## ASSIGNMENT-1 Probability & Random Variables

## Merugu Balavardhan BT22BTECH11010

## Question

A team of medical students doing their internship have to assist during surgeries at a city hospital. The probabilities of surgeries rated as very-complex, complex, routine, simple or very-simple are respectively, 0.15, 0.20, 0.31, 0.26, .08. Find the probabilities that a particular surgery will be rated

- 1) complex or very-complex
- 2) neither very-complex nor very simple
- 3) routine or complex
- 4) routine or simple

## Solution

Let  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$ ,  $E_3$ ,  $E_4$ ,  $E_5$  be the events that the surgeries are rated as very-complex, complex, routine, simple and very-simple respectively.

The given information is summarised in Table 4.

Random Variables	Difficulty Levels	Probability
$E_1$	Very-Complex	$Pr(E_1)=0.15$
$E_2$	Complex	$Pr(E_2) = 0.2$
$E_3$	Routine	$Pr(E_3)=0.31$
$E_4$	Simple	$Pr(E_4)=0.26$
$E_5$	Very-Simple	$Pr(E_5)=0.08$

TABLE 4

Here if you notice one thing, the events are **Disjoint** because we are talking about surgeries, it can be very-complex or complex but it cannot be very-complex and complex at the same time.

 $\implies$  These events are **Disjoint** to each other and intersection of these events is 0

We know that,

If A and B are two events then, One of the **Axioms** in Probability states that, If (**Intersection**) AB = 0 then,

$$\implies \Pr(A+B) = \Pr(A) + \Pr(B)$$
 (1)

1) To find the probabilities that a particular surgery will be rated complex or very-complex:

$$Pr(E_1 + E_2) = Pr(E_1) + Pr(E_2)$$
 ::  $E_1E_2 = 0$  (2)

$$= 0.15 + 0.20 \tag{3}$$

$$= 0.35$$
 (4)

$$\therefore \Pr(E_1 + E_2) = 0.35 \tag{5}$$

2) To find the probabilities that a particular surgery will be rated neither very complex nor-very simple:

$$\Pr\left(E_1'E_5'\right) = \Pr\left((E_1 + E_5)'\right) \tag{6}$$

$$= 1 - \Pr(E_1 + E_5) \tag{7}$$

$$= 1 - [\Pr(E_1) + \Pr(E_5)] \qquad \because E_1 E_5 = 0 \tag{8}$$

$$= 1 - [0.15 + 0.08] \tag{9}$$

$$=1-23$$
 (10)

$$=0.77\tag{11}$$

$$\therefore \Pr\left(E_1'E_5'\right) = 0.77\tag{12}$$

3) To find the probabilities that a particular surgery will be rated routine or complex:

$$Pr(E_3 + E_2) = Pr(E_3) + Pr(E_2)$$
 ::  $E_3E_2 = 0$  (13)

$$= 0.31 + 0.20 \tag{14}$$

$$=0.51\tag{15}$$

$$\therefore \Pr(E_3 + E_2) = 0.51 \tag{16}$$

**4)** To find the probabilities that a particular surgery will be rated routine or simple:

$$Pr(E_3 + E_4) = Pr(E_3) + Pr(E_4)$$
 ::  $E_3E_4 = 0$  (17)

$$= 0.31 + 0.26 \tag{18}$$

$$= 0.57$$
 (19)

$$\therefore \Pr(E_3 + E_4) = 0.57 \tag{20}$$

(21)