handle_t::txDataSizeAll
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.5 edma_handle_t* lpuart_edma_handle_t::txEdmaHandle
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.6 edma_handle_t* lpuart_edma_handle_t::rxEdmaHandle
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.7 uint8_t lpuart_edma_handle_t::nbytes
- 13.4.2.1.0.29.8 volatile uint8 t lpuart edma handle t::txState
- 13.4.3 Typedef Documentation
- 13.4.3.1 typedef void(* lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t)(LPUART_Type *base, lpuart_edma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
- 13.4.4 Function Documentation
- 13.4.4.1 void LPUART_TransferCreateHandleEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_edma_transfer_callback_t callback, void * userData, edma_handle_t * txEdmaHandle, edma_handle_t * rxEdmaHandle)

LPUART eDMA Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.	
handle	Pointer to lpuart_edma_handle_t structure.	
callback	Callback function.	
userData	User data.	
txEdmaHandle	User requested DMA handle for TX DMA transfer.	
rxEdmaHandle	User requested DMA handle for RX DMA transfer.	

13.4.4.2 status_t LPUART_SendEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_t * xfer)

This function sends data using eDMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is sent, the send callback function is called.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.	
handle	LPUART handle pointer.	
xfer	LPUART eDMA transfer structure. See lpuart_transfer_t.	

Return values

kStatus_Success	if succeed, others failed.
kStatus_LPUART_TxBusy	Previous transfer on going.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.4.4.3 status_t LPUART_ReceiveEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle, lpuart_transfer_t * xfer)

This function receives data using eDMA. This is non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is received, the receive callback function is called.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

177

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to lpuart_edma_handle_t structure.
xfer	LPUART eDMA transfer structure, see lpuart_transfer_t.

Return values

kStatus_Success	if succeed, others fail.
	Previous transfer ongoing.
Busy	
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.

13.4.4.4 void LPUART_TransferAbortSendEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the sent data using eDMA.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to lpuart_edma_handle_t structure.

13.4.4.5 void LPUART_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle)

This function aborts the received data using eDMA.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to lpuart_edma_handle_t structure.

13.4.4.6 status_t LPUART_TransferGetSendCountEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle, uint32_t * count)

This function gets the number of bytes written to the LPUART TX register by DMA.

LPUART eDMA Driver

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Send bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	No send in progress.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Parameter is invalid.
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.4.4.7 status_t LPUART_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA (LPUART_Type * base, lpuart_edma_handle_t * handle, uint32_t * count)

This function gets the number of received bytes.

Parameters

base	LPUART peripheral base address.
handle	LPUART handle pointer.
count	Receive bytes count.

Return values

kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	No receive in progress.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	
kStatus_Success	Get successfully through the parameter count;

13.5 LPUART FreeRTOS Driver

13.5.1 Overview

Data Structures

• struct lpuart_rtos_config_t

LPUART RTOS configuration structure. More...

LPUART RTOS Operation

• int LPUART_RTOS_Init (lpuart_rtos_handle_t *handle, lpuart_handle_t *t_handle, const lpuart_rtos_config_t *cfg)

Initializes an LPUART instance for operation in RTOS.

• int LPUART_RTOS_Deinit (lpuart_rtos_handle_t *handle)

Deinitializes an LPUART instance for operation.

LPUART transactional Operation

- int LPUART_RTOS_Send (lpuart_rtos_handle_t *handle, const uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t length) Sends data in the background.
- int LPUART_RTOS_Receive (lpuart_rtos_handle_t *handle, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t length, size_t *received)

Receives data.

13.5.2 Data Structure Documentation

13.5.2.1 struct lpuart rtos config t

Data Fields

• LPUART_Type * base

UART base address.

• uint32 t srcclk

UART source clock in Hz.

• uint32 t baudrate

Desired communication speed.

lpuart_parity_mode_t parity

Parity setting.

lpuart_stop_bit_count_t stopbits

Number of stop bits to use.

• uint8 t * buffer

Buffer for background reception.

• uint32_t buffer_size

Size of buffer for background reception.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART FreeRTOS Driver

13.5.3 Function Documentation

13.5.3.1 int LPUART_RTOS_Init (lpuart_rtos_handle_t * handle, lpuart_handle_t * t_handle, const lpuart_rtos_config_t * cfg)

181

Parameters

handle	The RTOS LPUART handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context.
t_handle	The pointer to an allocated space to store the transactional layer internal state.
cfg	The pointer to the parameters required to configure the LPUART after initialization.

Returns

0 succeed, others failed

13.5.3.2 int LPUART_RTOS_Deinit (lpuart_rtos_handle_t * handle)

This function deinitializes the LPUART module, sets all register value to the reset value, and releases the resources.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS LPUART handle.
--------	-------------------------

13.5.3.3 int LPUART_RTOS_Send (lpuart_rtos_handle_t * handle, const uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t length)

This function sends data. It is an synchronous API. If the hardware buffer is full, the task is in the blocked state.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS LPUART handle.
buffer	The pointer to buffer to send.
length	The number of bytes to send.

13.5.3.4 int LPUART_RTOS_Receive (lpuart_rtos_handle_t * handle, uint8_t * buffer, uint32 t length, size t * received)

This function receives data from LPUART. It is an synchronous API. If any data is immediately available it is returned immediately and the number of bytes received.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

LPUART FreeRTOS Driver

Parameters

handle	The RTOS LPUART handle.
buffer	The pointer to buffer where to write received data.
length	The number of bytes to receive.
received	The pointer to a variable of size_t where the number of received data is filled.

Chapter 14

PMC: Power Management Controller

14.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a Peripheral driver for the Power Management Controller (PMC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The PMC module contains internal voltage regulator, power on reset, low-voltage detect system, and high-voltage detect system.

Data Structures

```
• struct pmc_low_volt_detect_config_t

Low-voltage Detect Configuration Structure. More...
```

struct pmc_low_volt_warning_config_t

Low-voltage Warning Configuration Structure. More...

• struct pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t

Bandgap Buffer configuration. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum pmc_low_volt_detect_volt_select_t {
        kPMC_LowVoltDetectLowTrip = 0U,
        kPMC_LowVoltDetectHighTrip = 1U }
        Low-voltage Detect Voltage Select.
    enum pmc_low_volt_warning_volt_select_t {
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningLowTrip = 0U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid1Trip = 1U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid2Trip = 2U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningHighTrip = 3U }
        Low-voltage Warning Voltage Select.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_PMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) *PMC driver version.*

Power Management Controller Control APIs

```
    void PMC_ConfigureLowVoltDetect (PMC_Type *base, const pmc_low_volt_detect_config_-
t *config)
```

Configures the low-voltage detect setting.

- static bool PMC_GetLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC_Type *base)
 - Gets the Low-voltage Detect Flag status.
- static void PMC_ClearLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC_Type *base)

Acknowledges clearing the Low-voltage Detect flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

• void PMC_ConfigureLowVoltWarning (PMC_Type *base, const pmc_low_volt_warning_config_t *config)

Configures the low-voltage warning setting.

static bool PMC_GetLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC_Type *base)

Gets the Low-voltage Warning Flag status.

• static void PMC_ClearLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC_Type *base)

Acknowledges the Low-voltage Warning flag.

• void PMC_ConfigureBandgapBuffer (PMC_Type *base, const pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t *config)

Configures the PMC bandgap.

• static bool PMC_GetPeriphIOIsolationFlag (PMC_Type *base)

Gets the acknowledge Peripherals and I/O pads isolation flag.

• static void PMC_ClearPeriphIOIsolationFlag (PMC_Type *base)

Acknowledges the isolation flag to Peripherals and I/O pads.

• static bool PMC_IsRegulatorInRunRegulation (PMC_Type *base)

Gets the regulator regulation status.

14.2 Data Structure Documentation

14.2.1 struct pmc_low_volt_detect_config_t

Data Fields

bool enableInt

Enable interrupt when Low-voltage detect.

bool enableReset

Enable system reset when Low-voltage detect.

• pmc_low_volt_detect_volt_select_t voltSelect

Low-voltage detect trip point voltage selection.

14.2.2 struct pmc_low_volt_warning_config_t

Data Fields

bool enableInt

Enable interrupt when low-voltage warning.

• pmc low volt warning volt select t voltSelect

Low-voltage warning trip point voltage selection.

14.2.3 struct pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t

Data Fields

bool enable

Enable bandgap buffer.

• bool enableInLowPowerMode

Enable bandgap buffer in low-power mode.

14.2.3.0.0.30 Field Documentation

14.2.3.0.0.30.1 bool pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t::enable

14.2.3.0.0.30.2 bool pmc_bandgap_buffer_config_t::enableInLowPowerMode

14.3 Macro Definition Documentation

14.3.1 #define FSL_PMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

Version 2.0.0.

14.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

14.4.1 enum pmc_low_volt_detect_volt_select_t

Enumerator

```
kPMC_LowVoltDetectLowTrip Low-trip point selected (VLVD = VLVDL)

kPMC_LowVoltDetectHighTrip High-trip point selected (VLVD = VLVDH)
```

14.4.2 enum pmc_low_volt_warning_volt_select_t

Enumerator

```
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningLowTrip Low-trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW1)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid1Trip Mid 1 trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW2)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid2Trip Mid 2 trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW3)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningHighTrip High-trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW4)
```

14.5 Function Documentation

14.5.1 void PMC_ConfigureLowVoltDetect (PMC_Type * base, const pmc_low_volt_detect_config_t * config)

This function configures the low-voltage detect setting, including the trip point voltage setting, enables or disables the interrupt, enables or disables the system reset.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	PMC peripheral base address.
config	Low-voltage detect configuration structure.

14.5.2 static bool PMC_GetLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function reads the current LVDF status. If it returns 1, a low-voltage event is detected.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

Current low-voltage detect flag

- true: Low-voltage detected
- false: Low-voltage not detected

14.5.3 static void PMC_ClearLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function acknowledges the low-voltage detection errors (write 1 to clear LVDF).

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

14.5.4 void PMC_ConfigureLowVoltWarning (PMC_Type * base, const pmc_low_volt_warning_config_t * config)

This function configures the low-voltage warning setting, including the trip point voltage setting and enabling or disabling the interrupt.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
config	Low-voltage warning configuration structure.

14.5.5 static bool PMC_GetLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function polls the current LVWF status. When 1 is returned, it indicates a low-voltage warning event. LVWF is set when V Supply transitions below the trip point or after reset and V Supply is already below the V LVW.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

Current LVWF status

- true: Low-voltage Warning Flag is set.
- false: the Low-voltage Warning does not happen.

14.5.6 static void PMC_ClearLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function acknowledges the low voltage warning errors (write 1 to clear LVWF).

Parameters

_		
	base	PMC peripheral base address.

14.5.7 void PMC_ConfigureBandgapBuffer (PMC_Type * base, const pmc bandgap buffer config t * config)

This function configures the PMC bandgap, including the drive select and behavior in low-power mode.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	PMC peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure

14.5.8 static bool PMC_GetPeriphlOIsolationFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function reads the Acknowledge Isolation setting that indicates whether certain peripherals and the I/O pads are in a latched state as a result of having been in the VLLS mode.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
base	Base address for current PMC instance.

Returns

ACK isolation 0 - Peripherals and I/O pads are in a normal run state. 1 - Certain peripherals and I/O pads are in an isolated and latched state.

14.5.9 static void PMC_ClearPeriphlOIsolationFlag (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function clears the ACK Isolation flag. Writing one to this setting when it is set releases the I/O pads and certain peripherals to their normal run mode state.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.

14.5.10 static bool PMC_IsRegulatorInRunRegulation (PMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function returns the regulator to run a regulation status. It provides the current status of the internal voltage regulator.

Parameters

base	PMC peripheral base address.
base	Base address for current PMC instance.

Returns

Regulation status 0 - Regulator is in a stop regulation or in transition to/from the regulation. 1 - Regulator is in a run regulation.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Chapter 15 PORT: Port Control and Interrupts

15.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Port Control and Interrupts (PORT) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

15.2 Typical configuration use case

15.2.1 Input PORT configuration

```
/* Input pin PORT configuration */
port_pin_config_t config = {
    kPORT_PullUp,
    kPORT_FastSlewRate,
    kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable,
    kPORT_OpenDrainDisable,
    kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
    kPORT_MuxAsGpio,
    kPORT_UnLockRegister,
};
/* Sets the configuration */
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTA, 4, &config);
```

15.2.2 I2C PORT Configuration

```
/* I2C pin PORTconfiguration */
port_pin_config_t config = {
     kPORT_PullUp,
     kPORT_FastSlewRate,
     kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable,
     kPORT_OpenDrainEnable,
     kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
     kPORT_MuxAlt5,
     kPORT_UnLockRegister,
};
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTE, 24u, &config);
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTE, 25u, &config);
```

Data Structures

• struct port_pin_config_t

PORT pin configuration structure. More...

Enumerations

```
enum _port_pull {kPORT_PullDisable = 0U,kPORT_PullDown = 2U,kPORT_PullUp = 3U }
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical configuration use case

```
Internal resistor pull feature selection.
enum _port_slew_rate {
 kPORT_FastSlewRate = 0U,
 kPORT_SlowSlewRate = 1U }
    Slew rate selection.
• enum _port_passive_filter_enable {
 kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable = 0U,
 kPORT_PassiveFilterEnable = 1U }
    Passive filter feature enable/disable.
enum _port_drive_strength {
 kPORT LowDriveStrength = 0U,
 kPORT_HighDriveStrength = 1U }
    Configures the drive strength.
enum port_mux_t {
 kPORT PinDisabledOrAnalog = 0U,
 kPORT_MuxAsGpio = 1U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt2 = 2U,
 kPORT MuxAlt3 = 3U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt4 = 4U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt5 = 5U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt6 = 6U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt7 = 7U,
 kPORT MuxAlt8 = 8U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt9 = 9U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt10 = 10U,
 kPORT MuxAlt11 = 11U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt12 = 12U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt13 = 13U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt14 = 14U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt15 = 15U }
    Pin mux selection.
enum port_interrupt_t {
 kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled = 0x0U,
 kPORT_InterruptLogicZero = 0x8U,
 kPORT InterruptRisingEdge = 0x9U,
 kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge = 0xAU,
 kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge = 0xBU,
 kPORT_InterruptLogicOne = 0xCU }
    Configures the interrupt generation condition.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_PORT_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 2)) *Version 2.0.2.*

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

193

Configuration

- static void PORT_SetPinConfig (PORT_Type *base, uint32_t pin, const port_pin_config_t *config)

 Sets the port PCR register.
- static void PORT_SetMultiplePinsConfig (PORT_Type *base, uint32_t mask, const port_pin_config_t *config)

Sets the port PCR register for multiple pins.

• static void PORT_SetPinMux (PORT_Type *base, uint32_t pin, port_mux_t mux) Configures the pin muxing.

Interrupt

- static void PORT_SetPinInterruptConfig (PORT_Type *base, uint32_t pin, port_interrupt_t config)

 Configures the port pin interrupt/DMA request.
- static uint32_t PORT_GetPinsInterruptFlags (PORT_Type *base)

Reads the whole port status flag.

• static void PORT_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (PORT_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Clears the multiple pin interrupt status flag.

15.3 Data Structure Documentation

15.3.1 struct port_pin_config_t

Data Fields

• uint16_t pullSelect: 2

No-pull/pull-down/pull-up select.

• uint16 t slewRate: 1

Fast/slow slew rate Configure.

• uint16 t passiveFilterEnable: 1

Passive filter enable/disable.

• uint16_t driveStrength: 1

Fast/slow drive strength configure.

• uint16 t mux: 3

Pin mux Configure.

15.4 Macro Definition Documentation

15.4.1 #define FSL PORT DRIVER VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 2))

15.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

15.5.1 enum _port_pull

Enumerator

```
kPORT_PullDisable Internal pull-up/down resistor is disabled.kPORT_PullDown Internal pull-down resistor is enabled.kPORT_PullUp Internal pull-up resistor is enabled.
```

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

15.5.2 enum _port_slew_rate

Enumerator

```
kPORT_FastSlewRate Fast slew rate is configured.kPORT_SlowSlewRate Slow slew rate is configured.
```

15.5.3 enum _port_passive_filter_enable

Enumerator

```
kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable Passive input filter is disabled. kPORT_PassiveFilterEnable Passive input filter is enabled.
```

15.5.4 enum _port_drive_strength

Enumerator

```
kPORT_LowDriveStrength Low-drive strength is configured.kPORT_HighDriveStrength High-drive strength is configured.
```

15.5.5 enum port_mux_t

Enumerator

```
kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog Corresponding pin is disabled, but is used as an analog pin.
kPORT MuxAsGpio Corresponding pin is configured as GPIO.
kPORT_MuxAlt2 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt3 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt4 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt5 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt6 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt7 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt8 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt9 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt10 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt11 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt12 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt13 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt14 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt15 Chip-specific.
```

15.5.6 enum port_interrupt_t

Enumerator

```
    kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled Interrupt/DMA request is disabled.
    kPORT_InterruptLogicZero Interrupt when logic zero.
    kPORT_InterruptRisingEdge Interrupt on rising edge.
    kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge Interrupt on falling edge.
    kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge Interrupt on either edge.
    kPORT_InterruptLogicOne Interrupt when logic one.
```

15.6 Function Documentation

15.6.1 static void PORT_SetPinConfig (PORT_Type * base, uint32_t pin, const port_pin_config_t * config) [inline], [static]

This is an example to define an input pin or output pin PCR configuration.

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.
pin	PORT pin number.
config	PORT PCR register configuration structure.

15.6.2 static void PORT_SetMultiplePinsConfig (PORT_Type * base, uint32_t mask, const port_pin_config_t * config) [inline], [static]

This is an example to define input pins or output pins PCR configuration.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
* kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
* kPORT_MuxAsGpio,
* kPORT_UnlockRegister,
* };
```

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.
mask	PORT pin number macro.
config	PORT PCR register configuration structure.

15.6.3 static void PORT_SetPinMux (PORT_Type * base, uint32_t pin, port_mux_t mux) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.
pin	PORT pin number.
mux	 pin muxing slot selection. kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog: Pin disabled or work in analog function. kPORT_MuxAsGpio: Set as GPIO. kPORT_MuxAlt2: chip-specific. kPORT_MuxAlt3: chip-specific. kPORT_MuxAlt4: chip-specific. kPORT_MuxAlt5: chip-specific. kPORT_MuxAlt6: chip-specific. kPORT_MuxAlt7: chip-specific. : This function is NOT recommended to use together with the PORT_SetPinsConfig, because the PORT_SetPinsConfig need to configure the pin mux anyway (Otherwise the pin mux is reset to zero: kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog). This function is recommended to use to reset the pin mux

15.6.4 static void PORT_SetPinInterruptConfig (PORT_Type * base, uint32_t pin, port_interrupt_t config) [inline], [static]

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.
pin	PORT pin number.
config	PORT pin interrupt configuration. • kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled: Interrupt/DMA request disabled. • #kPORT_DMARisingEdge: DMA request on rising edge(if the DMA requests exit). • #kPORT_DMAFallingEdge: DMA request on falling edge(if the DMA requests exit). • #kPORT_DMAEitherEdge: DMA request on either edge(if the DMA requests exit). • #kPORT_FlagRisingEdge: Flag sets on rising edge(if the Flag states exit). • #kPORT_FlagFallingEdge: Flag sets on falling edge(if the Flag states exit). • #kPORT_FlagEitherEdge: Flag sets on either edge(if the Flag states exit). • kPORT_InterruptLogicZero: Interrupt when logic zero. • kPORT_InterruptRisingEdge: Interrupt on rising edge. • kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge: Interrupt on falling edge. • kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge: Interrupt on either edge. • kPORT_InterruptLogicOne: Interrupt when logic one. • #kPORT_ActiveHighTriggerOutputEnable: Enable active high-trigger output (if the trigger states exit). • #kPORT_ActiveLowTriggerOutputEnable: Enable active low-trigger output (if the trigger states exit).

15.6.5 static uint32_t PORT_GetPinsInterruptFlags (PORT_Type * base) [inline], [static]

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.

Returns

Current port interrupt status flags, for example, 0x00010001 means the pin 0 and 16 have the interrupt.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

15.6.6 static void PORT_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (PORT_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	PORT peripheral base pointer.
mask	PORT pin number macro.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Chapter 16

RCM: Reset Control Module Driver

16.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a Peripheral driver for the Reset Control Module (RCM) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

Data Structures

• struct rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t Reset pin filter configuration. More...

Enumerations

```
• enum rcm reset source t {
 kRCM_SourceWakeup = RCM_SRS0_WAKEUP_MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLvd = RCM_SRS0_LVD_MASK,
 kRCM_SourceWdog = RCM_SRS0_WDOG_MASK,
 kRCM_SourcePin = RCM_SRS0_PIN_MASK,
 kRCM SourcePor = RCM SRS0 POR MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLockup = RCM_SRS1_LOCKUP_MASK << 8U,
 kRCM SourceSw = RCM SRS1 SW MASK << 8U,
 kRCM_SourceMdmap = RCM_SRS1_MDM_AP_MASK << 8U,
 kRCM_SourceSackerr = RCM_SRS1_SACKERR_MASK << 8U }
    System Reset Source Name definitions.
enum rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t {
 kRCM_FilterDisable = 0U,
 kRCM FilterBusClock = 1U,
 kRCM_FilterLpoClock = 2U }
    Reset pin filter select in Run and Wait modes.
enum rcm_boot_rom_config_t {
 kRCM BootFlash = 0U,
 kRCM_BootRomCfg0 = 1U,
 kRCM_BootRomFopt = 2U,
 kRCM BootRomBoth = 3U }
    Boot from ROM configuration.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_RCM_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) *RCM driver version 2.0.1.*

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

Reset Control Module APIs

• static uint32_t RCM_GetPreviousResetSources (RCM_Type *base)

Gets the reset source status which caused a previous reset.

• static uint32_t RCM_GetStickyResetSources (RCM_Type *base)

Gets the sticky reset source status.

• static void RCM_ClearStickyResetSources (RCM_Type *base, uint32_t sourceMasks)

Clears the sticky reset source status.

void RCM_ConfigureResetPinFilter (RCM_Type *base, const rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t *config)

Configures the reset pin filter.

• static rcm_boot_rom_config_t RCM_GetBootRomSource (RCM_Type *base)

Gets the ROM boot source.

• static void RCM_ClearBootRomSource (RCM_Type *base)

Clears the ROM boot source flag.

• void RCM_SetForceBootRomSource (RCM_Type *base, rcm_boot_rom_config_t config)

Forces the boot from ROM.

16.2 Data Structure Documentation

16.2.1 struct rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t

Data Fields

• bool enableFilterInStop

Reset pin filter select in stop mode.

rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t filterInRunWait

Reset pin filter in run/wait mode.

• uint8 t busClockFilterCount

Reset pin bus clock filter width.

