# Scope



#### **Overview**

```
- What is scope?

- Types of scope
- Global
- Functional (local)
- Block

- Scope best practices

*/

11
12
13
14
```



## What is scope?

```
/* Scope refers to which variables can be accessed by your code at a
specific location in your code. */

let wow = 'wow';
console.log('I can access wow because it is in scope:', wow);

// Respectively.
// Socope refers to which variables can be accessed by your code at a
specific location in your code. */

let wow = 'wow';
console.log('I can access wow because it is in scope:', wow);

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// Socope refers to which variables
```

♦ FULLSTACK

SCOPE

## Global scope

```
/* JS is 'lexically scoped', which means the location at which a variable
is declared determines its scope. */

/* A variable that is declared outside of a function is globally scoped;
it can be referenced from any line of code throughout the file */
let global = 'ear';

console.log('outer', global);

function funFunction() {
   console.log('inner', global);
}

funFunction();
```

♦ FULLSTACK 4 SCOPE

# Global scope

```
/* Even though a global variable can be referenced from anywhere in your
    code, the value assigned to the variable cannot be accessed until after
    the assignment operation occurs. */

console.log(waitForIt);

let waitForIt = 'here I am';

console.log(waitForIt);

10
11
12
```

♦ FULLSTACK 5 SCOPE

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14



# I am so happy! ReferenceError: message is not defined

#### **Functional scope**

```
/* Variables declared inside of a function are 'locally-scoped'. */
/* They cannot be referenced outside of the function. */

function happyFunction() {
   let message = 'I am so happy!';
   console.log(message);
}

happyFunction();
console.log(message);

console.log(message);
```

```
/* What if a variable is defined locally and globally? */
let message = 'think globally';

function logAMessage() {
   let message = 'act locally';

   // JS will look for message locally, first console.log(message);
}

logAMessage();

logAMessage();
```

♦ FULLSTACK 7 SCOPE

```
/* What if a variable is defined locally and globally? */
3
   let message = 'think globally';
5
   function logAMessage() {
     let msg = 'act locally';
6
     /* if it can't find it locally, JS will look at the scope outside the
        function, this case, the global scope */
     console.log(message);
10
11 }
12
13
   logAMessage();
14
```

♦ FULLSTACK 8 SCOPE



```
/* parameters are also locally scoped */
let message = 'think globally';

function logAMessage(message) {
  console.log(message);
}

logAMessage('act locally');

logAMessage('act locally');

// Parameters are also locally';

// Parameters are also locally */

// Parameters are also locally */
```

♦ FULLSTACK 9 SCOPE



```
/* consider nested functions */
let globalVar = 'global';

function outer() {
    let outerVar = 'outer';

function inner() {
    let innerVar = 'inner';
    console.log(globalVar, outerVar, innerVar);
}
inner();

and outer();
```



```
/* consider nested functions */
let collision = 'global';

function outer(collision) {

function inner() {
   let collision = 'inner';
   console.log(collision);
}

inner();

inner();

outer('outer');
```



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```
/* consider nested functions */
let collision = 'global';

function outer() {

function inner() {
    console.log(collision);
    }

inner();

outer('outer');

and

/* consider nested functions */

function = 'global';

function outer() {

console.log(collision);
}

outer('outer');

and

function outer() {

console.log(collision);
}
```



# outer inner ReferenceError: innerVar is not defined

#### **Functional scope**

```
/* note the inner function can access the scope of the outer function,
but the opposite is not true */
function outer() {
  let outerVar = 'outer';

function inner() {
  let innerVar = 'inner';
  console.log(outerVar, innerVar);
}
inner();
console.log(innerVar);

outer();
```

```
/* the inner function still looks for a local declaration of the variable
name before looking at the next level of scope */

function outer() {
    let outerVar = 'outer';

function inner(outerVar) {
    let innerVar = 'inner';
    console.log(outerVar, innerVar);

    inner();
}

outer();
```

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# ReferenceError: blo

Jenny from the block

#### **Block scope**

```
/* Any block of code (code inside of curly brackets) creates its own
scope, too */

if (true) {
   let block = 'Jenny from the';
   console.log(block, 'block');
}

console.log(block);
```

**♦** FULLSTACK

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SCOPE

# **Block scope**

```
/* the pre-ES6 var keyword ignores block scope */
if (true) {
  var block = 'Jenny from the';
  console.log(block, 'block');
}

console.log(block);

console.log(block);
```

♦ FULLSTACK

SCOPE

# Scope best practices

```
/* functions generally should not change globally scoped variables */
let alwaysTrue = true;

function dontMindMe() {
    alwaysTrue = false; // danger! changing global variable!
}

dontMindMe();

if (alwaysTrue) {
    console.log('all is well');
} else {
    throw new Error('everything is broken');
}
```

♦ FULLSTACK

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## Scope best practices

```
/* functions generally should not change globally scoped variables */
let alwaysTrue = true;

function dontMindMe() {
  let alwaysTrue = false; // this is ok, just creating a local variable
}

dontMindMe();

if (alwaysTrue) {
  console.log('all is well');
} else {
  throw new Error('everything is broken');
}
```

♦ FULLSTACK

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#### Scope best practices

```
/* avoid cluttering the global namespace with lots of variables */
/* only declare variables globally if they need to be accessed globally */
/* otherwise, it's safer to declare variables in functions or blocks so
you don't overwrite variables accidentally, or access the wrong
variable by mistake (both likely sources of bugs) */

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11
12
13
14
```



## Recap

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- What is scope?

- Types of scope
- Global
- Functional (local)
- Block

- Scope best practices

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```