



National University
Of Computer and Emerging Sciences

DS Project Report

In partial fulfillment
of the requirement for the course of

CS2001-Data Structures

By

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Enhanced IPFS Configuration and Management System

- **Flexible Configuration:** Tailor the IPFS to your needs by specifying the number of machines, the B-tree order, and the size for an identifier space.
- **Customized ID Assignment:** Take control of the ID assignment process by choosing to assign IDs manually or automatically to the machines according to your preferences.
- **User-Friendly Interface:** Once the machines are set up, access a user-friendly menu to seamlessly perform various operations, including file uploading, file removal, addition of a new active machine, removal of a machine, as well as viewing the routing table and B-tree of a machine.

Class Structure for Enhanced IPFS

1. IPFS:

Its member functions includes

- The default address for IPFS id “C:/IPFS_of_bit_(identifier_size)”.
- `int hash_func(string f)` : Utilizes the filename to generate a SHA-1 hash value, which is then converted to an integer hash based on the identifier size
- `void Menu()` : Encompassing the IPFS menu, this feature empowers users to define the identifier space size, B-tree order, number of machines, and various other configuration options. It additionally manages the creation of directories for all machines.

IPFS.h x main.cpp Source.h

IPFS hash_func(string f)

```
class IPFS
{
    int number_of_machines, size_of_identifier_space;
    int mbtree;
public:
    IPFS()
    {
        mbtree = 0;
        number_of_machines = 0;
        size_of_identifier_space = 0;
    }
    int hash_func(string f)
    {
        SHA1 checksum;
        checksum.update(f);
        const string hash = checksum.final();

        int ret_val = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < size_of_identifier_space; i++)
        {
            ret_val += hash[i];
        }
        cout << "*****value : " << ret_val << endl;
        return ret_val;
    }
}

void Menu()
{
    cout << "////////////////////////////////////////\n"
    << "\n\n    WELCOME TO IPFS\n"
    << "                CREATED BY: \n"
    << "                (122-8943) MUHAMMAD UMAR HASSAN \n"
    << "                (122-1234) MUHAMMAD RAZA \n"
    << "                (122-1220) MUHAMMAD HUZAIFA \n"
    << "////////////////////////////////////////\n\n";

    ////////////////////////////////////initialization////////////////////////////////////////
    cout << "\n\nHow many number of machines you want in your system : ";
    cin >> number_of_machines;
    ////////////////////////////////////order of Btree////////////////////////////////////////
    cout << "\n\nWhat would be the order of Btree you want in your system : ";
    cin >> mbtree;
    No Issues found
```

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2. `ring_DHT`:

Its member functions includes

- `ring_DHT(int identifier_space)`: A constructor for 'ring_DHT' that initializes all its members, including the 'identifier_space'.
- `void initialize_routing_tables()` : where the routing table for all machines is initialized
- `void update_routing_tables()` : Where the routing tables of machines are updated after addition and removal of a machine.
- `void add_machine(int number, int m)` : that adds the new active machine in the 'ring_DHT' and then calls `update_routing_tables()`.
- `void transfer_files(int size, string src, string dest, file* f)` : a helper function for file handling when the machine is removed from 'ring_DHT'.
- `void remove_machine(int number, string de_path)` : that removes the active machine in the 'ring_DHT' and transfer the Btree of that machine to next available machine. Then it calls `update_routing_tables()`.
- `int insert_file(file f, int hash)` : which is responsible for adding a file in the B-tree of files on a machine.
- `int delete_file(int hash)` : which is responsible for removing a file from the B-tree of files on a machine.
- `void Print_rtable(int ID)` : Which is responsible for printing the routing table of machine.
- `void btree_display(int ID)` : Which is responsible for printing the B-tree-traversal of machine.
- and some helper functions.....

```

};
class ring_DHT
{
public:
    machine* head;
    int id_space;
    int total_nodes;
    // constructor
    ring_DHT(int identifier_space)
    {
        id_space = identifier_space;
        total_nodes = pow(2, id_space);
        head = new machine(id_space, 0);
        machine* temp = head;
        for (int i = 1; i < total_nodes; i++)
        {
            temp->next = new machine(id_space, i);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp->next = head;
        initialize_routing_tables();
    }

    //fnc to initialize the rtable
    void initialize_routing_tables()
    {
        machine* temp2 = head;
        for (int i = 0; i < total_nodes; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < id_space; j++)
            {
                int a = pow(2, (j + 1) - 1);
                a += temp2->ID;
                machine* temp = extract_node(a);
                temp2->rtable[j] = temp;
                a = a;
            }
            temp2 = temp2->next;
        }
    }

    // fnc to update the routing table
    void update_routing_tables()
    {

