



ERODE SENGUNTHAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(APPROVED BY AICTE, NEW DELHI & PERMANENTLY AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI.

ACCREDITED BY NBA, NEW DELHI, NAAC WITH GRADE "A" & IE(I), KOLKATA)

PERUNDURAI, ERODE – 638 057

An Autonomous Institution

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Register No:

Certified that this is the Bonafide Record of Work Done By

Name of the Student :.....

Branch :.....

Lab Code/Name :.....

Year/Semester :.....

Faculty Incharge

Head of the Department

*Submitted for the End Semester Practical Examination
held on*

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

INDEX

| S.NO | DATE | NAME OF THE EXPERIMENT | PAGE NO | MARKS | FACULTY SIGN |
|------|------|--|---------|-------|--------------|
| | | DATA VISUALIZATION | | | |
| 1 | | Acquiring and Plotting Data | 2 | | |
| 2 | | Time series Analysis-Stock market | 6 | | |
| 3 | | Visualization of Massive dataset- Finance | 11 | | |
| 4 | | Visualization on Streaming dataset | 16 | | |
| 5 | | Text analytics using web analytics | 20 | | |
| | | NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING | | | |
| 6 | | Word Analysis & Morphology | 25 | | |
| 7 | | N-Grams | 28 | | |
| 8 | | POS Tagging | 31 | | |
| 9 | | Building Chunker | 34 | | |

| | | | | | |
|----|--|--|----|--|--|
| 10 | | Build Chatbot | 38 | | |
| | | CONTENT BEYOND SYLLABUS | | | |
| | | DATA VISUALIZATION | | | |
| 11 | | Cryptocurrency Data Visualization using Power BI | 41 | | |
| | | NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING | | | |
| 12 | | Dependency Parsing using NLP | 44 | | |

DATA VISUALIZATION

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| EX NO: 1 | ACQUIRING AND PLOTTING DATA |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

To acquire and plotting data using python libraries

PROCEDURE:

Step 1: Install the necessary Python libraries such as pandas, matplotlib, seaborn, etc. You can use the command `pip install pandas matplotlib seaborn` in your terminal or command prompt.

Step 2: Load the data into a Pandas dataframe. You can use the `read_csv` function from the Pandas library to load a CSV file or `read_excel` function to load an Excel file.

Step 3: Clean and pre-process the data as necessary using Pandas functions such as `dropna`, `fillna`, `groupby`, etc. (If required)

Step 4: Load that data to dataset of Power BI and Check that fields you want to visualize

Step 5: Add the custom visual to your PowerBI report and use it to display the plot.

PROGRAM:

In command prompt install the following libraries

Pip install seaborn

Pip install matplotlib

Pip install pandas

In powerbi,

getdata->more->Search for 'Python script'

In python Script

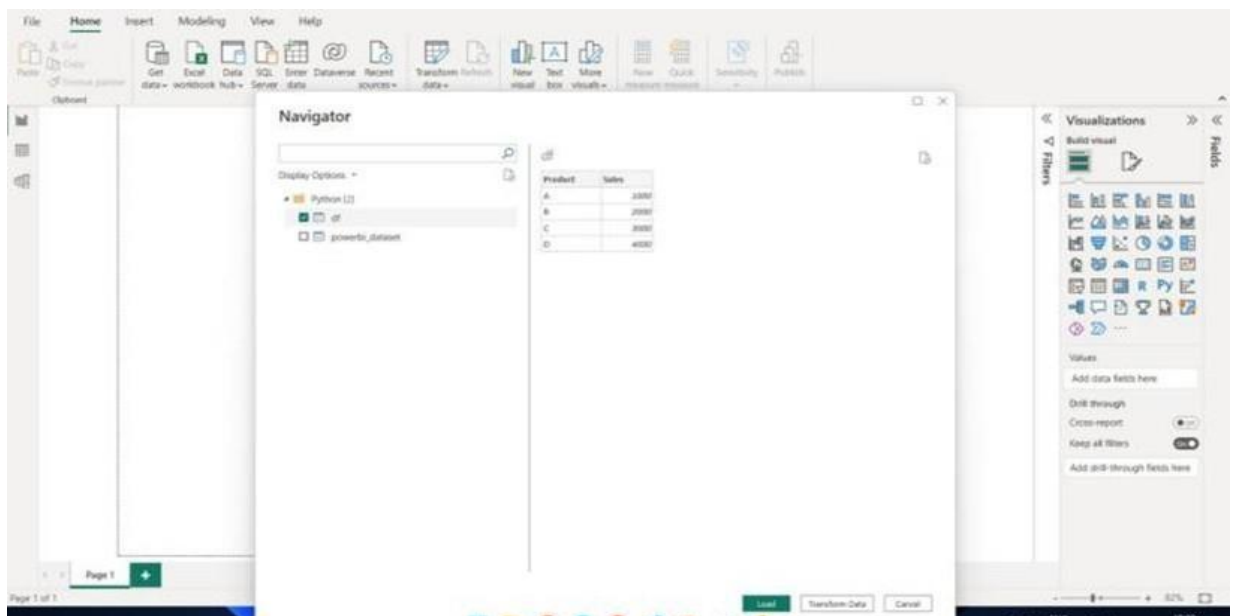
Import pandas as pd

```
data={'Product':['A','B','C','D'],'Sale':[1000,2000,3000,4000]}
```

```
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
```

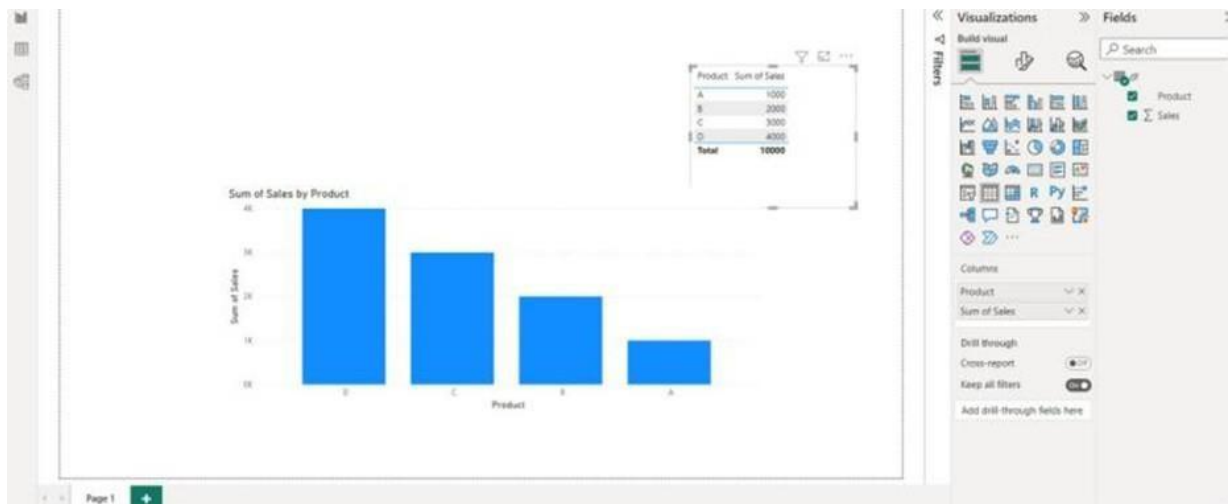
```
df.to_csv('powerbi_dataset.csv',index=False)
```

Then goto-> try a sample dataset



Select 'df' dataset as navigator and click 'Load' to load data. In fields, check out the field which you want to visualize and add the custom visual on 'Visualizations' tab on powerbi and use it to display the plot

OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Acquiring and plotting data in Power BI with Python libraries enables users to leverage the power of Python for advanced data analysis and visualization, while utilizing the reporting capabilities of Power BI.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| EX NO: 2 | TIME SERIES ANALYSIS - STOCK MARKET |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

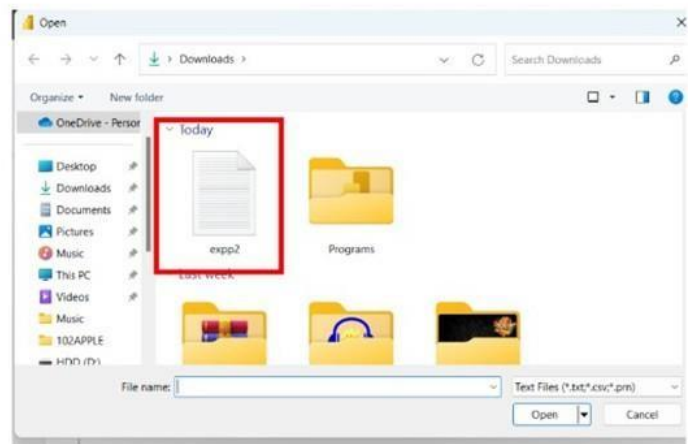
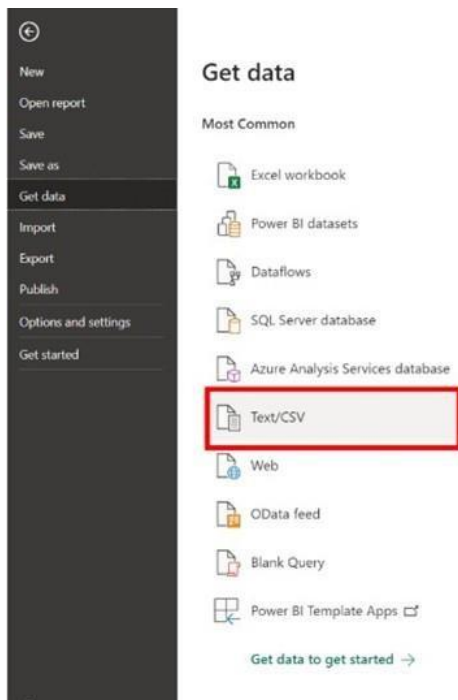
To perform time series analysis using stock market

PROCEDURE:

1. Import Data: Start by importing the stock market data into Power BI. The data can be sourced from various online data providers or through APIs.
2. Clean and transform the data: The next step is to clean and transform the data. This may involve removing null values, dealing with outliers, converting data types, and aggregating the data to the desired time intervals (daily, weekly, monthly, etc.).
3. Create Time-Series Visualization: In Power BI, you can create a time-series visualization by selecting the "Line and Stacked Column Chart" visualization type and placing the date field on the x-axis and the stock market data on the y-axis.
4. Analyze Trends and Patterns: Use the time-series visualization to analyse trends and patterns in the stock market data. You can use features such as trend lines, moving averages, and regression analysis to help identify patterns.
5. Forecast Future Values: Power BI has a built-in forecasting feature that can be used to forecast future stock market values

based on historical data. To use this feature, select the time-series visualization, click on the "Analytics" tab, and select "Forecast."

6. Share Insights: Once you have analysed the data and created visualizations, you can share your insights with others by publishing your report to the Power BI service or by sharing it directly through Power BI Desktop.



File Origin: 1252: Western European (Windows) | Delimiter: Comma | Data Type Detection: Based on first 200 rows

| Month | Sales |
|------------|-------|
| 01-01-2023 | 266 |
| 01-02-2023 | 145.9 |
| 01-03-2023 | 183.1 |
| 01-04-2023 | 119.3 |
| 01-05-2023 | 180.3 |
| 01-06-2023 | 168.5 |
| 01-07-2023 | 231.8 |
| 01-08-2023 | 224.5 |
| 01-09-2023 | 192.8 |
| 01-10-2023 | 122.9 |
| 01-11-2023 | 336.5 |
| 01-12-2023 | 185.9 |
| 02-01-2023 | 194.3 |
| 02-02-2023 | 149.5 |
| 02-03-2023 | 210.1 |
| 02-04-2023 | 273.3 |
| 02-05-2023 | 191.4 |
| 02-06-2023 | 287 |
| 02-07-2023 | 226 |
| 02-08-2023 | 303.6 |

The data in the preview has been truncated due to size limits.

Extract Table Using Examples | **Load** | Transform Data | Cancel

Visualizations

Build visual

Fields

Search

- exp1
- exp2
 - Month
 - Sales
- Sheet1

X-axis

- Month
- Year
- Month

Y-axis

- Sum of Sales

Secondary y-axis

Add data fields here

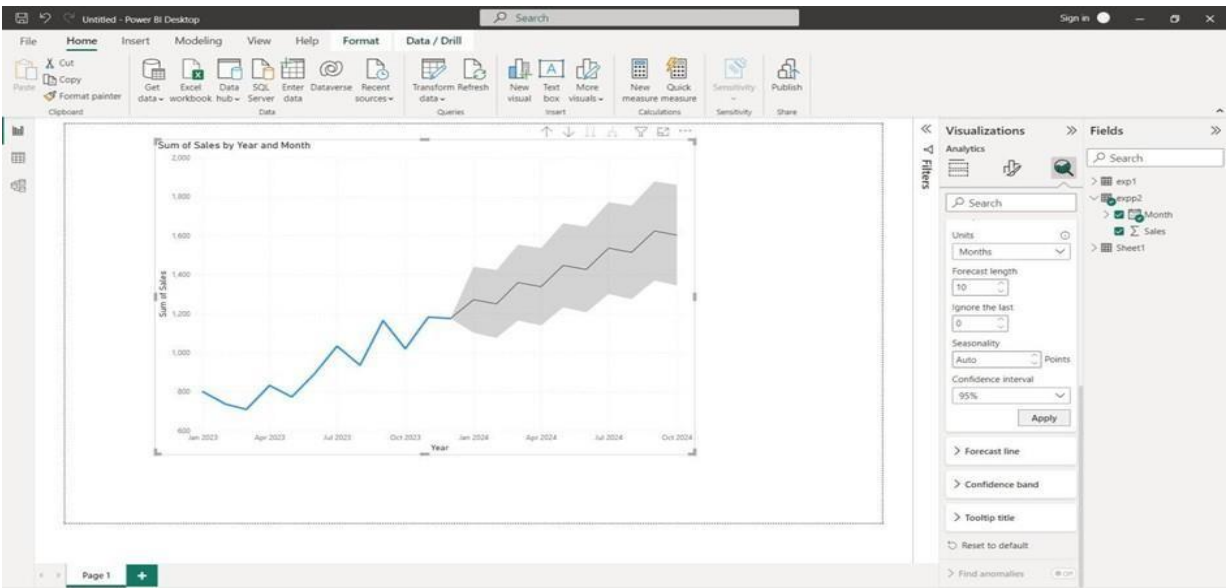
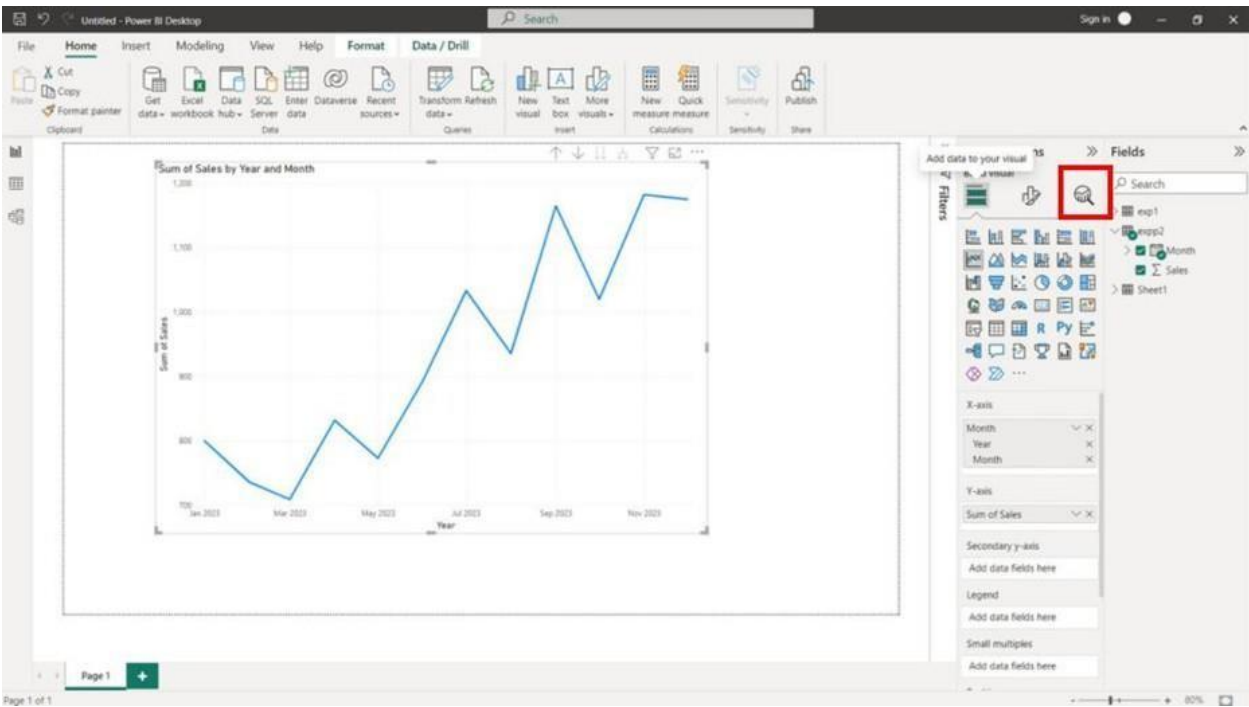
Legend

