



**NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF MODERN LANGUAGES**  
**ISLAMABAD**  
**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**  
**Open-Handed LAB Exam 2**  
**Artificial Intelligence BSCS 6<sup>th</sup> Evening**  
**Time: 2: 30 Hours**

Your task is to build and evaluate Naive Bayes and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) classification models.

**Data Understanding (5 Marks)**

Load the dataset using Python (Pandas).

Display:

- first 10 rows
- dataset shape
- summary statistics
- Plot a scatter plot of feature1 vs feature2 colored by the class label.

**Preprocessing (15 Marks)**

- Check for missing values.
- **Normalize or standardize the features (explain why normalization is required for KNN).**
- **Split the dataset into training (70%) and testing (30%).**

**Naive Bayes Classification (10 Marks)**

- Train a Gaussian Naive Bayes classifier on the training set.
- Predict class labels for the test set.
- Evaluate using:
  - Accuracy
  - Precision, Recall, F1-score
- **Interpret the results:**

**K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) Classification (10 Marks)**

- Train a KNN model using:
  - $k = 3$
  - Euclidean distance

- Evaluate using the same metrics as Naive Bayes.
- Compare KNN performance for  $k = 3, 5, 7$
- Discuss:
  - How does increasing  $k$  affect performance?
  - Which classifier (NB or KNN) performs better and why?

#### Comparison & Critical Analysis (5 Marks)

- Write a short technical report (8–10 sentences) comparing:
- Give the classification Report of each classifier
- When Naive Bayes is more suitable
- When KNN is more suitable
- Which model fits the given dataset better
- Strengths & weaknesses of both algorithms in binary classification tasks