

# **FOOD INSECURITY DURING COVID-19**

**Poverty Despite  
Growth in Indonesia**

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# A CASE FOR ANALYTICS OF FOOD INSECURITY

- The achievement of Sustainable Development Goal (United Nations 2015)2 –  
“End hunger, achieve food security”
- **Jakarta as the case**  
**The current program to address food insecurity do not optimize expected reduction level of hunger**
- **Using analytics**  
**Modeling trends for food distribution optimization represents a more extensive advantage**
- Data source :
  - ✓ <https://databank.worldbank.org/>
  - ✓ <https://data.jakarta.go.id/dataset?q=miskin&sort=1>
  - ✓ [https://www.bps.go.id/indikator/indikator/list\\_sdgs\\_2/](https://www.bps.go.id/indikator/indikator/list_sdgs_2/)



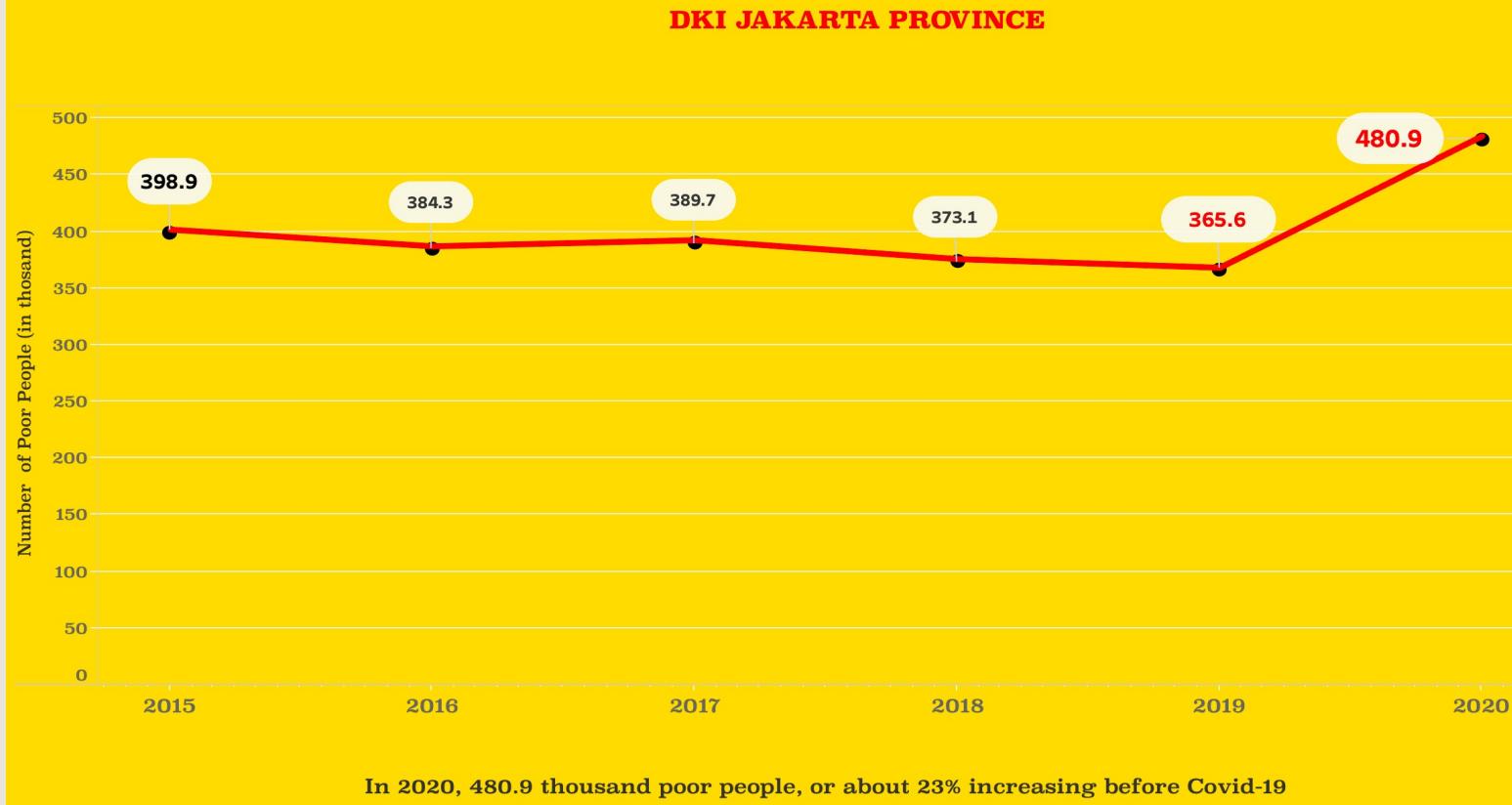
# DOES HUNGER CORRELATE WITH COVID-19?