```

3. machine:

Its members are

- `int ID;` // ID of machine
- `machine* next;` // next responsible machine
- `int Successor_ID;` // successor's ID
- `machine** rtable;` // Routing table
- `Btree b;` // Its B-tree
- `bool status;` // Active or inactive status
- `int id_space;` // identifier_space

```

class machine
{
public:
    int ID;
    machine* next;
    int Successor_ID;
    machine** rtable;
    Btree b;
    bool status;
    int id_space;

    machine(int identifier_space, int id)
    {
        id_space = identifier_space;
        status = false;
        ID = id;
        next = NULL;
        Successor_ID = -1;
        rtable = new machine * [identifier_space];
    }
};

class ring_DHT
{

```

4. Btree:

Its member functions are

- `void traverse()` : Which is responsible for B-tree-traversal.
- `void insert(file k)` : Which is responsible for B-tree insertion of file.
- `void remove(int k)` : Which is responsible for B-tree deletion of file.
- and some helper functions

```

class Btree
{
public:
    int t; // Minimum degree
    BTreeNode* root; // Pointer to root node
    int total_files;

    Btree()
    {
        root = NULL;
        t = -1;
        total_files = 0;
    }

    void traverse()
    {
        if (root != NULL)
            root->traverse();
    }

    void insert(file k);

    Btree(int t)
    {
        t = t;
        root = NULL;
        total_files = 0;
    }

    BTreeNode* search(int k)
    {
        if (root == NULL)
            return NULL;
        else
            return root->search(k);
    }

    void remove(int k);

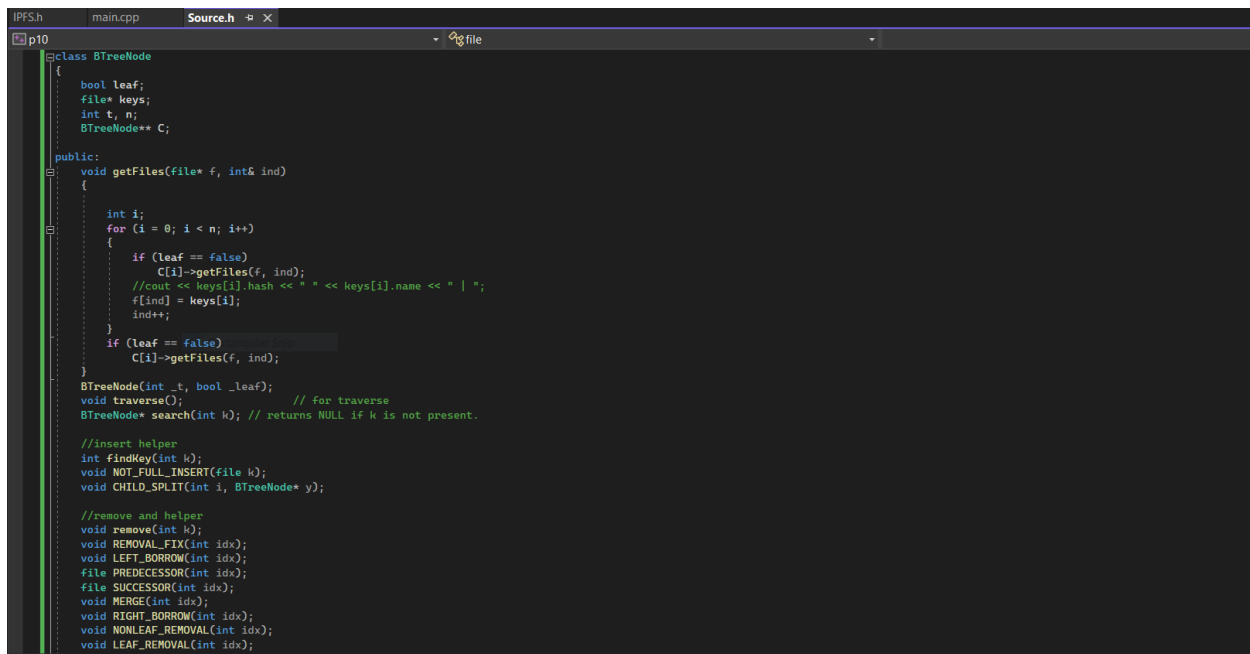
    void getFiles(file* f, int ind)
    {
        if (root != nullptr)
            root->getFiles(f, ind);
    }
};

