## Untitled-1

```
1 # %% [markdown]
   # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 100px;</pre>
   min-width: 550px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 30px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
   rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5); border: 5px solid transparent; border-image: linear-gradient(45deg,
   #FF9950, #42E695); border-image-slice: 20; text-align: center;">
 3
 4
 5
   # <h3 style="color: #FF9950; font-family: 'Arial', sans-serif; font-size: 2em; margin-top:</pre>
   20px;">Tittle | | Visualizing the Reel World [ : <span style="color: #FFD700;">A Comprehensive
   EDA of </span>Netflix's Content</h3>
   # </div>
 6
 7
8
   # %% [markdown]
9
   # ![image](netflix.png)
10
   # %% [markdown]
11
12
   # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;
   min-width: 700px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
   rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
       <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
13
   text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
   # </div>
14
15
   #
16
17
   # %% [markdown]
   # <div style="border: 4px solid #FF5733; padding: 10px; max-width: 500px; margin: 0 auto;</pre>
18
   border-radius: 20px;">
         19
             I'm Umar Mehmood, a passionate Data Scientist and Analyst, specializing in data
20
   exploration, analysis, and visualization. My expertise lies in unraveling insights from complex
   datasets and presenting them in compelling visualizations. Let's dive deep into the world of
   data together! 📊 🔍 💥
21
         # </div>
22
23
   #
24
25
   # %% [markdown]
26
   # <div style="color:white;display:fill;border-radius:8px;font-size:200%; letter-</pre>
   spacing:1.0px;"><b><span</pre>
   style='color:#FF1140'>Social Media Links</span></b></div>
27
28
   # <div style="text-align: left;">
29
         30
             <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/umar-mehmood-147224294/"><img
31
   src="https://img.shields.io/badge/LinkedIn-Profile-blue?style=for-the-badge&logo=linkedin"
   alt="LinkedIn"/></a>
32
                 <a href="mailto:umarmehmood885@gmail.com"><img
   src="https://img.shields.io/badge/Gmail-Profile-red?style=for-the-badge&logo=gmail"
```

```
alt="Gmail"/></a>
             33
34
             35
                  <a href="https://github.com/Umar885"><img
   src="https://img.shields.io/badge/GitHub-Profile-green?style=for-the-badge&logo=github"
   alt="GitHub"/></a>
36
                 <a href="https://twitter.com/UmarMeh12214006"><img
   src="https://img.shields.io/badge/Twitter-Profile-blue?style=for-the-badge&logo=twitter"
   alt="Twitter"/></a>
             37
             38
39
                 <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/umarmehmood"><img
   src="https://img.shields.io/badge/Kaggle-Profile-orange?style=for-the-badge&logo=kaggle"
   alt="Kaggle"/></a>
40
                 <a href="https://medium.com/@umarmehmood885"><img
    src="https://img.shields.io/badge/Medium-Profile-black?style=for-the-badge&logo=medium"
   alt="Medium"/></a>
             41
42
          # </div>
43
   #
44
45
   # %% [markdown]
46
   # <a id="1"></a>
47
   # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;
48
   min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
   rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
       <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
49
   text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
    $\mathbb{X} Introduction $\mathbb{X} </h1><br>
   # </div>
50
51
   # %% [markdown]
52
53
54
   # *** Lights, camera, data! Welcome to the captivating realm of Netflix dataset
    exploration, where every datapoint holds the key to unlocking the secrets of entertainment's
    digital frontier. 💥 📈
   # In this exhilarating expedition, we'll delve deep into the vast expanse of Netflix's content
55
   universe. From critically acclaimed series to blockbuster movies, we'll dissect metadata,
   scrutinize viewer preferences, and uncover the trends shaping the future of streaming.***
56
   # %% [markdown]
57
58
   # <a id="2"></a>
   # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
59
   min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
   rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
       <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
60
   text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
    🖺 About Netflix 🖺
61
   # </h1><br>
   # </div>
62
63
```

```
# %% [markdown]
 64
    # *** Netflix is one of the most popular media and video streaming platforms. They have over
    8000 movies or TV shows available on their platform. As of mid-2021, they have over 200M
    subscribers globally. 

