

University of the Punjab

Assignment

Ideology and Constitution of Pakistan

Topic :-

Colonialism

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Colonialism

And It's

Effects

The aftermath of British colonialism still running in the life bloods of a modern day Pakistan. This influence is strongest in language, government and education level. And also in many aspects of social attitudes. Let's talk about colonialism and its effects over language, education and government of Pakistan.

First we discuss about language. The official language of the British is English and so, they liked to promote their language. Due to this there is a great difference between English and other languages of the world. For example, in many of the honored schools and universities English is considered a social status. And due to this the Britishers made two types of

of education systems. One for the loyal members and other for the poor people. As I mentioned in such higher school or universities, they used to teach their students in very accurate way and with such quality that the students can spoke English very fluently and with great confidence. While on the other hand the lower class school, They donot teach about modern education but religion is the main silybus of their students. That's why the childrens growned in such conditioned was not confident and unable to spoke English very well. In my community, the person who can speaks English very well is honored as he was the only educated person and he knows every thing.

The colonial British model of public administration dominates the bureaucratic landscape in Pakistan. The civil services system, judiciary and local governance models have their roots in colonial era.

The function of Depty Commissioner. For example, the duty of depty Commissioner is that he/she is responsible for administration and revenue collection. Due to the colonialism, the president.

of Pakistan and the higher seated persons are directly or indirectly appointed by the Britishers. And due to this Pakistan is not growing and the economy of Pakistan is not stable.

Education system is another important point of discussion. There is a huge difference between elite class school and universities with poor class schools. For example, Aitchison maintains a curriculum that favours English literature, western sciences and British history in other words colonial mode of education. While for lower class, the education system is more near to religion. The Examination system of elite class focuses on learning and memorization and also by concepts. Due to this students are more sharp and gain more confidence. In elite class the students are often encouraged to pursue higher education abroad, leading to a brain drain. In my community students liked to go to the elite class education system to become successful person. and due to this more and more students are willing full to go to abroad and gain complete perfection in English.

British colonialism has had a long lasting effect on social attitudes thought Pakistan. There is an obvious separation between rich who can afford anything and their childrens goes to the elite class schools and universities. While on the other hand there are poor's, having such difficult conditions to sent their childrens to the higher class of education system. Due to their economical conditions, their childrens are going to public schools. As a result the person who is rich is going on to increase his wealth while the poor is always poor.

During the British colonial period brought elements of western culture. For example. Before colonialism people liked to play local games and other physical activities. But after colonialism people liked to play cricket especially youngsters. And also people liked afternoon tea. In addition to this the dressing style of the people is also changed. For example, men no more liking to wear shalwar and kamiz, and other local dresses. Due to this there is.

a mixture of new and old generation and it makes a tensions, as old fashioned collides with innovation.

The economic policies and infrastructure changes introduced during the colonial periods having lasting effects on Pakistan economy. The economical growth of any country is directly or indirectly linked with education. As I mentioned earlier that the education system of Pakistan is disturbed due to the colonialism. As there is a deficiency of educated people and due to this no more increase in industries. And the farmers are facing difficulty to access modern technology and foreign markets.

There is another field in which British influence can be seen quite clearly. Inherited features from the colonial period include common law, adversarial court procedures and terms derived from legal English. This can bring justice in a systematic manner but it also makes

The process more convoluted for an average person.

Most Public institutions, such as the police force and postal services are reminders of British rule. Now, these institutions are needed to run the government and execute public plans but at times they still have a colonial hangover.

In my community the system of police is like a danger. As the police is not doing his job but they considered themselves as the slave of the government, that results into a difficult condition and situation for common people.

As a conclusion we ^{can} say that the legacy of British colonialism in Pakistan is twoheaded as not one or a few elements were affected by colonial rule, rather multiple elements are affected.