16.2.1.0.0.31 Field Documentation

16.2.1.0.0.31.1 bool rcm reset pin filter config t::enableFilterInStop

16.2.1.0.0.31.2 rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t::filterInRunWait_

16.2.1.0.0.31.3 uint8 t rcm reset pin filter config t::busClockFilterCount

16.3 Macro Definition Documentation

16.3.1 #define FSL RCM DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 0, 1))

16.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

16.4.1 enum rcm_reset_source_t

Enumerator

kRCM SourceWakeup Low-leakage wakeup reset.

```
kRCM_SourceLvd Low-voltage detect reset.
kRCM_SourceWdog Watchdog reset.
kRCM_SourcePin External pin reset.
kRCM_SourcePor Power on reset.
kRCM_SourceLockup Core lock up reset.
kRCM_SourceSw Software reset.
kRCM_SourceMdmap MDM-AP system reset.
kRCM_SourceSackerr Parameter could get all reset flags.
```

16.4.2 enum rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kRCM_FilterDisable All filtering disabled.kRCM_FilterBusClock Bus clock filter enabled.kRCM_FilterLpoClock LPO clock filter enabled.
```

16.4.3 enum rcm_boot_rom_config_t

Enumerator

```
kRCM_BootFlash Boot from flash.
kRCM_BootRomCfg0 Boot from boot ROM due to BOOTCFG0.
kRCM_BootRomFopt Boot from boot ROM due to FOPT[7].
kRCM BootRomBoth Boot from boot ROM due to both BOOTCFG0 and FOPT[7].
```

16.5 Function Documentation

16.5.1 static uint32_t RCM_GetPreviousResetSources (RCM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function gets the current reset source status. Use source masks defined in the rcm_reset_source_t to get the desired source status.

This is an example.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

All reset source status bit map.

16.5.2 static uint32_t RCM_GetStickyResetSources (RCM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function gets the current reset source status that has not been cleared by software for a specific source. This is an example.

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

All reset source status bit map.

16.5.3 static void RCM_ClearStickyResetSources (RCM_Type * base, uint32_t sourceMasks) [inline], [static]

This function clears the sticky system reset flags indicated by source masks.

This is an example.

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.
sourceMasks	reset source status bit map

16.5.4 void RCM_ConfigureResetPinFilter (RCM_Type * base, const rcm_reset_pin_filter_config_t * config_)

This function sets the reset pin filter including the filter source, filter width, and so on.

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure.

16.5.5 static rcm_boot_rom_config_t RCM_GetBootRomSource (RCM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function gets the ROM boot source during the last chip reset.

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.

Returns

The ROM boot source.

16.5.6 static void RCM_ClearBootRomSource (RCM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function clears the ROM boot source flag.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	Register base address of RCM
------	------------------------------

16.5.7 void RCM_SetForceBootRomSource (RCM_Type * base, rcm_boot_rom_config_t config_)

This function forces booting from ROM during all subsequent system resets.

Parameters

base	RCM peripheral base address.
config	Boot configuration.

Chapter 17

RTC: Real Time Clock

17.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Real Time Clock (RTC) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

17.2 Function groups

The RTC driver supports operating the module as a time counter.

17.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function RTC_Init() initializes the RTC with specified configurations. The function RTC_GetDefault-Config() gets the default configurations.

The function RTC_Deinit() disables the RTC timer and disables the module clock.

17.2.2 Set & Get Datetime

The function RTC_SetDatetime() sets the timer period in seconds. Users pass in the details in date & time format by using the below data structure.

```
typedef struct _rtc_datetime
{
    uint16_t year;
    uint8_t month;
    uint8_t day;
    uint8_t hour;
    uint8_t minute;
    uint8_t second;
} rtc_datetime_t;
```

The function RTC_GetDatetime() reads the current timer value in seconds, converts it to date & time format and stores it into a datetime structure passed in by the user.

17.2.3 Set & Get Alarm

The function RTC_SetAlarm() sets the alarm time period in seconds. Users pass in the details in date & time format by using the datetime data structure.

The function RTC_GetAlarm() reads the alarm time in seconds, converts it to date & time format and stores it into a datetime structure passed in by the user.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

17.2.4 Start & Stop timer

The function RTC_StartTimer() starts the RTC time counter.

The function RTC_StopTimer() stops the RTC time counter.

17.2.5 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the RTC status.

17.2.6 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable RTC interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

17.2.7 RTC Oscillator

Some SoC's allow control of the RTC oscillator through the RTC module.

The function RTC_SetOscCapLoad() allows the user to modify the capacitor load configuration of the RTC oscillator.

17.2.8 Monotonic Counter

Some SoC's have a 64-bit Monotonic counter available in the RTC module.

The function RTC_SetMonotonicCounter() writes a 64-bit to the counter.

The function RTC_GetMonotonicCounter() reads the monotonic counter and returns the 64-bit counter value to the user.

The function RTC_IncrementMonotonicCounter() increments the Monotonic Counter by one.

17.3 Typical use case

17.3.1 RTC tick example

Example to set the RTC current time and trigger an alarm.

```
int main(void)
{
    uint32_t sec;
    uint32_t currSeconds;
    rtc_datetime_t date;
    rtc_config_t rtcConfig;

/* Board pin, clock, debug console init */
```

```
BOARD_InitHardware();
/* Init RTC */
RTC_GetDefaultConfig(&rtcConfig);
RTC_Init(RTC, &rtcConfig);
/* Select RTC clock source */
BOARD_SetRtcClockSource();
PRINTF("RTC example: set up time to wake up an alarm\r");
/\star Set a start date time and start RT \star/
date.year = 2014U;
date.month = 12U;
date.day = 25U;
date.hour = 19U;
date.minute = 0;
date.second = 0;
/\star RTC time counter has to be stopped before setting the date & time in the TSR register \star/
RTC_StopTimer(RTC);
/* Set RTC time to default */
RTC_SetDatetime(RTC, &date);
/* Enable RTC alarm interrupt */
RTC_EnableInterrupts(RTC, kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable);
/\star Enable at the NVIC \star/
EnableIRQ(RTC_IRQn);
/* Start the RTC time counter */
RTC_StartTimer(RTC);
/\star This loop will set the RTC alarm \star/
while (1)
    busyWait = true;
    /* Get date time */
    RTC_GetDatetime(RTC, &date);
    /* print default time */
    PRINTF("Current datetime: %04hd-%02hd-%02hd %02hd:%02hd:%02hd\r\n", date.
  year, date.month, date.day, date.hour,
           date.minute, date.second);
    /\star Get alarm time from the user \star/
    sec = 0;
    PRINTF("Input the number of second to wait for alarm \r\n");
    PRINTF("The second must be positive value\r\n");
    while (sec < 1)
    {
        SCANF("%d", &sec);
    /\star Read the RTC seconds register to get current time in seconds \star/
    currSeconds = RTC->TSR;
    /\star Add alarm seconds to current time \star/
    currSeconds += sec;
    /* Set alarm time in seconds */
    RTC->TAR = currSeconds:
    /* Get alarm time */
    RTC_GetAlarm(RTC, &date);
    /* Print alarm time */
    PRINTF("Alarm will occur at: 04hd-02hd-02hd-02hd:02hd:02hd:02hd<0.02hd", date.
  year, date.month, date.day,
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

```
date.hour, date.minute, date.second);

/* Wait until alarm occurs */
while (busyWait)
{
    }

PRINTF("\r\n Alarm occurs !!!! ");
}
```

Data Structures

• struct rtc datetime t

Structure is used to hold the date and time. More...

• struct rtc_config_t

RTC config structure. More...

Enumerations

```
enum rtc_interrupt_enable_t {
 kRTC_TimeInvalidInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TIIE_MASK,
 kRTC_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TOIE_MASK,
 kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TAIE_MASK,
 kRTC_SecondsInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TSIE_MASK }
    List of RTC interrupts.
enum rtc_status_flags_t {
 kRTC_TimeInvalidFlag = RTC_SR_TIF_MASK,
 kRTC_TimeOverflowFlag = RTC_SR_TOF_MASK,
 kRTC AlarmFlag = RTC SR TAF MASK }
    List of RTC flags.
enum rtc_osc_cap_load_t {
 kRTC_Capacitor_2p = RTC_CR_SC2P_MASK,
 kRTC_Capacitor_4p = RTC_CR_SC4P_MASK,
 kRTC Capacitor 8p = RTC CR SC8P MASK,
 kRTC_Capacitor_16p = RTC_CR_SC16P_MASK }
    List of RTC Oscillator capacitor load settings.
```

Functions

- static void RTC_SetOscCapLoad (RTC_Type *base, uint32_t capLoad)
 This function sets the specified capacitor configuration for the RTC oscillator.
- static void RTC_Reset (RTC_Type *base)

Performs a software reset on the RTC module.

Driver version

• #define FSL_RTC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) *Version 2.0.0.*

Initialization and deinitialization

- void RTC_Init (RTC_Type *base, const rtc_config_t *config)
 Ungates the RTC clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.
- static void RTC_Deinit (RTC_Type *base)

Stops the timer and gate the RTC clock.

• void RTC_GetDefaultConfig (rtc_config_t *config)

Fills in the RTC config struct with the default settings.

Current Time & Alarm

- status_t RTC_SetDatetime (RTC_Type *base, const rtc_datetime_t *datetime)

 Sets the RTC date and time according to the given time structure.
- void RTC_GetDatetime (RTC_Type *base, rtc_datetime_t *datetime)

Gets the RTC time and stores it in the given time structure.

- status_t RTC_SetAlarm (RTC_Type *base, const rtc_datetime_t *alarmTime)

 Sets the RTC alarm time.
- void RTC_GetAlarm (RTC_Type *base, rtc_datetime_t *datetime)

 Returns the RTC alarm time.

Interrupt Interface

- static void RTC_EnableInterrupts (RTC_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Enables the selected RTC interrupts.
- static void RTC_DisableInterrupts (RTC_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Disables the selected RTC interrupts.
- static uint32_t RTC_GetEnabledInterrupts (RTC_Type *base) Gets the enabled RTC interrupts.

Status Interface

• static uint32_t RTC_GetStatusFlags (RTC_Type *base)

Gets the RTC status flags.

• void RTC_ClearStatusFlags (RTC_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Clears the RTC status flags.

Timer Start and Stop

• static void RTC_StartTimer (RTC_Type *base)

Starts the RTC time counter.

• static void RTC_StopTimer (RTC_Type *base)

Stops the RTC time counter.

17.4 Data Structure Documentation

17.4.1 struct rtc datetime t

Data Fields

• uint16 t year

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

```
Range from 1970 to 2099.

• uint8_t month
Range from 1 to 12.

• uint8_t day
Range from 1 to 31 (depending on month).

• uint8_t hour
Range from 0 to 23.

• uint8_t minute
Range from 0 to 59.

• uint8_t second
Range from 0 to 59.

17.4.1.0.0.32 Field Documentation

17.4.1.0.0.32.1 uint16_t rtc_datetime_t::year
```

17.4.1.0.0.32.3 uint8 t rtc datetime t::day

17.4.1.0.0.32.4 uint8_t rtc_datetime_t::hour

17.4.1.0.0.32.5 uint8 t rtc datetime t::minute

17.4.1.0.0.32.6 uint8_t rtc_datetime_t::second

17.4.2 struct rtc config t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the RTC peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the RTC_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The config struct can be made const so it resides in flash

Data Fields

bool wakeupSelect

true: Wakeup pin outputs the 32 KHz clock; false: Wakeup pin used to wakeup the chip

bool updateMode

true: Registers can be written even when locked under certain conditions, false: No writes allowed when registers are locked

bool supervisorAccess

true: Non-supervisor accesses are allowed; false: Non-supervisor accesses are not supported

uint32_t compensationInterval

Compensation interval that is written to the CIR field in RTC TCR Register.

• uint32_t compensationTime

Compensation time that is written to the TCR field in RTC TCR Register.

213

17.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

17.5.1 enum rtc_interrupt_enable_t

Enumerator

```
kRTC_TimeInvalidInterruptEnable Time invalid interrupt.
kRTC_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable Time overflow interrupt.
kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable Alarm interrupt.
kRTC SecondsInterruptEnable Seconds interrupt.
```

17.5.2 enum rtc_status_flags_t

Enumerator

```
kRTC_TimeInvalidFlag Time invalid flag.kRTC_TimeOverflowFlag Time overflow flag.kRTC_AlarmFlag Alarm flag.
```

17.5.3 enum rtc_osc_cap_load_t

Enumerator

```
kRTC_Capacitor_2p 2 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_4p 4 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_8p 8 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_16p 16 pF capacitor load
```

17.6 Function Documentation

17.6.1 void RTC_Init (RTC_Type * base, const rtc_config_t * config_)

This function issues a software reset if the timer invalid flag is set.

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the RTC driver.

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
config	Pointer to the user's RTC configuration structure.

17.6.2 static void RTC_Deinit (RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
------	-----------------------------

17.6.3 void RTC_GetDefaultConfig (rtc_config_t * config)

The default values are as follows.

```
* config->wakeupSelect = false;
* config->updateMode = false;
* config->supervisorAccess = false;
* config->compensationInterval = 0;
* config->compensationTime = 0;
```

Parameters

config	Pointer to the user's RTC configuration structure.

17.6.4 status_t RTC_SetDatetime (RTC_Type * base, const rtc_datetime_t * datetime)

The RTC counter must be stopped prior to calling this function because writes to the RTC seconds register fail if the RTC counter is running.

Parameters

7	PMC 11 11
base	RTC peripheral base address
	r

datetime	Pointer to the structure where the date and time details are stored.
----------	--

Returns

kStatus_Success: Success in setting the time and starting the RTC kStatus_InvalidArgument: Error because the datetime format is incorrect

17.6.5 void RTC_GetDatetime (RTC_Type * base, rtc_datetime_t * datetime)

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
datetime	Pointer to the structure where the date and time details are stored.

17.6.6 status_t RTC_SetAlarm (RTC_Type * base, const rtc_datetime_t * alarmTime)

The function checks whether the specified alarm time is greater than the present time. If not, the function does not set the alarm and returns an error.

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
alarmTime	Pointer to the structure where the alarm time is stored.

Returns

kStatus_Success: success in setting the RTC alarm kStatus_InvalidArgument: Error because the alarm datetime format is incorrect kStatus_Fail: Error because the alarm time has already passed

17.6.7 void RTC_GetAlarm (RTC_Type * base, rtc_datetime_t * datetime)

Parameter	rs

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	RTC peripheral base address
datetime	Pointer to the structure where the alarm date and time details are stored.

17.6.8 static void RTC_EnableInterrupts (RTC_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
mask	The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc
	interrupt_enable_t

17.6.9 static void RTC_DisableInterrupts (RTC_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
mask	The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtcinterrupt_enable_t

17.6.10 static uint32_t RTC_GetEnabledInterrupts (RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address

Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc_interrupt_enable_t

17.6.11 static uint32_t RTC_GetStatusFlags (RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

217

Parameters

base RTC peripheral base address	
----------------------------------	--

Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc_status_flags_t

17.6.12 void RTC_ClearStatusFlags (RTC_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
mask	The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtcstatus_flags_t

17.6.13 static void RTC_StartTimer(RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, the timer counter increments once a second provided SR[TOF] or SR[TIF] are not set.

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address

17.6.14 static void RTC_StopTimer(RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

RTC's seconds register can be written to only when the timer is stopped.

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address

17.6.15 static void RTC_SetOscCapLoad (RTC_Type * base, uint32_t capLoad) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base RTC pe	eripheral base address
*	for loads to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc o_load_t

17.6.16 static void RTC_Reset (RTC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This resets all RTC registers except for the SWR bit and the RTC_WAR and RTC_RAR registers. The SWR bit is cleared by software explicitly clearing it.

Parameters

base	RTC peripheral base address
------	-----------------------------

Chapter 18

SIM: System Integration Module Driver

18.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the System Integration Module (SIM) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

Data Structures

• struct sim_uid_t
Unique ID. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum _sim_flash_mode {
    kSIM_FlashDisableInWait = SIM_FCFG1_FLASHDOZE_MASK,
    kSIM_FlashDisable = SIM_FCFG1_FLASHDIS_MASK }
    Flash enable mode.
```

Functions

- void SIM_GetUniqueId (sim_uid_t *uid)
 Gets the unique identification register value.
 static void SIM_SetFlashMode (uint8_t mode)
 - Sets the flash enable mode.

Driver version

• #define FSL_SIM_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) Driver version 2.0.0.

18.2 Data Structure Documentation

18.2.1 struct sim_uid_t

Data Fields

```
• uint32_t MH

UIDMH.
• uint32_t ML

UIDML.
• uint32_t L

UIDL.
```

18.2.1.0.0.33 Field Documentation

18.2.1.0.0.33.1 uint32_t sim_uid_t::MH

18.2.1.0.0.33.2 uint32 t sim uid t::ML

18.2.1.0.0.33.3 uint32_t sim_uid_t::L

18.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

18.3.1 enum _sim_flash_mode

Enumerator

kSIM_FlashDisableInWait Disable flash in wait mode. **kSIM_FlashDisable** Disable flash in normal mode.

18.4 Function Documentation

18.4.1 void SIM GetUniqueld ($sim_uid_t * uid$)

Parameters

uid Pointer to the structure to save the UID value.

18.4.2 static void SIM_SetFlashMode (uint8_t mode) [inline], [static]

Parameters

mode The mode to set; see _sim_flash_mode for mode details.

Chapter 19

SMC: System Mode Controller Driver

19.1 **Overview**

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the System Mode Controller (SMC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The SMC module sequences the system in and out of all low-power stop and run modes.

API functions are provided to configure the system for working in a dedicated power mode. For different power modes, SMC_SetPowerModexxx() function accepts different parameters. System power mode state transitions are not available between power modes. For details about available transitions, see the power mode transitions section in the SoC reference manual.

19.2 Typical use case

19.2.1 Enter wait or stop modes

SMC driver provides APIs to set MCU to different wait modes and stop modes. Pre and post functions are used for setting the modes. The pre functions and post functions are used as follows.

- 1. Disable/enable the interrupt through PRIMASK. This is an example use case. The application sets the wakeup interrupt and calls SMC function SMC_SetPowerModeStop to set the MCU to STOP mode, but the wakeup interrupt happens so quickly that the ISR completes before the function S-MC_SetPowerModeStop. As a result, the MCU enters the STOP mode and never is woken up by the interrupt. In this use case, the application first disables the interrupt through PRIMASK, sets the wakeup interrupt, and enters the STOP mode. After wakeup, enable the interrupt through PRIMAS-K. The MCU can still be woken up by disabling the interrupt through PRIMASK. The pre and post functions handle the PRIMASK.
- 2. Disable/enable the flash speculation. When entering stop modes, the flash speculation might be interrupted. As a result, pre functions disable the flash speculation and post functions enable it.

```
SMC_PreEnterStopModes();
/* Enable the wakeup interrupt here. */
SMC_SetPowerModeStop(SMC, kSMC_PartialStop);
SMC_PostExitStopModes();
```

Data Structures

NXP Semiconductors

- struct smc_power_mode_lls_config_t SMC Low-Leakage Stop power mode configuration. More...
- struct smc_power_mode_vlls_config_t SMC Very Low-Leakage Stop power mode configuration. More...

221

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

Enumerations

```
enum smc_power_mode_protection_t {
  kSMC AllowPowerModeVIIs = SMC PMPROT AVLLS MASK,
 kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlp = SMC_PMPROT_AVLP_MASK,
 kSMC_AllowPowerModeAll }
    Power Modes Protection.
enum smc_power_state_t {
 kSMC PowerStateRun = 0x01U << 0U,
 kSMC_PowerStateStop = 0x01U << 1U,
 kSMC_PowerStateVlpr = 0x01U << 2U,
 kSMC_PowerStateVlpw = 0x01U << 3U,
 kSMC PowerStateVlps = 0x01U \ll 4U,
 kSMC_PowerStateVlls = 0x01U << 6U }
    Power Modes in PMSTAT.
enum smc_run_mode_t {
 kSMC RunNormal = 0U,
 kSMC_RunVlpr = 2U }
    Run mode definition.
enum smc_stop_mode_t {
 kSMC_StopNormal = 0U,
 kSMC_StopVlps = 2U,
 kSMC_StopVlls = 4U }
    Stop mode definition.
enum smc_stop_submode_t {
  kSMC_StopSub0 = 0U,
 kSMC_StopSub1 = 1U,
 kSMC_StopSub2 = 2U,
 kSMC StopSub3 = 3U
    VLLS/LLS stop sub mode definition.
enum smc_partial_stop_option_t {
  kSMC_PartialStop = 0U,
 kSMC_PartialStop1 = 1U,
 kSMC_PartialStop2 = 2U }
    Partial STOP option.

    enum _smc_status { kStatus_SMC_StopAbort = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_POWER, 0) }

    SMC configuration status.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_SMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) SMC driver version 2.0.3.

System mode controller APIs

- static void SMC_SetPowerModeProtection (SMC_Type *base, uint8_t allowedModes) Configures all power mode protection settings.
- static smc_power_state_t SMC_GetPowerModeState (SMC_Type *base)

Data Structure Documentation

223

Gets the current power mode status.

• void SMC_PreEnterStopModes (void)

Prepares to enter stop modes.

void SMC_PostExitStopModes (void)

Recovers after wake up from stop modes.

• static void SMC_PreEnterWaitModes (void)

Prepares to enter wait modes.

• static void SMC_PostExitWaitModes (void)

Recovers after wake up from stop modes.

• status_t SMC_SetPowerModeRun (SMC_Type *base)

Configures the system to RUN power mode.

• status_t SMC_SetPowerModeWait (SMC_Type *base)

Configures the system to WAIT power mode.

• status_t SMC_SetPowerModeStop (SMC_Type *base, smc_partial_stop_option_t option)

Configures the system to Stop power mode.

• status_t SMC_SetPowerModeVlpr (SMC_Type *base)

Configures the system to VLPR power mode.

• status t SMC SetPowerModeVlpw (SMC Type *base)

Configures the system to VLPW power mode.

• status t SMC SetPowerModeVlps (SMC Type *base)

Configures the system to VLPS power mode.

status_t SMC_SetPowerModeVlls (SMC_Type *base, const smc_power_mode_vlls_config_t *config)

Configures the system to VLLS power mode.

19.3 Data Structure Documentation

19.3.1 struct smc_power_mode_lls_config_t

Data Fields

• bool enableLpoClock

Enable LPO clock in LLS mode.

19.3.2 struct smc_power_mode_vlls_config_t

Data Fields

smc_stop_submode_t subMode

Very Low-leakage Stop sub-mode.

bool enablePorDetectInVIIs0

Enable Power on reset detect in VLLS mode.

bool enableLpoClock

Enable LPO clock in VLLS mode.

