

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



## LAB REPORT

on

## OBJECT ORIENTED JAVA PROGRAMMING

*Submitted by*

**UMESHA H N (1BM24CS428)**

*in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of*

## BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

*in*

## COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



## B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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**B. M. S. College of Engineering,  
Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019**  
(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)  
**Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "**OBJECT ORIENTED JAVA PROGRAMMING**" carried out by **UMESHA H N (1BM24CS428)**, who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2024-25. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of **Object-Oriented Java Programming Lab - (23CS3PCOOJ)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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## PROGRAMS

1. Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ . Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac$  is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

### Screen shots

1. Develop a Java Program that Prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ . Read in a,b,c and use the Quadratic Formula. If discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac < 0$ , display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class QuadraticEquationSolver {
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.print ("Enter coefficient a:");
        double a = scanner.nextDouble();
        System.out.print ("Enter coefficient b:");
        double b = scanner.nextDouble();
        System.out.print ("Enter coefficient c:");
        double c = scanner.nextDouble();
        double discriminant = b*b - 4*a*c;
        if (discriminant > 0) {
            double root1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
            double root2 = (-b - Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
            System.out.println ("The equation has two real solutions: " + root1 + " and " + root2);
        } else
            System.out.println ("The equation has one real solution: " + root1);
    }
}
```

case 1 if (discriminant == 0)

{  
double root = a - b / (2 \* a);  
System.out.println ("The equation has one  
real solution : " + root);

}

scanner.close();

} // else if (root < 0)  
// root is negative

}

else { // discriminant > 0  
case 1:

Enter coefficient a: 1.000000000000000

Enter coefficient b: 2.000000000000000

Enter coefficient c: 1.000000000000000

The equation has one real solution:-1.0

case 2: discriminant < 0

Enter coefficient a: 8.000000000000000

Enter coefficient b: 6.000000000000000

Enter coefficient c: 9.000000000000000

The equation has no real solutions.

case 3:

Enter coefficient a: 0.000000000000000

Enter coefficient b: 7.000000000000000

Enter coefficient c: 0.000000000000000

The equation has two real solutions,  
: now and -infinity

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DRAFT 10/10/2018 10:45 AM

## Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class QuadraticEquation {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter value of a: ");
        double a = scanner.nextDouble();

        System.out.print("Enter value of b: ");
        double b = scanner.nextDouble();

        System.out.print("Enter value of c: ");
        double c = scanner.nextDouble();

        double discriminant = b * b - 4 * a * c;

        if (discriminant < 0) {
            System.out.println("No real solutions");
        } else {
            double root1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
            double root2 = (-b - Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
            System.out.println("Root 1: " + root1);
            System.out.println("Root 2: " + root2);
        }
    }
}
```

## OUTPUT

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java1.java
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java QuadraticEquation
Enter value of a: 1
Enter value of b: -3
Enter value of c: 2
Root 1: 2.0
Root 2: 1.0
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java QuadraticEquation
Enter value of a: 1
Enter value of b: 22
Enter value of c: 5
Root 1: -0.22967038573099252
Root 2: -21.77032961426901
```

2. Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

### Screen shots

2. Develop a Java Program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Student {
    String usn;
    String name;
    int[] credits;
    int[] marks;
    int numSubjects;
    void acceptDetails()
    {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter USN:");
        usn = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter Name:");
        name = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter number of subjects");
        numSubjects = scanner.nextInt();
        numSubjects = scanner.nextInt();
        credits = new int[numSubjects];
        marks = new int[numSubjects];
        for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++)
        {
            System.out.print("Enter credits for subject " + i + ": ");
            credits[i] = scanner.nextInt();
            System.out.print("Enter marks for subject " + i + ": ");
            marks[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
    }
    void displayDetails()
    {
        System.out.print("USN: " + usn);
        System.out.print("Name: " + name);
```

```

System.out.print("Subject details:");
for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
    System.out.print("Subject " + (i + 1) + ": Credit " + credit[i] +
        " Marks " + marks[i]);
}
}

double calculateSGPA() {
    int totalCredits = 0;
    double totalCreditPoints = 0.0;
    for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
        int gradePoint = getGradePoint(marks[i]);
        totalCreditPoints = credit[i] * gradePoint;
        totalCredits += credit[i];
    }
    return totalCreditPoints / totalCredits;
}

int getGradePoint(int marks) {
    if (marks >= 90) return 10;
    else if (marks >= 80) return 9;
    else if (marks >= 70) return 8;
    else if (marks >= 60) return 7;
    else if (marks >= 50) return 6;
    else if (marks >= 40) return 5;
    else return 4;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Student student = new Student();
    student.acceptDetails();
    student.displayDetails();
}