## Food insecurity Rates have Risen dramatically During Covid-19

The prevalence of food insecurity due to poor in Jakarta Province dipped slightly until 2019, but surprisingly elevated in 2020 compared to the previous years

Source:

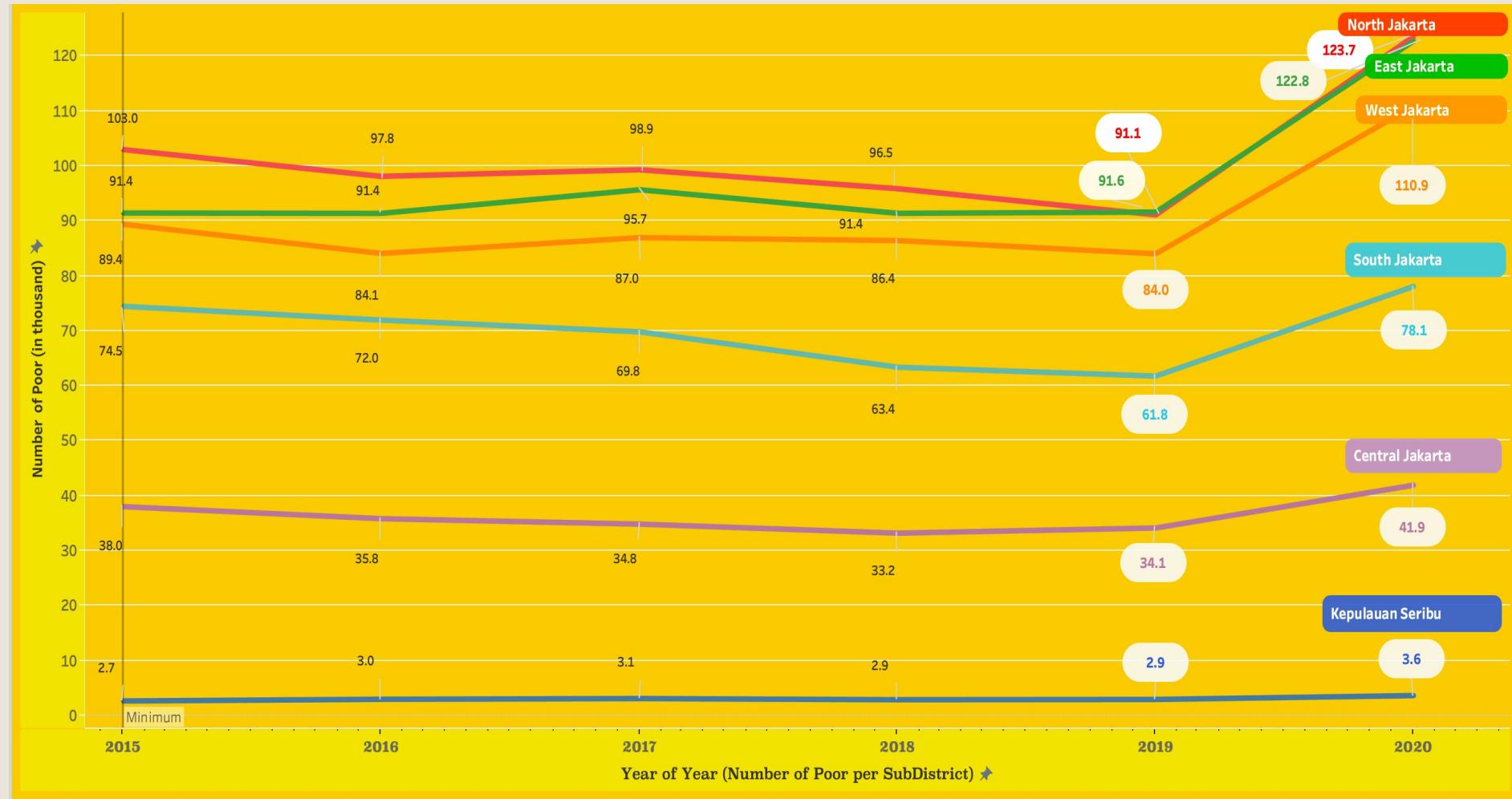
<https://www.bps.go.id/subject/23/kemiskinan-dan-ketimpangan.html#subjekViewTab5>