Enumeration Type Documentation

19.4 Macro Definition Documentation

19.4.1 #define FSL_SMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

19.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

19.5.1 enum smc_power_mode_protection_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlls Allow Very-low-leakage Stop Mode.kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlp Allow Very-Low-power Mode.kSMC_AllowPowerModeAll Allow all power mode.
```

19.5.2 enum smc_power_state_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_PowerStateRun 0000_0001 - Current power mode is RUN kSMC_PowerStateStop 0000_0010 - Current power mode is STOP kSMC_PowerStateVlpr 0000_0100 - Current power mode is VLPR kSMC_PowerStateVlpw 0000_1000 - Current power mode is VLPW kSMC_PowerStateVlps 0001_0000 - Current power mode is VLPS kSMC_PowerStateVlls 0100_0000 - Current power mode is VLLS
```

19.5.3 enum smc_run_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_RunNormal Normal RUN mode.kSMC_RunVlpr Very-low-power RUN mode.
```

19.5.4 enum smc_stop_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_StopNormal Normal STOP mode.kSMC_StopVlps Very-low-power STOP mode.kSMC_StopVlls Very-low-leakage Stop mode.
```

19.5.5 enum smc_stop_submode_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_StopSub0 Stop submode 0, for VLLS0/LLS0.
kSMC_StopSub1 Stop submode 1, for VLLS1/LLS1.
kSMC_StopSub2 Stop submode 2, for VLLS2/LLS2.
kSMC StopSub3 Stop submode 3, for VLLS3/LLS3.
```

19.5.6 enum smc_partial_stop_option_t

Enumerator

```
kSMC_PartialStop STOP - Normal Stop mode.kSMC_PartialStop1 Partial Stop with both system and bus clocks disabled.kSMC_PartialStop2 Partial Stop with system clock disabled and bus clock enabled.
```

19.5.7 enum smc status

Enumerator

kStatus_SMC_StopAbort Entering Stop mode is abort.

19.6 Function Documentation

19.6.1 static void SMC_SetPowerModeProtection (SMC_Type * base, uint8_t allowedModes) [inline], [static]

This function configures the power mode protection settings for supported power modes in the specified chip family. The available power modes are defined in the smc_power_mode_protection_t. This should be done at an early system level initialization stage. See the reference manual for details. This register can only write once after the power reset.

The allowed modes are passed as bit map. For example, to allow LLS and VLLS, use SMC_SetPower-ModeProtection(kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlls | kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlps). To allow all modes, use SMC_SetPowerModeProtection(kSMC_AllowPowerModeAll).



MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	SMC peripheral base address.
allowedModes	Bitmap of the allowed power modes.

19.6.2 static smc_power_state_t SMC_GetPowerModeState (SMC_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function returns the current power mode status. After the application switches the power mode, it should always check the status to check whether it runs into the specified mode or not. The application should check this mode before switching to a different mode. The system requires that only certain modes can switch to other specific modes. See the reference manual for details and the smc_power_state_t for information about the power status.

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

Current power mode status.

19.6.3 void SMC_PreEnterStopModes (void)

This function should be called before entering STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes.

19.6.4 void SMC_PostExitStopModes (void)

This function should be called after wake up from STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes. It is used with SMC_PreEnterStopModes.

19.6.5 static void SMC_PreEnterWaitModes (void) [inline], [static]

This function should be called before entering WAIT/VLPW modes.

19.6.6 static void SMC_PostExitWaitModes (void) [inline], [static]

This function should be called after wake up from WAIT/VLPW modes. It is used with SMC_PreEnter-WaitModes.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

19.6.7 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeRun (SMC_Type * base)

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.8 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeWait (SMC_Type * base)

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.9 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeStop (SMC_Type * base, smc_partial_stop_option_t option)

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
option	Partial Stop mode option.

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.10 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeVlpr (SMC_Type * base)

Parameters

229

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.11 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeVlpw (SMC_Type * base)

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.12 status t SMC SetPowerModeVlps (SMC Type * base)

Parameters

base	SMC peripheral base address.
------	------------------------------

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

19.6.13 status_t SMC_SetPowerModeVIIs (SMC_Type * base, const smc_power_mode_vlls_config_t * config_)

Parameters

_		
	base	SMC peripheral base address.
		r r r r r r r r -

config The VLLS power mode configuration structure.

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

Chapter 20

SPI: Serial Peripheral Interface Driver

Overview 20.1

Modules

- SPI DMA Driver
- SPI DriverSPI FreeRTOS driver

20.2 SPI Driver

20.2.1 Overview

SPI driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are feature/property target low level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for SPI initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the SPI peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional API use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. SPI functional operation groups provide the functional API set.

Transactional APIs are transaction target high level APIs. Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are a critical requirement, see the transactional API implementation and write a custom code. All transactional APIs use the spi_handle_t as the first parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandle() or SPI_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions SPI_MasterTransferNon-Blocking() and SPI_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() set up the interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus_SPI_Idle status.

20.2.2 Typical use case

20.2.2.1 SPI master transfer using an interrupt method

```
#define BUFFER_LEN (64)
spi_master_handle_t spiHandle;
spi_master_config_t masterConfig;
spi_transfer_t xfer;
volatile bool isFinished = false;
const uint8_t sendData[BUFFER_LEN] = [.....];
uint8_t receiveBuff[BUFFER_LEN];
void SPI_UserCallback(SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
    isFinished = true:
void main (void)
    //...
   SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandle(SPI0, &spiHandle, SPI_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Prepare to send.
   xfer.txData = sendData;
    xfer.rxData = receiveBuff;
    xfer.dataSize = BUFFER_LEN;
    // Send out.
    SPI_MasterTransferNonBlocking(SPI0, &spiHandle, &xfer);
```

```
// Wait send finished.
while (!isFinished)
{
}
// ...
```

20.2.2.2 SPI Send/receive using a DMA method

```
#define BUFFER_LEN (64)
spi_dma_handle_t spiHandle;
dma_handle_t g_spiTxDmaHandle;
dma_handle_t g_spiRxDmaHandle;
spi_config_t masterConfig;
spi_transfer_t xfer;
volatile bool isFinished;
uint8_t sendData[BUFFER_LEN] = ...;
uint8_t receiveBuff[BUFFER_LEN];
void SPI_UserCallback(SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
{
    isFinished = true;
void main(void)
    //...
    SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &masterConfig);
    // Sets up the DMA.
    DMAMUX_Init(DMAMUX0);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL, SPI_TX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL, SPI_RX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
   DMA_Init(DMA0);
    /\star Creates the DMA handle. \star/
    DMA_CreateHandle(&g_spiTxDmaHandle, DMAO, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMA_CreateHandle(&g_spiRxDmaHandle, DMA0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA(SPI0, spiHandle, &q_spiTxDmaHandle,
      &g_spiRxDmaHandle, SPI_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Prepares to send.
    xfer.txData = sendData;
    xfer.rxData = receiveBuff;
    xfer.dataSize = BUFFER_LEN;
    // Sends out.
    SPI_MasterTransferDMA(SPI0, &spiHandle, &xfer);
    // Waits for send to complete.
    while (!isFinished)
    }
    // ...
```

Data Structures

```
    struct spi_master_config_t
        SPI master user configure structure. More...
    struct spi_slave_config_t
        SPI slave user configure structure. More...
    struct spi_transfer_t
        SPI transfer structure. More...
    struct spi_master_handle_t
        SPI transfer handle structure. More...
```

Macros

• #define SPI_DUMMYDATA (0xFFU)

SPI dummy transfer data, the data is sent while txBuff is NULL.

Typedefs

- typedef spi_master_handle_t spi_slave_handle_t Slave handle is the same with master handle.
- typedef void(* spi_master_callback_t)(SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

SPI master callback for finished transmit.

• typedef void(* spi_slave_callback_t)(SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

SPI master callback for finished transmit.

Enumerations

```
• enum spi status {
  kStatus_SPI_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 0),
  kStatus_SPI_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 1),
 kStatus_SPI_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 2) }
    Return status for the SPI driver.
enum spi_clock_polarity_t {
  kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveHigh = 0x0U,
  kSPI ClockPolarityActiveLow }
    SPI clock polarity configuration.
enum spi_clock_phase_t {
  kSPI_ClockPhaseFirstEdge = 0x0U,
  kSPI_ClockPhaseSecondEdge }
    SPI clock phase configuration.
enum spi_shift_direction_t {
  kSPI_MsbFirst = 0x0U,
 kSPI_LsbFirst }
```

```
SPI data shifter direction options.
enum spi_ss_output_mode_t {
  kSPI_SlaveSelectAsGpio = 0x0U,
 kSPI_SlaveSelectFaultInput = 0x2U,
 kSPI SlaveSelectAutomaticOutput = 0x3U }
    SPI slave select output mode options.
enum spi_pin_mode_t {
 kSPI PinModeNormal = 0x0U,
 kSPI PinModeInput = 0x1U,
 kSPI PinModeOutput = 0x3U }
    SPI pin mode options.
enum spi_data_bitcount_mode_t {
 kSPI_8BitMode = 0x0U,
 kSPI 16BitMode }
    SPI data length mode options.
enum _spi_interrupt_enable {
  kSPI RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable = 0x1U,
 kSPI TxEmptyInterruptEnable = 0x2U,
 kSPI MatchInterruptEnable = 0x4U }
    SPI interrupt sources.
enum _spi_flags {
 kSPI_RxBufferFullFlag = SPI_S_SPRF_MASK,
 kSPI_MatchFlag = SPI_S_SPMF_MASK,
 kSPI TxBufferEmptyFlag = SPI S SPTEF MASK,
 kSPI_ModeFaultFlag = SPI_S_MODF_MASK }
    SPI status flags.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_SPI_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) SPI driver version 2.0.3.

Initialization and deinitialization

- void SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig (spi_master_config_t *config)
 Sets the SPI master configuration structure to default values.
 void SPI_MasterInit (SPI_Type *base, const spi_master_config_t *config, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)
 Initializes the SPI with master configuration.
 void SPI_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (spi_slave_config_t *config)
 Sets the SPI slave configuration structure to default values.
 void SPI_SlaveInit (SPI_Type *base, const spi_slave_config_t *config)
 Initializes the SPI with slave configuration.
- void SPI_Deinit (SPI_Type *base)

De-initializes the SPI.

• static void SPI_Enable (SPI_Type *base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the SPI.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Status

• uint32_t SPI_GetStatusFlags (SPI_Type *base) Gets the status flag.

Interrupts

- void SPI_EnableInterrupts (SPI_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Enables the interrupt for the SPI.
- void SPI_DisableInterrupts (SPI_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

 Disables the interrupt for the SPI.

DMA Control

• static uint32_t SPI_GetDataRegisterAddress (SPI_Type *base)

Gets the SPI tx/rx data register address.

Bus Operations

- void SPI_MasterSetBaudRate (SPI_Type *base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t srcClock_Hz) Sets the baud rate for SPI transfer.
- static void SPI_SetMatchData (SPI_Type *base, uint32_t matchData) Sets the match data for SPI.
- void SPI_WriteBlocking (SPI_Type *base, uint8_t *buffer, size_t size)

 Sends a buffer of data bytes using a blocking method.
- void SPI_WriteData (SPI_Type *base, uint16_t data)

Writes a data into the SPI data register.

• uint16_t SPI_ReadData (SPI_Type *base)

Gets a data from the SPI data register.

Transactional

void SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandle (SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, spi_master_callback_t callback, void *userData)

Initializes the SPI master handle.

- status_t SPI_MasterTransferBlocking (SPI_Type *base, spi_transfer_t *xfer)
 - Transfers a block of data using a polling method.
- status_t SPI_MasterTransferNonBlocking (SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, spi_transfer_t *xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SPI interrupt transfer.

• status_t SPI_MasterTransferGetCount (SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, size_t *count)

Gets the bytes of the SPI interrupt transferred.

• void SPI_MasterTransferAbort (SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle)

Aborts an SPI transfer using interrupt.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

- void SPI_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle)

 Interrupts the handler for the SPI.
- void SPI_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle, spi_slave_callback_t callback, void *userData)

Initializes the SPI slave handle.

• static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle, spi_transfer t *xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SPI slave interrupt transfer.

• static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferGetCount (SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle, size_t *count)

Gets the bytes of the SPI interrupt transferred.

- static void SPI_SlaveTransferAbort (SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle)

 Aborts an SPI slave transfer using interrupt.
- void SPI_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (SPI_Type *base, spi_slave_handle_t *handle)

 Interrupts a handler for the SPI slave.

20.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

20.2.3.1 struct spi master config t

Data Fields

bool enableMaster

Enable SPI at initialization time.

• bool enableStopInWaitMode

SPI stop in wait mode.

• spi_clock_polarity_t polarity

Clock polarity.

spi_clock_phase_t phase

Clock phase.

spi_shift_direction_t direction

MSB or LSB.

spi_ss_output_mode_t outputMode

SS pin setting.

• spi_pin_mode_t pinMode

SPI pin mode select.

uint32_t baudRate_Bps

Baud Rate for SPI in Hz.

20.2.3.2 struct spi slave config t

Data Fields

- bool enableSlave
 - Enable SPI at initialization time.
- bool enableStopInWaitMode
 - SPI stop in wait mode.
- spi_clock_polarity_t polarity

NXP Semiconductors 237

Clock polarity.

- spi_clock_phase_t phase Clock phase.
- spi_shift_direction_t direction MSB or LSB.

20.2.3.3 struct spi transfer t

Data Fields

• uint8 t * txData

Send buffer.

• uint8_t * rxData

Receive buffer.

• size_t dataSize

Transfer bytes.

• uint32_t flags

SPI control flag, useless to SPI.

20.2.3.3.0.34 Field Documentation

20.2.3.3.0.34.1 uint32_t spi_transfer_t::flags

20.2.3.4 struct _spi_master_handle

Data Fields

• uint8_t *volatile txData

Transfer buffer.

• uint8_t *volatile rxData

Receive buffer.

• volatile size_t txRemainingBytes

Send data remaining in bytes.

• volatile size_t rxRemainingBytes

Receive data remaining in bytes.

• volatile uint32_t state

SPI internal state.

• size t transferSize

Bytes to be transferred.

• uint8_t bytePerFrame

SPI mode, 2bytes or 1byte in a frame.

• uint8_t watermark

Watermark value for SPI transfer.

• spi master callback t callback

SPI callback.

void * userData

Callback parameter.

20.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation

20.2.4.1 #define FSL_SPI_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

20.2.4.2 #define SPI DUMMYDATA (0xFFU)

20.2.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

20.2.5.1 enum _spi_status

Enumerator

```
kStatus_SPI_Busy SPI bus is busy.
kStatus_SPI_Idle SPI is idle.
kStatus_SPI_Error SPI error.
```

20.2.5.2 enum spi_clock_polarity_t

Enumerator

```
kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveHigh Active-high SPI clock (idles low). 
kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveLow Active-low SPI clock (idles high).
```

20.2.5.3 enum spi_clock_phase_t

Enumerator

kSPI_ClockPhaseFirstEdge First edge on SPSCK occurs at the middle of the first cycle of a data transfer.

kSPI_ClockPhaseSecondEdge First edge on SPSCK occurs at the start of the first cycle of a data transfer.

20.2.5.4 enum spi_shift_direction_t

Enumerator

```
kSPI_MsbFirst Data transfers start with most significant bit. kSPI_LsbFirst Data transfers start with least significant bit.
```

20.2.5.5 enum spi_ss_output_mode_t

Enumerator

kSPI_SlaveSelectAsGpio Slave select pin configured as GPIO.

kSPI_SlaveSelectFaultInput Slave select pin configured for fault detection.

kSPI_SlaveSelectAutomaticOutput Slave select pin configured for automatic SPI output.

20.2.5.6 enum spi_pin_mode_t

Enumerator

kSPI_PinModeNormal Pins operate in normal, single-direction mode.

kSPI_PinModeInput Bidirectional mode. Master: MOSI pin is input; Slave: MISO pin is input.

kSPI_PinModeOutput Bidirectional mode. Master: MOSI pin is output; Slave: MISO pin is output.

20.2.5.7 enum spi_data_bitcount_mode_t

Enumerator

kSPI_8BitMode 8-bit data transmission modekSPI 16BitMode 16-bit data transmission mode

20.2.5.8 enum _spi_interrupt_enable

Enumerator

kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable Receive buffer full (SPRF) and mode fault (MODF) interrupt.

kSPI_TxEmptyInterruptEnable Transmit buffer empty interrupt.

kSPI MatchInterruptEnable Match interrupt.

20.2.5.9 enum _spi_flags

Enumerator

kSPI_RxBufferFullFlag Read buffer full flag.

kSPI_MatchFlag Match flag.

kSPI_TxBufferEmptyFlag Transmit buffer empty flag.

kSPI_ModeFaultFlag Mode fault flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

241

20.2.6 Function Documentation

20.2.6.1 void SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig (spi_master_config_t * config)

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI_MasterInit(). User may use the initialized structure unchanged in SPI_MasterInit(), or modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI_MasterInit(). After calling this API, the master is ready to transfer. Example:

```
spi_master_config_t config;
SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

Parameters

config pointer to master config structure

20.2.6.2 void SPI_MasterInit (SPI_Type * base, const spi_master_config_t * config, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch, or be set with default values by SPI_Master-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_master_config_t config = {
.baudRate_Bps = 400000,
...
};
SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &config);
```

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
config	pointer to master configuration structure
srcClock_Hz	Source clock frequency.

20.2.6.3 void SPI_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (spi_slave_config_t * config)

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI_SlaveInit(). Modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI_SlaveInit(). Example:

```
spi_slave_config_t config;
SPI_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

Parameters

config	pointer to slave configuration structure
--------	--

20.2.6.4 void SPI_SlaveInit (SPI_Type * base, const spi_slave_config_t * config)

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch or be set with default values by SPI_Slave-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_slave_config_t config = {
.polarity = kSPIClockPolarity_ActiveHigh;
.phase = kSPIClockPhase_FirstEdge;
.direction = kSPIMsbFirst;
...
};
SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &config);
```

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
config	pointer to master configuration structure

20.2.6.5 void SPI_Deinit (SPI_Type * base)

Calling this API resets the SPI module, gates the SPI clock. The SPI module can't work unless calling the SPI MasterInit/SPI SlaveInit to initialize module.

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
------	------------------

20.2.6.6 static void SPI_Enable (SPI_Type * base, bool enable) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
enable	pass true to enable module, false to disable module

20.2.6.7 uint32_t SPI_GetStatusFlags (SPI_Type * base)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
------	------------------

Returns

SPI Status, use status flag to AND _spi_flags could get the related status.

20.2.6.8 void SPI_EnableInterrupts (SPI_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
mask	SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values: • kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable • kSPI_TxEmptyInterruptEnable • kSPI_MatchInterruptEnable • kSPI_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable • kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable

20.2.6.9 void SPI_DisableInterrupts (SPI_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
mask	SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values: • kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable • kSPI_TxEmptyInterruptEnable • kSPI_MatchInterruptEnable • kSPI_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable • kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable

20.2.6.10 static uint32_t SPI_GetDataRegisterAddress (SPI_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This API is used to provide a transfer address for the SPI DMA transfer configuration.

NXP Semiconductors 243

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
------	------------------

Returns

data register address

20.2.6.11 void SPI_MasterSetBaudRate (SPI_Type * base, uint32_t baudRate_Bps, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

This is only used in master.

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
baudRate_Bps	baud rate needed in Hz.
srcClock_Hz	SPI source clock frequency in Hz.

20.2.6.12 static void SPI_SetMatchData (SPI_Type * base, uint32_t matchData) [inline], [static]

The match data is a hardware comparison value. When the value received in the SPI receive data buffer equals the hardware comparison value, the SPI Match Flag in the S register (S[SPMF]) sets. This can also generate an interrupt if the enable bit sets.

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
matchData	Match data.

20.2.6.13 void SPI_WriteBlocking (SPI_Type * base, uint8_t * buffer, size_t size)

Note

This function blocks via polling until all bytes have been sent.

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
buffer	The data bytes to send
size	The number of data bytes to send

20.2.6.14 void SPI_WriteData (SPI_Type * base, uint16_t data)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
data	needs to be write.

20.2.6.15 uint16_t SPI_ReadData (SPI_Type * base)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer

Returns

Data in the register.

20.2.6.16 void SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandle (SPI_Type * base, spi_master_handle_t * handle, spi_master_callback_t callback, void * userData)

This function initializes the SPI master handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI handle pointer.
callback	Callback function.

userData

20.2.6.17 status_t SPI_MasterTransferBlocking (SPI_Type * base, spi_transfer_t * xfer)

Parameters

base	SPI base pointer
xfer	pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start a transfer.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Input argument is invalid.

20.2.6.18 status_t SPI_MasterTransferNonBlocking (SPI_Type * base, spi_master_handle_t * handle, spi_transfer_t * xfer)

Note

The API immediately returns after transfer initialization is finished. Call SPI_GetStatusIRQ() to get the transfer status.

If SPI transfer data frame size is 16 bits, the transfer size cannot be an odd number.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state
xfer	pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start a transfer.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Input argument is invalid.
kStatus_SPI_Busy	SPI is not idle, is running another transfer.

20.2.6.19 status_t SPI_MasterTransferGetCount (SPI_Type * base, spi_master_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable.
count	Transferred bytes of SPI master.

Return values

kStatus_SPI_Success	Succeed get the transfer count.
kStatus_NoTransferIn-	There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress.
Progress	

20.2.6.20 void SPI_MasterTransferAbort (SPI_Type * base, spi_master_handle_t * handle)

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable.

20.2.6.21 void SPI_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (SPI_Type * base, spi_master_handle_t * handle)

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.

20.2.6.22 void SPI_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (SPI_Type * base, spi_slave_handle_t * handle, spi_slave callback t callback, void * userData)

This function initializes the SPI slave handle which can be used for other SPI slave transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

base	SPI peripheral base address.	
handle	SPI handle pointer.	
callback	Callback function.	
userData	User data.	

20.2.6.23 static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (SPI_Type * base, spi_slave_handle_t * handle, spi_transfer_t * xfer) [inline], [static]

Note

The API returns immediately after the transfer initialization is finished. Call SPI_GetStatusIRQ() to get the transfer status.

If SPI transfer data frame size is 16 bits, the transfer size cannot be an odd number.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state
xfer	pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start a transfer.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Input argument is invalid.
kStatus_SPI_Busy	SPI is not idle, is running another transfer.

20.2.6.24 static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferGetCount (SPI_Type * base, spi_slave_handle_t * handle, size_t * count) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable.

count	Transferred bytes of SPI slave.
-------	---------------------------------

Return values

kStatus_SPI_Success	Succeed get the transfer count.
kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress.

20.2.6.25 static void SPI_SlaveTransferAbort (SPI_Type * base, spi_slave_handle_t * handle) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable.

20.2.6.26 void SPI_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (SPI_Type * base, spi_slave_handle_t * handle)

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.	
handle	pointer to spi_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state	

SPI DMA Driver

20.3 SPI DMA Driver

20.3.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the SPI DMA driver.

Data Structures

• struct spi_dma_handle_t

SPI DMA transfer handle, users should not touch the content of the handle. More...

Typedefs

• typedef void(* spi_dma_callback_t)(SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)

SPI DMA callback called at the end of transfer.

DMA Transactional

- void SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, spi_dma_callback_t callback, void *userData, dma_handle_t *txHandle, dma_handle_t *rxHandle)
 Initialize the SPI master DMA handle.
- status_t SPI_MasterTransferDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, spi_transfer_t *xfer)

Perform a non-blocking SPI transfer using DMA.

- void ŠPI_MasterTransferAbortDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle) Abort a SPI transfer using DMA.
- status_t SPI_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, size_- t *count)

Get the transferred bytes for SPI slave DMA.

- static void SPI_SlaveTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, spi_dma_callback_t callback, void *userData, dma_handle_t *txHandle, dma_handle_t *rxHandle)

 Initialize the SPI slave DMA handle.
- static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, spi_transfer_t *xfer)

Perform a non-blocking SPI transfer using DMA.

- static void SPI_SlaveTransferAbortDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle) Abort a SPI transfer using DMA.
- static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferGetCountDMA (SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, size-t *count)

Get the transferred bytes for SPI slave DMA.

251

20.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

20.3.2.1 struct spi_dma_handle

Data Fields

• bool txInProgress

Send transfer finished.

bool rxInProgress

Receive transfer finished.

• dma handle t * txHandle

DMA handler for SPI send.

• dma_handle_t * rxHandle

DMA handler for SPI receive.

• uint8_t bytesPerFrame

Bytes in a frame for SPI tranfer.

• spi_dma_callback_t callback

Callback for SPI DMA transfer.

void * userData

User Data for SPI DMA callback.

• uint32_t state

Internal state of SPI DMA transfer.

• size_t transferSize

Bytes need to be transfer.

20.3.3 Typedef Documentation

20.3.3.1 typedef void(* spi_dma_callback_t)(SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, status t status, void *userData)

20.3.4 Function Documentation

20.3.4.1 void SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, spi_dma_callback_t callback, void * userData, dma_handle_t * txHandle, dma_handle_t * rxHandle)

This function initializes the SPI master DMA handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, user need only call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

SPI DMA Driver

base	SPI peripheral base address.	
handle	PI handle pointer.	
callback	User callback function called at the end of a transfer.	
userData	User data for callback.	
txHandle	DMA handle pointer for SPI Tx, the handle shall be static allocated by users.	
rxHandle	rxHandle DMA handle pointer for SPI Rx, the handle shall be static allocated by users.	