```

```
double sgpa = Student.calculateSGPA();
System.out.print("SGPA: " + sgpa);
slip
```

```
Enter number of subjects : 2
Student name: umesh
Urn: 2UBETCS424
Enter max credit?
Sub 1 : 4
Sub 2 : 4
Enter marks for each subject:
marks for sub1 : 75
marks for sub2 : 63
marks for sub3 : 79
```

~~student details~~

```
name: udaykumar kothur. giri
urn : 2UBETCS424
SGPA: 7.66
```

## Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Student {

    String usn;
    String name;
    int[] credits;
    int[] marks;

    Student(int numSubjects) {
        credits = new int[numSubjects];
        marks = new int[numSubjects];
    }

    void acceptDetails() {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter USN: ");
        usn = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
        name = scanner.nextLine();

        for (int i = 0; i < credits.length; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter credits for subject " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            credits[i] = scanner.nextInt();

            System.out.print("Enter marks for subject " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            marks[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
    }
}
```

```
        }

    }

void displayDetails() {
    System.out.println("USN: " + usn);
    System.out.println("Name: " + name);

    for (int i = 0; i < credits.length; i++) {
        System.out.println("Subject " + (i + 1) + ": Marks = " + marks[i] + ", Credits = " + credits[i]);
    }
}

double calculateSGPA() {
    double totalCredits = 0;
    double weightedMarks = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < credits.length; i++) {
        totalCredits += credits[i];
        weightedMarks += (marks[i] * credits[i]);
    }

    return weightedMarks / totalCredits;
}

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.print("Enter number of subjects: ");
int numSubjects = scanner.nextInt();

Student student = new Student(numSubjects);

student.acceptDetails();
student.displayDetails();

double sgpa = student.calculateSGPA();
System.out.println("SGPA: " + sgpa);

}

}
```

### Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java2.java
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Main
Enter number of subjects: 3
Enter USN: 24BE24cs428
Enter Name: Umesh H N
Enter credits for subject 1: 3
Enter marks for subject 1: 98
Enter credits for subject 2: 2
Enter marks for subject 2: 91
Enter credits for subject 3: 4
Enter marks for subject 3: 89
USN: 24BE24cs428
Name: Umesh H N
Subject 1: Marks = 98, Credits = 3
Subject 2: Marks = 91, Credits = 2
Subject 3: Marks = 89, Credits = 4
SGPA: 92.4444444444444444
```

3..Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a toString( ) method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects

### Screen shots

3. Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a toString( ) method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Book
{
    private String name; @author;
    private double price;
    private int page;
    public Book (String name, String author,
                double price, int numpage)
    {
        this.name = name;
        this.author = author;
        this.Price = price;
        this.numpage = numpage;
    }
    public String getname()
    {
        return name;
    }
    public String getauthor()
    {
        return author;
    }
    public double getPrice()
    {
        return price;
    }
}
```

```
public int getPage()
{
    return getPage;
}

public void setName(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

public void setAuthor(String author)
{
    this.author = author;
}

public void setPrice(double price)
{
    this.Price = price;
}

public void setNumPages(int numPages)
{
    this.numPages = numPages;
}

@Override
public String toString()
{
    return "Book{" +
        "name=" + name + ", " +
        "author=" + author + ", " +
        "Price=" + Price + ", " +
        "numPages=" + numPages + "}";
}
```