Add data fields here

Small multiples

Add data fields here

OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Successfully completed time series analysis on stock market dataset identifying key trends and patterns using statistical modelling techniques.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| EX NO: 3 | VISUALIZATION OF MASSIVE DATASET-FINANCE |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

To gain insights from a massive finance dataset and inform business decisions through a visually appealing and interactive dashboard.

PROCEDURE:

1. Data Gathering: Collect the finance dataset from a reliable source and clean it to remove any irrelevant or duplicate data.
2. Data Modelling: Develop a data model that can efficiently handle the large volume of data.
3. Visual Design: Create a visually appealing and interactive dashboard that presents the data in a clear and easy-to-understand manner.
4. Analysis: Explore the dataset using various analytical techniques to uncover trends, patterns, and insights.
5. Reporting: Summarize the findings in a concise report and share it with the relevant stakeholders.

Riby Data Set.csv

File Origin: 1252: Western European (Windows) | Delimiter: Comma | Data Type Detection: Based on first 200 rows

| Region | Country | Item Type | Sales Channel | Order Priority | Order Date | Order ID | Ship Date | Units |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|------------|-------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | South Africa | Fruits | Offline | M | 7/27/2012 | 442368995 | 7/28/2012 | |
| Middle East and North Africa | Morocco | Clothes | Online | MA | 9/14/2013 | 667393534 | 10/19/2013 | |
| Australia and Oceania | Papua New Guinea | Meat | Offline | M | 5/15/2015 | 940995585 | 06/04/2015 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Djibouti | Clothes | Offline | H | 5/17/2017 | 880811588 | 07/02/2017 | |
| Europe | Slovakia | Beverages | Offline | L | 10/26/2016 | 274590194 | 12/04/2016 | |
| Asia | Sri Lanka | Fruits | Online | L | 11/07/2011 | 830192887 | 12/18/2011 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Seychelles | Beverages | Online | M | 1/18/2013 | 425799445 | 2/16/2013 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Tanzania | Beverages | Online | L | 11/30/2016 | 659878184 | 1/16/2017 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Ghana | Office Supplies | Online | L | 3/23/2017 | 602245963 | 4/13/2017 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Tanzania | Cosmetics | Offline | L | 5/23/2016 | 739008080 | 5/24/2016 | |
| Asia | Taiwan | Fruits | Offline | M | 02/09/2014 | 732588374 | 2/21/2014 | |
| Middle East and North Africa | Algeria | Cosmetics | Online | M | 2/18/2011 | 761723172 | 2/24/2011 | |
| Asia | Singapore | Snacks | Online | C | 1/28/2013 | 179461303 | 02/07/2013 | |
| Australia and Oceania | Papua New Guinea | Clothes | Offline | L | 6/20/2011 | 647164094 | 7/14/2011 | |
| Asia | Vietnam | Personal Care | Online | M | 04/04/2010 | 314505374 | 05/06/2010 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Uganda | Personal Care | Online | M | 6/19/2014 | 539471471 | 7/21/2014 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Zimbabwe | Office Supplies | Offline | C | 3/28/2011 | 953861213 | 04/08/2011 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Ethiopia | Cosmetics | Online | M | 07/07/2011 | 807785928 | 7/25/2011 | |
| Europe | France | Cosmetics | Online | M | 12/07/2015 | 324669444 | 1/18/2016 | |
| Central America and the Caribbean | The Bahamas | Personal Care | Online | C | 1/19/2011 | 246248090 | 2/21/2011 | |

Extract Table Using Examples | **Load** | Transform Data | Cancel

Load

Riby Data Set
43 MB from Riby Data Set.csv

Cancel

Visualizations | **Fields**

Build visual

Filters

Visuals

Card

Values

Add data fields here

Drill through

Cross-report

Keep all filters

Add drill-through fields here

Fields

Riby Data Set

- Country
- Item Type
- Order Date
- Order ID
- Order Priority
- Region
- Sales Channel
- Ship Date
- Total Cost
- Total Profit
- Total Revenue
- Unit Cost
- Unit Price
- Units Sold