20.3.4.2 status_t SPI_MasterTransferDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, spi_transfer_t * xfer)

Note

This interface returned immediately after transfer initiates, users should call SPI_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether SPI transfer finished.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.	
handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.	
xfer	Pointer to dma transfer structure.	

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start a transfer.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Input argument is invalid.
kStatus_SPI_Busy	SPI is not idle, is running another transfer.

20.3.4.3 void SPI_MasterTransferAbortDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle)

Parameters

handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.
--------	-------------------------

20.3.4.4 status_t SPI_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, size_t * count)

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.
count	Transferred bytes.

Return values

kStatus_SPI_Success	Succeed get the transfer count.
kStatus_NoTransferIn- Progress	There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress.

20.3.4.5 static void SPI_SlaveTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, spi_dma_callback_t callback, void * userData, dma_handle_t * txHandle, dma_handle_t * rxHandle) [inline], [static]

This function initializes the SPI slave DMA handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, user need only call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI handle pointer.
callback	User callback function called at the end of a transfer.
userData	User data for callback.
txHandle	DMA handle pointer for SPI Tx, the handle shall be static allocated by users.
rxHandle	DMA handle pointer for SPI Rx, the handle shall be static allocated by users.

20.3.4.6 static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, spi_transfer_t * xfer) [inline], [static]

SPI DMA Driver

Note

This interface returned immediately after transfer initiates, users should call SPI_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether SPI transfer finished.

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.
xfer	Pointer to dma transfer structure.

Return values

kStatus_Success	Successfully start a transfer.
kStatus_InvalidArgument	Input argument is invalid.
kStatus_SPI_Busy	SPI is not idle, is running another transfer.

20.3.4.7 static void SPI_SlaveTransferAbortDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.

20.3.4.8 static status_t SPI_SlaveTransferGetCountDMA (SPI_Type * base, spi_dma_handle_t * handle, size_t * count) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	SPI peripheral base address.
handle	SPI DMA handle pointer.
count	Transferred bytes.

Return values

SPI DMA Driver

kStatus_SPI_Success	Succeed get the transfer count.
kStatus_NoTransferIn-	There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress.
Progress	

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

SPI FreeRTOS driver

20.4 SPI FreeRTOS driver

20.4.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the SPI FreeRTOS driver.

SPI RTOS Operation

- status_t SPI_RTOS_Init (spi_rtos_handle_t *handle, SPI_Type *base, const spi_master_config_t *masterConfig, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)
 Initializes SPI.
- status_t SPI_RTOS_Deinit (spi_rtos_handle_t *handle)

 Deinitializes the SPI.
- status_t SPI_RTOS_Transfer (spi_rtos_handle_t *handle, spi_transfer_t *transfer) Performs SPI transfer.

20.4.2 Function Documentation

20.4.2.1 status_t SPI_RTOS_Init (spi_rtos_handle_t * handle, SPI_Type * base, const spi_master_config_t * masterConfig, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

This function initializes the SPI module and related RTOS context.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS SPI handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context.
base	The pointer base address of the SPI instance to initialize.
masterConfig	Configuration structure to set-up SPI in master mode.
srcClock_Hz	Frequency of input clock of the SPI module.

Returns

status of the operation.

20.4.2.2 status t SPI RTOS Deinit (spi rtos handle t * handle)

This function deinitializes the SPI module and related RTOS context.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS SPI handle.
--------	----------------------

20.4.2.3 status_t SPI_RTOS_Transfer (spi_rtos_handle_t * handle, spi_transfer_t * transfer)

This function performs an SPI transfer according to data given in the transfer structure.

Parameters

handle	The RTOS SPI handle.
transfer	Structure specifying the transfer parameters.

Returns

status of the operation.

SPI FreeRTOS driver

Chapter 21 TPM: Timer PWM Module

21.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Timer PWM Module (TPM) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The TPM driver supports the generation of PWM signals, input capture, and output compare modes. On some SoCs, the driver supports the generation of combined PWM signals, dual-edge capture, and quadrature decoder modes. The driver also supports configuring each of the TPM fault inputs. The fault input is available only on some SoCs.

The function TPM_Init() initializes the TPM with a specified configurations. The function TPM_Get-DefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. On some SoCs, the initialization function issues a software reset to reset the TPM internal logic. The initialization function configures the TPM's behavior when it receives a trigger input and its operation in doze and debug modes.

The function TPM_Deinit() disables the TPM counter and turns off the module clock.

The function TPM_SetupPwm() sets up TPM channels for the PWM output. The function can set up the PWM signal properties for multiple channels. Each channel has its own tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t structure that is used to specify the output signals duty cycle and level-mode. However, the same PWM period and PWM mode is applied to all channels requesting a PWM output. The signal duty cycle is provided as a percentage of the PWM period. Its value should be between 0 and 100 where 0=inactive signal (0% duty cycle) and 100=always active signal (100% duty cycle). When generating a combined PWM signal, the channel number passed refers to a channel pair number, for example 0 refers to channel 0 and 1, 1 refers to channels 2 and 3.

The function TPM_UpdatePwmDutycycle() updates the PWM signal duty cycle of a particular TPM channel

The function TPM_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect() updates the level select bits of a particular TPM channel. This can be used to disable the PWM output when making changes to the PWM signal.

The function TPM_SetupInputCapture() sets up a TPM channel for input capture. The user can specify the capture edge.

The function TPM_SetupDualEdgeCapture() can be used to measure the pulse width of a signal. This is available only for certain SoCs. A channel pair is used during the capture with the input signal coming through a channel that can be configured. The user can specify the capture edge for each channel and any filter value to be used when processing the input signal.

The function TPM_SetupOutputCompare() sets up a TPM channel for output comparison. The user can specify the channel output on a successful comparison and a comparison value.

The function TPM_SetupQuadDecode() sets up TPM channels 0 and 1 for quad decode, which is available only for certain SoCs. The user can specify the quad decode mode, polarity, and filter properties for each

Typical use case

input signal.

The function TPM_SetupFault() sets up the properties for each fault, which is available only for certain SoCs. The user can specify the fault polarity and whether to use a filter on a fault input. The overall fault filter value and fault control mode are set up during initialization.

Provides functions to get and clear the TPM status.

Provides functions to enable/disable TPM interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

21.2 Typical use case

21.2.1 PWM output

Output the PWM signal on 2 TPM channels with different duty cycles. Periodically update the PWM signal duty cycle.

```
int main (void)
   bool brightnessUp = true; /* Indicates whether the LED is brighter or dimmer. */
    tpm_config_t tpmInfo;
   uint8_t updatedDutycycle = 0U;
   tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t tpmParam[2];
    /\star Configures the TPM parameters with frequency 24 kHZ. \star/
    tpmParam[0].chnlNumber = (tpm_chnl_t)BOARD_FIRST_TPM_CHANNEL;
    tpmParam[0].level = kTPM LowTrue;
    tpmParam[0].dutyCyclePercent = 0U;
    tpmParam[1].chnlNumber = (tpm_chnl_t)BOARD_SECOND_TPM_CHANNEL;
    tpmParam[1].level = kTPM_LowTrue;
    tpmParam[1].dutyCyclePercent = 0U;
    /* Board pin, clock, and debug console initialization. */
    BOARD_InitHardware();
    TPM_GetDefaultConfig(&tpmInfo);
    /* Initializes the TPM module. */
    TPM_Init (BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, &tpmInfo);
    TPM_SetupPwm(BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, tpmParam, 2U,
     kTPM_EdgeAlignedPwm, 24000U, TPM_SOURCE_CLOCK);
    TPM_StartTimer(BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, kTPM_SystemClock);
    while (1)
        /\star Delays to see the change of LED brightness. \star/
        delay();
        if (brightnessUp)
            /* Increases a duty cycle until it reaches a limited value. */
            if (++updatedDutycycle == 100U)
                brightnessUp = false;
        }
        else
            /\star Decreases a duty cycle until it reaches a limited value. \star/
            if (--updatedDutycycle == 0U)
            {
                brightnessUp = true;
```

261

Data Structures

• struct tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t

Options to configure a TPM channel's PWM signal. More...

struct tpm_config_t

TPM config structure. More...

Enumerations

```
enum tpm_chnl_t {
 kTPM_Chnl_0 = 0U,
 kTPM_Chnl_1,
 kTPM Chnl 2,
 kTPM_Chnl_3,
 kTPM_Chnl_4,
 kTPM_Chnl_5,
 kTPM_Chnl_6,
 kTPM Chnl 7 }
    List of TPM channels.
enum tpm_pwm_mode_t {
 kTPM EdgeAlignedPwm = 0U,
 kTPM CenterAlignedPwm }
    TPM PWM operation modes.
enum tpm_pwm_level_select_t {
 kTPM_NoPwmSignal = 0U,
 kTPM LowTrue,
 kTPM_HighTrue }
    TPM PWM output pulse mode: high-true, low-true or no output.
• enum tpm_trigger_select_t
    Trigger options available.
enum tpm_output_compare_mode_t {
 kTPM_NoOutputSignal = (1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT),
 kTPM_ToggleOnMatch = ((1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (1U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_S-
 HIFT)),
 kTPM ClearOnMatch = ((1U << TPM CnSC MSA SHIFT) | (2U << TPM CnSC ELSA SH-
 IFT)),
 kTPM_SetOnMatch = ((1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (3U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIF-
 T)),
 kTPM_HighPulseOutput = ((3U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (1U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_-
```

Typical use case

```
SHIFT)),
 kTPM_LowPulseOutput = ((3U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (2U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_S-
    TPM output compare modes.
enum tpm_input_capture_edge_t {
 kTPM RisingEdge = (1U << TPM CnSC ELSA SHIFT),
 kTPM_FallingEdge = (2U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIFT),
 kTPM_RiseAndFallEdge = (3U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIFT) }
    TPM input capture edge.
enum tpm_clock_source_t {
 kTPM_SystemClock = 1U,
 kTPM_ExternalClock }
    TPM clock source selection.
enum tpm_clock_prescale_t {
  kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1 = 0U,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_2,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_4,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_8,
 kTPM Prescale Divide 16,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_32,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_64,
 kTPM Prescale Divide 128 }
    TPM prescale value selection for the clock source.
enum tpm_interrupt_enable_t {
 kTPM_Chnl0InterruptEnable = (1U << 0),
 kTPM_Chnl1InterruptEnable = (1U << 1),
 kTPM_Chnl2InterruptEnable = (1U << 2),
 kTPM Chnl3InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 3),
 kTPM_Chnl4InterruptEnable = (1U << 4),
 kTPM_Chnl5InterruptEnable = (1U << 5),
 kTPM Chnl6InterruptEnable = (1U << 6),
 kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable = (1U << 7),
 kTPM\_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable = (1U << 8)
    List of TPM interrupts.
enum tpm_status_flags_t {
  kTPM Chnl0Flag = (1U << 0),
 kTPM_Chnl1Flag = (1U \ll 1),
 kTPM_Chnl2Flag = (1U << 2),
 kTPM Chnl3Flag = (1U \ll 3),
 kTPM Chnl4Flag = (1U \ll 4),
 kTPM_Chnl5Flag = (1U << 5),
 kTPM_Chnl6Flag = (1U << 6),
 kTPM_Chnl7Flag = (1U << 7),
 kTPM TimeOverflowFlag = (1U << 8)}
    List of TPM flags.
```

Driver version

• #define FSL_TPM_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 2)) *Version 2.0.2.*

Initialization and deinitialization

- void TPM_Init (TPM_Type *base, const tpm_config_t *config)
 - *Ungates the TPM clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.*
- void TPM_Deinit (TPM_Type *base)

Stops the counter and gates the TPM clock.

void TPM_GetDefaultConfig (tpm_config_t *config)

Fill in the TPM config struct with the default settings.

Channel mode operations

- status_t TPM_SetupPwm (TPM_Type *base, const tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t *chnlParams, uint8_t numOfChnls, tpm_pwm_mode_t mode, uint32_t pwmFreq_Hz, uint32_t srcClock_Hz)

 Configures the PWM signal parameters.
- void TPM_UpdatePwmDutycycle (TPM_Type *base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_pwm_mode_t currentPwmMode, uint8_t dutyCyclePercent)

Update the duty cycle of an active PWM signal.

- void TPM_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect (TPM_Type *base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, uint8_t level)

 Update the edge level selection for a channel.
- void TPM_SetupInputCapture (TPM_Type *base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_input_capture_edge t captureMode)

Enables capturing an input signal on the channel using the function parameters.

• void TPM_SetupOutputCompare (TPM_Type *base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_output_compare_mode_t compareMode, uint32_t compareValue)

Configures the TPM to generate timed pulses.

Interrupt Interface

• void TPM_EnableInterrupts (TPM_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Enables the selected TPM interrupts.

• void TPM_DisableInterrupts (TPM_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

Disables the selected TPM interrupts.

• uint32_t TPM_GetEnabledInterrupts (TPM_Type *base)

Gets the enabled TPM interrupts.

Status Interface

• static uint32_t TPM_GetStatusFlags (TPM_Type *base)

Gets the TPM status flags.

• static void TPM_ClearStatusFlags (TPM_Type *base, uint32_t mask) Clears the TPM status flags.

Read and write the timer period

• static void TPM_SetTimerPeriod (TPM_Type *base, uint32_t ticks)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

Sets the timer period in units of ticks.

• static uint32_t TPM_GetCurrentTimerCount (TPM_Type *base)

Reads the current timer counting value.

Timer Start and Stop

- static void TPM_StartTimer (TPM_Type *base, tpm_clock_source_t clockSource) Starts the TPM counter.
- static void TPM_StopTimer (TPM_Type *base) Stops the TPM counter.

21.3 Data Structure Documentation

21.3.1 struct tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t

Data Fields

- tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber
 - TPM channel to configure.
- tpm_pwm_level_select_t level
 - PWM output active level select.
- uint8_t dutyCyclePercent

PWM pulse width, value should be between 0 to 100 0=inactive signal(0% duty cycle)...

21.3.1.0.0.35 Field Documentation

21.3.1.0.0.35.1 tpm_chnl_t tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t::chnlNumber

In combined mode (available in some SoC's, this represents the channel pair number

21.3.1.0.0.35.2 uint8_t tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t::dutyCyclePercent

100=always active signal (100% duty cycle)

21.3.2 struct tpm_config_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the TPM peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the TPM_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The config struct can be made const so it resides in flash

Data Fields

- tpm_clock_prescale_t prescale Select TPM clock prescale value.
- bool useGlobalTimeBase

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

true: Use of an external global time base is enabled; false: disabled

• tpm_trigger_select_t triggerSelect

Input trigger to use for controlling the counter operation.

bool enableDoze

true: TPM counter is paused in doze mode; false: TPM counter continues in doze mode

• bool enableDebugMode

true: TPM counter continues in debug mode; false: TPM counter is paused in debug mode

bool enableReloadOnTrigger

true: TPM counter is reloaded on trigger; false: TPM counter not reloaded

bool enableStopOnOverflow

true: TPM counter stops after overflow; false: TPM counter continues running after overflow

bool enableStartOnTrigger

true: TPM counter only starts when a trigger is detected; false: TPM counter starts immediately

21.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

21.4.1 enum tpm_chnl_t

Note

Actual number of available channels is SoC dependent

Enumerator

```
kTPM_Chnl_0 TPM channel number 0.
kTPM_Chnl_1 TPM channel number 1.
kTPM_Chnl_2 TPM channel number 2.
kTPM_Chnl_3 TPM channel number 3.
kTPM_Chnl_4 TPM channel number 4.
kTPM_Chnl_5 TPM channel number 5.
kTPM_Chnl_6 TPM channel number 6.
kTPM_Chnl_7 TPM channel number 7.
```

21.4.2 enum tpm_pwm_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kTPM_EdgeAlignedPwm Edge aligned PWM.
kTPM_CenterAlignedPwm Center aligned PWM.
```

21.4.3 enum tpm_pwm_level_select_t

Enumerator

kTPM_NoPwmSignal No PWM output on pin.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

kTPM_LowTrue Low true pulses. *kTPM_HighTrue* High true pulses.

21.4.4 enum tpm_trigger_select_t

This is used for both internal & external trigger sources (external option available in certain SoC's)

Note

The actual trigger options available is SoC-specific.

21.4.5 enum tpm_output_compare_mode_t

Enumerator

kTPM_NoOutputSignal No channel output when counter reaches CnV.

kTPM_ToggleOnMatch Toggle output.

kTPM ClearOnMatch Clear output.

kTPM_SetOnMatch Set output.

kTPM_HighPulseOutput Pulse output high.

kTPM LowPulseOutput Pulse output low.

21.4.6 enum tpm_input_capture_edge_t

Enumerator

kTPM_RisingEdge Capture on rising edge only.

kTPM_FallingEdge Capture on falling edge only.

kTPM_RiseAndFallEdge Capture on rising or falling edge.

21.4.7 enum tpm_clock_source_t

Enumerator

kTPM_SystemClock System clock. kTPM_ExternalClock External clock.

267

21.4.8 enum tpm_clock_prescale_t

Enumerator

```
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1 Divide by 1.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_2 Divide by 2.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_4 Divide by 4.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_8 Divide by 8.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_16 Divide by 16.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_32 Divide by 32.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_64 Divide by 64.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_128 Divide by 128.
```

21.4.9 enum tpm_interrupt_enable_t

Enumerator

```
    kTPM_Chnl0InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl1InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl2InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl3InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl4InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl5InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl6InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    channel 5 interrupt.
    channel 6 interrupt.
    channel 7 interrupt.
    channel 7 interrupt.
```

21.4.10 enum tpm_status_flags_t

Enumerator

```
kTPM_Chnl0Flag Channel 0 flag.
kTPM_Chnl1Flag Channel 1 flag.
kTPM_Chnl2Flag Channel 2 flag.
kTPM_Chnl3Flag Channel 3 flag.
kTPM_Chnl4Flag Channel 4 flag.
kTPM_Chnl5Flag Channel 5 flag.
kTPM_Chnl6Flag Channel 6 flag.
kTPM_Chnl7Flag Channel 7 flag.
kTPM_TimeOverflowFlag Time overflow flag.
```

21.5 Function Documentation

21.5.1 void TPM_Init (TPM_Type * base, const tpm_config_t * config)

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the TPM driver.

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
config	Pointer to user's TPM config structure.

21.5.2 void TPM_Deinit (TPM_Type * base)

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
------	-----------------------------

21.5.3 void TPM_GetDefaultConfig (tpm_config_t * config)

The default values are:

```
* config->prescale = kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1;
* config->useGlobalTimeBase = false;
* config->dozeEnable = false;
* config->dbgMode = false;
* config->enableReloadOnTrigger = false;
* config->enableStopOnOverflow = false;
* config->enableStartOnTrigger = false;
* config->enableStartOnTrigger = false;
* #if FSL_FEATURE_TPM_HAS_PAUSE_COUNTER_ON_TRIGGER
* config->enablePauseOnTrigger = false;
*#endif
* config->triggerSelect = kTPM_Trigger_Select_0;
*#if FSL_FEATURE_TPM_HAS_EXTERNAL_TRIGGER_SELECTION
* config->triggerSource = kTPM_TriggerSource_External;
*#endif
*
```

Parameters

config Pointer to user's TPM config structure.

User calls this function to configure the PWM signals period, mode, dutycycle and edge. Use this function to configure all the TPM channels that will be used to output a PWM signal

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

269

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
chnlParams	Array of PWM channel parameters to configure the channel(s)
numOfChnls	Number of channels to configure, this should be the size of the array passed in
mode	PWM operation mode, options available in enumeration tpm_pwm_mode_t
pwmFreq_Hz	PWM signal frequency in Hz
srcClock_Hz	TPM counter clock in Hz

Returns

kStatus_Success if the PWM setup was successful, kStatus_Error on failure

21.5.5 void TPM_UpdatePwmDutycycle (TPM_Type * base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_pwm_mode_t currentPwmMode, uint8_t dutyCyclePercent)

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
chnlNumber	The channel number. In combined mode, this represents the channel pair number
currentPwm- Mode	The current PWM mode set during PWM setup
dutyCycle- Percent	New PWM pulse width, value should be between 0 to 100 0=inactive signal(0% duty cycle) 100=active signal (100% duty cycle)

21.5.6 void TPM_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect (TPM_Type * base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, uint8_t level)

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address

chnlNumber	The channel number
level	
	appropriate SoC reference manual for details about this field.

21.5.7 void TPM_SetupInputCapture (TPM_Type * base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_input_capture_edge_t captureMode)

When the edge specified in the captureMode argument occurs on the channel, the TPM counter is captured into the CnV register. The user has to read the CnV register separately to get this value.

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
chnlNumber	The channel number
captureMode	Specifies which edge to capture

21.5.8 void TPM_SetupOutputCompare (TPM_Type * base, tpm_chnl_t chnlNumber, tpm_output_compare_mode_t compareMode, uint32_t compareValue)

When the TPM counter matches the value of compareVal argument (this is written into CnV reg), the channel output is changed based on what is specified in the compareMode argument.

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
chnlNumber	The channel number
compareMode	Action to take on the channel output when the compare condition is met
compareValue	Value to be programmed in the CnV register.

21.5.9 void TPM_EnableInterrupts (TPM_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

base	TPM peripheral base address
	The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpminterrupt_enable_t

21.5.10 void TPM_DisableInterrupts (TPM_Type * base, uint32_t mask)

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
mask	The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm
	interrupt_enable_t

21.5.11 uint32_t TPM_GetEnabledInterrupts (TPM_Type * base)

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address

Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm_interrupt_enable_t

21.5.12 static uint32_t TPM_GetStatusFlags (TPM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address

Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm_status_flags_t

21.5.13 static void TPM_ClearStatusFlags (TPM_Type * base, uint32_t mask) [inline], [static]

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
mask	The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpmstatus_flags_t

21.5.14 static void TPM_SetTimerPeriod (TPM_Type * base, uint32_t ticks) [inline], [static]

Timers counts from 0 until it equals the count value set here. The count value is written to the MOD register.

Note

- 1. This API allows the user to use the TPM module as a timer. Do not mix usage of this API with TPM's PWM setup API's.
- 2. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl_common.h to convert usec or msec to ticks.

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
ticks	A timer period in units of ticks, which should be equal or greater than 1.

21.5.15 static uint32_t TPM_GetCurrentTimerCount (TPM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value in a range from 0 to a timer period.

Note

Call the utility macros provided in the fsl_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec.

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address

Returns

The current counter value in ticks

21.5.16 static void TPM_StartTimer (TPM_Type * base, tpm_clock_source_t clockSource) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
clockSource	TPM clock source; once clock source is set the counter will start running

21.5.17 static void TPM_StopTimer (TPM_Type * base) [inline], [static]

Parameters

base	TPM peripheral base address
------	-----------------------------

Chapter 22

VREF: Voltage Reference Driver

22.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Crossbar Voltage Reference (VREF) block of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The Voltage Reference(VREF) supplies an accurate 1.2 V voltage output that can be trimmed in 0.5 mV steps. VREF can be used in applications to provide a reference voltage to external devices and to internal analog peripherals, such as the ADC, DAC, or CMP. The voltage reference has operating modes that provide different levels of supply rejection and power consumption.

To configure the VREF driver, configure vref_config_t structure in one of two ways.

- 1. Use the VREF_GetDefaultConfig() function.
- 2. Set the parameter in the <u>vref_config_t</u> structure.

To initialize the VREF driver, call the VREF_Init() function and pass a pointer to the vref_config_t structure.

To de-initialize the VREF driver, call the VREF_Deinit() function.

22.2 Typical use case and example

This example shows how to generate a reference voltage by using the VREF module.