This tabular dataset consists of listings of all the movies and TV
    shows available on Netflix, along with details such as cast, directors, ratings, release year,
    # **The following links allowed users to obtain the Data Set from Kaggle** [link]
 66
    (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/shivamb/netflix-shows)
 67
    # %% [markdown]
 68
    # <div style="text-align: center;">
 69
          <h1 style="color: #FF1140;">Kernel Version Used:</h1>
 70
 71
          72
              style="color: #333; font-size: 18px; background-color: #FFEB3B; padding: 10px
    20px; border-radius: 5px; display: inline-block; margin: 5px;">Python 3.11.8
73
          74
    # </div>
 75
 76
 77
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;
 78
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
 79
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
      Import Librarie 🔁 </h1><br>
    # </div>
 80
 81
82
    # %%
 83
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
 84
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 85
    import seaborn as sns
 86
    import plotly.express as px
 87
    %matplotlib inline
 88
 89
90
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
 92
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
 93
    # 🗀 Import Dataset 🗀 </h1><br>
    # </div>
 94
95
    # %%
96
    df = pd.read csv("netflix titles.csv")
 97
98
99
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
100
    size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Show the head of the dataset
```

```
101
102
    # %%
    df.head()
103
104
105
    # %% [markdown]
106
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
107
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
    Basic Exploration <a> ⟨/h1⟩⟨br⟩</a>
    # </div>
108
109
110
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
111
    size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Let us take a brief look at the dataset's shape
112
113
    # %%
114
    print("Number of rows in the dataset:", df.shape[0])
115
    print("Number of columns in the dataset:", df.shape[1])
116
117
118
    # %% [markdown]
119
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
    size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Now Verifying the Column Names
120
121
    # %%
122
    df.columns
123
124
125
    # %% [markdown]
126
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
    size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Exploring the Netflix Dataset: Uncovering Insights with the info()
    Function
127
    # %%
128
129
    df.info()
130
131
    # %% [markdown]
    # <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
132
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0,
    0.7);">Observations</h1>
    # 
133
          134
    the Netflix dataset, we uncovered 8807 entries spread across 12 columns. Notably, certain
    columns like 'director', 'cast', 'country', 'rating', and 'duration' exhibit missing values,
    prompting further investigation. Moreover, while one column primarily comprises integer values,
    the remaining 11 columns are represented as object data types, indicating a predominance of
```

```
textual information. This diverse mix of data types presents an intriguing opportunity for
     exploration, promising valuable insights into Netflix's extensive content catalog.
    # 
135
136
    #
137
138
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
139
     size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
     2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">An Overview of Statistics
140
    # %%
141
142
    df.describe()
143
144
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
145
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
     rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
146
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
     Q Dealing with Missing Values Q </h1><br>
147
    # </div>
148
149
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
150
     size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
     2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Finding the Missing Values
151
    # %%
152
153
    df.isnull().sum()
154
155
    # %% [markdown]
156
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
     size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Checking the percentage of missing value
157
    # %%
158
159
    df.isnull().sum()/len(df)*100
160
161
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
162
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
    # <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
163
     text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
    # 📊 Data Visualization 📊 </h1><br>
164
    # </div>
165
166
167
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
     size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
     2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Visualizing Missing Values in the Dataset: A Plotting Guide
169
```

```
170
    # %%
171
    # Create a plot show the missing values
    sns.heatmap(df.isnull())
172
173
    plt.show()
174
175
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;
176
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
         <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-size: 2em; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing:
177
    2px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);">Observations</h1>
         To ensure the accuracy of our analysis, we
178
    need to address missing data. There are several approaches we can take:
         179
             180
    5px; box-shadow: 0px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
181
                <strong>1. Remove Rows:</strong><br>
182
                The missing values in the columns date_added, rating, and duration are 0.113546%,
    0.045418%, and 0.034064%, respectively. Due to the low percentage, rows with missing data in
    these columns were dropped.
             183
184
             5px; box-shadow: 0px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
185
                <strong>2. Mode Imputation:</strong><br>
186
                Considering the high percentage of missing values in the director, cast, and
    country columns, we decided to impute these missing values using the mode method.
187
             188
         # </div>
189
190
191
192
    df.dropna(subset= ["date_added", "rating", "duration"], inplace=True)
193
194
195
    df["director"].fillna(df["director"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
196
197
    df["cast"].fillna(df["cast"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
    df["country"].fillna(df["country"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
198
199
200
    # %%
201
    df.isnull().sum()
202
203
    # %% [markdown]
    # <p style="color: #FF6347; font-family: 'Helvetica Neue', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif; font-
204
    size: 24px; font-weight: bold; text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 1px; text-shadow: 2px
    2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3);">Checking for Duplicates in Your Dataset Effectively
205
    # %%
206
207
    # check this duplicates in dataset
    df.duplicated().sum()
208
209
210
    # %%
```

```
df["show id"].unique()
211
212
213
214
    df["show_id"].duplicated().sum()
215
216
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;</pre>
217
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          \bigcirc To verify that there are
218
    no duplicates in the dataset, I checked the Show ID column. This column should contain unique
    values, ensuring there are no repeated entries. By using this method, I confirmed that the
    dataset has zero duplicates in the Show ID column.