FINANCE DATA VISUALISATION

185

Count of Country

Filters

Filters on the visual

Count of Country to 185

Add data fields here

Filters on this page

Add data fields here

Filters on all pages

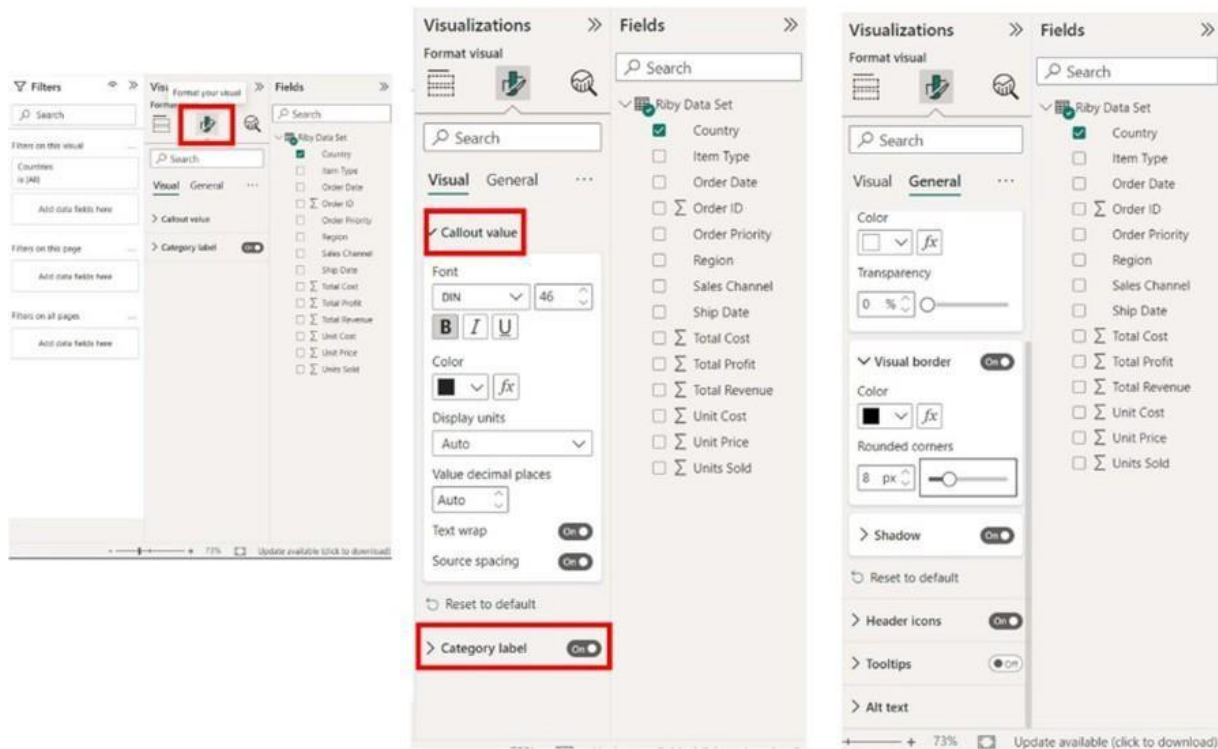
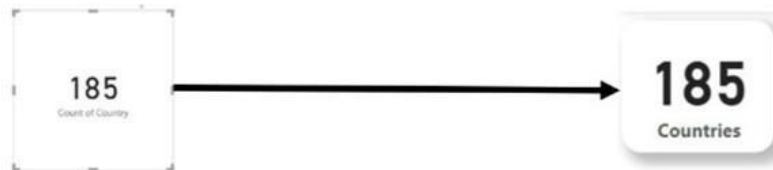
Add data fields here

Visualizations

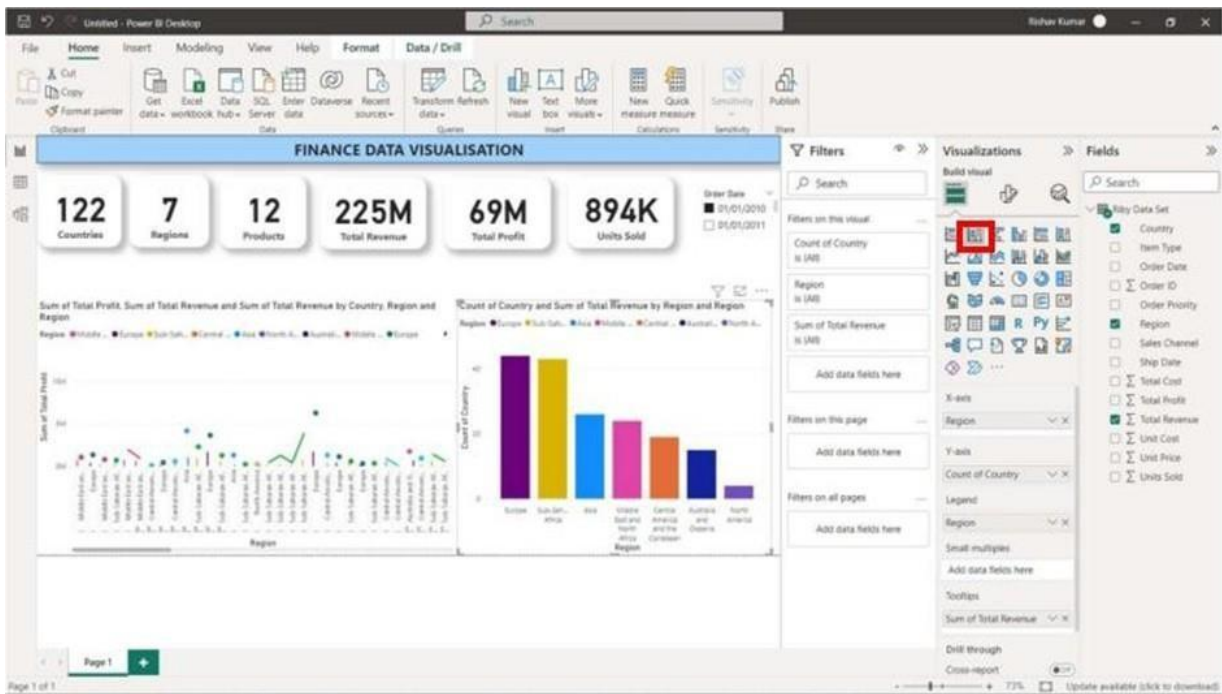
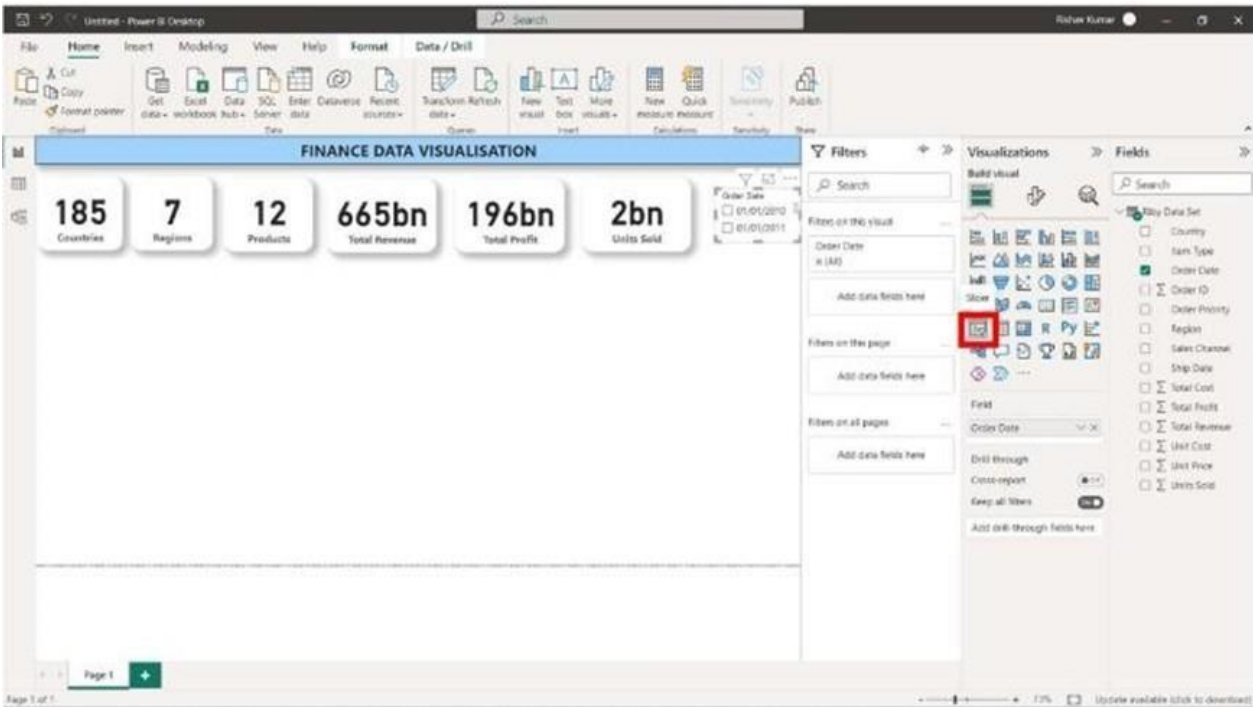
Fields

Riby Data Set

- Country
- Item Type
- Order Date
- Order ID
- Order Priority
- Region
- Sales Channel
- Ship Date
- Total Cost
- Total Profit
- Total Revenue
- Unit Cost
- Unit Price
- Units Sold



OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

The finance dataset was analysed with precision, and the resulting insights were used to create a visually appealing and interactive dashboard, which was successfully deployed to inform business decisions.

