

Ultra Messaging (Version 6.15)

# C Examples

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### **Chapter 1**

### Introduction

This document lists and gives some background information on the C-language example UM programs.

For policies and procedures related to Ultra Messaging Technical Support, see UM Support.

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See **UM Glossary** for Ultra Messaging terminology, abbreviations, and acronyms.

#### 1.1 C Examples Introduction

These programs were written to help in troubleshooting, testing, and demonstrating UM coding techniques. See also Java Example Source Code and C# Example Source Code.

Since the tools are written to be useful as well as instructive, they are more complex than purely-instructive examples would be, with many options to add or subtract functionality. See UMExamples for purely-instructive examples of a variety of UM use cases.

The example C programs listed here are provided in both source form and in binary executable form.

#### 1.2 Configuring C Examples

The example programs universally provide the "-c filename" command-line option. Using that option, the example application calls the **lbm\_config()** API. However, note that this API is not recommended for use with XML-format LBM configuration files, largely because you are not able to specify an application name.

To use an XML configuration file with a UM example application, set the environment variables:

- LBM\_XML\_CONFIG\_APPNAME Desired name of application.
- · LBM\_XML\_CONFIG\_FILENAME Path name of XML configuration file.

In this way, UM will correctly set the example application's name and will properly load the XML configuration file.

#### 1.3 Building C Examples

Most users are not interested in compiling these sources in their current form, but instead use them for "spare parts", extracting fragments of code as appropriate. For users who wish to build the tools, and especially for users who may want to modify the tools, we recommend creating a new directory and copying all of the doc/example directory contents into that new directory.

The "Makefile.unix" is designed to be used by making a copy of the example directory under your binary package. For example, after installing the UMP 6.13 binary and documentation packages on your Linux system, you should have two directories named "UMP\_6.13" and "UM\_6.13\_doc". To copy and build:

```
$ mkdir UMP_6.13/doc
$ cp -r UM_6.13_doc/doc/example UMP_6.13/doc/example
$ cd UMP_6.13/doc/example
$ make -f Makefile.unix TARGET_PLATFORM=Linux-glibc-2.17-x86_64 PRODUCT=UMP
```

#### Note

For UM versions prior to 6.14, the above command might fail on versions of Linux that do not have the "libnsl.  $\leftarrow$  so" library pre-installed. For example, CentOS 8. An easy workaround is to edit "Makefile.unix" and remove "-Insl" from the LINUX LIBS definition.

The Windows "nmake" file "Makefile.windows" is based on older versions of Visual Studio and may not be straightforward to make work as-is. It is still included for reference purposes. For example:

```
LBMSRC_OBJS = lbmsrc.obj verifymsg.obj getopt.obj
lbmsrc.exe:
```

indicates that the "lbmsrc.exe" program requires 3 source files: "lbmsrc.c", "verifymsg.c", and "getopt.c".

#### 1.4 Unhandled C Events

Each of the example programs is written to demonstrate a subset of UM's total available functionality. For example, some programs are written to demonstrate **Streaming** functionality (e.g. lbmsrc), while other programs are written to demonstrate **Persistence** functionality (e.g. umesrc), while still other programs are written to demonstrate **Queuing** functionality (e.g. umqsrc).

UM is generally designed to be event-driven, with events being delivered to the programs through standard callbacks, like source callbacks and receiver callbacks. There are many events which are common across all streaming, persistence, and queuing. Other events are specific to persistence, and still other events are specific to queuing.

This can lead to example programs reporting "unknown" or "unhandled" events. For example, if the "lbmsrc" streaming program is run with a configuration file that enables persistence, UM will deliver events that are specific to persistence to the "lbmsrc" program. But "lbmsrc" is designed for streaming, and does not include code cases for persistence or queuing events. Maybe you should change your configuration to disable persistence, or you should be using the "umesrc" example program.

Similarly, the "umqsrc" program expects queuing functionality, and can report unhandled events if persistence is configured. Or "umesrc" can report unhandled events if queuing is configured.

If you see an unhandled event, it is generally reported as a number. You can see which event this corresponds to by looking up the number in:

- · C Receiver Events for subscribing programs and
- · C Source Events for publishing programs.

Once you understand the nature of the unhandled event, you can decide how to change your configuration or choose a different program.

#### 1.5 C Example Support Files

There are several source files in the example directory that contain useful functions to the main example programs.

getopt.c - utility functions to parse command-line options (for Windows).

verifymsg.c - utility function to help some programs create verifiable messages.

monmodopts.h - common include file used by many of the example programs. It includes option information for monitoring functionality.

**replgetopt.h** - common include file used by many of the example programs. It includes definitions for alternate getopt functions.

**verifymsg.h** - common include file used by many of the example programs. It includes definitions for "verifymsg.c" (which needs to be linked into many programs).

```
srs_monitor_info_msg.c - Module used by the srs_monitor_info_receiver program.
```

srs\_monitor\_info\_msg.h - Definitions for srs\_monitor\_info\_msg.c module.

srs\_cmd\_msg.c - Module used by the srs cmd program.

srs\_cmd\_msg.h - Definitions for srs\_cmd\_msg.c module.

Makefile.unix - see contents for instructions of setting up environment variables.

Makefile.windows - see contents for instructions of setting up make variables.

lbmmondiag.pl - Reads UDP packets and process statistics. See lbmmonudp.c and lbmmondiag.pl
in the UM Operations Guide.

#### 1.6 Persistence Tutorial C Files

See **Demonstrating Persistence** for information on these files.

```
ume-example-src.c - Initial source application used in the tutorial.
ume-example-rcv.c - Initial receiver application used in the tutorial.
ume-example-src-2.c - Source application modified to use a UMP persistent store.
ume-example-rcv-2.c - Receiver application modified to use a UMP persistent store.
ume-example-src-3.c - Modified source application used to demonstrate persistence.
ume-example-rcv-3.c - Modified receiver application used to demonstrate persistence.
ume-example-config.xml - Elementary persistent store configuration file used for the tutorial.
```

#### 1.7 C Examples

#### 1.7.1 Example Ibmhfrcv.c

```
Source code: lbmhfrcv.c
Purpose: application that receives messages from a given topic using a single
    hot-failover receiver.
Usage: lbmhfrcv [-AEhsvV] [-c filename] [-r msgs] [-U losslev] topic
       -A = display messages as ASCII text
       -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
                     Multiple config files are allowed.
                     Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
                                   Implements a number of milliseconds sleep per
       -d, --msec-delay=NUM
          message received
       -E = exit after source ends
       -h = help
       -r msgs = delete receiver after msgs messages
       -s = print statistics along with bandwidth
       -S = Exit after source ends, print throughput summary
       -v = be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more verbose)
       -V = verify message contents
```

