# **Support Vector Machines**

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## **Non-Linearly Separable Data**

Data not separable in  ${\mathbb R}$ 

Can we still use SVM?

Yes!

How? Project data to a higher dimensional space.

## **Projection/Transformation Function**

$$\phi: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^D$$

where, d =original dimension

D = new dimension

In our example:

$$d = 1; D = 2$$

#### Linear SVM:

Maximize

$$L(\alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j \overline{x_i}.\overline{x_j}$$

such that constraints are satisfied.



Transformation  $(\phi)$ 



$$L(\alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j \phi(\overline{x_i}).\phi(\overline{x_j})$$

### **Steps**

1. Compute  $\phi(x)$  for each point

$$\phi: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^D$$

Q. If D >> dBoth steps are expensive!

### **Steps**

1. Compute  $\phi(x)$  for each point

$$\phi: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^D$$

- 2. Computer dot products over  $\mathbb{R}^d$  space
- Q. If D >> dBoth steps are expensive!

## **Kernel Trick**