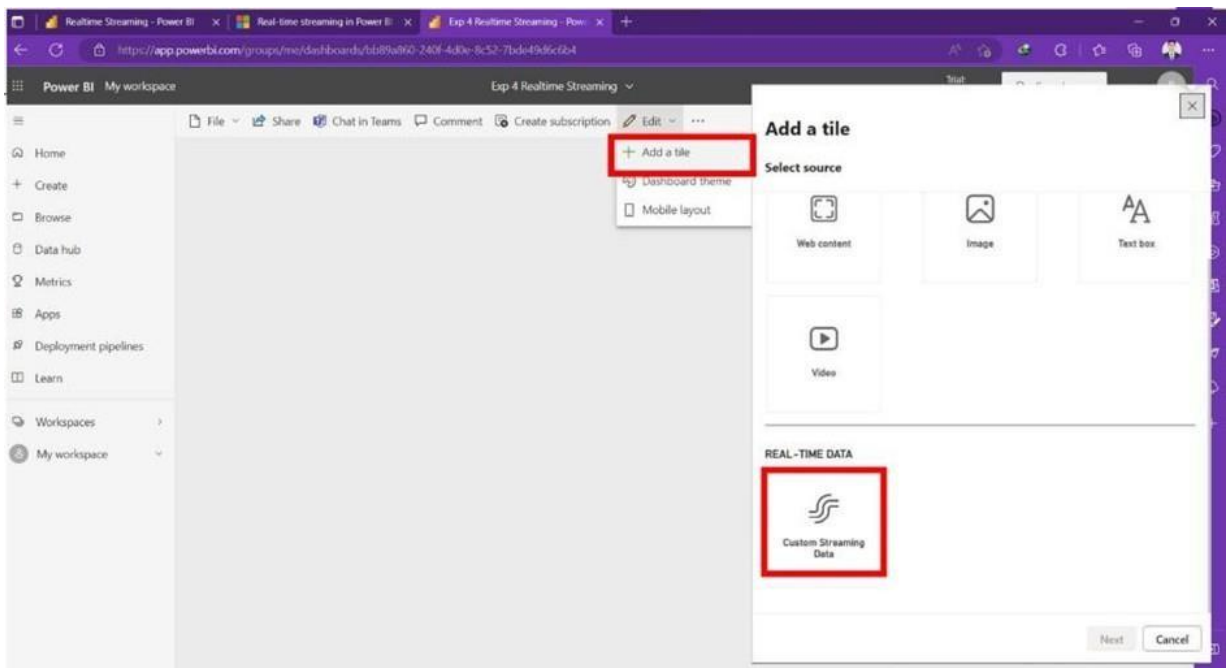
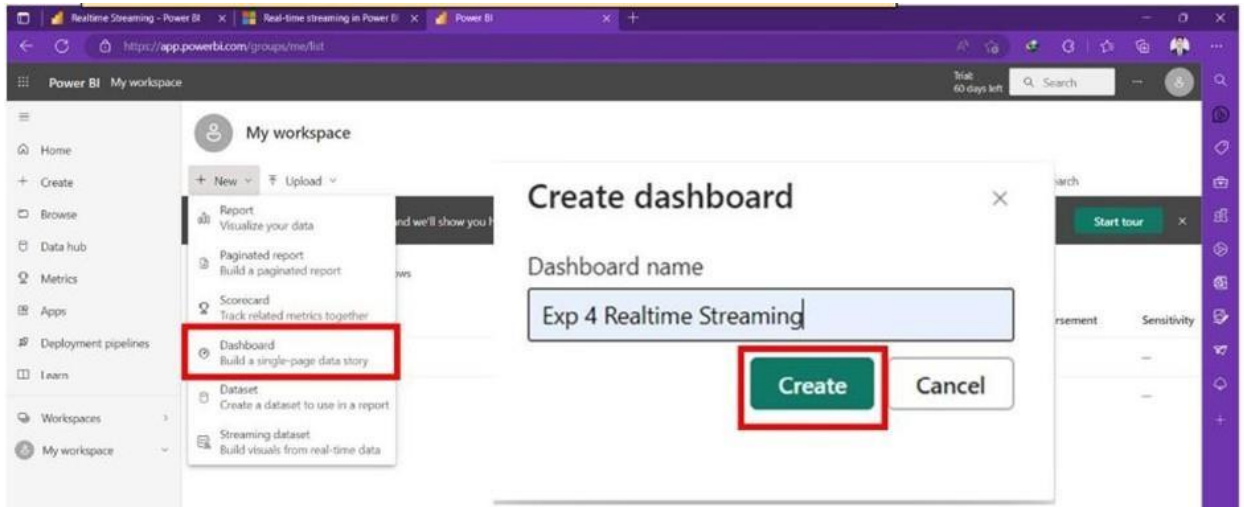
| | |
|-----------------|---|
| EX NO: 4 | VISUALIZATION ON STREAMING DATASET |
| DATE: | |

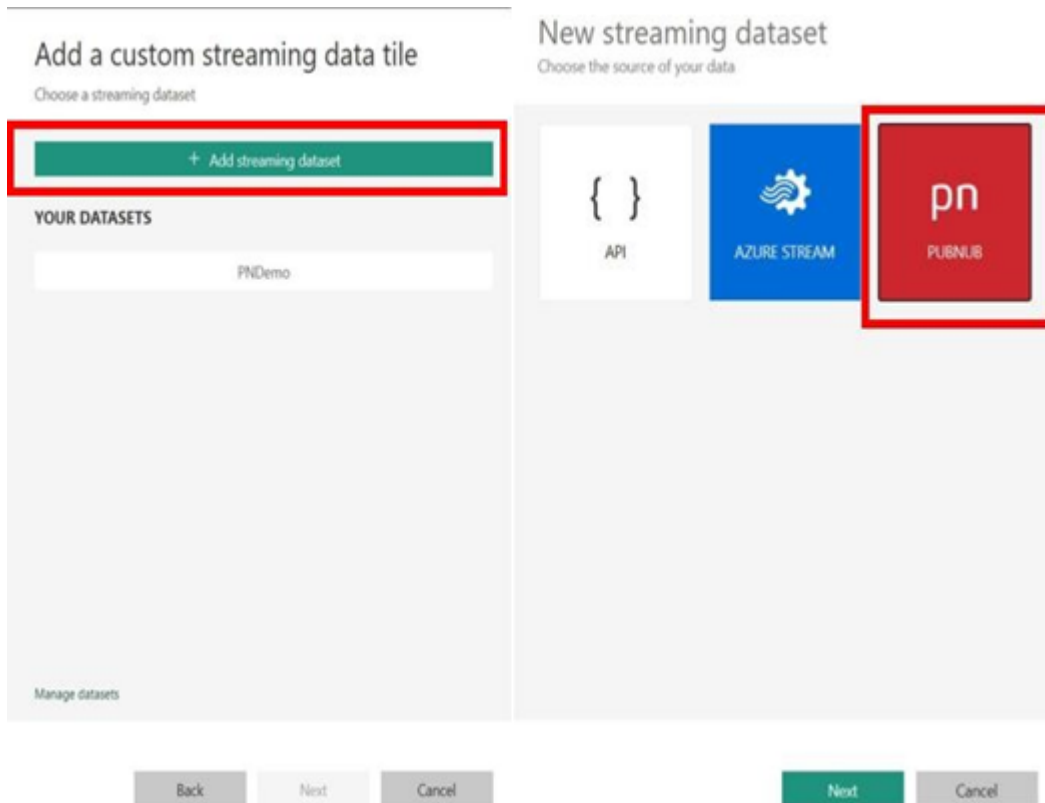
AIM:

The aim of visualizing a streaming dataset in Power BI is to create real-time data visualizations that update dynamically as new data is received from a streaming source. This can help users quickly identify trends, patterns, and anomalies in their data.