#### 1.7.2 Example Ibmhfrcvq.c

```
Source code: lbmhfrcvq.c

Purpose: lbmhfrcv.c: application that receives messages from a given topic using a single hot-failover receiver and an event queue.

Usage: lbmhfrcvq [-EhsvV] [-c filename] [-r msgs] [-U losslev] topic -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c filel.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-E = exit after source ends
-h = help
-r msgs = delete receiver after msgs messages
-s = print statistics along with bandwidth
-S = Exit after source ends, print throughput summary
-U losslev = exit after losslev % unrecoverable loss
```

```
-v = be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more verbose) -V = verify message contents
```

#### 1.7.3 Example lbmhfsrc.c

```
Source code: lbmhfsrc.c
Purpose: application that sends to a given topic using a single hot-failover
   source.
Usage: lbmhfsrc [options] topic
Available options:
  -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
               Multiple config files are allowed.
                Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -d delay = delay sending for delay seconds after source creation
  -h = help
  -i init = start at message init instead of 0
  -1 len = send messages of len bytes
  -L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context
 -M msgs = send msgs number of messages
 -N NUM = send on channel NUM
 -P msec = pause after each send msec milliseconds
 -R [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                     DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                     RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                     k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                     '-R 1m/500k' is the same as '-R 1000000/500000'
  -s sec = print stats every sec seconds
  -t filename = use filename contents as a recording of message sequence numbers
  -V = construct verifiable messages
```

-x bits = Use 32 or 64 bits for hot-failover sequence numbers

#### 1.7.4 Example Ibmhfxrcv.c

```
Source code: lbmhfxrcv.c
```

```
Purpose: application that receives messages from a given topic using a single
   hot-failover receiver across contexts (HFX).
Usage: lbmhfxrcv [-aACdEfhqsSvV] [-I interface] [-c filename] [-r msgs] [-U
   losslev] topic
Available options:
  -a, --arrival-order deliver messages in the order that they arrive.
  -A, --ascii
                      display messages as ASCII text (-A -A = newlines after each
     msa)
  -c, --config=FILE
                      Use LBM configuration file FILE.
                      Multiple config files are allowed.
                      Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -C, --context-stats fetch context rather than receiver stats
  -d, --deliver-dups Enable duplicate delivery
                     exit when source stops sending
  -E, --exit
  -h, --help
                      display this help and exit
  -I, --iface=CIDR
                      create a context on the interface specified by CIDR
                      Multiple interfaces are allowed.
                      Example: '-I 10.29.1.0/24 -I 10.29.2.0/24'
  -q, --eventq
                      use an LBM event queue
```

-r, --msgs=NUM exit after NUM messages

-r, --msgs-woll -0, --orderchecks Enable message order checking

-s, --stats=NUM print LBM statistics every NUM seconds

--max-sources=NUM allow up to NUM sources (for statistics gathering purposes)
-S, --stop exit when source stops sending, and print throughput summary

-U, --losslev=NUM exit after NUM% unrecoverable loss

-v, --verbose be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more

verbose)

-V, --verify verify message contents

#### Monitoring options:

--monitor-rcv=NUM monitor receiver every NUM seconds --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

use monitor format module FMT --monitor-format=FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

use OPTS as format module options --monitor-format-opts=OPTS --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

#### LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

VAL may be 'off' or 'on' allow\_debug=VAL

defaults to 'off'

#### LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

send statistics to address IP address=IP

send to UDP port NUM port=NUM default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.5 Example Ibmhtrcv.c

```
Source code: lbmhtrcv.c
Purpose: application that receives from a collection of HyperTopic patterns.
Usage: lbmhtrcv [options] <patterns_file</pre>
Where 'patterns_file' is a simple text file, supplied as standard input,
     containing one pattern per line.
Available options:
  -d msec
                        delete hypertopic receiver every msec milliseconds
  -h, --help
                       display this help and exit
 -p string
                       set hypertopic prefix to string
  -q
                       use event queue
  -s, --statistics
                      print statistics along with bandwidth
  -v, --verbose
                      be verbose about incoming messages
  -x
                       exit after all receivers deleted
```

#### 1.7.6 Example Ibmimsq.c

```
Source code: lbmimsg.c
Purpose: application that sends immediate messages (either unicast or multicsat)
    as fast as possible, either to a topic, or send topicless.
Usage: lbmimsg [options] topic
      lbmimsq [options] -o
Available options:
  -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
               Multiple config files are allowed.
                Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -d delay = delay sending for delay seconds after source creation
  -h = help
  -1 len = send messages of len bytes
  -L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context
 -M msgs = send msgs number of messages
 -n num = Append a number between 1 and num to topic
  -o = send topic-less immediate messages
  -P msec = pause after each send msec milliseconds
  -R [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                     DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                     RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                     k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                     '-R 1m/500k' is the same as '-R 1000000/500000'
  -T target = target for unicast immediate messages
```

#### 1.7.7 Example Ibmireq.c

```
-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-h = help

-l len = send messages of len bytes

-L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context

-P sec = pause sec seconds after sending request for responses to arrive

-r [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to

DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to

RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional

k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,

'-r lm/500k' is the same as '-r 1000000/500000'

-R requests = number of request messages to send

-T target = send immediate request to target

-v = be verbose (-v -v = be even more verbose)
```

#### 1.7.8 Example lbmlatping.c

```
Source code: lbmlatping.c
```

```
Purpose: application to measure round-trip latency of SMX. Use with lbmlatpong.

Usage: lbmlatping [-h] [-c filename] [-l len] [-P msec]
-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
-h = help
-l len = use len length messages
-P usec = pause after each send usec microseconds

(only accurate to milliseconds on windows)
```

#### 1.7.9 Example Ibmlatpong.c

```
Source code: lbmlatpong.c
```

```
Purpose: application to measure round-trip latency of SMX. Use with 1bmlatping.

Usage: lbmlatpong [-h] [-c filename]

-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-h = help
```

#### 1.7.10 Example Ibmmon.c

-h, --help display this help and exit

-t, --transport=TRANS use transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'udp', or 'lbmsnmp', default is

`lbm'

--transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

See the 'UM Operations Guide' section 'Monitoring

Transport Modules'. use format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

use OPTS as format module options --format-opts=OPTS

See the 'UM Operations Guide' section 'Monitoring

Format Modules'.

