

# AI1103-Assignment 4

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Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Umesh-k26/AI-1103/blob/main/Assignment4/assignment4.tex>

and python codes from

<https://github.com/Umesh-k26/AI-1103/tree/main/Assignment4/codes>

Required probability,

$$= P_X(x_2 > x_3 > x_4 > x_5) \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$= P_X(x_2 = \max(x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)) \times P_X(x_3 = \max(x_3, x_4, x_5)) \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$\times P_X(x_4 = \max(x_4, x_5)) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4!} \quad (0.0.6)$$

UGC/MATH 2019, Q.50

Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5$  be *i.i.d.* random variables having a continuous distribution function. Then

$$\Pr(X_1 > X_2 > X_3 > X_4 > X_5 | X_1 = \max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5))$$

equals \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1)  $\frac{1}{4}$
- 2)  $\frac{1}{5}$
- 3)  $\frac{1}{4!}$
- 4)  $\frac{1}{5!}$

The correct answer is **Option 3.**

**SOLUTION**

Since  $X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$  and  $X_5$  are identical and independently distributed random variables, they can be represented by a single random variable  $X$ .

Let

$$\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\} \in X$$

Required probability,

$$= \Pr(X_1 > X_2 > X_3 > X_4 > X_5 | X_1 = \max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5)) \quad (0.0.1)$$

$$= P_X(x_1 > x_2 > x_3 > x_4 > x_5 | x_1 = \max(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)) \quad (0.0.2)$$