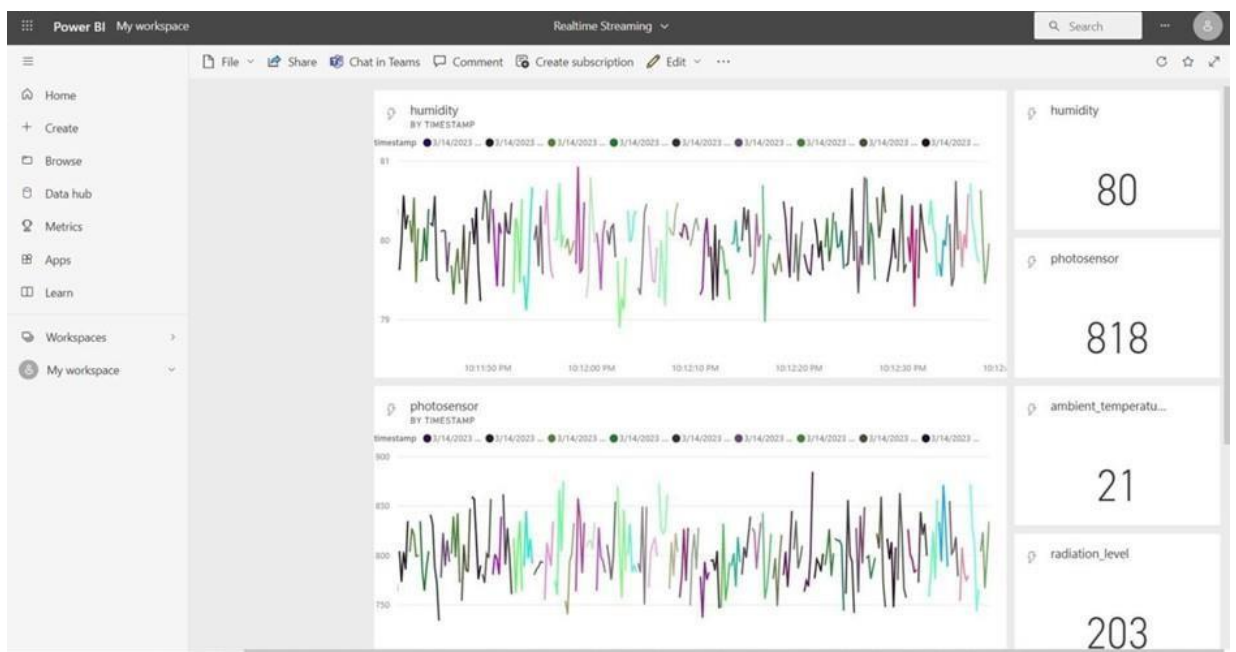
PROCEDURE:

1. Connect to your streaming data source: In Power BI, go to the "Home" tab and click on "Get Data". Select "Streaming" under the "Other" category and choose your streaming data source.
2. Configure the streaming dataset: In the "Configure Streaming Dataset" window, enter the required information about your data source, such as the streaming URL, schema, and data types.
3. Create visuals: Once your streaming dataset is configured, you can create visualizations by dragging and dropping fields onto the canvas. You can choose from various visualization types, including charts, maps, and tables.
4. Publish your report: Once you have created your visuals, you can publish your report to the Power BI service. This will allow you to view and share your real-time data visualizations with others.





OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Successfully visualize streaming data in Power BI to create real-time data visualizations that provide valuable insights into patterns, trends, and anomalies, and make data-driven decisions on the fly.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| EX NO: 5 | TEXT VISUALIZATION USING WEB ANALYTICS |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

The aim of this project is to use web analytics data to create a visualization in PowerBI that provides insights into website performance.

PROCEDURE:

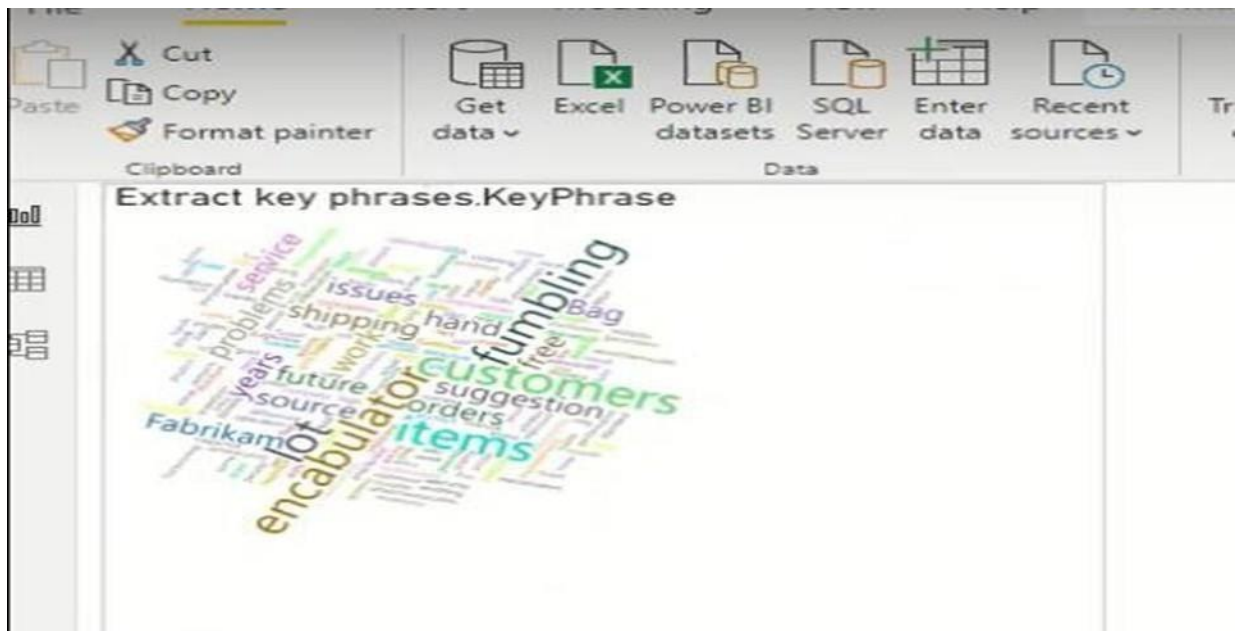
1. Data collection: The first step is to collect web analytics data from your website. This can be done using tools such as Google Analytics or Adobe Analytics.
2. Data preparation: Once you have collected the data, you will need to clean and prepare it for analysis. This may involve removing duplicates, fixing errors, and formatting data in a way that is compatible with Power BI.
3. Data modeling: The next step is to create a data model in Power BI that will allow you to analyze and visualize the data effectively. This involves creating relationships between different tables and defining calculations and measures that will be used in the visualization.
4. Visualization design: With the data model in place, you can now start designing your visualization. This may involve creating charts, graphs, and tables that display the data in a meaningful way. You

may also want to add interactive elements such as filters and slicers that allow users to explore the data in more detail.

