

Coordinate Descent

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Coordinate Descent for Unregularized Regression

- Express error as a difference of y_i and \hat{y}_i

$$\hat{y}_i = \sum_{j=0}^d \theta_j x_i^j = \theta_0 x_i^0 + \theta_1 x_i^1 + \theta_2 x_i^2 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d \quad (1)$$

$$\epsilon_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i \quad (2)$$

$$= y_i - \theta_0 x_i^0 + \theta_1 x_i^1 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d \quad (3)$$

$$= y_i - \sum_{j=0}^d \theta_j x_i^j \quad (4)$$

Coordinate Descent for Unregularized regression

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \epsilon^2 = RSS = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right)^2$$

Coordinate Descent for Unregularized regression

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \epsilon^2 = RSS = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right)^2$$
$$\frac{\partial RSS(\theta_j)}{\partial \theta_j} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \dots \right) \right) (-x_i^j)$$

Coordinate Descent for Unregularized regression

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{i=1}^N \epsilon^2 &= RSS = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right)^2 \\ \frac{\partial RSS(\theta_j)}{\partial \theta_j} &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \dots \right) \right) (-x_i^j) \\ &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right) (-x_i^j) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \theta_j (x_i^j)^2\end{aligned}$$

Coordinate Descent for Unregularized regression

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{i=1}^N \epsilon^2 &= RSS = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right)^2 \\ \frac{\partial RSS(\theta_j)}{\partial \theta_j} &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_j x_i^j + \dots \right) \right) (-x_i^j) \\ &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_i - \left(\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d \right) \right) (-x_i^j) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \theta_j (x_i^j)^2\end{aligned}$$

where:

$$\hat{y}_i^{(-j)} = \theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d$$

is \hat{y}_i without θ_j

Coordinate Descent for Unregularized regression

$$\text{Set } \frac{\partial \text{RSS}(\theta_j)}{\partial \theta_j} = 0$$

$$\theta_j = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{(y_i - (\theta_0 x_i^0 + \dots + \theta_d x_i^d)) (x_i^j)}{(x_i^j)^2} = \frac{\rho_j}{z_j}$$

$$\rho_j = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^j (y_i - \hat{y}_i^{(-j)})$$

$$z_j = \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i^j)^2$$

z_j is the squared of ℓ_2 norm of the j^{th} feature

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Coordinate Descent for Lasso Regression

$$\text{Minimize } \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^N \epsilon^2 + \delta^2 \{|\theta_0| + |\theta_1| + \dots |\theta_j| + \dots |\theta_d|\}}_{\text{LASSO OBJECTIVE}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} (\text{LASSO OBJECTIVE}) = -2\rho_j + 2\theta_j \mathbf{z}_j + \delta^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} |\theta_j|$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} |\theta_j| = \begin{cases} 1 & \theta_j > 0 \\ [-1, 1] & \theta_j = 0 \\ -1 & \theta_j < 0 \end{cases}$$

Coordinate Descent for Lasso Regression

- **Case 1:** $\theta_j > 0$

$$2\rho_j + 2\theta_j z_j + \delta^2 = 0$$

$$\theta_j = \frac{\rho_j - \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j}$$

$$\rho_j > \frac{\delta^2}{2} \Rightarrow \theta_j = \frac{\rho_j - \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j}$$

Coordinate Descent for Lasso Regression

- **Case 1:** $\theta_j > 0$

$$2\rho_j + 2\theta_j z_j + \delta^2 = 0$$

$$\theta_j = \frac{\rho_j - \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j}$$

$$\rho_j > \frac{\delta^2}{2} \Rightarrow \theta_j = \frac{\rho_j - \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j}$$

- **Case 2:** $\theta_j < 0$

$$\rho_j < \frac{\delta^2}{2} \Rightarrow \theta_j = \frac{\rho_j + \delta^2/2}{z_j} \tag{5}$$

Coordinate Descent for Lasso Regression

- **Case 3:** $\theta_j = 0$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j}(\text{LASSO OBJECTIVE}) = -2\rho_j + 2\theta_j z_j + \delta^2 \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} |\theta_j|}_{[-1,1]}$$
$$\underbrace{\in [-2\rho_j - \delta^2, -2\rho_j + \delta^2]}_{\{0\} \text{ lies in this range}}$$

$$-2\rho_j - \delta^2 \leq 0 \text{ and } -2\rho_j + \delta^2 \leq 0$$
$$-\frac{\delta^2}{2} \leq \rho_j \leq \frac{\delta^2}{2} \Rightarrow \theta_j = 0$$

Summary of Lasso Regression

$$\theta_j = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\rho_j + \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j} & \text{if} & \rho_j < -\frac{\delta^2}{2} \\ 0 & \text{if} & -\frac{\delta^2}{2} \leq \rho_j \leq \frac{\delta^2}{2} \\ \frac{\rho_j - \frac{\delta^2}{2}}{z_j} & \text{if} & \rho_j > \frac{\delta^2}{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

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