```
vref_config_t vrefUserConfig;
VREF_GetDefaultConfig(&vrefUserConfig); /* Gets a default configuration. */
VREF_Init(VREF, &vrefUserConfig); /* Initializes and configures the VREF module */
/* Do something */
VREF_Deinit(VREF); /* De-initializes the VREF module */
```

Data Structures

• struct vref_config_t

The description structure for the VREF module. More...

Enumerations

```
    enum vref_buffer_mode_t {
        kVREF_ModeBandgapOnly = 0U,
        kVREF_ModeHighPowerBuffer = 1U,
        kVREF_ModeLowPowerBuffer = 2U }
        VREF modes.
```

NXP Semiconductors

275

Driver version

• #define FSL_VREF_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 0)) *Version 2.1.0.*

VREF functional operation

- void VREF_Init (VREF_Type *base, const vref_config_t *config)
 - Enables the clock gate and configures the VREF module according to the configuration structure.
- void VREF_Deinit (VREF_Type *base)
 - Stops and disables the clock for the VREF module.
- void VREF_GetDefaultConfig (vref_config_t *config)
 - *Initializes the VREF configuration structure.*
- void VREF_SetTrimVal (VREF_Type *base, uint8_t trimValue)
 - Sets a TRIM value for the reference voltage.
- static uint8_t VREF_GetTrimVal (VREF_Type *base)

Reads the value of the TRIM meaning output voltage.

22.3 Data Structure Documentation

22.3.1 struct vref_config_t

Data Fields

 vref_buffer_mode_t bufferMode Buffer mode selection.

22.4 Macro Definition Documentation

22.4.1 #define FSL VREF DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 1, 0))

22.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

22.5.1 enum vref_buffer_mode_t

Enumerator

kVREF_ModeBandgapOnly Bandgap on only, for stabilization and startup.

kVREF_ModeHighPowerBuffer High-power buffer mode enabled.

kVREF_ModeLowPowerBuffer Low-power buffer mode enabled.

22.6 Function Documentation

22.6.1 void VREF Init (VREF Type * base, const vref config t * config)

This function must be called before calling all other VREF driver functions, read/write registers, and configurations with user-defined settings. The example below shows how to set up vref_config_t parameters and how to call the VREF_Init function by passing in these parameters. This is an example.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
* vref_config_t vrefConfig;

* vrefConfig.bufferMode = kVREF_ModeHighPowerBuffer;

* vrefConfig.enableExternalVoltRef = false;

* vrefConfig.enableLowRef = false;

* VREF_Init(VREF, &vrefConfig);

*
```

Parameters

base	VREF peripheral address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure.

22.6.2 void VREF_Deinit (VREF_Type * base)

This function should be called to shut down the module. This is an example.

```
* vref_config_t vrefUserConfig;

* VREF_Init(VREF);

* VREF_GetDefaultConfig(&vrefUserConfig);

* ...

* VREF_Deinit(VREF);
```

Parameters

	-
base	VREF peripheral address.

22.6.3 void VREF_GetDefaultConfig (vref_config_t * config)

This function initializes the VREF configuration structure to default values. This is an example.

```
* vrefConfig->bufferMode = kVREF_ModeHighPowerBuffer;

* vrefConfig->enableExternalVoltRef = false;

* vrefConfig->enableLowRef = false;
```

Parameters

```
config Pointer to the initialization structure.
```

22.6.4 void VREF_SetTrimVal (VREF_Type * base, uint8_t trimValue)

This function sets a TRIM value for the reference voltage. Note that the TRIM value maximum is 0x3F.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

base	VREF peripheral address.
trimValue	Value of the trim register to set the output reference voltage (maximum 0x3F (6-bit)).

This function gets the TRIM value from the TRM register.

Parameters

base	VREF peripheral address.
------	--------------------------

Returns

Six-bit value of trim setting.

Chapter 23 Clock Driver

23.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides APIs for MCUXpresso SDK devices' clock operation.

23.2 Get frequency

A centralized function CLOCK_GetFreq gets different clock type frequencies by passing a clock name. For example, pass a kCLOCK_CoreSysClk to get the core clock and pass a kCLOCK_BusClk to get the bus clock. Additionally, there are separate functions to get the frequency. For example, use CLOCK_GetCoreSysClkFreq to get the core clock frequency and CLOCK_GetBusClkFreq to get the bus clock frequency. Using these functions reduces the image size.

23.3 External clock frequency

The external clocks EXTAL0/EXTAL1/EXTAL32 are decided by the board level design. The Clock driver uses variables g_xtal0Freq/g_xtal1Freq/g_xtal32Freq to save clock frequencies. Likewise, the APIs CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq, CLOCK_SetXtal1Freq, and CLOCK_SetXtal32Freq are used to set these variables.

The upper layer must set these values correctly. For example, after OSC0(SYSOSC) is initialized using CLOCK_InitOsc0 or CLOCK_InitSysOsc, the upper layer should call the CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq. Otherwise, the clock frequency get functions may not receive valid values. This is useful for multicore platforms where only one core calls CLOCK_InitOsc0 to initialize OSC0 and other cores call CLOCK_SetXtal0-Freq.

Modules

Multipurpose Clock Generator Lite (MCGLITE)

Files

• file fsl clock.h

Data Structures

• struct sim_clock_config_t

SIM configuration structure for clock setting. More...

struct oscer_config_t

The OSC configuration for OSCERCLK. More...

• struct osc_config_t

OSC Initialization Configuration Structure. More...

• struct mcglite_config_t

MCG_Lite configure structure for mode change. More...

External clock frequency

Macros

#define FSL_SDK_DISABLE_DRIVER_CLOCK_CONTROL 0

Configure whether driver controls clock.

#define RTC CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for RTC.

• #define LPUART_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for LPUART.

#define SPI_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for SPI.

#define LPTMR_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for LPTMR.

#define ADC16 CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for ADC16.

#define TPM CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for TPM.

#define VREF CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for VREF.

#define I2C_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for I2C.

#define PORT CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for PORT.

#define FTF CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for FTF.

#define CMP_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for CMP.

#define LPO_CLK_FREQ 1000U

LPO clock frequency.

• #define SYS_CLK kCLOCK_CoreSysClk

Peripherals clock source definition.

Enumerations

```
    enum clock_name_t {
        kCLOCK_CoreSysClk,
        kCLOCK_PlatClk,
        kCLOCK_BusClk,
```

kCLOCK_FlashClk,

kCLOCK_Er32kClk,

kCLOCK_Osc0ErClk,

 $kCLOCK_McgFixedFreqClk,\\$

kCLOCK_McgInternalRefClk,

kCLOCK_McgFllClk,

kCLOCK_McgPeriphClk,

kCLOCK_McgIrc48MClk,

kCLOCK_LpoClk }

Clock name used to get clock frequency.

• enum clock ip name t

Clock gate name used for CLOCK_EnableClock/CLOCK_DisableClock.

enum _osc_cap_load {

```
kOSC Cap2P = OSC CR SC2P MASK,
 kOSC\_Cap4P = OSC\_CR\_SC4P\_MASK,
 kOSC\_Cap8P = OSC\_CR\_SC8P\_MASK,
 kOSC_Cap16P = OSC_CR_SC16P_MASK }
    Oscillator capacitor load setting.
enum _oscer_enable_mode {
 kOSC_ErClkEnable = OSC_CR_ERCLKEN_MASK,
 kOSC_ErClkEnableInStop = OSC_CR_EREFSTEN_MASK }
    OSCERCLK enable mode.
enum osc_mode_t {
 kOSC\_ModeExt = 0U,
 kOSC_ModeOscLowPower = MCG_C2_EREFS0_MASK }
    The OSC work mode.
enum mcglite_clkout_src_t {
 kMCGLITE ClkSrcHire,
 kMCGLITE_ClkSrcLirc,
 kMCGLITE_ClkSrcExt }
    MCG_Lite clock source selection.
enum mcglite_lirc_mode_t {
 kMCGLITE Lirc2M.
 kMCGLITE_Lirc8M }
    MCG_Lite LIRC select.
enum mcglite_lirc_div_t {
 kMCGLITE\_LircDivBy1 = 0U,
 kMCGLITE_LircDivBy2,
 kMCGLITE_LircDivBy4,
 kMCGLITE_LircDivBy8,
 kMCGLITE_LircDivBy16,
 kMCGLITE LircDivBy32,
 kMCGLITE_LircDivBy64,
 kMCGLITE LircDivBy128 }
    MCG Lite divider factor selection for clock source.
enum mcglite_mode_t {
 kMCGLITE_ModeHirc48M,
 kMCGLITE ModeLirc8M.
 kMCGLITE ModeLirc2M,
 kMCGLITE ModeExt,
 kMCGLITE ModeError }
    MCG_Lite clock mode definitions.
enum _mcglite_irclk_enable_mode {
 kMCGLITE IrclkEnable = MCG C1 IRCLKEN MASK,
 kMCGLITE_IrclkEnableInStop = MCG_C1_IREFSTEN_MASK }
    MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK) enable mode definition.
```

Functions

• static void CLOCK_EnableClock (clock_ip_name_t name)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

External clock frequency

Enable the clock for specific IP.

• static void CLOCK_DisableClock (clock_ip_name_t name)

Disable the clock for specific IP.

• static void CLOCK_SetEr32kClock (uint32_t src)

Set ERCLK32K source.

• static void CLOCK SetLpuart0Clock (uint32 t src)

Set LPUART clock source.

• static void CLOCK_SetTpmClock (uint32_t src)

Set TPM clock source.

• static void CLOCK_SetClkOutClock (uint32_t src)

Set CLKOUT source.

• static void CLOCK_SetRtcClkOutClock (uint32_t src)

Set RTC CLKOUT source.

static void CLOCK_SetOutDiv (uint32_t outdiv1, uint32_t outdiv4)

System clock divider.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetFreq (clock_name_t clockName)

Gets the clock frequency for a specific clock name.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetCoreSysClkFreq (void)

Get the core clock or system clock frequency.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetPlatClkFreq (void)

Get the platform clock frequency.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetBusClkFreq (void)

Get the bus clock frequency.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetFlashClkFreq (void)

Get the flash clock frequency.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetEr32kClkFreq (void)

Get the external reference 32K clock frequency (ERCLK32K).

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetOsc0ErClkFreq (void)

Get the OSC0 external reference clock frequency (OSC0ERCLK).

void CLOCK_SetSimConfig (sim_clock_config_t const *config)

Set the clock configure in SIM module.

• static void CLOCK_SetSimSafeDivs (void)

Set the system clock dividers in SIM to safe value.

Variables

• uint32_t g_xtal0Freq

External XTAL0 (OSC0) clock frequency.

• uint32 t g xtal32Freq

The external XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC_CLKIN clock frequency.

Driver version

• #define FSL_CLOCK_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 1)) CLOCK driver version 2.1.1.

MCG_Lite clock frequency

• uint32 t CLOCK GetOutClkFreq (void)

Gets the MCG_Lite output clock (MCGOUTCLK) frequency.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetInternalRefClkFreq (void)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

283

Gets the MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK) frequency.

• uint32_t CLOCK_GetPeriphClkFreq (void)

Gets the current MCGPCLK frequency.

MCG_Lite mode.

• mcglite_mode_t CLOCK_GetMode (void)

Gets the current MCG_Lite mode.

• status_t CLOCK_SetMcgliteConfig (mcglite_config_t const *targetConfig)

Sets the MCG_Lite configuration.

OSC configuration

- static void OSC_SetExtRefClkConfig (OSC_Type *base, oscer_config_t const *config)

 Configures the OSC external reference clock (OSCERCLK).
- static void OSC_SetCapLoad (OSC_Type *base, uint8_t capLoad)

Sets the capacitor load configuration for the oscillator.

• void CLOCK_InitOsc0 (osc_config_t const *config)

Initializes the OSCO.

• void CLOCK DeinitOsc0 (void)

Deinitializes the OSCO.

External clock frequency

- static void CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq (uint32_t freq)
 - Sets the XTALO frequency based on board settings.
- static void CLOCK SetXtal32Freq (uint32 t freq)

Sets the XTAL32/RTC_CLKIN frequency based on board settings.

23.4 Data Structure Documentation

23.4.1 struct sim clock config t

Data Fields

uint8_t er32kSrc

ERCLK32K source selection.

uint32_t clkdiv1

SIM_CLKDIV1.

Data Structure Documentation

23.4.1.0.0.36 Field Documentation

23.4.1.0.0.36.1 uint8_t sim_clock_config_t::er32kSrc

23.4.1.0.0.36.2 uint32 t sim clock config t::clkdiv1

23.4.2 struct oscer config t

Data Fields

• uint8_t enableMode OSCERCLK enable mode.

23.4.2.0.0.37 Field Documentation

23.4.2.0.0.37.1 uint8_t oscer_config_t::enableMode

OR'ed value of _oscer_enable_mode.

23.4.3 struct osc_config_t

Defines the configuration data structure to initialize the OSC. When porting to a new board, set the following members according to the board settings:

- 1. freq: The external frequency.
- 2. workMode: The OSC module mode.

Data Fields

- uint32_t freq
 - External clock frequency.
- uint8_t capLoad
 - Capacitor load setting.
- osc_mode_t workMode
 - OSC work mode setting.
- oscer_config_t oscerConfig

 $Configuration\ for\ OSCERCLK.$

285

23.4.3.0.0.38 Field Documentation

23.4.3.0.0.38.1 uint32_t osc_config_t::freq

23.4.3.0.0.38.2 uint8_t osc_config_t::capLoad

23.4.3.0.0.38.3 osc_mode_t osc_config_t::workMode

23.4.3.0.0.38.4 oscer_config_t osc_config_t::oscerConfig

23.4.4 struct mcglite_config_t

Data Fields

- mcglite_clkout_src_t outSrc
 - MCGOUT clock select.
- uint8_t irclkEnableMode

MCGIRCLK enable mode, OR'ed value of _mcglite_irclk_enable_mode.

- mcglite_lirc_mode_t ircs
 - $MCG_C2[IRCS].$
- mcglite_lirc_div_t fcrdiv
 - MCG_SC[FCRDIV].
- mcglite_lirc_div_t lircDiv2
 - MCG_MC[LIRC_DIV2].
- bool hircEnableInNotHircMode

HIRC enable when not in HIRC mode.

23.4.4.0.0.39 Field Documentation

- 23.4.4.0.0.39.1 mcglite_clkout_src_t mcglite_config_t::outSrc
- 23.4.4.0.0.39.2 uint8_t mcglite_config_t::irclkEnableMode
- 23.4.4.0.0.39.3 mcglite_lirc_mode_t mcglite_config_t::ircs
- 23.4.4.0.0.39.4 mcglite_lirc_div_t mcglite_config_t::fcrdiv
- 23.4.4.0.0.39.5 mcglite_lirc_div_t mcglite_config_t::lircDiv2
- 23.4.4.0.0.39.6 bool mcglite config t::hircEnableInNotHircMode

23.5 Macro Definition Documentation

23.5.1 #define FSL SDK DISABLE DRIVER CLOCK CONTROL 0

When set to 0, peripheral drivers will enable clock in initialize function and disable clock in de-initialize function. When set to 1, peripheral driver will not control the clock, application could contol the clock out of the driver.

Macro Definition Documentation

Note

All drivers share this feature switcher. If it is set to 1, application should handle clock enable and disable for all drivers.

23.5.2 #define FSL_CLOCK_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 1))

23.5.3 #define RTC_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{ \\ kCLOCK_Rtc0 \\ }
```

23.5.4 #define LPUART_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
            kCLOCK_Lpuart0 \
            }
```

23.5.5 #define SPI_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{ kCLOCK_Spi0 \
```

23.5.6 #define LPTMR_CLOCKS

Value:

23.5.7 #define ADC16_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Adc0 \
}
```

23.5.8 #define TPM CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Tpm0, kCLOCK_Tpm1 \
}
```

23.5.9 #define VREF_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
          kCLOCK_Vref0 \
}
```

23.5.10 #define I2C_CLOCKS

Value:

23.5.11 #define PORT_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_PortA, kCLOCK_PortB \
}
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

23.5.12 #define FTF_CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
      kCLOCK_Ftf0 \
}
```

23.5.13 #define CMP_CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
      kCLOCK_Cmp0 \
}
```

23.5.14 #define SYS_CLK kCLOCK_CoreSysClk

23.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

23.6.1 enum clock_name_t

Enumerator

```
kCLOCK_PlatClk Platform clock.
kCLOCK_BusClk Bus clock.
kCLOCK_BusClk Bus clock.
kCLOCK_FlashClk Flash clock.
kCLOCK_Er32kClk External reference 32K clock (ERCLK32K)
kCLOCK_Osc0ErClk OSC0 external reference clock (OSC0ERCLK)
kCLOCK_McgFixedFreqClk MCG fixed frequency clock (MCGFFCLK)
kCLOCK_McgInternalRefClk MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK)
kCLOCK_McgFilClk MCGFLLCLK.
kCLOCK_McgPeriphClk MCG peripheral clock (MCGPCLK)
kCLOCK_McgIrc48MClk MCG IRC48M clock.
kCLOCK_LpoClk LPO clock.
```

23.6.2 enum clock_ip_name_t

23.6.3 enum _osc_cap_load

Enumerator

kOSC_Cap2P 2 pF capacitor load

Enumeration Type Documentation

```
kOSC_Cap4P 4 pF capacitor loadkOSC_Cap8P 8 pF capacitor loadkOSC_Cap16P 16 pF capacitor load
```

23.6.4 enum oscer enable mode

Enumerator

```
kOSC_ErClkEnable Enable.kOSC_ErClkEnableInStop Enable in stop mode.
```

23.6.5 enum osc_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kOSC_ModeExt Use external clock.kOSC_ModeOscLowPower Oscillator low power.
```

23.6.6 enum mcglite_clkout_src_t

Enumerator

```
kMCGLITE_ClkSrcHirc MCGOUTCLK source is HIRC.kMCGLITE_ClkSrcLirc MCGOUTCLK source is LIRC.kMCGLITE_ClkSrcExt MCGOUTCLK source is external clock source.
```

23.6.7 enum mcglite_lirc_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kMCGLITE_Lirc2M Slow internal reference(LIRC) 2 MHz clock selected. kMCGLITE_Lirc8M Slow internal reference(LIRC) 8 MHz clock selected.
```

23.6.8 enum mcglite_lirc_div_t

Enumerator

```
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy1 Divider is 1.kMCGLITE_LircDivBy2 Divider is 2.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy4 Divider is 4.
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy8 Divider is 8.
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy16 Divider is 16.
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy32 Divider is 32.
kMCGLITE_LircDivBy64 Divider is 64.
kMCGLITE LircDivBy128 Divider is 128.
```

23.6.9 enum mcglite_mode_t

Enumerator

```
kMCGLITE_ModeHirc48M Clock mode is HIRC 48 M.
kMCGLITE_ModeLirc8M Clock mode is LIRC 8 M.
kMCGLITE_ModeLirc2M Clock mode is LIRC 2 M.
kMCGLITE_ModeExt Clock mode is EXT.
kMCGLITE_ModeError Unknown mode.
```

23.6.10 enum _mcglite_irclk_enable_mode

Enumerator

```
kMCGLITE_IrclkEnable MCGIRCLK enable.kMCGLITE_IrclkEnableInStop MCGIRCLK enable in stop mode.
```

23.7 Function Documentation

23.7.1 static void CLOCK_EnableClock (clock_ip_name_t name) [inline], [static]

Parameters

name	Which clock to enable, see clock_ip_name_t.
------	---

Parameters

name Which clock to disable, see clock_ip_name_t.

23.7.3 static void CLOCK SetEr32kClock (uint32 t src) [inline], [static]

Parameters

src The value to set ERCLK32K clock source.

23.7.4 static void CLOCK_SetLpuart0Clock (uint32_t src) [inline], [static]

Parameters

src The value to set LPUART clock source.

23.7.5 static void CLOCK_SetTpmClock (uint32_t src) [inline], [static]

Parameters

src The value to set TPM clock source.

23.7.6 static void CLOCK_SetClkOutClock(uint32_t src) [inline], [static]

Parameters

src The value to set CLKOUT source.

23.7.7 static void CLOCK_SetRtcClkOutClock (uint32_t src) [inline], [static]

Parameters

src	The value to set RTC_CLKOUT source.
-----	-------------------------------------

23.7.8 static void CLOCK_SetOutDiv (uint32_t outdiv1, uint32_t outdiv4) [inline], [static]

Set the SIM_CLKDIV1[OUTDIV1], SIM_CLKDIV1[OUTDIV4].

Parameters

outdiv1	Clock 1 output divider value.
outdiv4	Clock 4 output divider value.

23.7.9 uint32_t CLOCK_GetFreq (clock_name_t clockName)

This function checks the current clock configurations and then calculates the clock frequency for a specific clock name defined in clock_name_t. The MCG must be properly configured before using this function.

Parameters

clockName	Clock names defined in clock_name_t
-----------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Clock frequency value in Hertz

23.7.10 uint32_t CLOCK_GetCoreSysClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.11 uint32_t CLOCK_GetPlatClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

293

23.7.12 uint32_t CLOCK_GetBusClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.13 uint32_t CLOCK_GetFlashClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.14 uint32_t CLOCK_GetEr32kClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.15 uint32_t CLOCK_GetOsc0ErClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.16 void CLOCK_SetSimConfig ($sim_clock_config_t$ const * config)

This function sets system layer clock settings in SIM module.

Parameters

config | Pointer to the configure structure.

23.7.17 static void CLOCK_SetSimSafeDivs(void) [inline], [static]

The system level clocks (core clock, bus clock, flexbus clock and flash clock) must be in allowed ranges. During MCG clock mode switch, the MCG output clock changes then the system level clocks may be out of range. This function could be used before MCG mode change, to make sure system level clocks are in allowed range.

Parameters

config | Pointer to the configure structure.

23.7.18 uint32_t CLOCK_GetOutClkFreq (void)

This function gets the MCG_Lite output clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG_Lite register value.

Returns

The frequency of MCGOUTCLK.

23.7.19 uint32_t CLOCK_GetInternalRefClkFreq (void)

This function gets the MCG_Lite internal reference clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value.

Returns

The frequency of MCGIRCLK.

23.7.20 uint32_t CLOCK_GetPeriphClkFreq (void)

This function gets the MCGPCLK frequency in Hz based on the current MCG_Lite register settings.

Returns

The frequency of MCGPCLK.

23.7.21 mcglite_mode_t CLOCK_GetMode (void)

This function checks the MCG_Lite registers and determines the current MCG_Lite mode.

Returns

The current MCG_Lite mode or error code.

23.7.22 status_t CLOCK_SetMcgliteConfig (mcglite_config_t const * targetConfig)

This function configures the MCG_Lite, includes the output clock source, MCGIRCLK settings, HIRC settings, and so on. See mcglite_config_t for details.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

targetConfig	Pointer to the target MCG_Lite mode configuration structure.
--------------	--

Returns

Error code.

23.7.23 static void OSC_SetExtRefClkConfig (OSC_Type * base, oscer_config_t const * config) [inline], [static]

This function configures the OSC external reference clock (OSCERCLK). This is an example to enable the OSCERCLK in normal mode and stop mode, and set the output divider to 1.

```
oscer_config_t config =
{
    .enableMode = kOSC_ErClkEnable |
    kOSC_ErClkEnableInStop,
    .erclkDiv = 1U,
};

OSC_SetExtRefClkConfig(OSC, &config);
```

Parameters

base	OSC peripheral address.
config	Pointer to the configuration structure.

23.7.24 static void OSC_SetCapLoad (OSC_Type * base, uint8_t capLoad) [inline], [static]

This function sets the specified capacitor configuration for the oscillator. This should be done in the early system level initialization function call based on the system configuration.

Parameters

base	OSC peripheral address.
------	-------------------------

capLoad	OR'ed value for the capacitor load option.See	osc_c	cap_	load.

