

MONTHLY VIEW

Apr 2023

Patient Count



Avg Wait Time



Patient Rating



Patients Referred



HOSPITAL EMERGENCY

DASHBOARD

Patients by Age Group

1179
1188
1200
1181
1183
1184
1183

Descriptive Analysis



Developed By: Khaja Umairuddin

Developed By **Khaja Umairuddin**Detail Oriented Data Analys



OBJECTIVE

To analyze and visualize hospital emergency room operations using Oracle SQL and Power BI, providing insights into monthly trends, patient flow, and key performance metrics to enhance efficiency, optimize resource allocation, and improve patient care through data-driven recommendations.

TOOLS USED

- > Oracle SQL For data extraction, transformation, and advanced querying.
- > Power BI For interactive data visualization and dashboard creation.





STEPS IN PROJECT

- ✓ Requirement Gathering/ Business Requirements
- ✓ Data Walkthrough
- ✓ Data Connection Using Oracle SQL
- ✓ Data Cleaning / Quality Check
- ✓ Data Modeling
- ✓ Data Processing Use SQL queries to calculate key metrics
- ✓ DAX Calculations
- ✓ Dashboard Lay outing
- ✓ Charts Development and Formatting
- ✓ Dashboard / Report Development
- ✓ Insights Generation



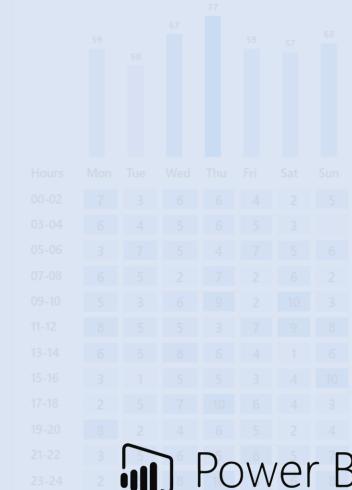


DASHBOARDS-4





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BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

KPI's Requirements

To enhance operational efficiency and provide actionable insights into emergency room performance, we need to create a Hospital Emergency Room Analysis Dashboard in Power BI. This solution will enable stakeholders to track, analyze, and make data-driven decisions regarding patient management and service optimization.

Admission Status Patients Services of Total

Number of Patients:

Measure the total number of patients visiting the ER daily.

Display a daily trend using an area sparkline to understand patterns over time, such as peak days or seasonal trends.

Average Wait Time:

Calculate the average time patients wait before being attended to by a medical professional.

Use an area sparkline to show daily fluctuations and identify days with higher wait times that may require operational adjustments.

Patient Satisfaction Score:

Analyze the average satisfaction score of patients on a daily basis to evaluate the quality of service provided.

Present a daily trend using an area sparkline to identify dips in satisfaction and correlate them with operational challenges or peak times.

Number of Patients Referred:

Count the number of patients referred to specific departments from the ER each day.

Use an area sparkline to track daily trends and identify departments with high referral rates, which may require additional resources.





BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

Dashboard 1: Monthly View

Objective: Monitor key metrics and trends on a month-by-month basis to identify patterns and areas for

improvement.

Charts to Develop:

- Patient Admission Status: Track admitted vs. non-admitted patients.
- Patient Age Distribution: Group patients by 10-year age intervals.
- Department Referrals: Analyze referral trends across different departments.
- Timeliness: Measure the percentage of patients seen within 30 minutes.
- Gender Analysis: Visualize patient distribution by gender.
- Racial Demographics: Analyze patient data by race.
- Time Analysis: Assess patient volume by day and hour.







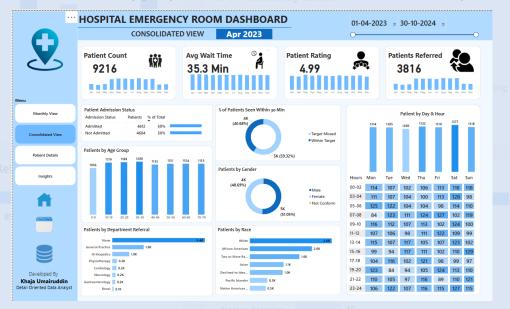
BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

Dashboard 2: Consolidated View

Objective: Provide a holistic summary of hospital performance for a selected date range.