    # </div>
219
220
221
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
222
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
223
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">?
    Questions Answered ? </h1><br>
    # </div>
224
225
226
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;
227
    padding: 10px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          228
229
              style="font-size: 2em; color: black; line-height: 1.6;">Question 1. What is the
    distribution of content types on Netflix?
          230
231
    # </div>
232
233
    # %%
234
    df["type"].value_counts()
235
236
    # %%
    fig = px.bar(x=df["type"].value_counts().index,
237
                 y=df["type"].value counts().values,
238
239
                 color=df["type"].value_counts().index)
240
241
    # Update layout with customized title, axis labels, and background colors
242
    fig.update layout(
243
        title={
244
            'text': "Distribution of Content Type",
            'font': {'color': 'white'}
245
246
        },
247
        xaxis_title={
            'text': "Content Type",
248
249
            'font': {'color': 'white'}
250
251
        yaxis_title={
```

```
'text': "Count",
252
253
           'font': {'color': 'white'}
254
255
        plot bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
256
        paper_bgcolor='black',
257
        font=dict(color='white')
258
259
260
    fig.show()
261
262
263
    # %%
264
    import plotly.express as px
265
    fig = px.pie(df, values=df["type"].value_counts().values,
266
    names=df["type"].value_counts().index)
267
268
    fig.update_layout(title="Distribution of Content Type", plot_bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
    paper_bgcolor='black', font=dict(color='white'))
269
270
    fig.show()
271
272
273
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;</pre>
274
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
275
          276
             style="font-size: 1.1em; color: black; line-height: 1.6;">
277
                 <strong>Answer:</strong><br>
                 The dataset contains two main content types: Movies and TV Shows. The
278
    distribution is as follows:<br>
279
                 1. Movies: 69.7%<br>
280
                 2. TV Show: 30.3%
    #
             281
282
         283
    # </div>
284
285
286
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;
287
    padding: 10px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
288
         289
             Question 2. What are the
    highest release years for TV shows and movies in the Netflix dataset?
290
         # </div>
291
292
293
294
    df["release year"].unique()
295
296
    # %%
```

```
297
    df["release_year"].value_counts()
298
299
    # %%
300
301
    fig = px.bar(x=df["release_year"].value_counts().index,
302
                 y=df["release_year"].value_counts().values,
303
                 color=df["release_year"].value_counts().index)
304
305
    # Update layout with customized title, axis labels, and background colors
306
307
    fig.update_layout(
308
        title={
309
            'text': "Highest Release Years for TV Shows and Movies",
310
            'font': {'color': 'white'}
311
        },
312
        xaxis_title={
313
            'text': "Release Year",
314
            'font': {'color': 'white'}
315
        },
316
        yaxis_title={
317
            'text': "Count",
            'font': {'color': 'white'}
318
319
320
        plot bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
321
        paper_bgcolor='black',
322
        font=dict(color='white')
323
    )
324
325
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;
326
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
327
          328
329
    #
                  <strong>Answer:</strong><br>
                  the highest release year for both TV shows and movies is 2018. No data exceeds
330
    that year.
331
              332
          # </div>
333
334
335
    grouped_data = df.groupby(['release_year', 'type']).size().reset_index(name='count')
336
337
    fig = px.bar(grouped_data, x='release_year', y='count', color='type',
338
                 title="Highest Release Years for TV Shows and Movies",
339
                 labels={'release_year': "Release Year", 'count': "Count", 'type': "Type"},
340
                 color discrete map={'Movie': 'blue', 'TV Show': 'green'})
341
342
    fig.update_layout(
343
        plot_bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
344
        paper_bgcolor='black',
```

```
345
         font=dict(color='white')
346
     )
347
    highest_release_year = grouped_data[grouped_data["count"] == grouped_data["count"].max()]
     ["release_year"].iloc[0]
    highest type = grouped_data[grouped_data["count"] == grouped_data["count"].max()]
348
     ["type"].iloc[0]
349
     print(f"The highest type on the release year {highest_release_year} is {highest_type}.")