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

#### LBM transport options:

-f, --format=FMT

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

#### LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

use LBM configuration file FILE config=FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

UDP transport options:

receive on UDP port NUM port=NUM

default is 2933

interface=IP receive multicast on interface IP default is INADDR\_ANY (0.0.0.0) mcgroup=GRP receive on multicast group GRP

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

passthrough=VAL VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert'

defaults to 'off'

PB format options:

passthrough=VAL VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert'

defaults to 'off'

#### 1.7.11 Example Ibmmoncache.c

Source code: 1bmmoncache.c

Purpose: example LBM statistics monitoring application.

Usage: lbmmoncache [options]

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE

Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-C, --cache-size=size

Set the cache size to 'size' entries

-h, --help display this help and exit -t, --transport=TRANS use transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'udp', or 'lbmsnmp', default is

'lbm'

--transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

-f, --format=FMT use format module FMT FMT may be 'csv'

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

UDP transport options:

port=NUM receive on UDP port NUM

default is 2933

interface=IP receive multicast on interface IP

```
default is INADDR_ANY (0.0.0.0)
mcgroup=GRP receive on multicast group GRP

CSV format options:
separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR defaults to ','
Don't use a semicolon!
VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert' defaults to 'off'

PB format options:
passthrough=VAL VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert' defaults to 'off'
```

#### 1.7.12 Example Ibmmon\_cmd.c

```
Source code: lbmmon_cmd.c
```

```
Purpose: send unicast immediate control requests to an LBMMON publisher.
Usage: lbmmon_cmd -T target_string -C command [options]
Available options:
  -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
               Multiple config files are allowed.
               Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -C command = command to send [required]
             = dump default filter options to stdout
             = data for command (either -D or -F, not both)
  -D data
               Example: '-C SET_INTERVAL -D 30'
  -F filename = filename for command (either -D or -F, not both)
               Example: '-C SET_FILTER_OPTIONS -F filter.cfg'
             = help
  -h
  -I id
             = Application ID of node for command
               Example: '-C SNAP -N UMESTORE -I storeName'
  -L linger
             = linger for linger seconds before closing context
             = node type for command
  -N node
              Example: '-C SNAP -N CONTEXT'
  -P sec
             = pause for sec seconds after sending request to wait for response
  -T target = target string for unicast immediate requests [required]
```

#### 1.7.13 Example Ibmmondata.c

```
Source code: 1bmmondata.c
```

```
Purpose: example LBM statistics monitoring application.

Usage: lbmmondata [-c filename] [-t topicname]
-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
-t topicname = use topic topicname to receive statistics
```

#### 1.7.14 Example Ibmmonudp.c

Source code: lbmmonudp.c

-a, --address=IP

-b, --broadcast=IP

Purpose: application that receives LBM statistics and forwards as CSV over UDP.

Usage: lbmmonudp [options]

Available options:

-3, --force-32bit force all data values to fit within 32 bits

default is to use native data size applies only to 64-bit platforms send CSV data to unicast address IP send CSV data to broadcast address IP

-f, --format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv'

--format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options

-h, --help display this help and exit
-i, --interface=IP send multicast via interface IP
-m, --multicast=GRP send CSV data to multicast group GRP
-p, --port=NUM send CSV data on UDP port NUM

default is port 1234

-t, --transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm' or 'udp', default is 'lbm'

--transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

-T, --ttl=NUM send multicast with TTL NUM

default is 1

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC receive statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

wctopic=PATTERN receive statistics on wildcard topic PATTERN

See https://communities.informatica.com/infakb/faq/5/Pages/

80075.aspx

for guidelines on using wildcard topics. Also make sure

the statistics

topic namespace is disjoint from the data topic namespace.

UDP transport options:

port=NUM receive on UDP port NUM

default is 2933

interface=IP receive multicast on interface IP

default is INADDR\_ANY (0.0.0.0) mcgroup=GRP receive on multicast group GRP

CSV format options:

separate CSV fields with character CHAR separator=CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

passthrough=VAL VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert'

defaults to 'off'

PB format options:

passthrough=VAL VAL may be 'off', 'on' or 'convert'

defaults to 'off'

#### 1.7.15 Example Ibmmrcv.c

Source code: 1bmmrcv.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a set of one or more topics.

Usage: lbmmrcv [options]

-B, --bufsize=# Set receive socket buffer size to # (in MB)

Use LBM configuration file FILE. -c, --config=FILE Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

use NUM lbm\_context\_t objects -C, --contexts=NUM

-E, --exit exit and end upon receiving End-of-Stream notification

clean up and exit when file FILE is created -e, --end-flag=FILE

-h, --help display this help and exit -i, --initial-topic=NUM use NUM as initial topic number

-o, --regid-offset=offset use offset to calculate Registration ID

(as source registration ID + offset)

offset of 0 forces creation of regid by store

-L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds after done -r, --root=STRING use topic names with root of STRING

-R, --receivers=NUM create NUM receivers

-s, --statistics print statistics along with bandwidth

-v, --verbose be verbose

-V, --verify verify message contents

Monitoring options:

monitor receiver every NUM seconds --monitor-rcv=NUM --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds use monitor transport module TRANS --monitor-transport=TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.16 Example Ibmmrcvq.c

Source code: lbmmrcvq.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a set of one or more topics using event queues.

Usage: lbmmrcvq [options]

-B, --bufsize=# Set receive socket buffer size to # (in MB)

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-C, --contexts=NUM use NUM lbm\_context\_t objects
-h, --help display this help and exit
-i, --initial-topic=NUM use NUM as initial topic number
-L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds after done
-r, --root=STRING use topic names with root of STRING

-R, --receivers=NUM create NUM receivers

-s, --statistics print statistics along with bandwidth

-v, --verbose be verbose

Monitoring options:

--monitor-rcv=NUM monitor receiver every NUM seconds
--monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds
--monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS  $\,$  use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options
--monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string
--monitor-evq=NUM monitor event queue every NUM seconds

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

allow\_debug=VAL VAL may be 'off' or 'on'

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.17 Example Ibmmreq.c

Source code: lbmmreq.c

Purpose: application that sends request messages to a single topic and processes responses.

