AI1103-Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Umesh-k26/Assignment/blob/ main/Assignment1/assignment.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Umesh-k26/Assignment/blob/ main/Assignment1/assignment.tex

QUESTION

A family has two children. What is the probability that both the children are boys given that at least one of them is a boy?

SOLUTION

Given, a family has two children. Let's denote girl by 'G' and boy by 'B'. Sample space of the outcomes is given by:

$$S = [(B, B), (G, B), (B, G), (G, G)]$$

Let X denote the random variable representing number of boys.

$$X = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

where n = 2 and $p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$Pr(X = 0) = {}^{2}C_{0} \times q^{2} = \frac{1}{4} (0.0.1)$$

$$Pr(X = 1) = {}^{2}C_{1} \times p \times q = \frac{2}{4} (0.0.2)$$

$$\Pr(X = 1) = {}^{2}C_{1} \times p \times q = \frac{2}{4} (0.0.2)$$

$$Pr(X = 2) = {}^{2}C_{2} \times p^{2} = \frac{1}{4} (0.0.3)$$

$$\Pr(X \ge 1) = \Pr(X = 1) + \Pr(X = 2) = \frac{3}{4} (0.0.4)$$

To find $Pr(X = 2 | X \ge 1)$.

$$\Pr(X = 2 \mid X \ge 1) = \frac{\Pr(X = 2)}{\Pr(X \ge 1)}$$
 (0.0.5)

$$=\frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{3}{4}}\tag{0.0.6}$$

$$=\frac{1}{3}$$
 (0.0.7)

... The probability that both the children are boys given that at least one of them is a boy is $\frac{1}{3}$.