350
    fig.show()
351
352
    # %% [markdown]
    # <!DOCTYPE html>
353
354
    # <html lang="en">
    # <head>
355
356
    #
           <meta charset="UTF-8">
357
           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
           <title>Kernel Version</title>
358
           <style>
359
    #
               body {
360
                   background-color: #e0f7fa; /* Changed background color */
361
    #
                   font-family: 'Arial', sans-serif;
362
363
    #
                   display: flex;
                   justify-content: center;
364
                   align-items: center;
365
    #
366
                   height: 100vh;
367
    #
                   margin: 0;
368
369
    #
               .container {
370
                   text-align: center;
371
    #
                   padding: 20px 30px; /* Reduced padding */
372
                   border-radius: 15px;
                   box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
373
    #
                   max-width: 700px; /* Restricted width */
374
                   width: 100%:
375
    #
376
               }
377
               h1 {
378
                   color: black; /* Changed text color */
379
    #
                   font-size: 1.5em; /* Reduced font size */
380
                   margin: 0;
                   text-align: left; /* Align heading to the left */
381
382
    #
               }
383
    #
               p {
                   font-size: 1em; /* Reduced font size */
384
385
    #
                   color: #000; /* Changed text color */
386
                   background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
                   padding: 10px;
387
                   border-radius: 10px;
388
389
                   display: inline-block;
390
    #
                   margin-top: 10px;
391
    #
392
    #
           </style>
```

```
393
    # </head>
    # <body>
394
395
           <div class="container">
396
               <h1>Observations</h1> <!-- Move the h1 tag inside the p tag -->
397
    #
               <l
398
                   From the visualization of movie and TV show releases by year, it's evident
     that the count of movie releases is consistently higher than TV shows across multiple years.
     This suggests a stronger focus on producing movies within the Netflix dataset.
399
               400
           </div>
401
    # </body>
     # </html>
402
403
    #
404
405
    # %% [markdown]
    # <!DOCTYPE html>
406
    # <html lang="en">
407
    # <head>
408
           <meta charset="UTF-8">
409
    #
           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
410
    #
411
    #
           <title>Kernel Version</title>
412
    #
           <style>
    #
413
               body {
414
    #
                   background-color: #e0f7fa; /* Changed background color */
415
    #
                   font-family: 'Arial', sans-serif;
                   display: flex;
416
    #
417
    #
                   justify-content: center;
418
    #
                   align-items: center;
419
    #
                   height: 100vh;
420
    #
                   margin: 0;
421
    #
               }
422
    #
               .container {
                   padding: 20px 30px; /* Reduced padding */
423
    #
424
    #
                   border-radius: 15px;
425
                   box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
426 #
                   max-width: 700px; /* Restricted width */
427
    #
                   width: 100%;
               }
428 #
429
               p {
430
    #
                   font-size: 1em; /* Reduced font size */
431
    #
                   color: #000; /* Changed text color */
432
    #
                   background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
433
    #
                   padding: 10px;
434
    #
                   border-radius: 10px;
                   display: inline-block;
435
436
    #
                   margin-top: 10px;
437
                   text-align: left; /* Align text to the left */
438
    #
439
           </style>
440
    # </head>
```

```
# <body>
441
442
          <div class="container">
              <l
443
    #
444
                  <0>
445
    # Question 3. Which country produces the most content on Netflix?
446
              </div>
447
    #
    # </body>
448
    # </html>
449
450
451
    # %%
452
    grouped_data = df.groupby(['type', 'country']).size().reset_index(name='count')
453
    grouped data
454
455
    # %%
    grouped_data = df.groupby(['type', 'country']).size().reset_index(name='count')
456
457
    grouped_data = grouped_data.sort_values(by="count", ascending=False)
458
    grouped data = grouped data.head(10)
459
    fig = px.bar(grouped_data, x='country', y='count', color='country',
460
                 title="Highest Countries for Movies&TV Show",
461
                 labels={'country': "Country", 'count': "Count"},
                 color_discrete_map={'United States': 'blue', 'India': 'green'})
462
463
    fig.update layout(
         plot bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
464
465
         paper_bgcolor='black',
466
         font=dict(color='white')
467
468
    fig.show()
469
470
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;
471
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          472
              style="font-size: 1.1em; color: black; line-height: 1.6;">
473
    #
                  <strong>Answer:</strong><br>
474
475
                  The United States is the leading content producer on Netflix, followed by India,
    the United Kingdom, and Japan.
