

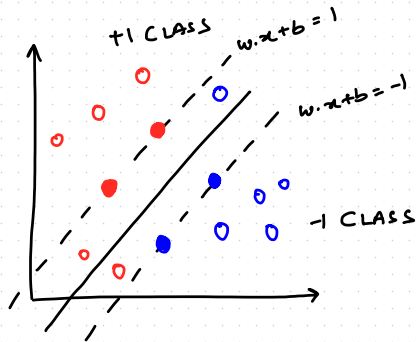
SVM Soft Margin Classification

Nipun Batra

IIT Gandhinagar

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"SLIGHTLY" NON-SEPARABLE DATA



In Dual:

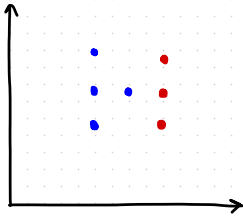
$$\text{minimize } \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j \mathbf{x}_i \cdot \mathbf{x}_j$$

s.t.

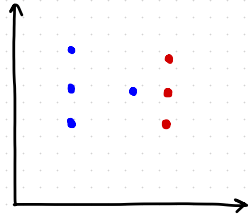
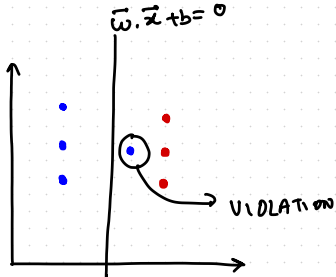
$$0 \leq \alpha_i \leq C \quad \& \quad \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0$$

BIAS - VARIANCE

TRADE-OFF

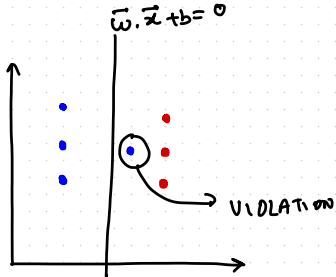


BIAS- VARIANCE TRADE-OFF

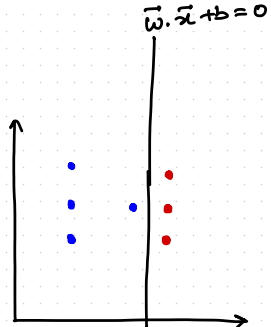


LOW C
 LOW PENALTY FOR VIOLATION
 HIGH TRAIN ERROR
 HIGH BIAS

BIAS- VARIANCE TRADE-OFF



LOW C
 LOW PENALTY FOR VIOLATION
 HIGH TRAIN ERROR
 HIGH BIAS
 BIG MARGIN



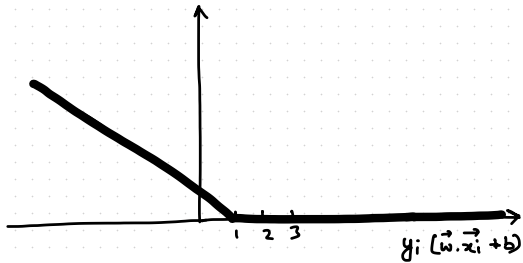
HIGH C
 HIGH PENALTY FOR VIOLATION
 HIGH VARIANCE
 SMALL MARGIN

$$\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b)$$

$$12 \|\mathbf{w}\|$$

$$\text{minimize } \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^N \max [0, 1 - y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b)]}_{\text{Loss}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2C} \|\mathbf{w}\|^2}_{\text{Regularisation}}$$

HINGE LOSS



Loss Function for Sum (Hinge Loss)

Loss function is $\sum_{i=1}^N \max [0, 1 - y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b)]$

- Case I $y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b) = 1$
Lies on Margin: $Loss_i = 0$

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- Case I $y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b) = 1$

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- Case II

$$y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b) > 1$$

$$Loss_i = 0$$

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- Case II
 $y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b) > 1$
 $Loss_i = 0$

- Case III
 $y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b) < 1$
 $Loss_i \neq 0$

Hinge Loss Continued

Q) Is hinge loss convex and differentiable?

Convex: ✓

Differentiable: X

Subgradient: ✓

SVM Loss is Convex

Hinge Loss $\sum(\max[0, (1 - y_i(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}_i + b))])$ is convex

Penalty $\frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{w}\|^2$ is convex

\therefore SVM loss is convex