```

5. BTreeNode:

Its member functions are

- `void traverse()` : for traverse of keys inside Node.
- `void NOT_FULL_INSERT(file k)` : for insertion when array of keys is not full.
- `void remove(int k)` : for removing keys from its array and calling its helper functions based on B-tree cases.
- And some helper functions of insert and delete of file.



```

class BTreeNode
{
    bool leaf;
    file* keys;
    int t, n;
    BTreeNode** C;

public:
    void getFiles(file* f, int& ind)
    {
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (leaf == false)
                C[i]->getFiles(f, ind);
            //cout << keys[i].hash << " " << keys[i].name << " | ";
            f[ind] = keys[i];
            ind++;
        }
        if (leaf == false)
            C[i]->getFiles(f, ind);
    }

    BTreeNode(int _t, bool _leaf);
    void traverse(); // for traverse
    BTreeNode* search(int k); // returns NULL if k is not present.

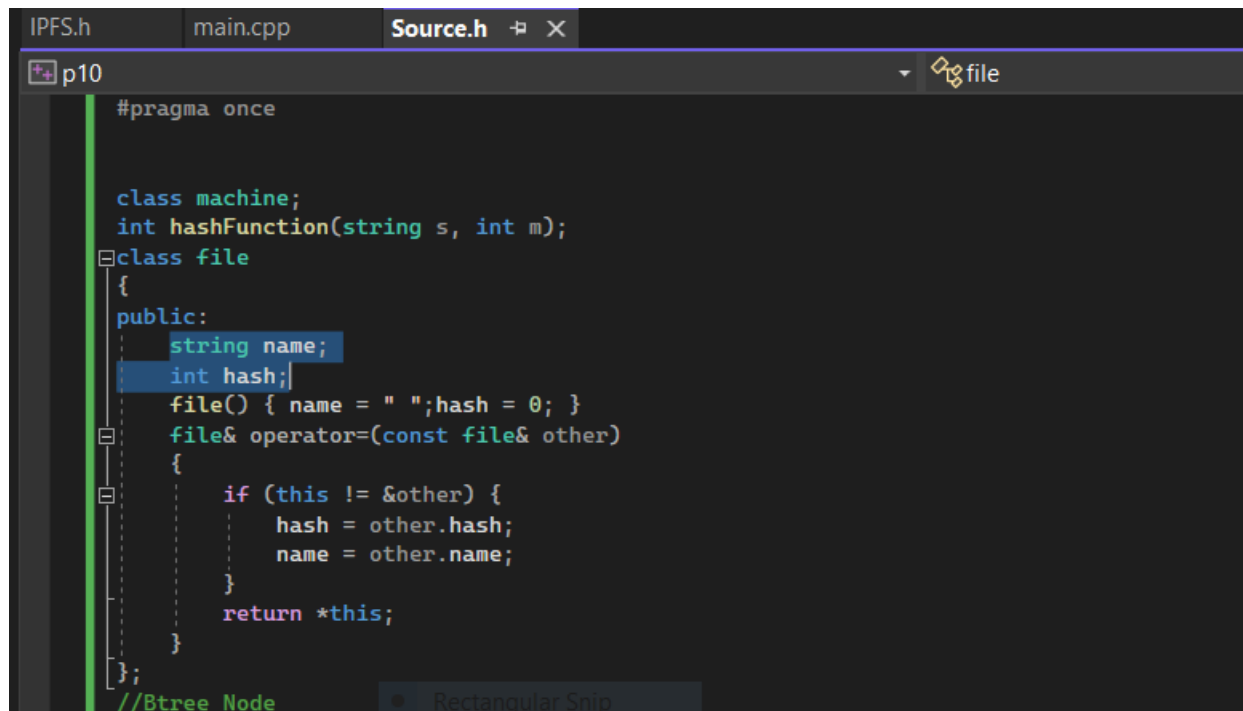
    //insert helper
    int findKey(int k);
    void NOT_FULL_INSERT(file k);
    void CHILD_SPLIT(int i, BTreeNode* y);

    //remove and helper
    void remove(int k);
    void REMOVAL_FIX(int idx);
    void LEFT_BORROW(int idx);
    file PREDECESSOR(int idx);
    file SUCCESSOR(int idx);
    void MERGE(int idx);
    void RIGHT_BORROW(int idx);
    void NONLEAF_REMOVAL(int idx);
    void LEAF_REMOVAL(int idx);
}
  
```

6. File:

Its members are

- `string name;`
- `int hash;`



The image shows a code editor window with three tabs: 'IPFS.h', 'main.cpp', and 'Source.h'. The 'Source.h' tab is active. The code defines a 'file' class with a 'name' string, a 'hash' integer, a constructor, and an overloaded assignment operator. The editor has a dark theme and a sidebar on the left showing a file explorer with 'p10' selected. A search bar at the top right contains the text 'file'.

```
#pragma once

class machine;
int hashFunction(string s, int m);
class file
{
public:
    string name;
    int hash;
    file() { name = " "; hash = 0; }
    file& operator=(const file& other)
    {
        if (this != &other) {
            hash = other.hash;
            name = other.name;
        }
        return *this;
    }
};

//Btree Node
```