```
public class BookProgram {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of book : ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine();
        Book[] books = new Book[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.println("Enter details of book");
            String name = scanner.nextLine();
            System.out.println("Author : ");
            String author = scanner.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Price : ");
            double price = scanner.nextDouble();
            System.out.print("number of pages : ");
            int numPages = scanner.nextInt();
            scanner.nextLine();
            books[i] = new Book(name, author, price, numPages);
        }
        System.out.println("Book Details : ");
        for (Book book : books) {
            System.out.println(book);
        }
    }
}
```

Scanne.Close();  
off  
number of books : 3  
Enter details of Book 1  
Enter book name : Harry Potter  
author name : JK Rowling  
enter price = 560  
number of pages : 200

## Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Book {

    String name;
    String author;
    double price;
    int num_pages;

    public Book(String name, String author, double price, int num_pages) {
        this.name = name;
        this.author = author;
        this.price = price;
        this.num_pages = num_pages;
    }

    public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public void setAuthor(String author) {
        this.author = author;
    }

    public String getAuthor() {
```

```
        return author;
    }

    public void setPrice(double price) {
        this.price = price;
    }

    public double getPrice() {
        return price;
    }

    public void setNumPages(int num_pages) {
        this.num_pages = num_pages;
    }

    public int getNumPages() {
        return num_pages;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Book Name: " + name + "\n" +
               "Author: " + author + "\n" +
               "Price: " + price + "\n" +
               "Number of Pages: " + num_pages;
    }
}

class Main {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
    System.out.print("Enter the number of books you want to create: ");  
    int n = scanner.nextInt();  
    scanner.nextLine();  
  
    Book[] books = new Book[n];  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        System.out.println("\nEnter details for Book " + (i + 1));  
  
        System.out.print("Enter book name: ");  
        String name = scanner.nextLine();  
  
        System.out.print("Enter author name: ");  
        String author = scanner.nextLine();  
  
        System.out.print("Enter price: ");  
        double price = scanner.nextDouble();  
  
        System.out.print("Enter number of pages: ");  
        int num_pages = scanner.nextInt();  
        scanner.nextLine();  
  
        books[i] = new Book(name, author, price, num_pages);  
    }  
  
    System.out.println("\nDetails of all books:");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    System.out.println("\nBook " + (i + 1) + " details:");  
    System.out.println(books[i].toString());  
}  
}  
}
```

## Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Main  
● Enter the number of books you want to create: 2  
  
Enter details for Book 1  
Enter book name: Python  
Enter author name: Guido van rossom  
Enter price: 1200  
Enter number of pages: 345  
  
Enter details for Book 2  
Enter book name: Jav  
Enter author name: james gosling  
Enter price: 1298  
Enter number of pages: 234  
  
Details of all books:  
  
Book 1 details:  
Book Name: Python  
Author: Guido van rossom  
Price: 1200.0  
Number of Pages: 345  
  
Book 2 details:  
Book Name: Jav  
Author: james gosling  
Price: 1298.0  
Number of Pages: 234  
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> ^C
```

4. Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

### Screen shots

Q. Develop a Java Pgm to Create an Abst.  
-ract class named Shape that Contains two  
integers and an empty method, named print  
area(); provides three classes name Rectang  
le, triangle and circle such that each one of  
the classes extends the CLASS Shape. Each  
one of the classes Contain Only the method  
print area(); that prints the area of  
The given shape .\*/

```
import java.util.Scanner;
abstract class Shape
{
    abstract void printArea();
    int integer1;
    int integer2;
    int result;
}
class rectangle extends Shape
{
    void printArea()
    {
        System.out.println("rectangle");
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the width");
        integer1 = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the height");
        integer2 = scanner.nextInt();
        result = (integer1 * integer2);
        System.out.println("The value of area  
of rectangle is: " + result);
    }
}
class triangle extends Shape
{
    void printArea()
    {
        System.out.println("triangle");
        System.out.println("Enter the base");
        integer1 = scanner.nextInt();
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Enter height:");
integer1 = scanner.nextInt();
double result = (0.5 * integer1 * integer2);
System.out.println("The value of area of
Triangle is: " + result);

}

class Circle extends Shape
{
    void printArea()
    {
        System.out.println("Circle");
        System.out.print("Enter the radius:");
        integer1 = scanner.nextInt();
        double result = 3.14 * integer1 * integer1;
        System.out.println("The value of area
of Circle is: " + result);
    }
}

public class main
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Rectangle R = new Rectangle();
        Triangle T = new Triangle();
        Circle C = new Circle();
        R.printArea();
        T.printArea();
        C.printArea();
    }
}
```

```
abstract class Shape {  
    int dimension1;  
    int dimension2;  
  
    abstract void printArea();  
}  
  
class Rectangle extends Shape {  
    public Rectangle(int length, int width) {  
        dimension1 = length;  
        dimension2 = width;  
    }  
  
    void printArea() {  
        int area = dimension1 * dimension2;  
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + area);  
    }  
}  
  
class Triangle extends Shape {  
    public Triangle(int base, int height) {  
        dimension1 = base;  
        dimension2 = height;  
    }  
  
    void printArea() {  
        double area = 0.5 * dimension1 * dimension2;  
        System.out.println("Area of Triangle: " + area);  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
class Circle extends Shape {  
    public Circle(int radius) {  
        dimension1 = radius;  
        dimension2 = 0;  
    }  
  
    void printArea() {  
        double area = Math.PI * dimension1 * dimension1;  
        System.out.println("Area of Circle: " + area);  
    }  
}
```

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Shape rectangle = new Rectangle(5, 3);  
        Shape triangle = new Triangle(4, 6);  
        Shape circle = new Circle(7);  
  
        rectangle.printArea();  
        triangle.printArea();  
        circle.printArea();  
    }  
}
```

## Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java4.java
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Main
Area of Rectangle: 15
Area of Triangle: 12.0
Area of Circle: 153.93804002589985
```

5. Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed. Create a class Account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks:

- a) Accept deposit from customer and update the balance.
- b) Display the balance.
- c) Compute and deposit interest
- d) Permit withdrawal and update the balance Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

5. Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance above the and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed. Create a class account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks.

- a) accept deposit from customer and update the balance
- b) display the balance
- c) compute and deposit interest
- d) permit withdrawal and update the balance, check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance

class accounts

```
{  
    string customer-name;  
    long acc-no;  
    string typeofaccount;  
    double balance;  
    Account1( String customer-name, long  
    acc-no, string typeofaccount, double bal-  
    ance){  
        this.customer-name = customer-name;  
        this.acc-no = acc-no;  
        this.typeofaccount = typeofaccount ;  
        this.balance = balance;  
    }  
}
```

```

void displaybalance()
{
    System.out.println("The balance of the
    accno" + account_no + "and name" + customer
    name + " is : " + balam());
}

void deposit(int amount)
{
    balance += amount;
    System.out.println("The amount of " + am
    -ount + " has been debited");
}

void withdrawl(int amount)
{
    if (balance > amount)
    {
        System.out.println("The available
        balance");
    }
    else
    {
        this.balance -= amount;
        System.out.println("Amount of " + am
        -ount + " has been successfully withdrawn");
    }
}

class Savings_Account extends Account {
    double compounded_interest = 0.04;
    Savings_Account(String customer_name, long
    acc_no) {
        super(customer_name, acc_no, "Savings");
    }

    super(customer_name, acc_no, "Savings"
    ,0);
}

```

```
void compoundInterest()
{
    double interestAmount => balance * (comp-
    interest);
    balance += interestAmount;
    System.out.println("Interest deposited:");
}

class CurrentAccount extends Account
{
    boolean checkOverbook = true;
    double minimumBalance = 5000;
    double serviceCharge = 50;

    CurrentAccount(String customerName, long
    accNo)
    {
        super(customerName, accNo, "Current");
    }

    void withdraw(int amount)
    {
        if(balance > amount)
        {
            this.balance -= amount;
            System.out.println("The amount of
            amount = " + withdrawSuccessfully);
        }
        if(balance <= minimumBalance)
        {
            import Penality;
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Insufficient Balance");
        }
    }
}
```

```
void imposePenalty() {  
    balance -= serviceCharges;  
    System.out.println("Penalty added");  
}  
  
}  
  
public class Bank {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {
```

public class Bank {  
 public static void main (String args) {

```
public static void main(String args[]){}
```

2

## Saving & Account for members

```
savingAccount + (" " + name + " ", 12345678);
```

### 3a. *diploaybalans*

sa. *rein drau( )* *rein drau( )* *rein drau( )*

Ca. deposit (1000)

SA. deposit (1880)

#### sa. CompoundInterest( )

Santesson (1900);

so-called *diplosporangia* (see Fig.

Current Account CA 5 new Current Account (A/C No. 987654321)

ANSWER TO THE QUESTION

CH . display location (3)  
20 - 1000 (sec)

CA - Windows (500)  
- Linux (500)

20. deposit (verb)

co. deposit (1000)  
co. - - - - - (1000)

10.  $\frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 50$  (Ans.)

20. *Myopagaleus*

5

5

clp

The balance of the 123456789 atm  
umekh is 9,999.00

Insufficient balance

Amount of 1000.0 has been debited

Amount of 1000.0 has been debited

Interest deposited

Amount of 1000.0 successfully drawn

The balance of the 12345678 atm  
umekh is 1080.6

The balance of the 987654321 atm  
umekh is 5000.00

Amount of 500 withdrawn successfully  
Penalty added

Amount of 1000.00 has been debited

Amount of 1000.00 has been debited

Amount of 1000 withdrawn successfully

The balance of the 987654321 atm  
umekh is 3450.0

~~✓ S. K. M.~~

## Code

