



## Guided Task 4: Lists

### Objective

In this guided task, you'll work with iteration control flow, using **FOR** statements in Python.

There are three parts to this task.

### Instructions

#### Part 1 – Practise using Lists

You'll work with the following List:

ages =

```
[12, 18, 33, 84, 45, 67, 12, 82, 95, 16, 10, 23, 43, 29, 40, 34, 30, 16, 44, 69, 70, 74, 38, 65, 36, 83, 50, 11, 7, 9, 64, 78, 37, 3, 8, 68, 22, 4, 60, 33, 82, 45, 23, 5, 18, 28, 99, 17, 81, 14, 88, 50, 19, 59, 7, 44, 93, 35, 72, 25, 63, 11, 69, 11, 76, 10, 60, 30, 14, 21, 82, 47, 6, 21, 88, 46, 78, 92, 48, 36, 28, 51]
```

1. Record the length of the ages List in a variable (you'll need it later).  
Display the length.  
Test your code.

2. Display these ages one on each line:  
**Tip:** Use a **for** loop to read each number.  
  
Test your code.

3. Add one year to every age.

**Tip:** `ages[n]` is the nth element of ages.

To increase, for example, element 2, you may do `ages[2] += 1`.

`len(ages)` will return the length of the ages List.

Redisplay ages to test your code.

4. Our code only takes into account those people in the age range of 16-65 (inclusively).  
Please delete all ages that are outside this range.

**Tip:** There are other ways of achieving this task, but one way is to use a **for** loop that uses the `len()` function to examine each item and then use the `del()` function to remove an item at certain index.

Redisplay ages to test your code.

5. Display the count of 16-25 year olds.

Test your code.

6. Invoke the sort method on the ages List.

**Tip:** Use this line of code: `ages.sort()`

Display the ages List to make sure they are sorted.



7. What proportion of ages fall between 16-25?  
Test your code by displaying this value.

## Part 2 – Count vowels

1. Add a new file: **CountVowels.py** and make it the startup file.
2. Inputs a word (a string).
3. Counts how many vowels are in the word.

**Tip:** You can scroll through every character of a string in the same way as you do with numbers in a `range()` function.

Use a simple if statement / s to detect if the character is 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' or 'u'. Every time you find a vowel you must increase a counter (an integer variable).

Or, even better, you may consider using the 'in' keyword.

4. Save and run.

## Part 3 - Time calculator

Your task is to write code for a range of calculation on times.

Times should be stored and inputted as strings in the format **DD:HH:MM**.

Days, Hours and Minutes should be stored as integers.

1. Add a new file called **TimeCalculator.py** and make it your start up file.
2. Input two day-time strings from the user.  
Your code will do calculations until the user selects Option 9 (see below).
3. Print a main menu:

```
Time Calculator
1- Add 2 times
2- Find the difference between 2 times
3- Convert to Hours
4- Convert to Minutes
5- Convert Minutes to Time
6- Convert Hours to Time
7- Convert Days to Time
8- Exit
```

Enter an option:

### Option 1 and 2

Input two time strings

### Option 3, 4 and 5

Enter only one time string

### Options 6 and 7

Enter a single integer

4. Save and run.

**Tip:** there are several ways you can write code for this task.

You can use the **split()** function to split the string into a List and process the day, hour and the minute components.



You may also want to investigate the **mod** operator (%) to find remainder of a division.

To get the integer part of a float, you may cast it to integer. For example:

```
print(25/24)          1.0416667
print(int(27/24))     1
print (27 % 24)       3
```

Well done, you've completed this guided task!