**The Increasing Trends of Food Insecurity  
During COVID-19 in Jakarta,  
23% in just 1 year**



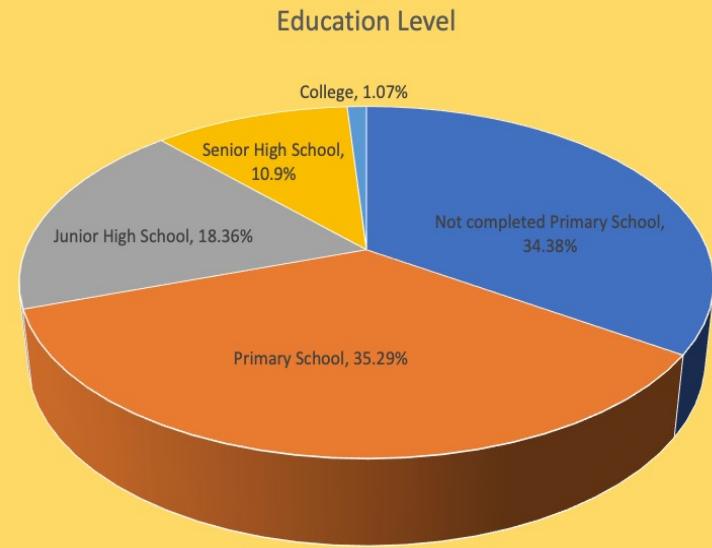
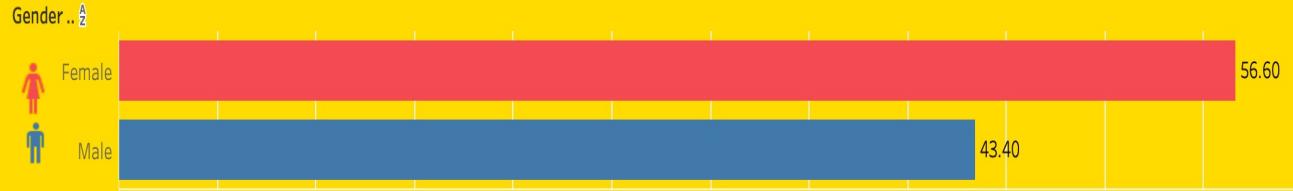
# EXPLORE CONDITIONS OF FOOD INSECURITY, JAKARTA NEIGHBOURHOOD.



**North Jakarta** 26 %  
**East Jakarta** 25%  
**West Jakarta** 24%  
**South Jakarta** 21%  
**Central Jakarta** 19%  
**Kepulauan Seribu** 19%



# WHO IS THE MOST AFFECTED?



## Household Characteristic

| Year (Gender)  | 2017  | 2020 |
|--|-------|------|
| Average age of household heads (years)                     | 49.49 |      |
| Average length of schooling for heads of household (years) | 5.94  |      |
| Average number of household members (people)               | 4.61  |      |
| Percentage of female household heads                       | 15.83 |      |