```
java.util.Scanner;

class Account {
    String customerName;
    int accountNumber;
    double balance;
    String accountType;

    public Account(String customerName, int accountNumber, String accountType, double initialBalance) {
        this.customerName = customerName;
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
        this.accountType = accountType;
        this.balance = initialBalance;
    }

    public void deposit(double amount) {
        balance += amount;
    }

    public void displayBalance() {
        System.out.println("Current Balance: " + balance);
    }

    public void withdraw(double amount) {
        if (balance >= amount) {
            balance -= amount;
            System.out.println("Withdrawal successful. New balance: " + balance);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    } else {
        System.out.println("Insufficient balance.");
    }
}

public String getAccountType() {
    return accountType;
}

}

class SavAcct extends Account {
    double interestRate;

    public SavAcct(String customerName, int accountNumber, double initialBalance, double interestRate) {
        super(customerName, accountNumber, "Savings", initialBalance);
        this.interestRate = interestRate;
    }

    public void computeAndDepositInterest() {
        double interest = balance * interestRate / 100;
        balance += interest;
        System.out.println("Interest of " + interest + " has been added to the balance.");
    }
}

class CurAcct extends Account {
    double minimumBalance;
    double serviceCharge;
```

```
public CurAcct(String customerName, int accountNumber, double initialBalance, double minimumBalance, double serviceCharge) {  
    super(customerName, accountNumber, "Current", initialBalance);  
    this.minimumBalance = minimumBalance;  
    this.serviceCharge = serviceCharge;  
}  
  
@Override  
public void withdraw(double amount) {  
    if (balance - amount >= minimumBalance) {  
        balance -= amount;  
        System.out.println("Withdrawal successful. New balance: " + balance);  
    } else {  
        System.out.println("Balance falls below minimum required balance. Service charge applied.");  
        balance -= serviceCharge;  
        System.out.println("Service charge of " + serviceCharge + " has been deducted.");  
    }  
}  
}  
  
public class Bank {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        Account account = null;  
  
        System.out.println("Enter customer name: ");  
        String name = scanner.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.println("Enter account number: ");
int accountNumber = scanner.nextInt();

System.out.println("Enter account type (Savings/Current): ");
String accountType = scanner.next();

if (accountType.equalsIgnoreCase("Savings")) {
    System.out.println("Enter initial deposit: ");
    double initialBalance = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.println("Enter interest rate: ");
    double interestRate = scanner.nextDouble();
    account = new SavAcct(name, accountNumber, initialBalance, interestRate);
} else if (accountType.equalsIgnoreCase("Current")) {
    System.out.println("Enter initial deposit: ");
    double initialBalance = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.println("Enter minimum balance: ");
    double minimumBalance = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.println("Enter service charge: ");
    double serviceCharge = scanner.nextDouble();
    account = new CurAcct(name, accountNumber, initialBalance, minimumBalance,
serviceCharge);
} else {
    System.out.println("Invalid account type.");
    return;
}

while (true) {
    System.out.println("\nChoose an action:");

```

```
System.out.println("1. Deposit");
System.out.println("2. Withdraw");
System.out.println("3. Display Balance");
System.out.println("4. Compute and Deposit Interest (Savings only)");
System.out.println("5. Exit");

int choice = scanner.nextInt();

switch (choice) {
    case 1:
        System.out.println("Enter deposit amount: ");
        double depositAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
        account.deposit(depositAmount);
        break;

    case 2:
        System.out.println("Enter withdrawal amount: ");
        double withdrawalAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
        account.withdraw(withdrawalAmount);
        break;

    case 3:
        account.displayBalance();
        break;

    case 4:
        if (account instanceof SavAcct) {
            ((SavAcct) account).computeAndDepositInterest();
        } else {
            System.out.println("Interest can only be computed for Savings accounts.");
        }
}
```

```
    }

    break;

case 5:

    System.out.println("Exiting program.");

    return;

default:

    System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");