5. Report creation: Once you have designed your visualization, you can create a report in Power BI that brings everything together. This report can be shared with others in your organization, allowing them to gain insights into website performance.

| | A ₁ name | A ₂ userid | A ₃ emailaddress | A ₄ datetime | A ₅ topic | A ₆ subject | A ₇ comment |
|----|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 0 Donald Erie | derle | don@example.com | 09:04:00 | shipping | Insufficient packaging | I ordered three widgets last week and just received them. I am VERY di... |
| 2 | 0 Jake Bering | jakeb | jake.bering@example.com | 09:37:00 | fulfillment | Wrong items again | Can't believe you fools shipped me the wrong items AGAIN. If you see... |
| 3 | 0 Ann Huron | annh | ahuron@example.com | 10:11:00 | praise | Fantastic! | Wow! I had NO IDEA that reciprocating garombies such high quality ev... |
| 4 | 1103 David Columbia | devdc | devdc78@example.com | 10:15:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | Jake, I've had similar problems tracking down another source thingam... |
| 5 | 0 Maria Michigan | mariam | maria@example.com | 10:44:00 | other | Photo on framistan brochure | That hand model needs a manicure, stat! |
| 6 | 0 Juan Brazos | juanm | juan1@example.com | 11:01:00 | techsupport | Bag of Holding | I put my wedding ring in a Bag Holding I purchased from you guys (for... |
| 7 | 1105 Jake Bering | jakeb | jake.bering@example.com | 12:23:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | David, sorry, it's whatchamacallits I'm looking for. I should have been ... |
| 8 | 0 Susan Colorado | susanc | sueco@example.com | 13:15:00 | techsupport | Problems with retro-encabulator | Hi folks. According to your encabulator brochure, the hydroscopic mar... |
| 9 | 1108 Ron Puget | ronrp | ronnyo@example.com | 13:57:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | Jake, it's probably none my business, but you will probably get a bette... |
| 10 | 1106 Elena Pecos | elenab | pecos@example.com | 14:14:00 | other | Re: Photo on framistan brochure | Maria, I'm pretty sure the folks at Fabrikam use photos actual custome... |
| 11 | 1107 Darius Willamette | dariutw | go-dwags@example.com | 15:05:00 | techsupport | Re: Bag of Holding | Juan, are you sure it's not a Bag Transmuting? They look very similar, b... |
| 12 | 1109 Fabrikam Support | fsupport | support@fabrikam.com | 15:16:00 | techsupport | Re: Problems with retro-encabulator | Susan, the hydroscopic marzelvanes MUST be fitted properly to the a... |
| 13 | 1109 Roy Ontario | royo | roy_o@example.com | 15:29:00 | techsupport | Re: Problems with retro-encabulator | Have you tried turning it off and back on again? The encabulator runs ... |
| 14 | 1110 Jake Bering | jakeb | jake.bering@example.com | 15:33:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | Ron, you're quite right: it is none your business! The terms I used are q... |
| 15 | 1114 Susan Colorado | susanc | sueco@example.com | 15:57:00 | techsupport | Re: Problems with retro-encabulator | Roy, thanks for the suggestion. It did help a little, but did not entirely e... |
| 16 | 1103 Fabrikam Sales | fsales | sales@fabrikam.com | 16:04:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | Jake, I'm very sorry that you've had this problem for so long. Our syste... |
| 17 | 0 Wen Niagara | wenn | wen@example.com | 16:19:00 | productinfo | When are the new models coming out? | I am in need some doohiekeys in the near future. If I remember correc... |
| 18 | 1109 Susan Colorado | susanc | sueco@example.com | 16:47:00 | techsupport | Re: Problems with retro-encabulator | Thanks. One the marzelvanes was installed backward, so it's my fault! ... |
| 19 | 1117 Jake Bering | jakeb | jake.bering@example.com | 17:12:00 | fulfillment | Re: Wrong items again | That's all well and good for ME, and I do appreciate it, but what about ... |
| 20 | 0 Riya Champlain | riyac | riya@example.com | 18:49:00 | suggestion | Gizmo colors | Hi, have you ever considered making gizmos in colors other than chart... |

OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Successfully use web analytics data to create a Power BI visualization that provides insights into website performance, allowing for data-driven decisions and improved user experience.

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| EX NO: 6 | WORD ANALYSIS & MORPHOLOGY |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

The aim of this program is to analyze and examine the morphology of words using the Python Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK) library.

PROCEDURE:

1. Import necessary libraries, such as the NLTK library and the word_tokenize function.
2. Define the input text to be analyzed.
3. Tokenize the input text into individual words using the word_tokenize function from the NLTK library.
4. Apply morphology analysis using the PorterStemmer algorithm from the NLTK library.
5. Store the stemmed words in a new list.
6. Print out the original text, the tokenized words, and the stemmed words.

PROGRAM:

```
import nltk

from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize

# input text

text = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."

# tokenizing the text into words

words = word_tokenize(text)

# applying morphology analysis

morph = nltk.PorterStemmer()

stemmed_words = [morph.stem(word) for word in words]

# output

print("Original Text: ", text)

print("Tokenized Words: ", words)

print("Stemmed Words: ", stemmed_words)
```

OUTPUT:

Original Text: The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

Tokenized Words: ['The', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over', 'the', 'lazy', 'dog', '.']

Stemmed Words: ['the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jump', 'over', 'the', 'lazi', 'dog', '.']

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus the Program for Word Analysis & Morphology written and executed successfully.

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| EX NO: 7 | N-GRAMS |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

The aim of this code is to generate the bi-gram and tri-gram sequences of words from a given input sentence.

PROCEDURE:

1. Import the required module - "ngrams" from the NLTK package.
2. Define a string variable "s" that contains the input sentence.
3. Split the sentence into individual words using the "split()" function and store it in a variable called "w".
4. Generate the bi-gram sequences of words using the "ngrams()" function from the NLTK package, by passing the word list "w" and the value "2" to specify the length of the sequence as a parameter. Store the result in a variable called "bi_gram".
5. Generate the tri-gram sequences of words using the same "ngrams()" function, but by passing the value "3" as a parameter. Store the result in a variable called "tri_gram".
6. Print the bi-gram and tri-gram sequences using the "print()" function, along with appropriate messages.

PROGRAM:

```
from nltk.util import ngrams
s = "This My laptop it's very comfortable for me"
w = s.split()
bi_gram = list(ngrams(w, 2))
tri_gram = list(ngrams(w, 3))
print("Bi-gram:", bi_gram)
print("Tri-gram:", tri_gram)
```

OUTPUT:

Bi-gram: [('This', 'My'), ('My', 'laptop'), ('laptop', "it's"), ("it's", 'very'), ('very', 'comfortable'), ('comfortable', 'for'), ('for', 'me')]

Tri-gram: [('This', 'My', 'laptop'), ('My', 'laptop', "it's"), ('laptop', "it's", 'very'), ("it's", 'very', 'comfortable'), ('very', 'comfortable', 'for'), ('comfortable', 'for', 'me')]

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus the Program for N-grams written and executed successfully.

| | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| EX NO: 8 DATE: | POS TAGGING |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|

AIM:

To perform POS tagging on a given sentence using NLTK in Python.

PROCEDURE:

1. First, we import the nltk library and specifically the word_tokenize function which tokenizes the input sentence into individual words.
2. We define the input sentence as a string variable.
3. We tokenize the sentence into individual words using word_tokenize.
4. We then use the pos_tag function from nltk to perform POS tagging on the tokenized words.
5. Finally, we print out the POS tagged words.