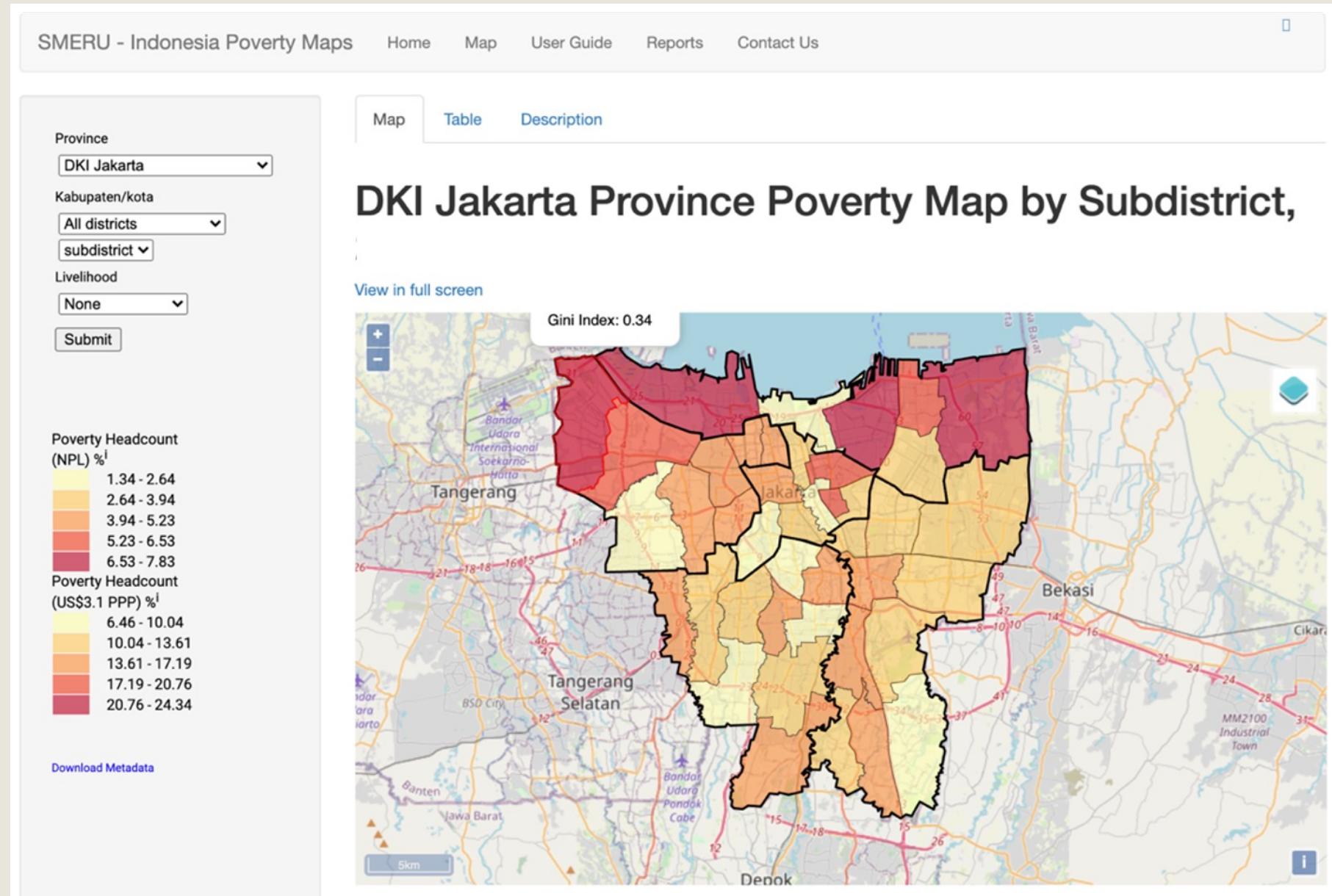
About 57 % of **Woman** is very poor, and almost 16% of responsible as **solo household heads**