USER Interface

```

C:\Users\Umar Hassan\Desktop\VISUAL STUDIO\p10\p10.exe
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

WELCOME TO IPFS

CREATED BY:
(I22-0942) MUHAMMAD UMAR HASSAN
(I22-1234) MUHAMMAD RAZA
(I22-1220) MUHAMMAD HUZAIFA
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

How many number of machines you want in your system : 4
What would be the order of Btree you want in your system : 5
Would you like to specify the size of identifier space in bits, i.e., 160 bits, 4 bits etc : 9
Select option
1. You will assign IDS manually to machine
2. You will allow us to assign IDS automatically to machines
Your choice : 1
Enter ID for machine to insert :
5
Enter ID for machine to insert :
4
Enter ID for machine to insert :
3
Enter ID for machine to insert :
7

Select option
1. You want to insert file to machine
2. You want to remove file from machine
3. You want to add a machine
4. You want to remove a machine
5. You want to display the routing table of a machine
6. You want to display the Btree of a machine
0. Exit

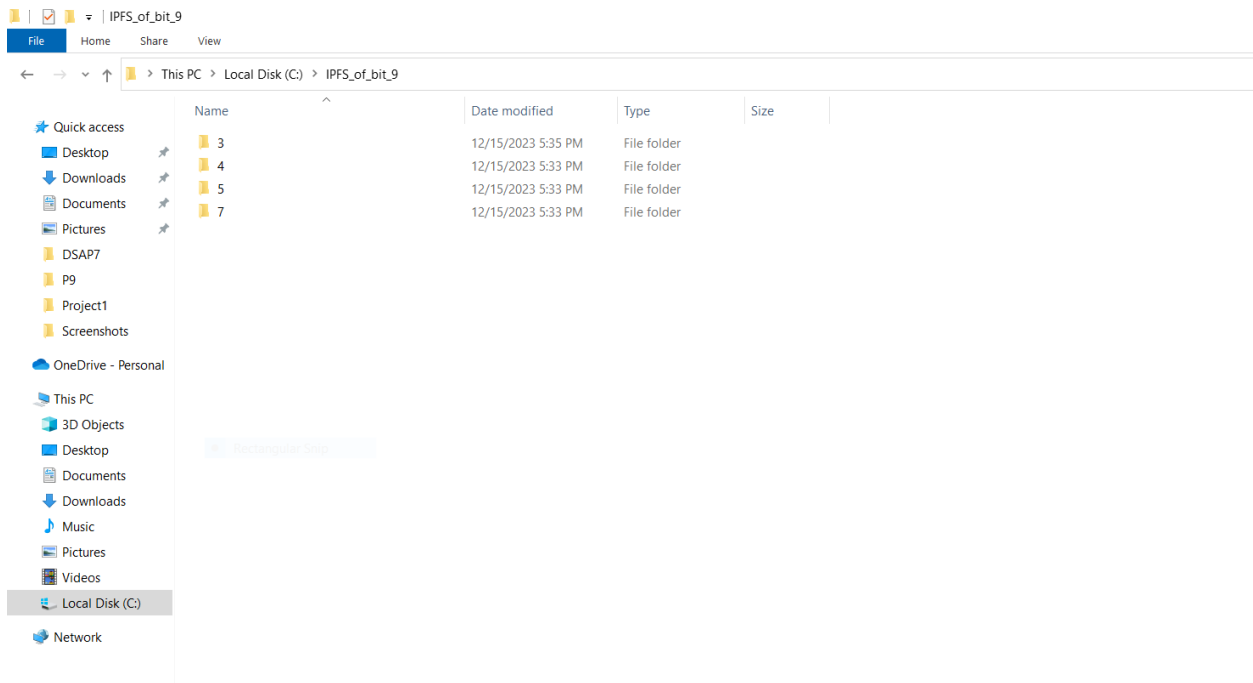
Your choice : 1
Enter the name of a file to upload on a machine : abcd
=====value : 721
The file: abcd is uploaded to machine of ID: 3
C:/IPFS_of_bit_9/3/abcd.txt | abcd.txt
File copied successfully from abcd.txt to C:/IPFS_of_bit_9/3/abcd.txt

Select option
1. You want to insert file to machine
2. You want to remove file from machine

```

IPFS Folders and Files

1. Folders of machines:



2. Files on machine 3:

