

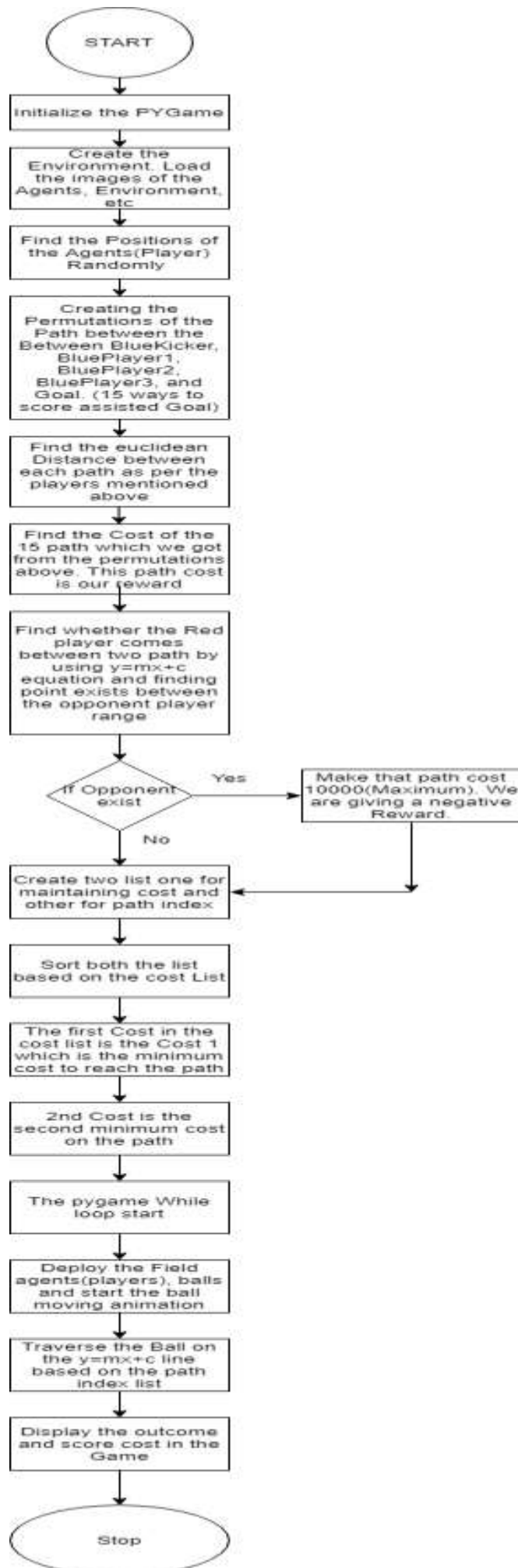
Assignment-1

Artificial Intelligence-2

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Question-1

Below is the Flow chart for the steps involved in the game. In each step it is explained how the Agent and environment behaves.



Condition-1

In Centre circle position there is the Ball and the blue team player who is kicking the ball, the kicker will pass the ball to its blue player.

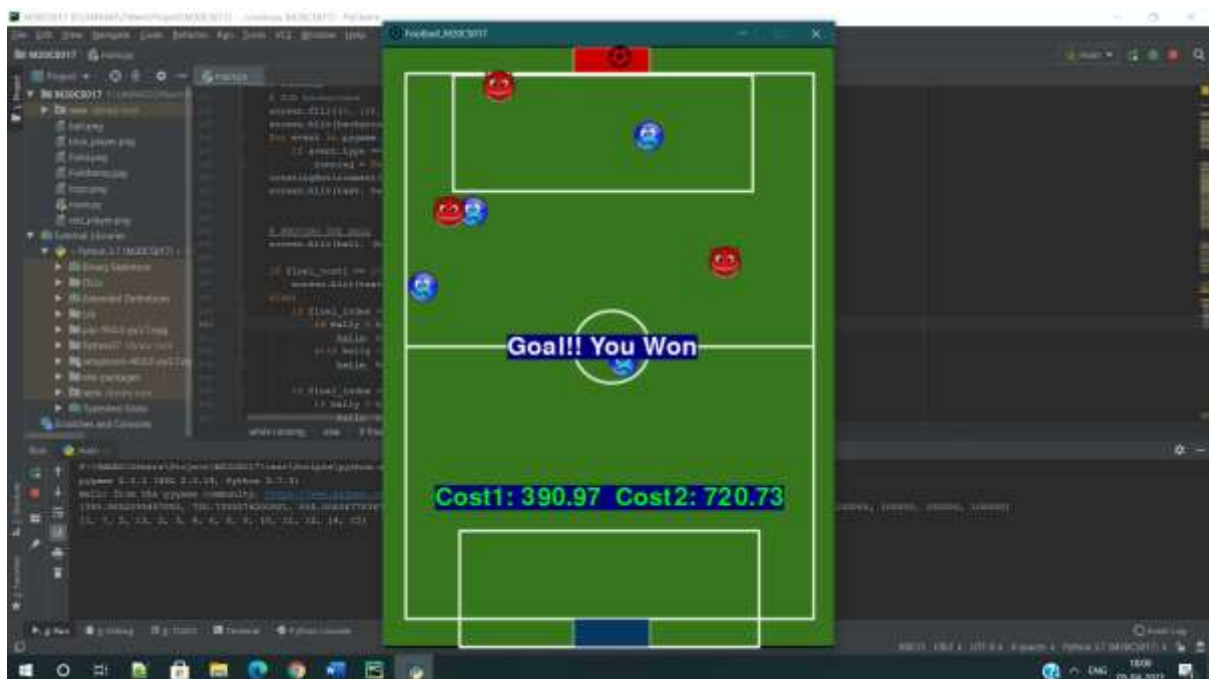


One player from Red team and one player from Blue team are present in the Red Team Goal Box

Condition-3

Condition-4

It is taking the shortest path to reach the Goal, also it is an assisted goal, the kicker cannot score directly into the goal post.



Condition-5

The position of the players is changing randomly with every Run, Below are two Run examples screen shot for the same

Run-1



Run-2



Case-1

All the Paths have Red in Between and the Red player can't score the Goal.



The screenshot shows a Python IDE with a soccer game simulation. The main window displays a green soccer field with red and blue player icons. A text overlay at the bottom of the field reads "Cost1: 384.0 Cost2: 389.3". The left sidebar shows a file explorer with a project named "M20C017". The right sidebar shows a code editor with Python code for a game simulation.



Question-3

apsara
Date: _____

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Assignment-1

Question-3

Probability of finding the time for both the events = 0.4

Cost of single ticket : Rs 2000/-

Cost of combined ticket : Rs 3000/-

Value of Going to the movie : Rs 2000/-

Let us have two cases P & Q such that

For case P , buy the movie ticket

For case Q , buy the concert ticket

\bar{P} , don't buy movie ticket

\bar{Q} , don't buy concert ticket

$$P(P) = P(Q) = 0.4$$

$$P(\bar{P}) = P(\bar{Q}) = 0.6$$

Below are some of the cases::

- 1) P & Q are individual
we have,

$$\text{cost} = 2000 + 2000 = 4000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000 + 2000 = 4000$$

$$\text{Their differences} = 0 \quad \& \quad \text{prob} = 0.4 \times 0.4 = 0.16$$

- 2) P & Q are combined
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 3000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000 + 2000 = 4000$$

$$\text{Their differences} = 1000 \quad \& \quad \text{prob} = 0.4 \times 0.4 = 0.16$$

- 3) P & \bar{Q} are combined
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 3000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000$$

$$\text{Their differences} = -1000 \quad \& \quad \text{prob} = 0.4 \times 0.6 = 0.24$$

- 4) P & \bar{Q} are individual
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 2000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000$$

$$\text{Their differences} = 0 \quad \& \quad \text{prob} = 0.4 \times 0.6 = 0.24$$

5) ~~P~~ \bar{P} & Q are individual

$$\text{cost} = 2000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000$$

Their differences = 0 & prob = $0.6 \times 0.4 = 0.24$

6) \bar{P} & Q are combined
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 3000$$

$$\text{value} = 2000$$

Their differences = -1000 & prob = $0.6 \times 0.4 = 0.24$

7) \bar{P} & \bar{Q} are individual
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 0$$

$$\text{value} = 0$$

Their difference = 0 & prob = $0.6 \times 0.6 = 0.36$

8) \bar{P} & \bar{Q} are combined
We have,

$$\text{cost} = 3000$$

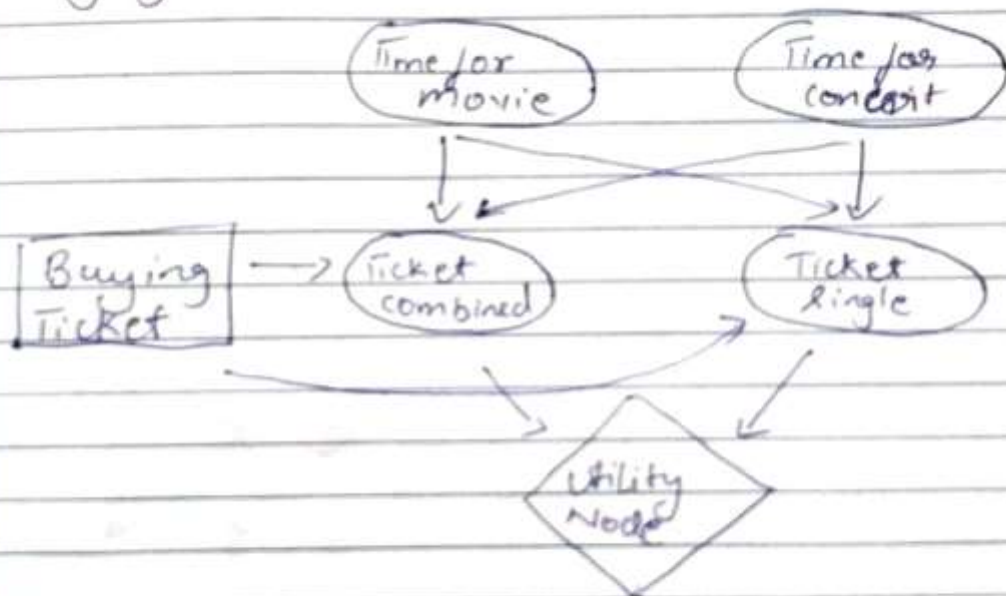
$$\text{value} = 0$$

Their differences = -3000 & prob = $0.6 \times 0.6 = 0.36$

Let Now calculate Expected Value for buying a combined ticket.

$$\begin{aligned} E.V(CT) &= (0.16 \times 1000) + (0.24 \times -1000) \\ &\quad (0.24 \times -1000) + (0.36 \times -3000) \\ &= -1400 \end{aligned}$$

Below is the Decision Network for buying the tickets.



Below is Decision Tree for Buying Tickets