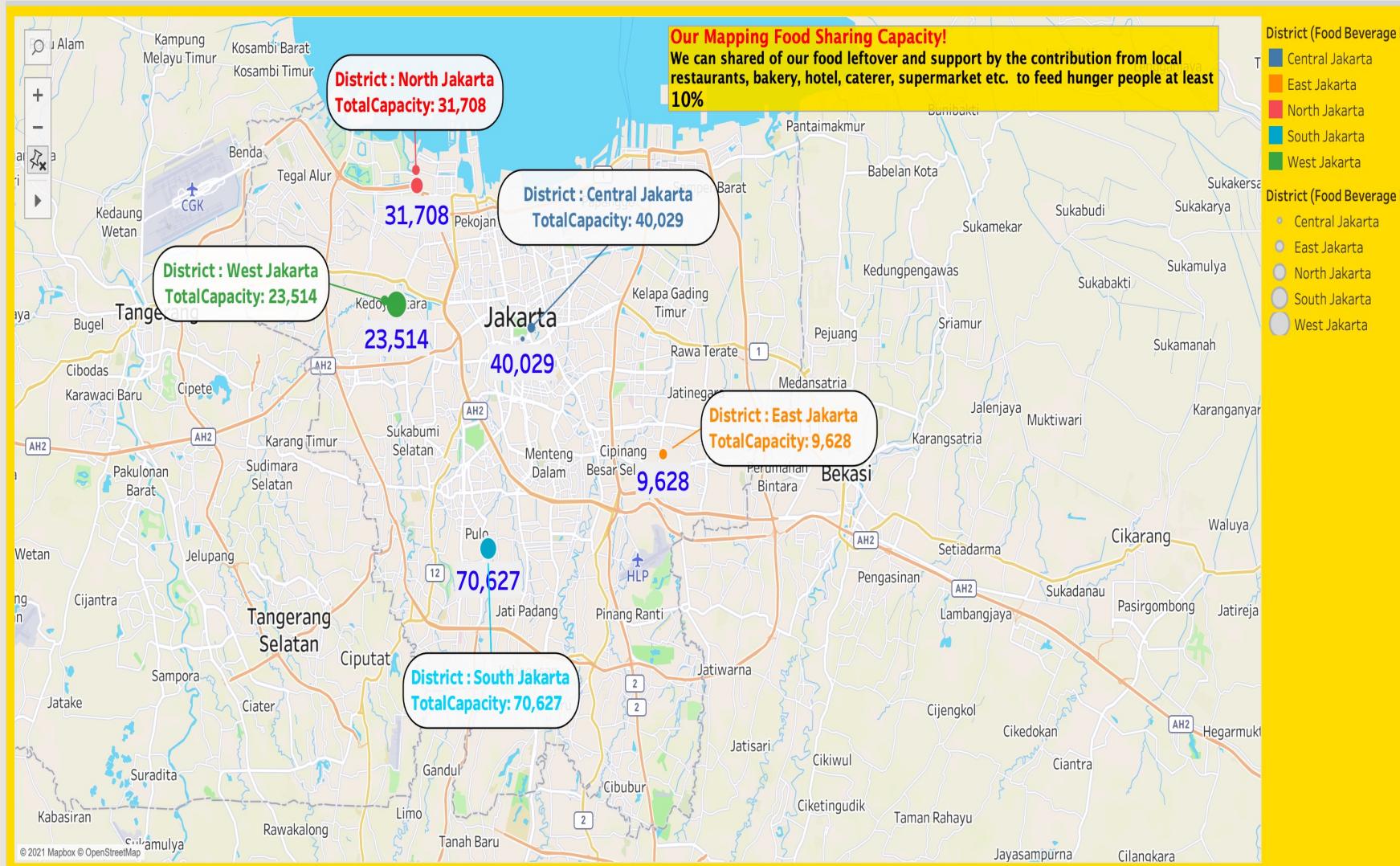
# MEANWHILE FOOD WASTE? HOW CAN WE MINIMIZE THE FOOD WASTE



# JAKARTA POVERTY MAP AS REFERENCE



# INJURY TIME! LET'S GO FOR FOOD PANTRY, THIS IS OUR FOOD MAPPING CAPACITY!



We can **shared of our food leftover** and support by the contribution from local restaurants, bakery, hotel, caterer, supermarket etc. to feed hunger people at least **10%**

# FURTHER ANALYSIS FOR SUSTAINABILITY AND ACCURACY

- Coverage specific area with more detail and accurate data and provide food source data in order to support decision making in more effective distribution.
- A mobile application for the public as a community monitoring and reporting system of hunger people, and list of food donator which have leftovers sharing or whoever who wants to share food.
- To assess model performance : compare the accuracy against the Hunger Map.



# BECOME A HUNGER FIGTHER



## Growth in Indonesia