PROGRAM:

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
sentence = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."
tokens = word_tokenize(sentence)
pos_tags = nltk.pos_tag(tokens)
print(pos_tags)
```

OUTPUT:

```
[('The', 'DT'), ('quick', 'JJ'), ('brown', 'NN'), ('fox', 'NN'), ('jumps', 'VBZ'),
 ('over', 'IN'), ('the', 'DT'), ('lazy', 'JJ'), ('dog', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]
```

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus the program for POS tagging written and executed successfully.

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| EX NO: 9 | BUILDING CHUNKER |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

The aim of the above code is to parse a given input sentence using regular expressions and chunk it into phrases.

PROCEDURE:

1. Import the necessary module nltk which provides natural language processing functionalities.
2. Define a regular expression-based grammar pattern that specifies the structure of the phrases to be extracted.
3. Initialize the nltk.RegexpParser() object with the defined grammar pattern.
4. Provide an input sentence that needs to be parsed and chunked into phrases.
5. Tokenize the input sentence into individual words using nltk.word_tokenize().
6. Tag each word with its corresponding Part-of-Speech (POS) tag using nltk.pos_tag().
7. Parse the tagged sentence using the initialized parser object, which creates a parse tree with phrases as nodes and words as leaves.
8. Traverse the parsed tree and extract the Noun Phrases using the subtrees() method.

9. Check the label of each subtree and extract the ones labeled as "NP".
Print the extracted Noun Phrases.

PROGRAM:

```
import nltk

# Define a grammar pattern using regular expressions
grammar_pattern = r"""
    NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>} # chunking Noun Phrases
    VP: {<VB.*><NP|PP|CLAUSE>+$} # chunking Verb Phrases
    PP: {<IN><NP>} # chunking Prepositional Phrases
    CLAUSE: {<NP><VP>} # chunking Clauses
    """

# Initialize the parser with the grammar pattern parser =
nltk.RegexpParser(grammar_pattern).

# Input sentence
s = "The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog." # Tokenize the input
sentence

tokens = nltk.word_tokenize(s)

# Tag the tokens with Part-of-Speech tags
pos_tags = nltk.pos_tag(tokens)

# Parse the tagged sentence using the parser
```

```
tree = parser.parse(pos_tags)

# Traverse the parsed tree and print the leaves

for subtree in tree.subtrees():

    if subtree.label() == 'NP':

        print(' '.join(word for word, tag in subtree.leaves()))
```

OUTPUT:

```
The
quick brown fox
the lazy dog
```

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus the program for building chunker was written and executed successfully.

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| EX NO: 10 | BUILD CHATBOT |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

The given code implements a simple chatbot using the NLTK library in Python. The chatbot responds to a few pre-defined patterns of user input.

PROCEDURE:

1. First, the code imports the necessary modules from the NLTK library - 'nltk' and 'Chat' from 'nltk.chat.util'.
2. The code defines a set of input-output patterns using regular expressions and corresponding responses. For example, if the user inputs 'Hi there!', the chatbot will respond with 'Hello!'.
3. These input-output patterns are stored in a list of tuples, where each tuple contains a regular expression pattern and a response for that pattern.
4. The code initializes a Chat object using the input-output patterns and a dictionary of reflections (used to map user pronouns to chatbot pronouns).
5. Finally, the code starts a conversation with the chatbot using the 'converse()' method of the Chat object.

PROGRAM:

```
import nltk
from nltk.chat.util import Chat, reflections
input_output_patterns = [
    (r'Hi there!', ['Hello!']),
    (r'How are you?', ['I am doing well, thank you. How are you?']),
    (r'What is your name?', ['My name is Chatbot.']),
    (r'Quit|Bye|Thank you', ['Goodbye!', 'Bye! Nice talking to you.'])
]
chatbot = Chat(input_output_patterns, reflections)
chatbot.converse()
```

OUTPUT:

```
>Hi there!
Hello!
>What is your name?
My name is Chatbot.
>How are you?
I am doing well, thank you. How are you?
>Quit
Goodbye!
```

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus the program for building a chatbot was written and executed successfully.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| EX NO: 11 | CRYPTOCURRENCY DATA VISUALIZATION USING POWER BI |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

To fetch real-time cryptocurrency market data and visualize trends using Power BI to analyze market fluctuations, price trends, and correlations.

PROCEDURE:

Step 1: Install Power BI and Required Tools

- Ensure Power BI Desktop is installed.
- Install Power Query (comes with Power BI).
- Use APIs (e.g., CoinGecko, CoinMarketCap) to fetch real-time cryptocurrency data.

Step 2: Fetch Cryptocurrency Data using Power BI

- Open Power BI Desktop → Click on Get Data → Choose Web.
- Enter the API URL:

https://api.coingecko.com/api/v3/coins/markets?vs_currency=usd&order=market_cap_desc&per_page=10&page=1&sparkline=false

- Click ok then transform data to clean and format the dataset.

Step 3: Data Preprocessing

- Convert price values to a numerical format.
- Rename columns for better readability.
- Remove unnecessary columns.

Step 4: Data Visualization in Power BI

Bar Chart – Price Change in the Last 24 Hours

1. Select Bar Chart from the Visualizations pane.
2. Drag `id` to the X-axis and `price_change_percentage_24h` to the Y-axis.
3. Apply conditional formatting (green for positive, red for negative).

Line Graph – Bitcoin Price Trend Over Time

1. Select Line Chart from the Visualizations pane.
2. Drag `Date` to the X-axis and `current_price` to the Y-axis.
3. Filter for Bitcoin only.

Heatmap – Correlation Between Cryptocurrencies

1. Load additional cryptocurrency data with historical price changes.
2. Use a Matrix visualization to plot the correlation between different cryptocurrencies.
3. Apply color gradients to indicate correlations.

OUTPUT:



Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus fetching real time crypto currency data was visualized and provided insights into market trends and showed relationships.

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| EX NO: 12 | DEPENDENCY PARSING USING NLP |
| DATE: | |

AIM:

To analyze the grammatical structure of sentences by identifying relationships between words using Dependency parsing in NLP

PROCEDURE:

Step 1: Install require libraries

We use the spacy library which provides efficient dependency parsing models. Install it using

`pip install spacy`

`python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm`

Step 2: Load NLP Model

Load the spacy english model to process text

Step 3: Perform dependency parsing

- Tokenize the text
- Identify dependencies between words
- Visualize relationships using displacy

Step:4 Display results

- Print dependencies and head words
- Generate a dependency tree visualization

PROGRAM:

```
import spacy
from spacy import displacy

#Load English NLP model
nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
sentence = "The autonomous robot efficiently navigates through obstacles."

# Process the sentence using spacy
doc = nlp(sentence)
print("Token\t\tDependency\t\tHead")
print("="*40)
for token in doc:
    print(f"{token.text}\t\t{token.dep_}\t\t{token.head.text}")

# Visualize dependency parsing
displacy.serve(doc, style="dep")
```

OUTPUT:

| Token | Dependency | Head |
|-------------|------------|-----------|
| ===== | | |
| The | det | robot |
| autonomous | amod | robot |
| robot | nsubj | navigates |
| efficiently | advmod | navigates |
| navigates | ROOT | navigates |
| through | prep | navigates |
| obstacles | pobj | through |
| . | punct | navigates |

Dept. of AI&DS

| Description | Max Marks | Awarded |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Aim | 5 | |
| Software/Tools Required & Algorithm | 10 | |
| Coding/ Programming & Execution | 20 | |
| Record | 20 | |
| Viva Voce | 10 | |
| Result | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 75 | |

RESULT:

Thus we successfully implemented dependency parsing using spacy and the output was verified.