Matrix Factorization for Movie Recommendation Systems

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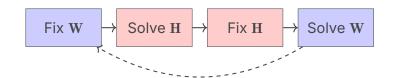
July 30, 2025

aybe because of: e (Action, Romance, Comedy) bSholay's features: $\mathbf{h}_1 = [0.95, 0.10, 0.85]^T$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\alpha}}_{11} = \mathbf{w}_1^\mathsf{T} \mathbf{h}_1$$
 (1)
= $\mathbf{w}_{11} \cdot 0.95 + \mathbf{w}_{12} \cdot 0.10 + \mathbf{w}_{13} \cdot 0.85$ (2)

Goal: Find w_{11}, w_{12}, w_{13} such that $\hat{a}_{11} \approx 5$ (Alice's actual rating) [=

blnitialize: $\mathbf{W}^{(0)}$ and $\mathbf{H}^{(0)}$ randomly



$$\text{minimize}_{\mathbf{w}_i} \sum_{j:(i,j)\in\Omega} (\mathbf{a}_{ij} - \mathbf{w}_i^T \mathbf{h}_j)^2$$

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$$\mathbf{y}_{i} = [a_{i,j_{1}}, a_{i,j_{2}}, \dots, a_{i,j_{|\Omega_{i}|}}]^{T}$$
 (3)

$$\mathbf{X}_i = \left[\mathbf{h}_{j_1}, \mathbf{h}_{j_2}, \dots, \mathbf{h}_{j_{|\Omega_i|}}\right]^T \tag{4}$$

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Least Squares Solution:

$$\mathbf{w}_{i}^{*} = (\mathbf{X}_{i}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{X}_{i})^{-1} \mathbf{X}_{i}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{y}_{i}$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5\\4\\2\\3\\2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.95 & 0.10 & 0.85\\1.00 & 0.20 & 0.90\\0.05 & 0.80 & 0.30\\0.05 & 0.95 & 0.70\\0.05 & 0.15 & 0.95 \end{bmatrix}$$
(5)

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(5)

Solution: $\mathbf{w}_1^* = (\mathbf{X}_1^T \mathbf{X}_1)^{-1} \mathbf{X}_1^T \mathbf{y}_1$ This gives us Alice's feature preferences!

$$\text{minimize}_{\mathbf{h}_j} \sum_{i:(i,j) \in \Omega} (\boldsymbol{a}_{ij} - \mathbf{w}_i^T \mathbf{h}_j)^2$$

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Matrix Form for Movie j: Let $\Omega_j = \{i : (i,j) \in \Omega\}$ (users who rated movie j)

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$$\mathbf{y}_{j} = [a_{i_{1},j}, a_{i_{2},j}, \dots, a_{i_{|\Omega_{i}|},j}]^{T}$$
 (7)

$$\mathbf{X}_{j} = [\mathbf{w}_{i_1}, \mathbf{w}_{i_2}, \dots, \mathbf{w}_{i_{|\Omega_i|}}]^T$$
(8)

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Objective Function:

$$L(\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{H}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in \Omega} (\alpha_{ij} - \mathbf{w}_i^T \mathbf{h}_j)^2$$

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Gradients:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{w}_i} = -2 \sum_{j:(i,j) \in \Omega} (\boldsymbol{a}_{ij} - \mathbf{w}_i^\mathsf{T} \mathbf{h}_j) \mathbf{h}_j$$
 (9)

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{h}_{j}} = -2 \sum_{i:(i,j) \in \Omega} (\boldsymbol{a}_{ij} - \mathbf{w}_{i}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{h}_{j}) \mathbf{w}_{i}$$
 (10)

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- 2. See their actual rating

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SGD does exactly this!

One rating at a time

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- Small adjustments

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- Gradually improves

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- 3. Update:

$$\mathbf{w}_i \leftarrow \mathbf{w}_i + \alpha \cdot \boldsymbol{e}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{h}_i \tag{11}$$

$$\mathbf{h}_{j} \leftarrow \mathbf{h}_{j} + \alpha \cdot \boldsymbol{e}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{w}_{i} \tag{12}$$

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□ If $e_{ij} > 0$: Predicted rating too low \rightarrow Increase similarity

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- □ If $e_{ij} < 0$: Predicted rating too high \rightarrow Decrease similarity

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- ∘ If $e_{ii} > 0$: Predicted rating too low \rightarrow Increase similarity
- o If e_{ij} < 0: Predicted rating too high → Decrease similarity
- $_{\circ}$ Learning rate α controls step size

Current:
$$\mathbf{w}_1 = [0.4, 0.2, 0.3], \quad \mathbf{h}_1 = [0.95, 0.10, 0.85]$$
 (13)
Prediction: $\hat{a}_{11} = 0.4 \times 0.95 + 0.2 \times 0.10 + 0.3 \times 0.85 = 0.655$ (14)
Error: $e_{11} = 5 - 0.655 = 4.345$ (15)

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Prediction: $\hat{a}_{11} = 0.4 \times 0.95 + 0.2 \times 0.10 + 0.3 \times 0.85 = 0.655$ (14)
Error: $e_{11} = 5 - 0.655 = 4.345$ (15)

Updates with $\alpha = 0.01$:

$$\mathbf{w}_1 \leftarrow [0.4, 0.2, 0.3] + 0.01 \times 4.345 \times [0.95, 0.10, 0.85]$$
 (16)
= $[0.4413, 0.2043, 0.3369]$ (17)
 $\mathbf{h}_1 \leftarrow [0.95, 0.10, 0.85] + 0.01 \times 4.345 \times [0.4, 0.2, 0.3]$ (18)
= $[0.9674, 0.1087, 0.8631]$ (19)

! Answers:

b
$$X_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (columns 1,3 of $\mathbf{H}^{(0)T}$)

Solve: $\mathbf{w}_1^{(1)} = (\mathbf{X}_1^T\mathbf{X}_1)^{-1}\mathbf{X}_1^T\mathbf{y}_1$ Continue for all users and movies... [=

batrix factorization can only work with explicit ratings

Answers:

bQuestions?

Thank you for your attention!

Next: Deep learning approaches to recommendation systems