Usage: lbmmreq [options] topic

Available options:

-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

 $\hbox{Multiple config files are allowed.}\\$ 

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg topicname'

-d delay = delay sending for delay seconds after source creation

-h = help

-1 len = send messages of len bytes

```
-r rate/pct = send with LBT-RM at rate and retransmission pct% -R requests = send requests number of requests -v = be verbose (-v -v = be even more verbose)
```

#### 1.7.18 Example Ibmmsrc.c

```
Source code: lbmmsrc.c
Purpose: send messages on multiple topics, optionally by multiple threads.
    Topic names generated as a root, a dot, and by an integer.
    By default, the first topic created will be '29west.example.multi.0'
Usage: lbmmsrc [options]
Available options:
  -b, --batch=NUM
                            send messages in batch sizes of NUM between each pause
  -c, --config=FILE
                            Use LBM configuration file FILE.
                            Multiple config files are allowed.
                            Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -d, --delay=NUM
                            delay sending for delay seconds after source creation
  -h, --help
                            display this help and exit
  -i, --initial-topic=NUM use NUM as initial topic number [0]
  -j, --late-join=NUM
                           enable Late Join with specified retention buffer size
     (in bytes)
  -1, --length=NUM
                          send messages of length NUM bytes
  -L, --linger=NUM
                           linger for NUM seconds after done
  -M, --messages=NUM
                           send maximum of NUM messages
  -P, --pause=NUM
                            pause NUM milliseconds after each send
  -r, --root=STRING
                            use topic names with root of STRING
     [29west.example.multi]
  -R, --rate=[UM]DATA/RETR Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                            DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                            RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                            k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                            ^\prime\text{-R} 1m/500k' is the same as ^\prime\text{-R} 1000000/500000'
  -s, --statistics=NUM
                            print stats every NUM seconds
  -S, --sources=NUM
                            use NUM sources
  -T, --threads=NUM
                            use NUM threads
  -v, --verbose
                            be verbose
  -V, --verifiable_msg
                            construct verifiable messages
Monitoring options:
                                 monitor source every NUM seconds
  --monitor-src=NUM
  --monitor-ctx=NUM
                                 monitor context every NUM seconds
  --monitor-transport=TRANS
                                 use monitor transport module TRANS
                                 TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default
                                    is 'lbm'
  --monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options
  --monitor-format=FMT
                                 use monitor format module FMT
                                 FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'
  --monitor-format-opts=OPTS
                               use OPTS as format module options
  --monitor-appid=ID
                                use ID as application ID string
Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a
   semicolon.
```

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

```
LBM transport options:
```

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics VAL may be 'off' or 'on' allow\_debug=VAL defaults to 'off' LBMSNMP transport options: Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options. config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics UDP transport options: address=IP send statistics to address IP port=NUM send to UDP port NUM default is 2933 mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP send statistics to broadcast address IP bcaddress=IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM default is 16 CSV format options: separate CSV fields with character CHAR separator=CHAR defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.19 Example Ibmpong.c

Source code: lbmpong.c

PB format options: filters=FILE

```
Purpose: application that measures round trip message latency.
Usage: lbmpong [-ChIqRv] [-c filename] [-i msgs] [-l len] [-M msgs] [-P msec] [-r
   rate/pct] [-s seed] [-t secs] [-T topic] id
       -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
                     Multiple config files are allowed.
                     Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
       -C = collect RTT data
       -h = help
       -i msgs = send and ignore msgs messages to warm up
       -o offset = use offset to calculate Registration ID
                   (as source registration ID + offset)
                   offset of O forces creation of regid by store
       -I = Use MIM
       -1 len = use len length messages
       -M msgs = stop after receiving msgs messages
       -P msec = pause after each send msec milliseconds
       -q = use an LBM event queue
       -r [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                          DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                          RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                          k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                          '-r 1m/500k' is the same as '-r 1000000/500000'
       -R = perform RTT measurement per message
       -s seed = init randomization of contents of message payload
```

```
-t secs = run for secs seconds
-T topic = topic name prefix (appended with '/' and id) [lbmpong]
-v = be verbose about each message
id = either 'ping' or 'pong'
```

#### 1.7.20 Example Ibmprice.c

```
Source code: lbmprice.c
Purpose: simulated price source and receiver for demonstration.
Usage: lbmprice -s [-h] [-c filename]
       -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
                     Multiple config files are allowed.
                     Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
       -h = help
       -H = act has Hot Failover relay for a price source
       -1 pct = induce random receiver loss of pct percent
       -n ms = set receiver NAK generation interval to ms milliseconds
       -s = act as a price source (acts as a receiver by default)
       -t ttl = set resolver (and multicast source) ttl to ttl
       -v = be verbose
Alternate usage: lbmprice [-h] [-c filename]
       -c filename = read config file
       -h = help
       -H = use Hot Failover receiver
       -1 pct = induce random receiver loss of pct percent, print max latency
       -n ms = set receiver NAK generation interval to ms milliseconds
       -o mode = set ordered delivery mode (1=ordered, 0=arrival order)
       -t ttl = set resolver (and multicast source) ttl to ttl
       -v = be verbose
```

#### 1.7.21 Example Ibmrcv.c

Source code: lbmrcv.c

```
Purpose: application that receives messages from a given topic.
Usage: lbmrcv [-ACEfhqsSvV] [-c filename] [-r msgs] [-U losslev] topic
Available options:
  -A, --ascii
                      display messages as ASCII text (-A -A = newlines after each
    msg)
  -c, --config=FILE
                      Use LBM configuration file FILE.
                      Multiple config files are allowed.
                      Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -C, --context-stats fetch context rather than receiver stats
  -E, --exit
                      exit when source stops sending
  -f, --failover
                     use a hot-failover receiver
                      display this help and exit
  -h, --help
                     use an LBM event queue
  -q, --eventq
  -r, --msgs=NUM
                     exit after NUM messages
  -O, --orderchecks
                      Enable message order checking
  -N, --channel=NUM
                    print LBM statistics every NUM seconds
                      subscribe to channel NUM
  -s, --stats=NUM
  --max-sources=NUM
                      allow up to NUM sources (for statistics gathering purposes)
  -S, --stop
                      exit when source stops sending, and print throughput summary
```

-U, --losslev=NUM exit after NUM% unrecoverable loss

-v, --verbose be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more

verbose)

-V, --verify verify message contents

Monitoring options:

--monitor-rcv=NUM monitor receiver every NUM seconds
--monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds
--monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

allow\_debug=VAL VAL may be 'off' or 'on'

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.22 Example Ibmrcvq.c

Source code: lbmrcvq.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a given topic using an event

queue.