Example:

```
// To enable only 2 pF and 8 pF capacitor load, please use like this.
OSC_SetCapLoad(OSC, kOSC_Cap2P | kOSC_Cap8P);
```

23.7.25 void CLOCK InitOsc0 (osc_config_t const * config)

This function initializes the OSC0 according to the board configuration.

Parameters

config | Pointer to the OSC0 configuration structure.

23.7.26 void CLOCK_DeinitOsc0 (void)

This function deinitializes the OSC0.

23.7.27 static void CLOCK SetXtal0Freq (uint32 t freq) [inline], [static]

Parameters

freq The XTAL0/EXTAL0 input clock frequency in Hz.

23.7.28 static void CLOCK_SetXtal32Freq (uint32_t freq) [inline], [static]

Parameters

```
freq The XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC_CLKIN input clock frequency in Hz.
```

23.8 Variable Documentation

23.8.1 uint32_t g_xtal0Freq

The XTAL0/EXTAL0 (OSC0) clock frequency in Hz. When the clock is set up, use the function CLOC-K_SetXtal0Freq to set the value in the clock driver. For example, if XTAL0 is 8 MHz:

```
* CLOCK_InitOsc0(...); // Set up the OSC0
* CLOCK_SetXtalOFreq(80000000); // Set the XTALO value to clock driver.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Variable Documentation

This is important for the multicore platforms where one core needs to set up the OSC0 using the CL-OCK_InitOsc0. All other cores need to call the CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq to get a valid clock frequency.

23.8.2 uint32_t g_xtal32Freq

The XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC_CLKIN clock frequency in Hz. When the clock is set up, use the function CLOCK_SetXtal32Freq to set the value in the clock driver.

This is important for the multicore platforms where one core needs to set up the clock. All other cores need to call the CLOCK_SetXtal32Freq to get a valid clock frequency.

23.9 Multipurpose Clock Generator Lite (MCGLITE)

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the MCG_Lite module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

23.9.1 Function description

The MCG_Lite driver provides three kinds of APIs:

- 1. APIs to get the MCG_Lite frequency.
- 2. APIs for MCG_Lite mode.
- 3. APIs for OSC setup.

23.9.1.1 MCG Lite clock frequency

The CLOCK_GetOutClkFreq(), CLOCK_GetInternalRefClkFreq() and CLOCK_GetPeriphClkFreq() functions are used to get the frequency of MCGOUTCLK, MCGIRCLK, and MCGPCLK based on the current hardware setting.

23.9.1.2 MCG_Lite mode

The function CLOCK_GetMode() gets the current MCG_Lite mode.

The function CLOCK_SetMcgliteConfig() sets the MCG_Lite to a desired configuration. The MCG_Lite can't switch between the LIRC2M and LIRC8M. Instead, the function switches to the HIRC mode first and then switches to the target mode.

23.9.1.3 OSC configuration

To enable the OSC clock, the MCG_Lite is needed together with the OSC module. The function CLOCK_InitOsc0() uses the MCG_Lite and the OSC to initialize the OSC. The OSC should be configured based on the board design.

NXP Semiconductors

299



Chapter 24 Secure Digital Card/Embedded MultiMedia Card (CARD)

24.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver to access the Secure Digital Card and Embedded MultiMedia Card based on the SDHC driver.

Function groups

This function group implements the SD card functional API.

This function group implements the MMC card functional API.

Typical use case

```
/* Initialize SDHC. */
sdhcConfig->cardDetectDat3 = false;
sdhcConfig->endianMode = kSDHC_EndianModeLittle;
sdhcConfig->dmaMode = kSDHC_DmaModeAdma2;
sdhcConfig->readWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
sdhcConfig->writeWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
SDHC_Init(BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR, sdhcConfig);
/* Save host information. */
card->host.base = BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR;
card->host.sourceClock_Hz = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_SDHC_CLKSRC);
card->host.transfer = SDHC_TransferFunction;
/* Init card. */
if (SD_Init(card))
    PRINTF("\r\nSD card init failed.\r\n");
while (true)
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_WriteBlocks(card, g_dataWrite, DATA_BLOCK_START,
     DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Write multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_ReadBlocks(card, g_dataRead, DATA_BLOCK_START, DATA_BLOCK_COUNT)
        PRINTF("Read multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_EraseBlocks(card, DATA_BLOCK_START, DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Erase multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
SD_Deinit(card);
/* Initialize SDHC. */
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Overview

```
sdhcConfig->cardDetectDat3 = false;
sdhcConfig->endianMode = kSDHC_EndianModeLittle;
sdhcConfig->dmaMode = kSDHC_DmaModeAdma2;
sdhcConfig->readWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
sdhcConfig->writeWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
SDHC_Init(BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR, sdhcConfig);
/* Save host information. */
card->host.base = BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR;
card->host.sourceClock_Hz = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_SDHC_CLKSRC);
card->host.transfer = SDHC_TransferFunction;
/* Init card. */
if (MMC_Init(card))
    PRINTF("\n MMC card init failed \n");
while (true)
    if (kStatus_Success != MMC_WriteBlocks(card, q_dataWrite, DATA_BLOCK_START,
      DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Write multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != MMC_ReadBlocks(card, g_dataRead, DATA_BLOCK_START,
     DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Read multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
MMC_Deinit(card);
```

Data Structures

• struct sd_card_t

SD card state. More...

• struct sdio_card_t

SDIO card state. More...

struct mmc card t

SD card state. More...

struct mmc_boot_config_t

MMC card boot configuration definition. More...

Macros

- #define FSL_SDMMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2U, 1U, 2U)) /*2.1.2*/
 Driver version.
- #define FSL_SDMMC_DEFAULT_BLOCK_SIZE (512U)

Default block size.

- #define HOST_NOT_SUPPORT 0U
 - use this define to indicate the host not support feature
- #define HOST SUPPORT 1U

use this define to indicate the host support feature

Enumerations

```
• enum _sdmmc_status {
 kStatus SDMMC NotSupportYet = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 0U),
 kStatus SDMMC TransferFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 1U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetCardBlockSizeFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 2U),
 kStatus SDMMC HostNotSupport = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 3U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_CardNotSupport = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 4U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_AllSendCidFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 5U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendRelativeAddressFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 6U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 7U),
 kStatus SDMMC SelectCardFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 8U),
 kStatus SDMMC SendScrFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 9U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetDataBusWidthFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 10U),
 kStatus SDMMC GoldleFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 11U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_HandShakeOperationConditionFailed,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendApplicationCommandFailed,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 14U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_StopTransmissionFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 15U),
 kStatus SDMMC WaitWriteCompleteFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 16U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetBlockCountFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 17U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetRelativeAddressFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 18U),
 kStatus SDMMC SwitchBusTimingFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 19U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendExtendedCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 20U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureBootFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 21U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureExtendedCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 22-
 U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_EnableHighCapacityEraseFailed,
 kStatus SDMMC SendTestPatternFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 24U),
 kStatus SDMMC ReceiveTestPatternFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 25U),
 kStatus SDMMC SDIO ResponseError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 26U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_InvalidArgument,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_SendOperationConditionFail,
 kStatus SDMMC InvalidVoltage = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 29U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_SwitchHighSpeedFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 30-
 U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_ReadCISFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 31U),
 kStatus SDMMC SDIO InvalidCard = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 32U),
 kStatus SDMMC TuningFail = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 33U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchVoltageFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 34U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ReTuningRequest = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 35U),
 kStatus SDMMC SetDriverStrengthFail = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 36U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetPowerClassFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 37U) }
    SD/MMC card API's running status.
enum _sd_card_flag {
```

Overview

```
kSD SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kSD_Support4BitWidthFlag = (1U << 2U),
 kSD_SupportSdhcFlag = (1U << 3U),
 kSD_SupportSdxcFlag = (1U << 4U),
 kSD SupportVoltage 180v = (1U \ll 5U),
 kSD SupportSetBlockCountCmd = (1U << 6U),
 kSD_SupportSpeedClassControlCmd = (1U << 7U)
    SD card flags.
enum _mmc_card_flag {
 kMMC SupportHighSpeed26MHZFlag = (1U << 0U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeed52MHZFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ180V300VFlag = (1 << 2U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 3U),
 kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ180VFlag = (1 << 4U),
 kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 5U),
 kMMC_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ180VFlag = (1 << 6U),
 kMMC SupportHS400DDR200MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 7U),
 kMMC_SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U << 8U),
 kMMC_SupportAlternateBootFlag = (1U << 9U),
 kMMC_SupportDDRBootFlag = (1U << 10U),
 kMMC SupportHighSpeedBootFlag = (1U << 11U),
 kMMC_DataBusWidth4BitFlag = (1U << 12U),
 kMMC DataBusWidth8BitFlag = (1U << 13U),
 kMMC_DataBusWidth1BitFlag = (1U << 14U) }
    MMC card flags.
enum card_operation_voltage_t {
 kCARD_OperationVoltageNone = 0U,
 kCARD_OperationVoltage330V = 1U,
 kCARD OperationVoltage300V = 2U,
 kCARD_OperationVoltage180V = 3U }
    card operation voltage
enum _host_endian_mode {
 kHOST_EndianModeBig = 0U,
 kHOST EndianModeHalfWordBig = 1U,
 kHOST EndianModeLittle = 2U }
    host Endian mode corresponding to driver define
```

SDCARD Function

```
    status_t SD_Init (sd_card_t *card)
        Initializes the card on a specific host controller.
    void SD_Deinit (sd_card_t *card)
        Deinitializes the card.
    bool SD_CheckReadOnly (sd_card_t *card)
        Checks whether the card is write-protected.
    status_t SD_ReadBlocks (sd_card_t *card, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t block-Count)
```

Reads blocks from the specific card.

• status_t SD_WriteBlocks (sd_card_t *card, const uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Writes blocks of data to the specific card.

• status_t SD_EraseBlocks (sd_card_t *card, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount) Erases blocks of the specific card.

MMCCARD Function

• status t MMC Init (mmc card t *card)

Initializes the MMC card.

• void MMC_Deinit (mmc_card_t *card)

Deinitializes the card.

bool MMC_CheckReadOnly (mmc_card_t *card)

Checks if the card is read-only.

status_t MMC_ReadBlocks (mmc_card_t *card, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Reads data blocks from the card.

status_t MMC_WriteBlocks (mmc_card_t *card, const uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Writes data blocks to the card.

- status_t MMC_EraseGroups (mmc_card_t *card, uint32_t startGroup, uint32_t endGroup) Erases groups of the card.
- status_t MMC_SelectPartition (mmc_card_t *card, mmc_access_partition_t partitionNumber) Selects the partition to access.
- status_t MMC_SetBootConfig (mmc_card_t *card, const mmc_boot_config_t *config)

 Configures the boot activity of the card.
- status_t SDIO_CardInActive (sdio_card_t *card)

set SDIO card to inactive state

• status_t SDIO_IO_Write_Direct (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t *data, bool raw)

IO direct write transfer function.

• status_t SDIO_IO_Read_Direct (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t *data)

IO direct read transfer function.

• status_t SDIO_IO_Write_Extended (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t count, uint32_t flags)

IO extended write transfer function.

• status_t SDIO_IO_Read_Extended (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t count, uint32_t flags)

IO extended read transfer function.

- status_t SDIO_GetCardCapability (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func) get SDIO card capability
- status_t SDIO_SetBlockSize (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t blockSize) set SDIO card block size
- status t SDIO CardReset (sdio card t *card)

set SDIO card reset

- status_t SDIO_SetDataBusWidth (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_bus_width_t busWidth) set SDIO card data bus width
- status_t SDIO_SwitchToHighSpeed (sdio_card_t *card)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

switch the card to high speed

• status_t SDIO_ReadČIS (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, const uint32_t *tupleList, uint32_t tupleNum)

read SDIO card CIS for each function

• status t SDIO Init (sdio card t *card)

SDIO card init function.

- status_t SDIO_EnableIOInterrupt (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, bool enable) enable IO interrupt
- status_t SDIO_EnableIO (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func, bool enable) enable IO and wait IO ready
- status_t SDIO_SelectIO (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func)
- status_t SDIO_AbortIO (sdio_card_t *card, sdio_func_num_t func)

 Abort IO transfer.
- void SDIO_DeInit (sdio_card_t *card)

adaptor function

- static status_t HOST_NotSupport (void *parameter)
 - host not support function, this function is used for host not support feature
- status_t CardInsertDetect (HOST_TYPE *hostBase)

Detect card insert, only need for SD cases.

• status_t HOST_Init (void *host)

Init host controller.

SDIO card deinit.

• void HOST Deinit (void *host)

Deinit host controller.

24.2 Data Structure Documentation

24.2.1 struct sd card t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

Data Fields

HOST CONFIG host

Host information.

bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

• uint32_t busClock_Hz

SD bus clock frequency united in Hz.

uint32_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint32_t version

Card version.

• uint32 t flags

Flags in _sd_card_flag.

• uint32_t rawCid [4U]

Raw CID content.

• uint32 t rawCsd [4U]

Raw CSD content.

• uint32_t rawScr [2U]

Raw CSD content.

• uint32 t ocr

Raw OCR content.

• sd_cid_t cid

CID.

sd_csd_t csd

CSD.

• sd_scr_t scr

SCR.

• uint32 t blockCount

Card total block number.

• uint32_t blockSize

Card block size.

• sd_timing_mode_t currentTiming

current timing mode

• sd_driver_strength_t driverStrength

driver strength

• sd_max_current_t maxCurrent

card current limit

• card_operation_voltage_t operationVoltage

card operation voltage

24.2.2 struct sdio_card_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

Data Fields

HOST CONFIG host

Host information.

bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

bool memPresentFlag

indicate if memory present

• uint32_t busClock Hz

SD bus clock frequency united in Hz.

• uint32_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint8_t sdVersion

SD version.

• uint8 t sdioVersion

SDIO version.

• uint8_t cccrVersioin

CCCR version.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

```
• uint8_t ioTotalNumber
```

total number of IO function

• uint32_t cccrflags

Flags in _sd_card_flag.

• uint32_t io0blockSize

record the io0 block size

• uint32_t ocr

Raw OCR content, only 24bit availble for SDIO card.

• uint32 t commonCISPointer

point to common CIS

• sdio_fbr_t ioFBR [7U]

FBR table.

sdio_common_cis_t commonCIS

CIS table.

• sdio_func_cis_t funcCIS [7U]

function CIS table

24.2.3 struct mmc_card_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

Data Fields

HOST_CONFIG host

Host information.

bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

• uint32 t busClock Hz

MMC bus clock united in Hz.

• uint32 t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

bool enablePreDefinedBlockCount

Enable PRE-DEFINED block count when read/write.

• uint32_t flags

Capability flag in _mmc_card_flag.

• uint32_t rawCid [4U]

Raw CID content.

• uint32_t rawCsd [4U]

Raw CSD content.

• uint32_t rawExtendedCsd [MMC_EXTENDED_CSD_BYTES/4U]

Raw MMC Extended CSD content.

• uint32_t ocr

Raw OCR content.

mmc_cid_t cid

CID.

mmc_csd_t csd

CSD.

mmc_extended_csd_t extendedCsd

Enumeration Type Documentation

Extended CSD.

• uint32 t blockSize

Card block size.

uint32_t userPartitionBlocks

Card total block number in user partition.

uint32 t bootPartitionBlocks

Boot partition size united as block size.

• uint32_t eraseGroupBlocks

Erase group size united as block size.

• mmc_access_partition_t currentPartition

Current access partition.

mmc_voltage_window_t hostVoltageWindow

Host voltage window.

mmc_high_speed_timing_t currentTiming

indicate the current host timing mode

24.2.4 struct mmc boot config t

Data Fields

bool enableBootAck

Enable boot ACK.

 mmc_boot_partition_enable_t bootPartition Boot partition.

• bool retainBootBusWidth

If retain boot bus width.

mmc_data_bus_width_t bootDataBusWidth

Boot data bus width.

24.3 Macro Definition Documentation

24.3.1 #define FSL_SDMMC_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2U, 1U, 2U)) /*2.1.2*/

24.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

24.4.1 enum _sdmmc_status

Enumerator

kStatus_SDMMC_NotSupportYet Haven't supported.

kStatus_SDMMC_TransferFailed Send command failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SetCardBlockSizeFailed Set block size failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_HostNotSupport Host doesn't support.

kStatus_SDMMC_CardNotSupport Card doesn't support.

kStatus SDMMC AllSendCidFailed Send CID failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SendRelativeAddressFailed Send relative address failed.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

kStatus_SDMMC_SendCsdFailed Send CSD failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SelectCardFailed Select card failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SendScrFailed Send SCR failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SetDataBusWidthFailed Set bus width failed.

kStatus SDMMC GoldleFailed Go idle failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_HandShakeOperationConditionFailed Send Operation Condition failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SendApplicationCommandFailed Send application command failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchFailed Switch command failed.

kStatus SDMMC StopTransmissionFailed Stop transmission failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_WaitWriteCompleteFailed Wait write complete failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SetBlockCountFailed Set block count failed.

kStatus SDMMC SetRelativeAddressFailed Set relative address failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchBusTimingFailed Switch high speed failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SendExtendedCsdFailed Send EXT_CSD failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureBootFailed Configure boot failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureExtendedCsdFailed Configure EXT_CSD failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_EnableHighCapacityEraseFailed Enable high capacity erase failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SendTestPatternFailed Send test pattern failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_ReceiveTestPatternFailed Receive test pattern failed.

kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_ResponseError sdio response error

kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_InvalidArgument sdio invalid argument response error

kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_SendOperationConditionFail sdio send operation condition fail

kStatus_SDMMC_InvalidVoltage invaild voltage

kStatus SDMMC SDIO SwitchHighSpeedFail switch to high speed fail

kStatus SDMMC SDIO ReadCISFail read CIS fail

kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_InvalidCard invaild SDIO card

kStatus_SDMMC_TuningFail tuning fail

kStatus SDMMC SwitchVoltageFail switch voltage fail

kStatus_SDMMC_ReTuningRequest retuning request

kStatus SDMMC SetDriverStrengthFail set driver strength fail

kStatus_SDMMC_SetPowerClassFail set power class fail

24.4.2 enum _sd_card_flag

Enumerator

kSD_SupportHighCapacityFlag Support high capacity.

kSD_Support4BitWidthFlag Support 4-bit data width.

kSD_SupportSdhcFlag Card is SDHC.

kSD_SupportSdxcFlag Card is SDXC.

kSD_SupportVoltage180v card support 1.8v voltage

kSD_SupportSetBlockCountCmd card support cmd23 flag

kSD SupportSpeedClassControlCmd card support speed class control flag

311

24.4.3 enum _mmc_card_flag

Enumerator

```
kMMC_SupportHighSpeed26MHZFlag Support high speed 26MHZ.
```

kMMC_SupportHighSpeed52MHZFlag Support high speed 52MHZ.

kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ180V300VFlag ddr 52MHZ 1.8V or 3.0V

kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ120VFlag DDR 52MHZ 1.2V.

kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ180VFlag HS200,200MHZ,1.8V.

kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ120VFlag HS200, 200MHZ, 1.2V.

kMMC_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ180VFlag HS400, DDR, 200MHZ,1.8V.

kMMC_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ120VFlag HS400, DDR, 200MHZ,1.2V.

kMMC_SupportHighCapacityFlag Support high capacity.

kMMC_SupportAlternateBootFlag Support alternate boot.

kMMC_SupportDDRBootFlag support DDR boot flag

kMMC_SupportHighSpeedBootFlag support high speed boot flag

kMMC_DataBusWidth4BitFlag current data bus is 4 bit mode

kMMC_DataBusWidth8BitFlag current data bus is 8 bit mode

kMMC_DataBusWidth1BitFlag current data bus is 1 bit mode

24.4.4 enum card_operation_voltage_t

Enumerator

```
kCARD Operation Voltage None indicate current voltage setting is not setting bu suser
```

kCARD_OperationVoltage330V card operation voltage around 3.3v

kCARD_OperationVoltage300V card operation voltage around 3.0v

kCARD_OperationVoltage180V card operation voltage around 31.8v

24.4.5 enum _host_endian_mode

Enumerator

```
kHOST EndianModeBig Big endian mode.
```

kHOST_EndianModeHalfWordBig Half word big endian mode.

kHOST EndianModeLittle Little endian mode.

24.5 Function Documentation

24.5.1 status t SD Init (sd_card_t * card)

This function initializes the card on a specific host controller.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

card Card descriptor.	
-----------------------	--

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC_Go- IdleFailed	Go idle failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Not- SupportYet	Card not support.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- OperationCondition- Failed	Send operation condition failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_All- SendCidFailed	Send CID failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- RelativeAddressFailed	Send relative address failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- CsdFailed	Send CSD failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Select- CardFailed	Send SELECT_CARD command failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- ScrFailed	Send SCR failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_SetBus- WidthFailed	Set bus width failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Switch- HighSpeedFailed	Switch high speed failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Set- CardBlockSizeFailed	Set card block size failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.2 void SD_Deinit (sd_card_t * card)

This function deinitializes the specific card.

313

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
------	------------------

24.5.3 bool SD_CheckReadOnly (sd_card_t * card)

This function checks if the card is write-protected via the CSD register.

Parameters

card	The specific card.

Return values

true	Card is read only.
false	Card isn't read only.

24.5.4 status_t SD_ReadBlocks (sd_card_t * card, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

This function reads blocks from the specific card with default block size defined by the SDHC_CARD_-DEFAULT_BLOCK_SIZE.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	The buffer to save the data read from card.
startBlock	The start block index.
blockCount	The number of blocks to read.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Card-	Card not support.
NotSupport	

kStatus_SDMMC_Not- SupportYet	Not support now.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Stop- TransmissionFailed	Stop transmission failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.5 status_t SD_WriteBlocks ($sd_card_t * card$, const uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

This function writes blocks to the specific card with default block size 512 bytes.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	The buffer holding the data to be written to the card.
startBlock	The start block index.
blockCount	The number of blocks to write.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Not- SupportYet	Not support now.
kStatus_SDMMC_Card- NotSupport	Card not support.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.

	Stop transmission failed.
TransmissionFailed	
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.6 status_t SD_EraseBlocks ($sd_card_t * card$, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

This function erases blocks of the specific card with default block size 512 bytes.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
startBlock	The start block index.
blockCount	The number of blocks to erase.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.7 status_t MMC_Init ($mmc_card_t * \textit{card}$)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.

Return values

NXP Semiconductors 315

kStatus_SDMMC_Go- IdleFailed	Go idle failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- OperationCondition- Failed	Send operation condition failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_All- SendCidFailed	Send CID failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Set- RelativeAddressFailed	Set relative address failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- CsdFailed	Send CSD failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Card- NotSupport	Card not support.
kStatus_SDMMC_Select- CardFailed	Send SELECT_CARD command failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- ExtendedCsdFailed	Send EXT_CSD failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_SetBus- WidthFailed	Set bus width failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Switch- HighSpeedFailed	Switch high speed failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Set- CardBlockSizeFailed	Set card block size failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.8 void MMC_Deinit ($mmc_card_t * card$)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
------	------------------

24.5.9 bool MMC_CheckReadOnly ($mmc_card_t*\mathit{card}$)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

317

Parameters

card Card descriptor.	
-----------------------	--

Return values

true	Card is read only.
false	Card isn't read only.

24.5.10 status_t MMC_ReadBlocks (mmc_card_t * card, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	The buffer to save data.
startBlock	The start block index.
blockCount	The number of blocks to read.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Card- NotSupport	Card not support.
kStatus_SDMMC_Set- BlockCountFailed	Set block count failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Stop- TransmissionFailed	Stop transmission failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.11 status_t MMC_WriteBlocks (mmc_card_t * card, const uint8_t * buffer, uint32 t startBlock, uint32 t blockCount)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	The buffer to save data blocks.
startBlock	Start block number to write.
blockCount	Block count.

