

# PRACTICE 2 SOL

MUM

①  $x[k] = \cos(k) + \sin(2k)$

$\omega_0 = 1 \quad X_1 = X_{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \quad X_2 = \frac{1}{2}i \quad X_{-2} = -\frac{1}{2}i$

$\bullet H(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 1+i \quad H(\frac{3\pi}{4}) = 1-i$

$H(\frac{7\pi}{4}) = H(-\frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi) = 1-i$

②  $H(\omega) = \cos(\omega)$

$x[n] = 2 + \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{4}) + \sin(\pi n + \frac{3\pi}{2})$

$\omega$	$H(\omega)$	$ H(\omega) $	$\angle H(\omega)$
0	1	1	0
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	0	0	-
$\pi$	-1	1	$-\pi$

$u[n] = 2 + \sin(\pi n + \frac{3\pi}{2} - \pi)$

③  $H(0) = 0$

$H(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0 \Rightarrow H(-\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$

$H(\pi) = 1$

$\tilde{H}(\omega) = \frac{(e^{-i\omega} - e^0)(e^{-i\omega} - e^{+i\frac{\pi}{2}})(e^{-i\omega} - e^{-i\frac{\pi}{2}})}{(-1)(+i)(-i)}$

$= (e^{-i\omega} - 1)(e^{-i2\omega} + 1)$

$= e^{-i3\omega} - e^{-i2\omega} + e^{-i\omega} - 1$

$\tilde{H}(\pi) = -4$

$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{4} (1 - e^{-i\omega} + e^{-i2\omega} - e^{-i3\omega})$

$y[n] = \frac{1}{4} (x[n] - x[n-1] + x[n-2] - x[n-3])$

④  $y[n] + y[n-1] = 2x[n] - 5x[n-2]$

$H(\omega) = \frac{2 - 5e^{-i2\omega}}{1 + e^{-i\omega}}$

$\bullet H(\omega) = \frac{1 + e^{-i\omega}}{e^{-i\omega}}$

$x[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{4}) + \sin(\pi n + \frac{3\pi}{2})$

$\omega$	$H(\omega)$	$ H(\omega) $	$\angle H(\omega)$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{1-i}{0}$	$\sqrt{2}$	$-\frac{\pi}{4}$
$\pi$	0	0	0

$x[n] = \sqrt{2} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4})$

⑤

$x(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan t & -a \leq t \leq a \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \tilde{X}(\omega) = \pi \frac{\sin(a\omega)}{a\omega}$

$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow a = 1$

SAMPLE BY  $\frac{1}{T}$

SHIFT BY  $e^{-i\omega}$

$\tilde{X}(\omega) = 2e^{-i\omega} \frac{\sin(\omega)}{\omega}$

⑥  $x[n] = e^{i\omega n}$

$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] e^{i\omega(n-k)}$

$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] e^{-i\omega k} \underbrace{e^{i\omega n}}_{H(\omega) \text{ DFT}}$

$$(7) x_1(\omega) = \delta(\omega - \pi) + \delta(\omega + \pi)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow{\text{CTFT}} \\ x(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\delta(\omega - \pi) + \delta(\omega + \pi)) e^{i\omega t} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} (e^{-i\pi t} + e^{i\pi t}) \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\pi t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \tilde{x}_2(\omega) = \cos(\omega)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow{\text{DTFT}} \\ x(n) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(\omega) e^{i\omega n} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi} e^{i\omega} e^{i\omega n} d\omega + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{-i\omega} e^{i\omega n} d\omega \right) \\ & \quad \text{E.G.} \Rightarrow e^{i\omega(n+1)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \delta(n+1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \delta(n+1) + \frac{1}{2} \delta(n-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$(8) h(n) = \delta(n) + \delta(n-2)$$

$$H(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} h(n) e^{-i\omega n}$$

$$H(\omega) = 1 + e^{-i2\omega}$$

(9) IS LIKE (7)

$$(10) x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) \quad \omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$N=4 \quad x = 1 \ 0 \ -1 \ 0$$

$$\tilde{x}_0 = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$\tilde{x}_1 = 1 - e^{-i2\pi} = 2$$

$$\tilde{x}_2 = 1 - e^{-i2 \cdot 2\pi} = 0$$

$$\tilde{x}_3 = 1 - e^{-i3 \cdot 2\pi} = 2$$

(11) PRACTICE THE  
BLOCK DIAGRAMS  
ON SEPARATE SHEET.