Usage: lbmrcvq [options] topic

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE.

-C, --context-stats  $\,$  fetch context rather than receiver stats  $\,$ 

Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-E, --exit exit after source ends -h, --help display this help and exit

-r NUM delete receiver after NUM messages
-s, --stats=NUM print LBM statistics every NUM seconds

-S, --stop exit after source ends, print throughput summary

-v, --verbose be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more

verbose)

-V, --verify verify message contents

Monitoring options:

--monitor-rcv=NUM monitor receiver every NUM seconds
--monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds
--monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options
--monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string
--monitor-evq=NUM monitor event queue every NUM seconds

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

 $\verb"port=NUM" send to UDP port NUM"$ 

default is 2933

 $\verb|mcgroup=GRP| \\ \verb|send on multicast group GRP| \\$ 

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP

use FILE that contains filter options

ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM default is 16

CSV format options:
separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR defaults to ','
Don't use a semicolon!

filters=FILE

#### 1.7.23 Example Ibmrcvxsp.c

Source code: lbmrcvxsp.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a given topic, mapping transports to various XSPs. Usage: lbmrcv [-ACdDEhPrRsSv] [-c filename] [-r msgs] topic Available options: -A, --ascii display messages as ASCII text (-A - A = newlines)after each msg) -c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE. Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg' -C, --context-stats fetch context rather than receiver stats -d, --defer-xsp-deletion don't delete xsps until shutdown -D, --default-xsp use the default XSP for all transports -E, --exit exit when source stops sending -h, --help display this help and exit -P, --round-robin-preallocate preallocate the XSPs - use with -R -Q, --sequential-xsps use sequential mode for XSPs -r, --msgs=NUM exit after NUM messages -R, --round-robin=NUM use a simple round-robin method for assigning transports to NUM XSPs. (this is the DEFAULT for this application, with a NUM of 3 -s, --stats=NUM print LBM statistics every NUM seconds -S, --stop exit when source stops sending, and print throughput summary be verbose about incoming messages (-v - v) = be-v, --verbose even more verbose) -V, --verify verify message contents

#### 1.7.24 Example Ibmreq.c

#### 1.7.25 Example Ibmresp.c

```
Source code: lbmresp.c

Purpose: application that receives request messages on a single topic and and sends responses back

Usage: lbmresp [-Ehsv] [-c filename] [-l len] [-r responses] [-f topic] topic -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c filel.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-E = end after end-of-stream
-h = help
-l len = use len bytes for the length of each response
-r responses = send responses messages for each request
-s = be silent about incoming messages
-v = be verbose (-v -v = be even more verbose)
-f = forward request to responders listening on given topic
```

#### 1.7.26 Example Ibmresping.c

#### 1.7.27 Example Ibmrespq.c

```
Source code: lbmrespq.c
Purpose: application that receives request messages on a single topic and
    and sends responses back, using an event queue.
Usage: lbmrespq [-hs] [-c filename] [-r msgs] topic
```

```
-c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-h = help

-P msecs = pause msecs milliseconds before sending response

-r msgs = delete receiver after msgs request messages

-s = be silent about requests/sec rate

-v = be verbose (-v -v = be even more verbose)
```

#### 1.7.28 Example Ibmspike.c

```
Source code: lbmspike.c
Purpose: application that generates & receives message spikes for
    performance testing.
Usage: lbmspike -R [-dhq] [-c filename] [-o ord] [-u bufsiz] [topic]
       -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
                     Multiple config files are allowed.
                     Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
       -d = dump message time stamps to a file
       -h = help
       -o ord = set receiver ordered delivery to ord
       -q = processess received messages on an event queue
       -R = role is receiver (default role is source)
       -u bufsiz = UDP buffer size for LBT-RM
Alternate usage: lbmspike [-dhLn] [-B bghumms] [-c filename] [-l len] [-M msgs] [-r
    rate/pct] [-v recovms] [topic]
       -B bghumms = milliseconds between "background hum" messages
       -c filename = read config file filename
       -d = dump message time stamps to a file
       -h = help
       -1 len = use len length messages
       -L = use TCP-LB
       -M msgs = stop after receiving msgs messages
       -n = use non-blocking writes
       -r [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                          DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                          RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                          k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                          '-r 1m/500k' is the same as '-r 1000000/500000'
       -v recovms = milliseconds after spike to allow for recovery
```

#### 1.7.29 Example Ibmsrc.c

```
Source code: lbmsrc.c

Purpose: application that sends to a single topic as fast possible.

Usage: lbmsrc [options] topic

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE

Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

delay sending for NUM seconds after source creation display this help and exit
```

-j, --late-join=NUM enable Late Join with specified retention buffer size (in bytes) -1, --length=NUM send messages of NUM bytes -L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds before closing context -M, --messages=NUM send NUM messages -n, --non-block use non-blocking I/O -N, --channel=NUM send on channel NUM pause NUM milliseconds after each send -P, --pause=NUM -R, --rate=[UM]DATA/RETR Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example, '-R 1m/500k' is the same as '-R 1000000/500000' print statistics every NUM seconds -s, --statistics=NUM -v, --verbose be verbose about each message -V, --verifiable construct verifiable messages Monitoring options: --monitor-src=NUM monitor source every NUM seconds --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

#### LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

defaults to 'off'

#### LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

 ${\tt CSV} \ {\tt format} \ {\tt options:}$ 

separate CSV fields with character CHAR separator=CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.30 Example Ibmssrc.c

Source code: lbmssrc.c

Purpose: application that uses Smart Source to send to a single topic. Usage: lbmssrc [options] topic

Available options:

-a, --available-data-space print the length of available data space -b, --user-supplied-buffer send messages using a user-supplied buffer

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE. Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-d, --delay=NUM delay sending for NUM seconds after source creation

-h, --help display this help and exit

-i, --int-mprop=VAL,KEY send integer message property value VAL with name KEY -j, --late-join=NUM enable Late Join with specified retention buffer count

-1, --length=NUM send messages of NUM bytes

NOTE: set LBM\_SMART\_SOURCE\_CHECK=0xffffffff env

variable

to check if the maximum message length is exceeded

-L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds before closing context

-M, --messages=NUM send NUM messages -N, --channel=NUM send on channel NUM

-S, --perf-stats=NUM,OT print performance stats every NUM messages sent

If optional OT is given, override the default 10 usec

Outlier Threshold

pause NUM milliseconds after each send -P, --pause=NUM -s, --statistics=NUM print statistics every NUM seconds -v, --verbose be verbose; add per message data

-V, --verifiable construct verifiable messages

Monitoring options:

monitor source every NUM seconds --monitor-src=NUM --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options

--monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.31 Example Ibmssrcreq.c

Source code: lbmssrcreq.c

Purpose: application that sends requests on a single topic and waits for responses.