Charts to Develop:

Similar metrics as the Monthly View, but aggregated over a customizable date range for broader insights and trend analysis







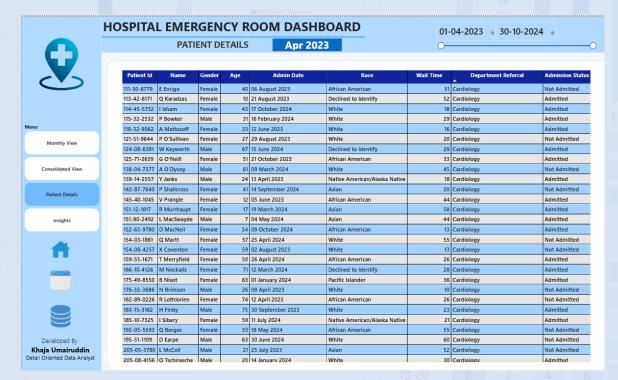
BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

Dashboard 3: Patient Details

Objective: Offer granular insights into patient-level data to enable detailed analysis and troubleshooting.

Charts to Develop: A grid displaying essential fields:

- Patient ID
- Patient Full Name
- Gender
- Age
- Admission Date
- Patient Race
- Wait Time
- Department Referral
- Admission Status







BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

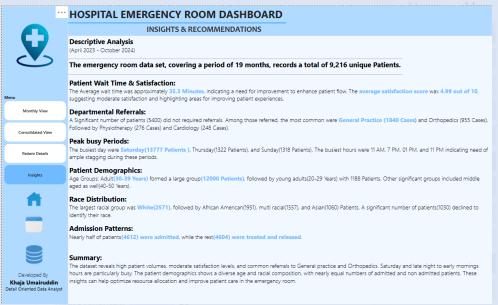
Dashboard 4: Insights and Recommendations

Objective: Summarize the findings from all dashboards to provide clear and actionable insights for stakeholders.

Charts to Develop:

Descriptive analysis of each metric and visualization, including patterns, anomalies, and actionable recommendations to optimize

emergency room operations and patient care.







ORACLE SQL QUERIES

```
-- Patients Count
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Patient id) AS Patient Count
FROM patient info;
-- Ava Wait Time
SELECT TO_CHAR(ROUND (AVG(Patient_WaitTime),1),'999.9') | 'Min' AS Avg_WaitTime
FROM Patient info;
 -- Patient Rating
SELECT ROUND(AVG(Patient Satisfaction Score), 2 )AS Patient Rating
FROM patient info;
-- Patients Reffered
SELECT COUNT(*) AS Patients Referred
FROM Patient info
WHERE Department Referral ♦ 'None';
```

```
- Patient Admission Status
SELECT
      Admission Status,
     COUNT(DISTINCT Patient id) AS Patients,
      ROUND((COUNT(*) *100.0 / (SELECT COUNT (*) FROM Patient info)),0) || '%'AS "% of Total"
FROM patient info
GROUP BY Admission Status;
 - Patients by Age group
SELECT
      AGE Group,
     COUNT(DISTINCT Patient id) AS Patients
FROM patient info
GROUP BY Age Group
ORDER BY Age Group;
  Patient by Department Referral
SELECT
     Department Referral,
     COUNT(DISTINCT Patient id) AS Patients
FROM Patient Info
GROUP BY Department Referral
ORDER BY Patients DESC;
 - Patient by Race
SELECT
      Patient Race,
     COUNT(DISTINCT Patient id) AS Patients
FROM Patient info
GROUP BY Patient Race
ORDER BY patients DESC;
```