476
              477
          478
    # </div>
479
480
    # %% [markdown]
481
    # <!DOCTYPE html>
482
    # <html lang="en">
    # <head>
483
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
484
    #
485
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
486
    #
          <title>Kernel Version</title>
487
    #
          <stvle>
488
    #
              body {
```

```
background-color: #e0f7fa; /* Changed background color */
489
    #
                   font-family: 'Arial', sans-serif;
490
    #
                   display: flex;
491
    #
                   justify-content: center;
492
    #
493
    #
                   align-items: center;
494
    #
                   height: 100vh;
                   margin: 0;
495
    #
               }
496
    #
               .container {
497
    #
498
    #
                   padding: 20px 30px; /* Reduced padding */
                   border-radius: 15px;
499
    #
500
    #
                   box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
501
    #
                   max-width: 700px; /* Restricted width */
502
                   width: 100%;
503
    #
               }
504
    #
               p {
                   font-size: 1em; /* Reduced font size */
    #
505
                   color: #000; /* Changed text color */
506
    #
                   background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
507
    #
                   padding: 10px;
508
509
    #
                   border-radius: 10px;
                   display: inline-block;
510
511
    #
                   margin-top: 10px;
                   text-align: left; /* Align text to the left */
512
    #
513
    #
               }
514
    #
           </style>
515
    # </head>
516
    # <body>
           <div class="container">
517
    #
518
               <l
519
    #
                   Question 4. What is the average duration of Movies and TV Shows?
               520
    #
521
           </div>
    #
522
    # </body>
523
    # </html>
524
    # %%
525
526
    grouped_data = df.groupby(['type', 'duration']).size().reset_index(name='count')
527
528
    grouped data = grouped data.sort values(by="count", ascending=False)
529
    grouped_data
530
    # %%
531
532
    # Create a bar plot
533
534
    fig = px.bar(grouped_data, x='duration', y='count', color='type',
535
                  title="Duration of Movies&TV Show",
536
                  labels={'duration': "Duration", 'count': "Count"},
537
                  color_discrete_map={'Short': 'blue', 'Long': 'green'})
538 fig.update_layout(
```

```
539
         plot bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
540
         paper_bgcolor='black',
541
         font=dict(color='white')
542
     )
543
544
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;</pre>
545
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          546
547
              style="font-size: 1.1em; color: black; line-height: 1.6;">
548
                 <strong>Answer:</strong><br>
                 1. Movies: The average duration is approximately 90 minutes.<br/>br>
549
    # 2. TV Shows: The average number of seasons per show is 1.
550
551
             552
          553
    # </div>
554
555
    # %%
556
    grouped_data = df.groupby(['director']).size().reset_index(name='count')
557
    grouped data.head(10)
558
559
    # %%
560
    # create a bar plot show the top director
561
562
    fig = px.bar(grouped_data.head(10), x='director', y='count',
                   title="Top 10 directors",
563
                   labels={'director': "Director", 'count': "Count"},
564
565
                   color_discrete_map={'United States': 'blue', 'India': 'green'})
566
    fig.update_layout(
567
            plot_bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
            paper bgcolor='black',
568
569
            font=dict(color='white')
570
571
    fig.show()
572
573
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;</pre>
574
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          575
576
              577
                 <strong>Answer:</strong><br>
                 The top 10 directors in the Netflix dataset include A. L. Vijay, A.R. Murugadoss,
578
    and Aamir Khan among others, showcasing a diverse range.
579
              580
581
    # </div>
582
583
    # %% [markdown]
584
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
```

7/8/24, 3:03 PM

```
Untitled-1
    # <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
585
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
     | Summary | </h1><br>
    # </div>
586
587
588
    # %% [markdown]
589
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0f;
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
590
          The Netflix dataset has 8807
    entries: 69.7% movies and 30.3% TV shows. The peak release year is 2018. Top countries are the
    USA, India, and the UK. Popular ratings are TV-MA and TV-14, with common genres being dramas,
    comedies, and documentaries, showcasing Netflix's diverse and global content.
    # </div>
591
592
593
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
594
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
595
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
     Conclusion (*) </h1><br>
    # </div>
596
597
598
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div class="container" style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f0f0f0;</pre>
599
    padding: 20px; border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);">
          The Netflix dataset reveals
600
    a dynamic and expansive content library, with a strong emphasis on movies, particularly in
    recent years. The diversity in genres, ratings, and international representation highlights
    Netflix's strategy to cater to a broad, global audience. This rich variety ensures that Netflix
    remains a leading platform for entertainment, appealing to diverse tastes and preferences
    worldwide.
    # </div>
601
602
603
    # %% [markdown]
    # <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; min-height: 50px;</pre>
604
    min-width: 500px; background-color: #334445; border-radius: 20px; box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px
    rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);">
605
        <h1 style="color: #FF1140; font-family: 'Arial Black', Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 2em;</pre>
    text-transform: uppercase; letter-spacing: 4px; text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);">
     The END  </h1><br>
```

606 # </div>