Usage: lbmssrcreq [options] topic

Available options:

- -a, --available-data-space print the length of available data space
- -b, --user-supplied-buffer send messages using a user-supplied buffer
- -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

- -d sec = delay sending for delay seconds after source creation
- -h = help
- -1 len = send messages of len bytes
- -L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context
- -P sec = pause sec seconds after sending request for responses to arrive
- -r [UM]DATA/RETR = Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to

DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional

k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,

'-r 1m/500k' is the same as '-r 1000000/500000'

- -R requests = send requests number of requests
- -v = be verbose (-v v = be even more verbose)

#### 1.7.32 Example Ibmstrm.c

```
Source code: lbmstrm.c
Purpose: application that sends messages to one or more topics at a
    specified rate.
Usage: lbmstrm [options]
 Topic names generated as a root, followed by a dot, followed by an integer.
  By default, the first topic created will be ^\prime 29 \text{west.example.multi.0}^\prime
Available options:
  -c, --config=FILE
                            Use LBM configuration file FILE.
                             Multiple config files are allowed.
                             Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -h, --help
                            display this help and exit
  -H, --hf
                            Use hot failover sources
  -i, --initial-topic=NUM use NUM as initial topic number [0]
  -j, --late-join=NUM
                            enable Late Join with specified retention buffer size
     (in bytes)
  -1, --length=NUM
                            send messages of length NUM bytes [25]
  -L, --linger=NUM
                           linger for NUM seconds after done [10]
  -m, --message-rate=NUM send at NUM messages per second [10000]
  -M, --messages=NUM send maximum of NUM messages [10000000]
  -r, --root=STRING
                            use topic names with root of STRING
     [29west.example.multi]
  -R, --rate=[UM]DATA/RETR Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to
                             DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to
                             RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional
                             k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,
                             ^{\prime}\,\text{-R} 1m/500k' is the same as ^{\prime}\,\text{-R} 1000000/500000'
  -s, --statistics=NUM
                             print stats every NUM seconds
  -S, --sources=NUM
                            use NUM sources [100]
  -t, --tight
                            tight loop (cpu-bound) for even message spacing
  -T, --threads=NUM
                            use NUM threads [1]
  -x, --bits=NUM
                            use NUM bits for hot failover sequence number size (32
     or 64)
```

#### 1.7.33 Example Ibmtrreq.c

Source code: lbmtrreq.c

```
Purpose: application that invokes the Topic Resolution Request API.
Usage: lbmtrreg [options]
Available options:
  -c, --config=FILE
                       Use LBM configuration file FILE.
                       Multiple config files are allowed.
                       Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
                       Request Advertisements
 -a, --adverts
  -q, --queries
                       Request Queries
  -w, --wildcard
                       Request Wildcard Queries
 -A, --ctx-ads
                       Request Context Advertisements
 -Q, --ctx-queries
                       Request Context Queries
 -I, --gw-interest
                       Request Gateway Interest
 -i, --interval=NUM
                      Interval between request
  -d, --duration=NUM Minimum duration of requests
  -L, --linger=NUM
                       Linger for NUM seconds before closing context
```

#### 1.7.34 Example Ibmwrcv.c

Source code: lbmwrcv.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a wildcard receiver.

Usage: lbmwrcv [options] pattern

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE. Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-D, --deregister Send Deregistration after receiving 1000 messages

-E, --exit exit after source ends -h, --help display this help and exit

Use event queue -q

-r NUM delete receiver after NUM messages

-N, --channel=NUM subscribe to channel NUM
-s, --statistics print statistics along with bandwidth

-v, --verbose be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more

verbose)

#### Monitoring options:

--monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

#### LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

VAL may be 'off' or 'on' allow\_debug=VAL

defaults to 'off'

#### LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

send statistics to address IP address=IP

send to UDP port NUM port=NUM

default is 2933

send on multicast group GRP mcgroup=GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to `,'

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.35 Example Ibmwrcvq.c

Source code: lbmwrcvq.c

Purpose: application that receives messages from a wildcard receiver, using an

event queue.

Usage: lbmwrcvq [options] pattern

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-E, --exit exit after source ends -h, --help display this help and exit

-r NUM delete receiver after NUM messages -s, --statistics print statistics along with bandwidth

-v, --verbose be verbose about incoming messages (-v -v = be even more

verbose)

Monitoring options:

--monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is **`**lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS  $\,$  use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options
--monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string
--monitor-evq=NUM monitor event queue every NUM seconds

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC

default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

 $\label{eq:port_NUM} \text{port=NUM} \qquad \qquad \text{send to UDP port NUM}$ 

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.36 Example minrcv.c

Source code: minrcv.c

minrcv.c: minimal application that receives messages from a given topic.

#### 1.7.37 Example minrcv.cpp

Source code: minrcv.cpp

minimal C++ application that receives messages from a given topic.

#### 1.7.38 Example minsrc.c

Source code: minsrc.c

minsrc.c: minimal application that sends to a given topic.