Return values

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Not- SupportYet	Not support now.
kStatus_SDMMC_Set- BlockCountFailed	Set block count failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.
kStatus_SDMMC_Stop- TransmissionFailed	Stop transmission failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.12 status_t MMC_EraseGroups (mmc_card_t * card, uint32_t startGroup, uint32_t endGroup)

Erase group is the smallest erase unit in MMC card. The erase range is [startGroup, endGroup].

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
startGroup	Start group number.
endGroup	End group number.

Return values

318 NXP Semiconductors

kStatus_InvalidArgument	Invalid argument.
kStatus_SDMMC_Wait- WriteCompleteFailed	Send status failed.
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	Transfer failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.13 status_t MMC_SelectPartition (mmc_card_t * card, mmc_access_partition_t partitionNumber)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
partition- Number	The partition number.

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC ConfigureExtendedCsd- Failed	Configure EXT_CSD failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.14 status_t MMC_SetBootConfig (mmc_card_t * card, const mmc_boot_config_t * config)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
config	Boot configuration structure.

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC_Not- SupportYet	Not support now.
kStatus_SDMMC ConfigureExtendedCsd- Failed	Configure EXT_CSD failed.
kStatus_SDMMC ConfigureBootFailed	Configure boot failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

24.5.15 status_t SDIO_CardInActive (sdio_card_t * card)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
------	------------------

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.16 status_t SDIO_IO_Write_Direct (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t * data, bool raw)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO numner
register	address
the	data pinter to write
raw	flag, indicate read after write or write only

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.17 status_t SDIO_IO_Read_Direct (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t * data)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number
register	address
data	pointer to read

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.18 status_t SDIO_IO_Write_Extended (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t count, uint32_t flags)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number
register	address
data	buffer to write
data	count
write	flags

Return values	
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _InvalidArgument	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.19 status_t SDIO_IO_Read_Extended (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t regAddr, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t count, uint32_t flags)

Parameters

Function Documentation

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number
register	address
data	buffer to read
data	count
write	flags

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _InvalidArgument	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.20 status_t SDIO_GetCardCapability ($sdio_card_t * card$, $sdio_func_num_t$ func)

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.21 status_t SDIO_SetBlockSize (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, uint32_t blockSize)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	io number
block	size

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC_Set- CardBlockSizeFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _InvalidArgument	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.22 status_t SDIO_CardReset (sdio_card_t * card)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.

Return values

Function	n Do	cuma	ntati	ion
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kStatus_SDMMC	
TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.23 status_t SDIO_SetDataBusWidth (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_bus_width_t busWidth)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
data	bus width

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.24 status_t SDIO_SwitchToHighSpeed ($sdio_card_t*card$)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
------	------------------

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _SwitchHighSpeedFail	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.25 status_t SDIO_ReadCIS (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, const uint32_t * tupleList, uint32_t tupleNum)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	io number
tuple	code list
tuple	code number

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _ReadCISFail	
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.26 status_t SDIO_Init (sdio_card_t * card)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
------	------------------

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC_Go- IdleFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_Hand- ShakeOperation- ConditionFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _InvalidCard	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _InvalidVoltage	
kStatus_SDMMC_Send- RelativeAddressFailed	

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

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kStatus_SDMMC_Select- CardFailed	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _SwitchHighSpeedFail	
kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO- _ReadCISFail	
kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.27 status_t SDIO_EnablelOInterrupt (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func, bool enable)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number
enable/disable	flag

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.28 status_t SDIO_EnablelO ($sdio_card_t * card$, $sdio_func_num_t$ func, bool enable)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number

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enable/disable	flag			
Return values				
kStatus_Si	MMC			

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.29 status_t SDIO_SelectIO (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.30 status_t SDIO_AbortIO (sdio_card_t * card, sdio_func_num_t func)

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
function	IO number

Return values

kStatus_SDMMC TransferFailed	
kStatus_Success	

24.5.31 void SDIO_Delnit (sdio_card_t * card)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

card | Card descriptor.

24.5.32 static status_t HOST_NotSupport (void * parameter) [inline], [static]

Parameters

void	parameter ,used to avoid build warning
------	--

Return values

kStatus_Fail,host	do not suppport
-------------------	-----------------

24.5.33 status_t CardInsertDetect (HOST_TYPE * hostBase)

Parameters

hostBase	the pointer to host base address
	•

Return values

kStatus_Success	detect card insert
kStatus_Fail	card insert event fail

24.5.34 status_t HOST_Init (void * host)

Parameters

host	the pointer to host structure in card structure.
------	--

Return values

kStatus_Success	host init success
kStatus_Fail	event fail

24.5.35 void HOST_Deinit (void * host)

Parameters

host	the pointer to host structure in card structure.
------	--

Chapter 25 SPI based Secure Digital Card (SDSPI)

25.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver to access the Secure Digital Card based on the SPI driver.

Function groups

This function group implements the SD card functional API in the SPI mode.

Typical use case

Data Structures

```
    struct sdspi_command_t
        SDSPI command. More...
    struct sdspi_host_t
        SDSPI host state. More...
    struct sdspi_card_t
        SD Card Structure, More...
```

Overview

Enumerations

```
enum _sdspi_status {
 kStatus SDSPI SetFrequencyFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 0U),
 kStatus SDSPI ExchangeFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 1U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_WaitReadyFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 2U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_ResponseError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 3U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_WriteProtected = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 4U),
 kStatus SDSPI GoldleFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 5U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendCommandFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 6U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_ReadFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 7U),
 kStatus SDSPI WriteFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 8U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendInterfaceConditionFailed,
 kStatus SDSPI SendOperationConditionFailed.
 kStatus_SDSPI_ReadOcrFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 11U),
 kStatus SDSPI SetBlockSizeFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 12U),
 kStatus SDSPI SendCsdFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 13U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendCidFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 14U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_StopTransmissionFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 15U),
 kStatus SDSPI SendApplicationCommandFailed }
    SDSPI API status.
enum _sdspi_card_flag {
 kSDSPI_SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U \ll 0U),
 kSDSPI SupportSdhcFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kSDSPI SupportSdxcFlag = (1U \ll 2U),
 kSDSPI_SupportSdscFlag = (1U << 3U) }
    SDSPI card flag.
enum sdspi_response_type_t {
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1 = 0U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1b = 1U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR2 = 2U,
 kSDSPI ResponseTypeR3 = 3U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR7 = 4U }
    SDSPI response type.
```

SDSPI Function

```
    status_t SDSPI_Init (sdspi_card_t *card)
        Initializes the card on a specific SPI instance.

    void SDSPI_Deinit (sdspi_card_t *card)
        Deinitializes the card.
```

• bool SDSPI_CheckReadOnly (sdspi_card_t *card)

Checks whether the card is write-protected.

 status_t SDSPI_ReadBlocks (sdspi_card_t *card, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Reads blocks from the specific card.

• status_t SDSPI_WriteBlocks (sdspi_card_t *card, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

Writes blocks of data to the specific card.

25.2 Data Structure Documentation

25.2.1 struct sdspi_command_t

Data Fields

• uint8 t index

Command index.

• uint32_t argument

Command argument.

• uint8_t responseType

Response type.

• uint8_t response [5U]

Response content.

25.2.2 struct sdspi_host_t

Data Fields

• uint32_t busBaudRate

Bus baud rate.

• status_t(* setFrequency)(uint32_t frequency)

Set frequency of SPI.

• status_t(* exchange)(uint8_t *in, uint8_t *out, uint32_t size)

Exchange data over SPI.

• uint32_t(* getCurrentMilliseconds)(void)

Get current time in milliseconds.

25.2.3 struct sdspi_card_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

Data Fields

sdspi_host_t * host

Host state information.

• uint32_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint32_t flags

Flags defined in _sdspi_card_flag.

• uint8_t rawCid [16U]

Raw CID content.

• uint8_t rawCsd [16U]

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

Raw CSD content.

• uint8_t rawScr [8U]

Raw SCR content.

• uint32_t ocr

Raw OCR content.

• sd cid t cid

CID.

• sd_csd_t csd

CSD.

• sd_scr_t scr

SCR.

• uint32_t blockCount

Card total block number.

• uint32_t blockSize

Card block size.

25.2.3.0.0.40 Field Documentation

25.2.3.0.0.40.1 uint32_t sdspi_card_t::flags

25.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

25.3.1 enum _sdspi_status

Enumerator

kStatus SDSPI SetFrequencyFailed Set frequency failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_ExchangeFailed Exchange data on SPI bus failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_WaitReadyFailed Wait card ready failed.

kStatus SDSPI ResponseError Response is error.

kStatus SDSPI WriteProtected Write protected.

kStatus SDSPI GoldleFailed Go idle failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_SendCommandFailed Send command failed.

kStatus SDSPI ReadFailed Read data failed.

kStatus SDSPI WriteFailed Write data failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_SendInterfaceConditionFailed Send interface condition failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_SendOperationConditionFailed Send operation condition failed.

kStatus SDSPI ReadOcrFailed Read OCR failed.

kStatus SDSPI SetBlockSizeFailed Set block size failed.

kStatus SDSPI SendCsdFailed Send CSD failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_SendCidFailed Send CID failed.

kStatus SDSPI StopTransmissionFailed Stop transmission failed.

kStatus SDSPI SendApplicationCommandFailed Send application command failed.

25.3.2 enum _sdspi_card_flag

Enumerator

```
kSDSPI_SupportHighCapacityFlag Card is high capacity.kSDSPI_SupportSdhcFlag Card is SDHC.kSDSPI_SupportSdxcFlag Card is SDXC.kSDSPI_SupportSdscFlag Card is SDSC.
```

25.3.3 enum sdspi_response_type_t

Enumerator

```
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1 Response 1.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1b Response 1 with busy.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR2 Response 2.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR3 Response 3.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR7 Response 7.
```

25.4 Function Documentation

25.4.1 status_t SDSPI_Init (sdspi_card_t * card)

This function initializes the card on a specific SPI instance.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor

Return values

kStatus_SDSPI_Set- FrequencyFailed	Set frequency failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_GoIdle- Failed	Go idle failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_Send- InterfaceConditionFailed	Send interface condition failed.

kStatus_SDSPI_Send- OperationCondition- Failed	Send operation condition failed.
kStatus_Timeout	Send command timeout.
kStatus_SDSPI_Not- SupportYet	Not support yet.
kStatus_SDSPI_ReadOcr- Failed	Read OCR failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_SetBlock- SizeFailed	Set block size failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_SendCsd- Failed	Send CSD failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_SendCid- Failed	Send CID failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

25.4.2 void SDSPI_Deinit (sdspi_card_t * card)

This function deinitializes the specific card.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor
------	-----------------

25.4.3 bool SDSPI_CheckReadOnly ($sdspi_card_t*card$)

This function checks if the card is write-protected via CSD register.

Parameters

Return values

337

true	Card is read only.
false	Card isn't read only.

25.4.4 status_t SDSPI_ReadBlocks (sdspi_card_t * card, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

This function reads blocks from specific card.

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	the buffer to hold the data read from card
startBlock	the start block index
blockCount	the number of blocks to read

Return values

kStatus_SDSPI_Send- CommandFailed	Send command failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_Read- Failed	Read data failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_Stop- TransmissionFailed	Stop transmission failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

25.4.5 status_t SDSPI_WriteBlocks (sdspi_card_t * card, uint8_t * buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t blockCount)

This function writes blocks to specific card

Parameters

card	Card descriptor.
buffer	the buffer holding the data to be written to the card

startBlock	the start block index
blockCount	the number of blocks to write

Return values

kStatus_SDSPI_Write- Protected	Card is write protected.
kStatus_SDSPI_Send- CommandFailed	Send command failed.
kStatus_SDSPI ResponseError	Response is error.
kStatus_SDSPI_Write- Failed	Write data failed.
kStatus_SDSPI ExchangeFailed	Exchange data over SPI failed.
kStatus_SDSPI_Wait- ReadyFailed	Wait card to be ready status failed.
kStatus_Success	Operate successfully.

Chapter 26 Debug Console

26.1 Overview

This chapter describes the programming interface of the debug console driver.

The debug console enables debug log messages to be output via the specified peripheral with frequency of the peripheral source clock and base address at the specified baud rate. Additionally, it provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

26.2 Function groups

26.2.1 Initialization

To initialize the debug console, call the DbgConsole_Init() function with these parameters. This function automatically enables the module and the clock.

```
\star @brief Initializes the the peripheral used to debug messages.
                     Indicates which address of the peripheral is used to send debug messages.
 * @param baseAddr
                       The desired baud rate in bits per second.
 * @param baudRate
                      Low level device type for the debug console, can be one of:
 * @param device
                       @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART,
                       @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPUART,
                        @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPSCI,
                        @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_USBCDC.
                       Frequency of peripheral source clock.
 * @param clkSrcFreq
 * @return
                       Whether initialization was successful or not.
status_t DbgConsole_Init(uint32_t baseAddr, uint32_t baudRate, uint8_t device, uint32_t clkSrcFreq)
```

Selects the supported debug console hardware device type, such as

```
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_NONE
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPSCI
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPUART
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_USBCDC
```

After the initialization is successful, stdout and stdin are connected to the selected peripheral. The debug console state is stored in the debug_console_state_t structure, such as shown here.

Function groups

This example shows how to call the DbgConsole_Init() given the user configuration structure.

```
uint32_t uartClkSrcFreq = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_DEBUG_UART_CLKSRC);
DbgConsole_Init(BOARD_DEBUG_UART_BASEADDR, BOARD_DEBUG_UART_BAUDRATE, DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART, uartClkSrcFreq);
```

26.2.2 Advanced Feature

The debug console provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

• Support a format specifier for PRINTF following this prototype " %[flags][width][.precision][length]specifier", which is explained below

flags	Description
-	Left-justified within the given field width. Right-justified is the default.
+	Forces to precede the result with a plus or minus sign (+ or -) even for positive numbers. By default, only negative numbers are preceded with a - sign.
(space)	If no sign is written, a blank space is inserted before the value.
#	Used with o, x, or X specifiers the value is preceded with 0, 0x, or 0X respectively for values other than zero. Used with e, E and f, it forces the written output to contain a decimal point even if no digits would follow. By default, if no digits follow, no decimal point is written. Used with g or G the result is the same as with e or E but trailing zeros are not removed.
0	Left-pads the number with zeroes (0) instead of spaces, where padding is specified (see width subspecifier).

Width	Description
(number)	A minimum number of characters to be printed. If the value to be printed is shorter than this number, the result is padded with blank spaces. The value is not truncated even if the result is larger.
*	The width is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

.precision	Description
.number	For integer specifiers (d, i, o, u, x, X) precision specifies the minimum number of digits to be written. If the value to be written is shorter than this number, the result is padded with leading zeros. The value is not truncated even if the result is longer. A precision of 0 means that no character is written for the value 0. For e, E, and f specifiers this is the number of digits to be printed after the decimal point. For g and G specifiers This is the maximum number of significant digits to be printed. For s this is the maximum number of characters to be printed. By default, all characters are printed until the ending null character is encountered. For c type it has no effect. When no precision is specified, the default is 1. If the period is specified without an explicit value for precision, 0 is assumed.
.*	The precision is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.

length	Description	
Do not s	Do not support	

specifier	Description
d or i	Signed decimal integer
f	Decimal floating point
F	Decimal floating point capital letters
X	Unsigned hexadecimal integer
X	Unsigned hexadecimal integer capital letters
0	Signed octal
b	Binary value
p	Pointer address
u	Unsigned decimal integer
С	Character
s	String of characters
n	Nothing printed

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Function groups

• Support a format specifier for SCANF following this prototype " %[*][width][length]specifier", which is explained below

* Description

An optional starting asterisk indicates that the data is to be read from the stream but ignored. In other words, it is not stored in the corresponding argument.

width	Description
This specifies the maximum number of characters to be read in the current reading operation.	

length	Description
hh	The argument is interpreted as a signed character or unsigned character (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).
h	The argument is interpreted as a short integer or unsigned short integer (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).
1	The argument is interpreted as a long integer or unsigned long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s.
11	The argument is interpreted as a long long integer or unsigned long long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s.
L	The argument is interpreted as a long double (only applies to floating point specifiers: e, E, f, g, and G).
j or z or t	Not supported

specifier	Qualifying Input	Type of argument
С	Single character: Reads the next character. If a width different from 1 is specified, the function reads width characters and stores them in the successive locations of the array passed as argument. No null character is appended at the end.	char *

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

specifier	Qualifying Input	Type of argument
i	Integer: : Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign	int *
d	Decimal integer: Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign	int *
a, A, e, E, f, F, g, G	Floating point: Decimal number containing a decimal point, optionally preceded by a + or - sign and optionally followed by the e or E character and a decimal number. Two examples of valid entries are -732.103 and 7.12e4	float *
0	Octal Integer:	int *
s	String of characters. This reads subsequent characters until a white space is found (white space characters are considered to be blank, newline, and tab).	char *
u	Unsigned decimal integer.	unsigned int *

The debug console has its own printf/scanf/putchar/getchar functions which are defined in the header file.

```
int DbgConsole_Printf(const char *fmt_s, ...);
int DbgConsole_Putchar(int ch);
int DbgConsole_Scanf(const char *fmt_ptr, ...);
int DbgConsole_Getchar(void);
```

This utility supports selecting toolchain's printf/scanf or the MCUXpresso SDK printf/scanf.

```
#if SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE
                       /* Select printf, scanf, putchar, getchar of SDK version. */
#define PRINTF
                             DbgConsole_Printf
                              DbgConsole_Scanf
#define SCANF
#define PUTCHAR
                              DbgConsole_Putchar
#define GETCHAR
                              DbgConsole_Getchar
#else
                       /* Select printf, scanf, putchar, getchar of toolchain. */
#define PRINTF
                            printf
#define SCANF
                              scanf
#define PUTCHAR
                              putchar
#define GETCHAR
                              getchar
#endif /* SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE */
```

26.3 Typical use case

Some examples use the PUTCHAR & GETCHAR function

```
ch = GETCHAR();
PUTCHAR(ch);
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Typical use case

Some examples use the PRINTF function

Statement prints the string format.

```
PRINTF("%s %s\r\n", "Hello", "world!");
```

Statement prints the hexadecimal format/

```
PRINTF("0x%02X hexadecimal number equivalents 255", 255);
```

Statement prints the decimal floating point and unsigned decimal.

```
PRINTF("Execution timer: s\n\r mulliseconds \n\rDONE\n\r", "1 day", 86400, 86.4);
```

Some examples use the SCANF function

```
PRINTF("Enter a decimal number: ");
SCANF("%d", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered %d.\r\n", i, i);
PRINTF("Enter a hexadecimal number: ");
SCANF("%x", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered 0x%X (%d).\r\n", i, i);
```

Print out failure messages using KSDK __assert_func:

Note:

To use 'printf' and 'scanf' for GNUC Base, add file 'fsl_sbrk.c' in path: ..\{package}\devices\{subset}\utilities\fsl_sbrk.c to your project.

Modules

Semihosting

26.4 Semihosting

Semihosting is a mechanism for ARM targets to communicate input/output requests from application code to a host computer running a debugger. This mechanism can be used, for example, to enable functions in the C library, such as printf() and scanf(), to use the screen and keyboard of the host rather than having a screen and keyboard on the target system.

26.4.1 Guide Semihosting for IAR

NOTE: After the setting both "printf" and "scanf" are available for debugging.

Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. To set debugger options, choose Project>Options. In the Debugger category, click the Setup tab.
- 2. Select Run to main and click OK. This ensures that the debug session starts by running the main function.
- 3. The project is now ready to be built.

Step 2: Building the project

- 1. Compile and link the project by choosing Project>Make or F7.
- 2. Alternatively, click the Make button on the tool bar. The Make command compiles and links those files that have been modified.

Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. Choose "Semihosting_IAR" project -> "Options" -> "Debugger" -> "J-Link/J-Trace".
- 2. Choose tab "J-Link/J-Trace" -> "Connection" tab -> "SWD".
- 3. Start the project by choosing Project>Download and Debug.
- 4. Choose View>Terminal I/O to display the output from the I/O operations.

26.4.2 Guide Semihosting for Keil µVision

NOTE: Keil supports Semihosting only for Cortex-M3/Cortex-M4 cores.

Step 1: Prepare code

Remove function fputc and fgetc is used to support KEIL in "fsl_debug_console.c" and add the following code to project.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Semihosting

```
struct __FILE
   int handle;
FILE __stdout;
FILE __stdin;
int fputc(int ch, FILE *f)
    return (ITM_SendChar(ch));
int fgetc(FILE *f)
{ /* blocking */
   while (ITM_CheckChar() != 1)
    return (ITM_ReceiveChar());
int ferror(FILE *f)
    /* Your implementation of ferror */
    return EOF;
void _ttywrch(int ch)
    ITM_SendChar(ch);
void _sys_exit(int return_code)
label:
   goto label; /* endless loop */
```

Step 2: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Project>Options for target or using Alt+F7 or click.
- 2. Select "Target" tab and not select "Use MicroLIB".
- 3. Select "Debug" tab, select "J-Link/J-Trace Cortex" and click "Setting button".
- 4. Select "Debug" tab and choose Port:SW, then select "Trace" tab, choose "Enable" and click OK.

Step 3: Building the project

1. Compile and link the project by choosing Project>Build Target or using F7.

Step 4: Building the project

- 1. Choose "Debug" on menu bar or Ctrl F5.
- 2. In menu bar, choose "Serial Window" and click to "Debug (printf) Viewer".
- 3. Run line by line to see result in Console Window.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

347

26.4.3 Guide Semihosting for KDS

NOTE: After the setting use "printf" for debugging.

Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Project>Properties>C/C++ Build>Settings>Tool Settings.
- 2. Select "Libraries" on "Cross ARM C Linker" and delete "nosys".
- 3. Select "Miscellaneous" on "Cross ARM C Linker", add "-specs=rdimon.specs" to "Other link flages" and tick "Use newlib-nano", and click OK.

Step 2: Building the project

1. In menu bar, choose Project>Build Project.

Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. In Debug configurations, choose "Startup" tab, tick "Enable semihosting and Telnet". Press "Apply" and "Debug".
- 2. After clicking Debug, the Window is displayed same as below. Run line by line to see the result in the Console Window.

26.4.4 Guide Semihosting for ATL

NOTE: J-Link has to be used to enable semihosting.

Step 1: Prepare code

Add the following code to the project.

