

## 1. Unity

### What It Means:

Unity in writing means that all parts of a paragraph or essay work together to support a single main idea or thesis.

### Good Example:

**Topic sentence:** *Online education is an effective alternative to traditional classrooms.*

**Supporting sentences:**


- It offers flexibility to students with busy schedules.
- Online courses often cost less than in-person classes.
- Students can learn at their own pace using recorded lectures.

 Every sentence supports the idea that *online education is effective*.

### Bad Example (Lacks Unity):

**Topic sentence:** *Online education is an effective alternative to traditional classrooms.*

**Off-topic sentence:** *I like eating pizza while studying.*

 This sentence is not related to the main idea and breaks the unity.

---

## 2. Support

### What It Means:

Support refers to providing enough evidence and examples to back up your claims or main idea.

### Good Example:

**Claim:** *Social media can lead to addiction.*

**Support:**

- According to a 2023 survey, teens spend an average of 7 hours a day on social media.
- Psychologists say that likes and comments trigger dopamine release, similar to gambling.
- A student admitted missing deadlines because they couldn't stop checking notifications.

 The claim is well-supported with facts, statistics, and examples.

### ✗ Bad Example (Lacks Support):

**Claim:** *Social media is bad.*

**No support:** *Everyone knows it.*

👉 The statement is too vague and has no evidence to prove the point.

---

## 3. Coherence

### 🔍 What It Means:

Coherence ensures that your ideas flow logically and are connected smoothly through transitions.

### ✅ Good Example:

**Paragraph:**

- *Online learning is flexible. For instance, students can attend classes anytime.*
- *In addition, it saves time and money on commuting.*
- *As a result, many working professionals prefer it over traditional classrooms.*

👉 The transitions (*For instance, In addition, As a result*) guide the reader and connect ideas logically.

### ✗ Bad Example (Lacks Coherence):

- *Online learning is flexible. Students like it. I have a friend who works. They study at night.*

👉 The ideas are choppy, and there are no clear links between sentences.

---

## 4. Sentence Skills

### 🔍 What It Means:

This includes grammar, punctuation, spelling, and effective sentence structure.

### ✅ Good Example:

- *The teacher explained the concept clearly, and the students understood it well.*
- *Because of the heavy rain, the match was postponed.*

👉 These are grammatically correct and clearly written.

### ✖ Bad Example (Poor Sentence Skills):

- *teacher explained clearly the concept and students understood it.*
- *rain heavy match cancel.*

👉 Problems: Capitalization, verb tense errors (*understanded* should be *understood*), and sentence structure.

---

### ✚ Summary Table:

Base	What to Check	Goal
Unity	All sentences relate to the main idea	Stay focused
Support	Use of examples, facts, reasoning	Back up claims
Coherence	Logical order, transitions, flow	Ensure smooth reading
Sentence Skills	Grammar, punctuation, structure	Make writing correct and readable

---

### 📄 Final Tip:

When revising your writing, **read each paragraph aloud**. Ask yourself:

- “Does this stay on topic?” (Unity)
- “Have I given enough detail?” (Support)
- “Do my ideas connect clearly?” (Coherence)
- “Are my sentences correct and varied?” (Sentence Skills)