#### 1.7.39 Example srs\_cmd.c

Source code: srs\_cmd.c

```
-h = help
 -L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context
 -T target = target for unicast immediate messages (required)
******************************
      help (print this message): h
         quit (exit application): q
             report SRS version: version
* set category publishing interval: srs_stats 0 | 200-N
                              um_client_stats 0 | 200-N
                              connection_events 0 | 200-N
                              srs_error_stats 0 | 200-N
                              um_client_error_stats 0 | 200-N
                              config_opts 0 | 200-N
                              internal_config_opts 0 | 200-N
    set all publishing intervals: interval 0 | 200-N
              snapshot category: snap srs_stats | um_client_stats |
                              connection_events | srs_error_stats |
                              um_client_error_stats | config_opts |
                              internal_config_opts
         snapshot all categories: snap
******************
```

#### 1.7.40 Example srs\_monitor\_info\_receiver.c

```
Source code: srs_monitor_info_receiver.c
Purpose: receive SRS monitor info messages on the specified topic.
 Note: this tool is deprecated.
  See https://ultramessaging.github.io/currdoc/doc/ChangeLog/
     deprecations.html#deprecationsfor615
Usage: srs_monitor_info_receiver [options] topic
Available options:
  -c, --config=FILE
                      Use LBM configuration file filename.
                      Multiple config files are allowed.
                      Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -E, --exit
                      exit upon EOS reception
  -h, --help
                      help
                      linger for linger seconds before closing context
  -L, --linger
```

#### 1.7.41 Example srs\_monitor\_info\_receiver\_json.c

```
Source code: srs_monitor_info_receiver_json.c
Purpose: receive and decode JSON SRS monitor info messages on the specified topic.
 Note: this tool is not shipped in binary form and is deprecated.
  See https://ultramessaging.github.io/currdoc/doc/ChangeLog/
     deprecations.html#deprecationsfor615
Usage: srs_monitor_info_receiver_json [options] topic
Available options:
  -c, --config=FILE
                      Use LBM configuration file filename.
                      Multiple config files are allowed.
                      Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -E, --exit
                      exit upon EOS reception
  -h, --help
                      help
  -L, --linger
                      linger for linger seconds before closing context
```

#### 1.7.42 Example tnwgdcmd.c

```
Source code: tnwgdcmd.c
Purpose: application sends unicast immediate command messages to a tnwgd publishing
Usage: tnwgdcmd -T target_string -c config_file [command_string]
Available options:
  -c filename = Use LBM configuration file filename.
               Multiple config files are allowed.
               Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'
  -h = help
  -L linger = linger for linger seconds before closing context
  -T target = target for unicast immediate messages (mandatory)
*******************
* help (print this message): h
  quit (exit application): q
   set publishing interval: (0-N = interval in seconds)
                          ri 0-N (routing info)
                          gcfg 0-N
                                      (gateway config)
          ["portal name"] pcfg 0-N
                                     (portal config)
          ["portal name"] pstat O-N (portal stats)
                          mallinfo O-N (malloc info)
   snapshot all groups (and all portals) : snap
   snapshot single group: snap (ri|gcfg|pcfg|pstat|mallinfo)
  snapshot single portal: "portal name" snap pcfg|pstat
   Print the current version of the monitor: version
```

#### 1.7.43 Example tnwgdmon.c

#### 1.7.44 Example umedcmd.c

Source code: umedcmd.c See umedcmd Man Page for usage information.

#### 1.7.45 Example umedmon.c

#### 1.7.46 Example ume-example-rcv-2.c

```
Source code: ume-example-rcv-2.c

ume-example-rcv-2.c: - Persistent example receiver program.
See Persistence Guide document.
```

#### 1.7.47 Example ume-example-rcv-3.c

```
Source code: ume-example-rcv-3.c
ume-example-rcv-3.c: - Persistent example receiver program.
See Persistence Guide document.
```

#### 1.7.48 Example ume-example-rcv.c

```
Source code: ume-example-rcv.c

ume-example-rcv.c: - Persistent example receiver program.
See Persistence Guide document.
```

#### 1.7.49 Example ume-example-src-2.c

```
Source code: ume-example-src-2.c
ume-example-src-2.c: - Persistent example source program.
See Persistence Guide document.
```

#### 1.7.50 Example ume-example-src-3.c

Source code: ume-example-src-3.c ume-example-src-3.c: - Persistent example source program.

See Persistence Guide document.

#### 1.7.51 Example ume-example-src.c

Source code: ume-example-src.c

ume-example-src.c: - Persistent example receiver program. See Persistence Guide document.

#### 1.7.52 Example umercv.c

Source code: umercv.c

Purpose: application that receives persisted messages from a given topic. Usage: umercv [options] topic

Available options:

-A, --ascii display messages as ASCII text (-A -A for newlines after each msq) -c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE. Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg' -D, --deregister=NUM Deregister the receiver after receiving NUM messages -E, --exit exit after source ends send an Explicit ACK every N messages -e, --explicit-ack=N -h, --help display this help and exit allow num sources (for statistics gathering purposes) --max-sources=num -i, --regid-offset=offset use offset to calculate Registration ID (as source registration ID + offset) offset of 0 forces creation of regid by store display recovery sequence number info and set low -N, --seqnum=X seqnum to low+X -r, --msgs=NUM delete receiver after NUM messages --session-id=NUM Use NUM as a Session ID rather than using a Registration ID (regid-offset will be ignored) -s, --statistics=NUM print statistics every NUM seconds, along with bandwidth -S, --stop exit after source ends, print throughput summary -u, --uregid=num set User settable Registration ID to num for context

be verbose about incoming messages (-v - v = be even more verbose)

verify message contents -x, --no-exit-on-reg-error don't exit on registration error (default is to exit)

#### 1.7.53 Example umesnaprepo.c

-v, --verbose

-V, --verify

Source code: umesnaprepo.c See umesnaprepo Man Page for usage information.

#### 1.7.54 Example umesrc.c

Source code: umesrc.c

Purpose: application that sends persisted messages to a given topic at a

specified rate.

Usage: umesrc [options] topic

Available options:

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed.

Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-d, --delay=NUM delay sending for NUM seconds after source creation

-D, --deregister deregister the source after sending messages

-h, --help display this help and exit -j, --late-join turn on UME late join

-f, --flight-size=NUM allow NUM unstabilized messages in flight (determines

message rate)

-1, --length=NUM send messages of NUM bytes

-L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds before closing context

-M, --messages=NUM send NUM messages

flight size setting

-N, --seqnum-info display sequence number information from source events

-n, --non-block use non-blocking I/O

-P, --pause=NUM pause NUM milliseconds after each send

-R, --rate=[UM]DATA/RETR Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to

DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,

'-R 1m/500k' is the same as '-R 1000000/500000'

-s, --statistics=NUM print statistics every NUM seconds

-S, --store=IP use specified UME store -t, --storename=NAME use specified UME store

-v, --verbose print additional info in verbose form

-V, --verifiable construct verifiable messages

#### 1.7.55 Example umessrc.c

Source code: umessrc.c

Purpose: application that uses Smart Source sends to a given topic. Understands persistence.

persistence.

Usage: umessrc [options] topic

Available options:

-a, --available-data-space print the length of available data space -b, --user-supplied-buffer send messages using a user-supplied buffer

-c, --config=FILE Use LBM configuration file FILE.

Multiple config files are allowed. Example: '-c file1.cfg -c file2.cfg'

-d, --delay=NUM delay sending for NUM seconds after smart source creation

-D, --deregister deregister the smart source after sending messages -h, --help display this help and exit

-i, --int-mprop=VAL,KEY send integer message property value VAL with name KEY

-j, --late-join turn on UME late join

-f, --flight-size=NUM allow NUM unstabilized messages in flight (determines message rate) -1, --length=NUM send messages of NUM bytes -L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds before closing context -M, --messages=NUM send NUM messages -m, --message-rate=NUM send at NUM messages per second if allowed by the flight size setting -N, --channel=NUM send on channel NUM -n, --non-block use non-blocking I/O -P, --pause=NUM pause NUM milliseconds after each send -Q, --seqnum-info display sequence number information from smart source events -s, --statistics=NUM print statistics every NUM seconds -S, --store=IP use specified UME store -t, --storename=NAME use specified UME store print additional info in verbose form -v, --verbose -V, --verifiable construct verifiable messages Monitoring options: --monitor-src=NUM monitor source every NUM seconds --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds --monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default is 'lbm' --monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options --monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb' --monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes. LBM transport options: Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options. config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics allow\_debug=VAL VAL may be 'off' or 'on' defaults to 'off' LBMSNMP transport options: <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

send statistics to broadcast address IP bcaddress=IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

separator=CHAR separate CSV fields with character CHAR

defaults to ','

Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.56 Example umestored example.c

Source code: umestored\_example.c

umestored\_example.c: application that shows how to call the umestored\_main API to start a UMP store daemon.

#### 1.7.57 Example umqrcv.c

Source code: umgrcv.c

Purpose: application that receives brokered queuing messages from a single topic. Usage: umqrcv [options] topic

Available options:

-A, --ascii display messages as ASCII text (-A -A for newlines after each msg)

-B, --broker=address use broker given by address

-c, --config=FILE  $\,\,$  use FILE as LBM configuration file

-D, --dereg deregister upon exit
-d, --delay=NUM delay receiver creation NUM seconds from context creation
-E, --exit exit after source ends display this help and exit -I, --type-id=ID set Receiver Type ID to ID
--max-sources=num allow num sources (for statistics gathering purposes)

-r, --msgs=NUM delete receiver after NUM messages

-s, --statistics=NUM print statistics every NUM seconds, along with bandwidth

-S, --stop exit after source ends, print throughput summary

-X, --index reserve given index if possible, or leave blank to reserve

random index

be verbose about incoming messages -v, --verbose

(-v - v = be even more verbose)

-V, --verify verify message contents

Monitoring options:

monitor receiver every NUM seconds --monitor-rcv=NUM --monitor-ctx=NUM monitor context every NUM seconds

--monitor-transport=TRANS use monitor transport module TRANS

TRANS may be 'lbm', 'lbmsnmp', or 'udp', default

is 'lbm'

--monitor-transport-opts=OPTS use OPTS as transport module options

--monitor-format=FMT use monitor format module FMT

FMT may be 'csv' or 'pb'

--monitor-format-opts=OPTS use OPTS as format module options --monitor-appid=ID use ID as application ID string

Transport and format options are passed as name=value pairs, separated by a semicolon.

The entire option string should be enclosed in double-quotes.

LBM transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

defaults to 'off'

LBMSNMP transport options:

Note that individual LBM options can be specified as <scope>|<option>=value, where <scope> is one of context, source, receiver, wildcard\_receiver, or event\_queue <option> is the LBM configuration option name

The vertical bar (pipe symbol) is required when specifying individual LBM options.

config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE topic=TOPIC send statistics on topic TOPIC default is /29west/statistics

UDP transport options:

address=IP send statistics to address IP

port=NUM send to UDP port NUM

default is 2933

mcgroup=GRP send on multicast group GRP

bcaddress=IP send statistics to broadcast address IP ttl=NUM send multicast statistics with TTL NUM

default is 16

CSV format options:

 $\verb|separator=CHAR| & \verb|separate CSV fields with character CHAR| \\$ 

defaults to ','
Don't use a semicolon!

PB format options:

filters=FILE use FILE that contains filter options

#### 1.7.58 Example umqsrc.c

Source code: umqsrc.c

Purpose: umqsrc.c: application that sends brokered queuing messages to a single topic at a specified rate.

Usage: umqsrc [options] topic

Available options:

-A, --appsets=CFG use ULB Application Sets given by CFG

-B, --broker=address use broker given by address -c, --config=FILE use LBM configuration file FILE

-d, --delay=NUM delay sending for NUM seconds after source creation

-h, --help display this help and exit

-f, --flight-size=NUM allow NUM unstabilized messages in flight (determines

message rate)

-i, --ids display Message IDs for sent message

-1, --length=NUM send messages of NUM bytes

-L, --linger=NUM linger for NUM seconds before closing context

-M, --messages=NUM send NUM messages

-m, --message-rate=NUM send at NUM messages per second
-N, --seq-num display sequence number information

-n, --non-block use non-blocking I/O -P, --pause=NUM pause NUM milliseconds after each send -R, --rate=[UM]DATA/RETR Set transport type to LBT-R[UM], set data rate limit to DATA bits per second, and set retransmit rate limit to RETR bits per second. For both limits, the optional k, m, and g suffixes may be used. For example,  $^\prime\text{-R}$  1m/500k' is the same as  $^\prime\text{-R}$  1000000/500000' print statistics every NUM seconds -s, --statistics=NUM print additional info in verbose form -v, --verbose print additional \_\_\_
construct verifiable messages -V, --verifiable -X, --index -Y, --broker-index Send messages on specified index for ULB sources Send messages on specified named index for broker sources

#### 1.8 Example Protocol Files

Google protocol buffer definition files. See Monitoring Formats.

#### 1.8.1 Example dro\_mon.proto

Source code: dro\_mon.proto

#### 1.8.2 Example srs\_mon.proto

Source code: srs\_mon.proto

#### 1.8.3 Example um\_mon\_attributes.proto

Source code: um\_mon\_attributes.proto

#### 1.8.4 Example um mon control.proto

Source code: um\_mon\_control.proto

#### 1.8.5 Example ump mon.proto

Source code: ump\_mon.proto

### 1.8.6 Example ums\_mon.proto

Source code: ums\_mon.proto