```
int _write(int file, char *ptr, int len)
{
   /* Implement your write code here. This is used by puts and printf. */
   int i=0;
   for(i=0; i<len; i++)
        ITM_SendChar((*ptr++));
   return len;
}</pre>
```

Step 2: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Debug Configurations. In tab "Embedded C/C++ Aplication" choose "-Semihosting_ATL_xxx debug J-Link".
- 2. In tab "Debugger" set up as follows.
 - JTAG mode must be selected

Semihosting

- SWV tracing must be enabled
- Enter the Core Clock frequency, which is hardware board-specific.
- Enter the desired SWO Clock frequency. The latter depends on the JTAG Probe and must be a multiple of the Core Clock value.
- 3. Click "Apply" and "Debug".

Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. In the Views menu, expand the submenu SWV and open the docking view "SWV Console". 2. Open the SWV settings panel by clicking the "Configure Serial Wire Viewer" button in the SWV Console view toolbar. 3. Configure the data ports to be traced by enabling the ITM channel 0 check-box in the ITM stimulus ports group: Choose "EXETRC: Trace Exceptions" and In tab "ITM Stimulus Ports" choose "Enable Port" 0. Then click "OK".
- 2. It is recommended not to enable other SWV trace functionalities at the same time because this may over use the SWO pin causing packet loss due to a limited bandwidth (certain other SWV tracing capabilities can send a lot of data at very high-speed). Save the SWV configuration by clicking the OK button. The configuration is saved with other debug configurations and remains effective until changed.
- 3. Press the red Start/Stop Trace button to send the SWV configuration to the target board to enable SWV trace recoding. The board does not send any SWV packages until it is properly configured. The SWV Configuration must be present, if the configuration registers on the target board are reset. Also, tracing does not start until the target starts to execute.
- 4. Start the target execution again by pressing the green Resume Debug button.
- 5. The SWV console now shows the printf() output.

26.4.5 Guide Semihosting for ARMGCC

Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. Turn on "J-LINK GDB Server" -> Select suitable "Target device" -> "OK".
- 2. Turn on "PuTTY". Set up as follows.
 - "Host Name (or IP address)" : localhost
 - "Port":2333
 - "Connection type" : Telet.
 - · Click "Open".
- 3. Increase "Heap/Stack" for GCC to 0x2000:

Add to "CMakeLists.txt"

SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE}} --defsym=__stack_size__=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG} -- defsym=__stack_size__=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG} --

defsym = heap size = 0x2000"

SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE}} --defsym=__heap_size__=0x2000")

Step 2: Building the project

1. Change "CMakeLists.txt":

Change "SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE} -specs=nano.specs")"

to "SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_RELEASE "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_R-ELEASE} -specs=rdimon.specs")"

Replace paragraph

- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -fno-common")
- SET(CMAKE EXE LINKER FLAGS DEBUG "\${CMAKE EXE LINKER FLAGS DEBU-
- G} -ffunction-sections")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -fdata-sections")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -ffreestanding")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -fno-builtin")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- $G\} \ \text{-mthumb"})$
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -mapcs")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} --gc-sections")
- $SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG \quad "\$\{CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEB$
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -static")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -z")
- SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-
- G} -Xlinker")
 SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG
 - AGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-

349

G} muldefs")

To

SET(CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBUG "\${CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-

NXP Semiconductors

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Semihosting

G} --specs=rdimon.specs ")

Remove

target_link_libraries(semihosting_ARMGCC.elf debug nosys)

2. Run "build_debug.bat" to build project

Step 3: Starting semihosting

(a) Download the image and set as follows.

```
cd D:\mcu-sdk-2.0-origin\boards\twrk64f120m\driver_examples\semihosting\armgcc\debug
d:
C:\PROGRA~2\GNUTOO~1\4BD65~1.920\bin\arm-none-eabi-gdb.exe
target remote localhost:2331
monitor reset
monitor semihosting enable
monitor semihosting thumbSWI 0xAB
monitor semihosting IOClient 1
monitor flash device = MK64FN1M0xxx12
load semihosting_ARMGCC.elf
monitor reg pc = (0x00000004)
monitor reg sp = (0x000000000)
continue
```

(b) After the setting, press "enter". The PuTTY window now shows the printf() output.

Chapter 27 Notification Framework

27.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the Notifier driver.

27.2 Notifier Overview

The Notifier provides a configuration dynamic change service. Based on this service, applications can switch between pre-defined configurations. The Notifier enables drivers and applications to register callback functions to this framework. Each time that the configuration is changed, drivers and applications receive a notification and change their settings. To simplify, the Notifier only supports the static callback registration. This means that, for applications, all callback functions are collected into a static table and passed to the Notifier.

These are the steps for the configuration transition.

- 1. Before configuration transition, the Notifier sends a "BEFORE" message to the callback table. When this message is received, IP drivers should check whether any current processes can be stopped and stop them. If the processes cannot be stopped, the callback function returns an error. The Notifier supports two types of transition policies, a graceful policy and a forceful policy. When the graceful policy is used, if some callbacks return an error while sending a "BEFORE" message, the configuration transition stops and the Notifier sends a "RECOVER" message to all drivers that have stopped. Then, these drivers can recover the previous status and continue to work. When the forceful policy is used, drivers are stopped forcefully.
- 2. After the "BEFORE" message is processed successfully, the system switches to the new configuration.
- 3. After the configuration changes, the Notifier sends an "AFTER" message to the callback table to notify drivers that the configuration transition is finished.

This example shows how to use the Notifier in the Power Manager application.

```
#include "fsl_notifier.h"

// Definition of the Power Manager callback.
status_t callback0(notifier_notification_block_t *notify, void *data)
{
    status_t ret = kStatus_Success;
    ...
    ...
    return ret;
}

// Definition of the Power Manager user function.
status_t APP_PowerModeSwitch(notifier_user_config_t *targetConfig, void *userData)
{
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Notifier Overview

```
. . .
    . . .
. . .
. . .
. . .
// Main function.
int main (void)
    // Define a notifier handle.
   notifier_handle_t powerModeHandle;
    // Callback configuration.
    user_callback_data_t callbackData0;
    notifier_callback_config_t callbackCfg0 = {callback0,
                kNOTIFIER_CallbackBeforeAfter,
                (void *) &callbackData0);
    notifier_callback_config_t callbacks[] = {callbackCfg0};
    // Power mode configurations.
    power_user_config_t vlprConfig;
    power_user_config_t stopConfig;
    notifier_user_config_t *powerConfigs[] = {&vlprConfig, &stopConfig};
    // Definition of a transition to and out the power modes.
    vlprConfig.mode = kAPP_PowerModeVlpr;
    vlprConfig.enableLowPowerWakeUpOnInterrupt = false;
    stopConfig = vlprConfig;
    stopConfig.mode = kAPP_PowerModeStop;
    // Create Notifier handle.
   NOTIFIER_CreateHandle(&powerModeHandle, powerConfigs, 2U, callbacks, 1U,
      APP_PowerModeSwitch, NULL);
    // Power mode switch.
   NOTIFIER_switchConfig(&powerModeHandle, targetConfigIndex,
      kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement);
```

Data Structures

- struct notifier_notification_block_t
 - notification block passed to the registered callback function. More...
- struct notifier_callback_config_t
 - Callback configuration structure. More...
- struct notifier_handle_t
 - Notifier handle structure. More...

Typedefs

- typedef void notifier_user_config_t
 - Notifier user configuration type.
- typedef status_t(* notifier_user_function_t)(notifier_user_config_t *targetConfig, void *userData)

 Notifier user function prototype Use this function to execute specific operations in configuration switch.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• typedef status_t(* notifier_callback_t)(notifier_notification_block_t *notify, void *data) Callback prototype.

Enumerations

```
• enum _notifier_status {
  kStatus NOTIFIER ErrorNotificationBefore,
 kStatus NOTIFIER ErrorNotificationAfter }
    Notifier error codes.
enum notifier_policy_t {
 kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement,
  kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible }
    Notifier policies.
enum notifier_notification_type_t {
  kNOTIFIER NotifyRecover = 0x00U,
 kNOTIFIER_NotifyBefore = 0x01U,
 kNOTIFIER NotifyAfter = 0x02U }
    Notification type.
• enum notifier_callback_type_t {
  kNOTIFIER\_CallbackBefore = 0x01U,
 kNOTIFIER CallbackAfter = 0x02U,
 kNOTIFIER_CallbackBeforeAfter = 0x03U }
     The callback type, which indicates kinds of notification the callback handles.
```

Functions

- status_t NOTIFIER_CreateHandle (notifier_handle_t *notifierHandle, notifier_user_config_t **configs, uint8_t configsNumber, notifier_callback_config_t *callbacks, uint8_t callbacksNumber, notifier_user_function_t userFunction, void *userData)
 - Creates a Notifier handle.
- status_t NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig (notifier_handle_t *notifierHandle, uint8_t configIndex, notifier_policy_t policy)

Switches the configuration according to a pre-defined structure.

• uint8_t NOTIFIER_GetErrorCallbackIndex (notifier_handle_t *notifierHandle)

This function returns the last failed notification callback.

27.3 Data Structure Documentation

27.3.1 struct notifier notification block t

Data Fields

- notifier_user_config_t * targetConfig
 - Pointer to target configuration.
- notifier_policy_t policy

Configure transition policy.

notifier_notification_type_t notifyType

Configure notification type.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

27.3.1.0.0.41 Field Documentation

27.3.1.0.0.41.1 notifier_user_config_t* notifier_notification_block_t::targetConfig

27.3.1.0.0.41.2 notifier_policy_t notifier_notification_block_t::policy

27.3.1.0.0.41.3 notifier_notification_type_t notifier_notification_block_t::notifyType

27.3.2 struct notifier_callback_config_t

This structure holds the configuration of callbacks. Callbacks of this type are expected to be statically allocated. This structure contains the following application-defined data. callback - pointer to the callback function callbackType - specifies when the callback is called callbackData - pointer to the data passed to the callback.

Data Fields

- notifier_callback_t callback
 - Pointer to the callback function.
- notifier_callback_type_t callbackType Callback type.
- void * callbackData

Pointer to the data passed to the callback.

27.3.2.0.0.42 Field Documentation

27.3.2.0.0.42.1 notifier_callback_t notifier_callback config t::callback

27.3.2.0.0.42.2 notifier_callback_type_t notifier_callback config_t::callbackType

27.3.2.0.0.42.3 void* notifier callback config t::callbackData

27.3.3 struct notifier handle t

Notifier handle structure. Contains data necessary for the Notifier proper function. Stores references to registered configurations, callbacks, information about their numbers, user function, user data, and other internal data. NOTIFIER_CreateHandle() must be called to initialize this handle.

Data Fields

- notifier_user_config_t ** configsTable
 - Pointer to configure table.
- uint8_t configsNumber
 - Number of configurations.
- notifier_callback_config_t * callbacksTable

Pointer to callback table.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

- uint8 t callbacksNumber
 - *Maximum number of callback configurations.*
- uint8 t errorCallbackIndex
 - Index of callback returns error.
- uint8_t currentConfigIndex
 - *Index of current configuration.*
- notifier_user_function_t userFunction
 - User function.
- void * userData

User data passed to user function.

27.3.3.0.0.43 Field Documentation

- 27.3.3.0.0.43.1 notifier_user_config_t** notifier_handle_t::configsTable
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.2 uint8 t notifier handle t::configsNumber
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.3 notifier_callback_config_t* notifier_handle_t::callbacksTable
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.4 uint8_t notifier_handle_t::callbacksNumber
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.5 uint8 t notifier handle t::errorCallbackIndex
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.6 uint8 t notifier handle t::currentConfigIndex
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.7 notifier user function t notifier handle t::userFunction
- 27.3.3.0.0.43.8 void* notifier handle t::userData

27.4 Typedef Documentation

27.4.1 typedef void notifier_user_config_t

Reference of the user defined configuration is stored in an array; the notifier switches between these configurations based on this array.

27.4.2 typedef status_t(* notifier_user_function_t)(notifier_user_config_t *targetConfig, void *userData)

Before and after this function execution, different notification is sent to registered callbacks. If this function returns any error code, NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() exits.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enumeration Type Documentation

targetConfig	target Configuration.
userData	Refers to other specific data passed to user function.

Returns

An error code or kStatus_Success.

27.4.3 typedef status_t(* notifier_callback_t)(notifier_notification_block_t *notify, void *data)

Declaration of a callback. It is common for registered callbacks. Reference to function of this type is part of the notifier_callback_config_t callback configuration structure. Depending on callback type, function of this prototype is called (see NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig()) before configuration switch, after it or in both use cases to notify about the switch progress (see notifier_callback_type_t). When called, the type of the notification is passed as a parameter along with the reference to the target configuration structure (see notifier_notification_block_t) and any data passed during the callback registration. When notified before the configuration switch, depending on the configuration switch policy (see notifier_policy_t), the callback may deny the execution of the user function by returning an error code different than kStatus_Success (see NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig()).

Parameters

notify	Notification block.
data	Callback data. Refers to the data passed during callback registration. Intended to pass
	any driver or application data such as internal state information.

Returns

An error code or kStatus_Success.

27.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

27.5.1 enum _notifier_status

Used as return value of Notifier functions.

Enumerator

kStatus_NOTIFIER_ErrorNotificationBefore An error occurs during send "BEFORE" notification.

kStatus_NOTIFIER_ErrorNotificationAfter An error occurs during send "AFTER" notification.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

27.5.2 enum notifier_policy_t

Defines whether the user function execution is forced or not. For kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible, the user function is executed regardless of the callback results, while kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement policy is used to exit NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() when any of the callbacks returns error code. See also NOTIFIER_-SwitchConfig() description.

Enumerator

kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() method is exited when any of the callbacks returns error code.

kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible The user function is executed regardless of the results.

27.5.3 enum notifier notification type t

Used to notify registered callbacks

Enumerator

kNOTIFIER_NotifyRecover Notify IP to recover to previous work state. **kNOTIFIER_NotifyBefore** Notify IP that configuration setting is going to change. kNOTIFIER_NotifyAfter Notify IP that configuration setting has been changed.

27.5.4 enum notifier_callback_type_t

Used in the callback configuration structure (notifier callback config t) to specify when the registered callback is called during configuration switch initiated by the NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig(). Callback can be invoked in following situations.

- Before the configuration switch (Callback return value can affect NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() execution. See the NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() and notifier_policy_t documentation).
- After an unsuccessful attempt to switch configuration
- After a successful configuration switch

Enumerator

kNOTIFIER_CallbackBefore Callback handles BEFORE notification. kNOTIFIER_CallbackAfter Callback handles AFTER notification. kNOTIFIER_CallbackBeforeAfter Callback handles BEFORE and AFTER notification.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual **NXP Semiconductors** 357

27.6 Function Documentation

27.6.1 status_t NOTIFIER_CreateHandle (notifier_handle_t * notifierHandle, notifier_user_config_t ** configs, uint8_t configsNumber, notifier_callback-_config_t * callbacks, uint8_t callbacksNumber, notifier_user_function_t userFunction, void * userData)

Parameters

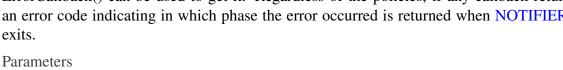
notifierHandle	A pointer to the notifier handle.
configs	A pointer to an array with references to all configurations which is handled by the Notifier.
configsNumber	Number of configurations. Size of the configuration array.
callbacks	A pointer to an array of callback configurations. If there are no callbacks to register during Notifier initialization, use NULL value.
callbacks- Number	Number of registered callbacks. Size of the callbacks array.
userFunction	User function.
userData	User data passed to user function.

Returns

An error Code or kStatus_Success.

status t NOTIFIER SwitchConfig (notifier handle t * notifierHandle, uint8 t configIndex, notifier policy t policy)

This function sets the system to the target configuration. Before transition, the Notifier sends notifications to all callbacks registered to the callback table. Callbacks are invoked in the following order: All registered callbacks are notified ordered by index in the callbacks array. The same order is used for before and after switch notifications. The notifications before the configuration switch can be used to obtain confirmation about the change from registered callbacks. If any registered callback denies the configuration change, further execution of this function depends on the notifier policy: the configuration change is either forced (kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible) or exited (kNOTIFIER PolicyAgreement). When configuration change is forced, the result of the before switch notifications are ignored. If an agreement is required, if any callback returns an error code, further notifications before switch notifications are cancelled and all already notified callbacks are re-invoked. The index of the callback which returned error code during pre-switch notifications is stored (any error codes during callbacks re-invocation are ignored) and NOTIFIER Get-ErrorCallback() can be used to get it. Regardless of the policies, if any callback returns an error code, an error code indicating in which phase the error occurred is returned when NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig()



notifierHandle	pointer to notifier handle
configIndex	Index of the target configuration.
policy	Transaction policy, kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement or kNOTIFIER_PolicyForcible.

Returns

An error code or kStatus_Success.

27.6.3 uint8_t NOTIFIER_GetErrorCallbackIndex (notifier_handle_t * notifierHandle)

This function returns an index of the last callback that failed during the configuration switch while the last NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() was called. If the last NOTIFIER_SwitchConfig() call ended successfully value equal to callbacks number is returned. The returned value represents an index in the array of static call-backs.

Parameters

notifierHandle	Pointer to the notifier handle
----------------	--------------------------------

Returns

Callback Index of the last failed callback or value equal to callbacks count.

Chapter 28 Shell

28.1 Overview

This part describes the programming interface of the Shell middleware. Shell controls MCUs by commands via the specified communication peripheral based on the debug console driver.

28.2 Function groups

28.2.1 Initialization

To initialize the Shell middleware, call the SHELL_Init() function with these parameters. This function automatically enables the middleware.

Then, after the initialization was successful, call a command to control MCUs.

This example shows how to call the SHELL_Init() given the user configuration structure.

```
SHELL_Init(&user_context, SHELL_SendDataCallback, SHELL_ReceiveDataCallback, "SHELL>> ");
```

28.2.2 Advanced Feature

• Support to get a character from standard input devices.

```
static uint8_t GetChar(p_shell_context_t context);
```

Commands	Description
Help	Lists all commands which are supported by Shell.
Exit	Exits the Shell program.
strCompare	Compares the two input strings.

Input character	Description
A	Gets the latest command in the history.
В	Gets the first command in the history.
С	Replaces one character at the right of the pointer.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

361

Function groups

Input character	Description
D	Replaces one character at the left of the pointer.
	Run AutoComplete function
	Run cmdProcess function
	Clears a command.

28.2.3 Shell Operation

```
SHELL_Init(&user_context, SHELL_SendDataCallback, SHELL_ReceiveDataCallback, "SHELL>> ");
SHELL_Main(&user_context);
```

Data Structures

struct p_shell_context_t

Data structure for Shell environment. More...

struct shell_command_context_t

User command data structure. More...

struct shell_command_context_list_t

Structure list command. More...

Macros

• #define SHELL_USE_HISTORY (0U)

Macro to set on/off history feature.

• #define SHELL SEARCH IN HIST (1U)

Macro to set on/off history feature.

• #define SHELL_USE_FILE_STREAM (0U)

Macro to select method stream.

• #define SHELL AUTO COMPLETE (1U)

Macro to set on/off auto-complete feature.

• #define SHELL_BUFFER_SIZE (64U)

Macro to set console buffer size.

• #define SHELL_MAX_ARGS (8U)

Macro to set maximum arguments in command.

• #define SHELL_HIST_MAX (3U)

Macro to set maximum count of history commands.

• #define SHELL_MAX_CMD (20U)

Macro to set maximum count of commands.

• #define SHELL_OPTIONAL_PARAMS (0xFF)

Macro to bypass arguments check.

Typedefs

- typedef void(* send_data_cb_t)(uint8_t *buf, uint32_t len)

 Shell user send data callback prototype.
- typedef void(* recv_data_cb_t)(uint8_t *buf, uint32_t len)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
Shell user receiver data callback prototype.
```

- typedef int(* printf_data_t)(const char *format,...)
 - Shell user printf data prototype.
- typedef int32_t(* cmd_function_t)(p_shell_context_t context, int32_t argc, char **argv)

 *User command function prototype.

Enumerations

```
    enum fun_key_status_t {
        kSHELL_Normal = 0U,
        kSHELL_Special = 1U,
        kSHELL_Function = 2U }
        A type for the handle special key.
```

Shell functional operation

- void SHELL_Init (p_shell_context_t context, send_data_cb_t send_cb, recv_data_cb_t recv_cb, printf data t shell printf, char *prompt)
 - Enables the clock gate and configures the Shell module according to the configuration structure.
- int32_t SHELL_RegisterCommand (const shell_command_context_t *command_context) Shell register command.
- int32_t SHELL_Main (p_shell_context_t context)

 Main loop for Shell.

28.3 Data Structure Documentation

28.3.1 struct shell context struct

Data Fields

```
• char * prompt
```

Prompt string.

enum _fun_key_status stat

Special key status.

• char line [SHELL_BUFFER_SIZE]

Consult buffer.

• uint8_t cmd_num

Number of user commands.

• uint8_t l_pos

Total line position.

• uint8 t c pos

Current line position.

• send_data_cb_t send_data_func

Send data interface operation.

recv_data_cb_t recv_data_func

Receive data interface operation.

• uint16 t hist current

Current history command in hist buff.

• uint16_t hist_count

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Data Structure Documentation

Total history command in hist buff.

- char hist_buf [SHELL_HIST_MÄX][SHELL_BUFFER_SIZE]
 - History buffer.
- bool exit

Exit Flag.

28.3.2 struct shell_command_context_t

Data Fields

• const char * pcCommand

The command that is executed.

char * pcHelpString

String that describes how to use the command.

const cmd_function_t pFuncCallBack

A pointer to the callback function that returns the output generated by the command.

• uint8_t cExpectedNumberOfParameters

Commands expect a fixed number of parameters, which may be zero.

28.3.2.0.0.44 Field Documentation

28.3.2.0.0.44.1 const char* shell_command_context_t::pcCommand

For example "help". It must be all lower case.

28.3.2.0.0.44.2 char* shell_command_context_t::pcHelpString

It should start with the command itself, and end with "\r\n". For example "help: Returns a list of all the commands\r\n".

28.3.2.0.0.44.3 const cmd_function_t shell_command_context_t::pFuncCallBack

28.3.2.0.0.44.4 uint8 t shell command context t::cExpectedNumberOfParameters

28.3.3 struct shell_command_context_list_t

Data Fields

const shell_command_context_t * CommandList [SHELL_MAX_CMD]

The command table list.

• uint8 t numberOfCommandInList

The total command in list.

- 28.4 Macro Definition Documentation
- 28.4.1 #define SHELL_USE_HISTORY (0U)
- 28.4.2 #define SHELL_SEARCH_IN_HIST (1U)
- 28.4.3 #define SHELL_USE_FILE_STREAM (0U)
- 28.4.4 #define SHELL AUTO COMPLETE (1U)
- 28.4.5 #define SHELL BUFFER SIZE (64U)
- 28.4.6 #define SHELL MAX ARGS (8U)
- 28.4.7 #define SHELL HIST MAX (3U)
- 28.4.8 #define SHELL MAX CMD (20U)
- 28.5 Typedef Documentation
- 28.5.1 typedef void(* send data_cb_t)(uint8_t *buf, uint32_t len)
- 28.5.2 typedef void(* recv data cb t)(uint8 t *buf, uint32 t len)
- 28.5.3 typedef int(* printf data t)(const char *format,...)
- 28.5.4 typedef int32_t(* cmd_function_t)(p_shell_context_t context, int32_t argc, char **argv)
- 28.6 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 28.6.1 enum fun_key_status_t

Enumerator

kSHELL_Normal Normal key.kSHELL_Special Special key.kSHELL Function Function key.

28.7 Function Documentation

28.7.1 void SHELL_Init (p_shell_context_t context, send_data_cb_t send_cb, recv_data_cb_t recv_cb, printf_data_t shell_printf, char * prompt)

This function must be called before calling all other Shell functions. Call operation the Shell commands with user-defined settings. The example below shows how to set up the middleware Shell and how to call the SHELL Init function by passing in these parameters. This is an example.

```
* shell_context_struct user_context;
* SHELL_Init(&user_context, SendDataFunc, ReceiveDataFunc, "SHELL>> ");
*
```

Parameters

context	The pointer to the Shell environment and runtime states.
send_cb	The pointer to call back send data function.
recv_cb	The pointer to call back receive data function.
prompt	The string prompt of Shell

28.7.2 int32_t SHELL_RegisterCommand (const shell_command_context_t * command_context)

Parameters

command	The pointer to the command data structure.
context	

Returns

-1 if error or 0 if success

28.7.3 int32_t SHELL_Main (p_shell_context_t context)

Main loop for Shell; After this function is called, Shell begins to initialize the basic variables and starts to work.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Parameters

context	The pointer to the Shell environment and runtime states.
---------	--

Returns

This function does not return until Shell command exit was called.

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Document Number: MCUXSDKKL03APIRM

Rev. 0 Mar 2017