}

}

}
```

## Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java5.java
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Bank
Enter customer name:
Umesh H N
Enter account number:
65432456
Enter account type (Savings/Current):
Savings
Enter initial deposit:
10000
Enter interest rate:
2

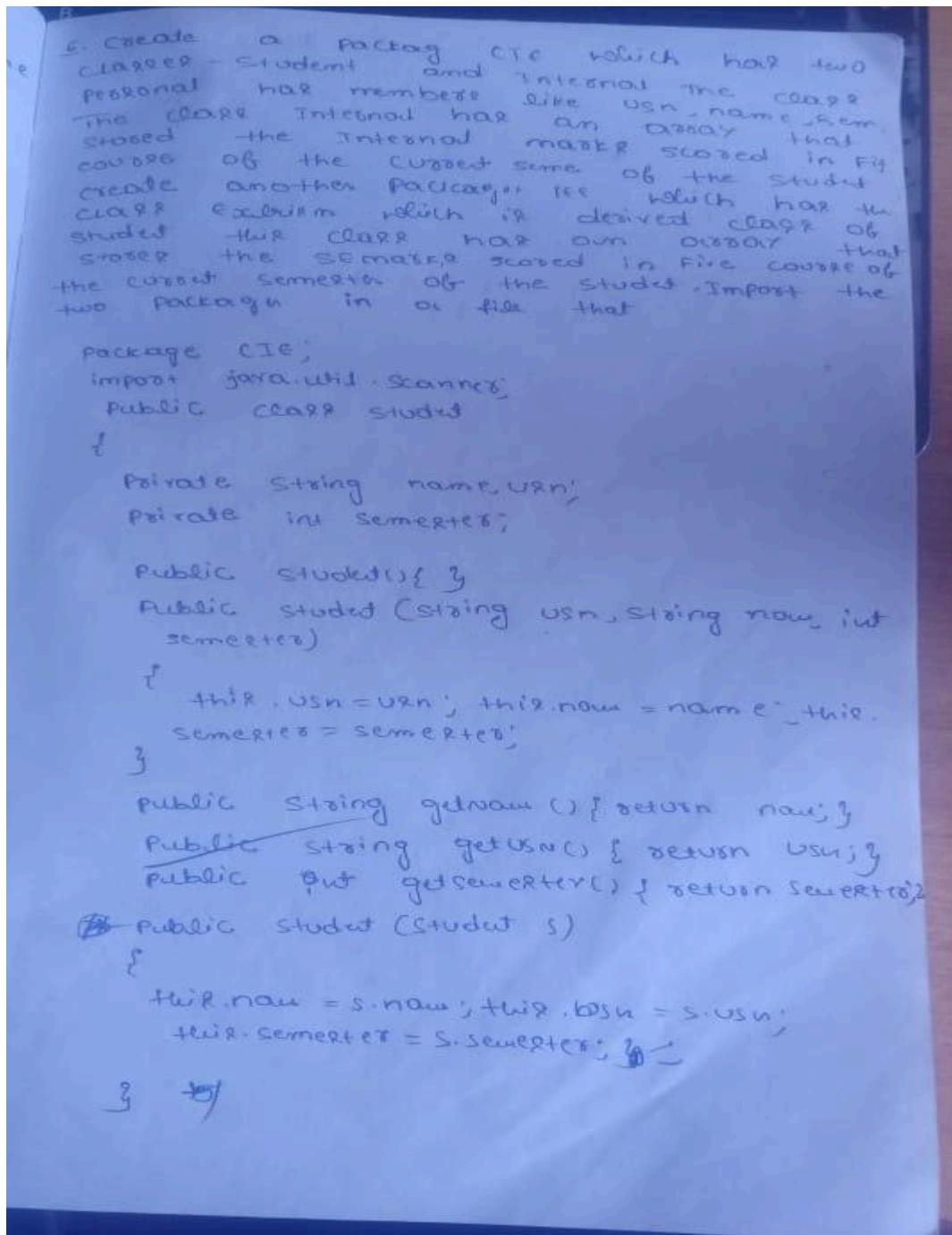
Choose an action:
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Display Balance
4. Compute and Deposit Interest (Savings only)
5. Exit
3
Current Balance: 10000.0

Choose an action:
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Display Balance
4. Compute and Deposit Interest (Savings only)
5. Exit
1
Enter deposit amount:
14332

Choose an action:
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Display Balance
4. Compute and Deposit Interest (Savings only)
5. Exit
3
Current Balance: 24332.0
```

6. Create a package CIE which has two classes - Personal and Internals. The class Personal has members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Personal. This class has an array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.

### Screen shots



```

package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Internalt extends Student
{
    private int[] marks;
    private Internalt(String usn, String name,
                      int semester, int marks[])
    {
        super(usn, name, semester);
        this.marks = marks;
    }

    public static Internalt getNewInstance()
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter Student details");
        String[] array = CIE.marks;
        String usn = sc.nextLine().strip().toUpperCase();
        String name = sc.nextLine();
        int semester = sc.nextInt();
        int[] marks = new int[5];
        for (int i = 0; i < marks.length; i++) {
            marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        sc.nextLine();
        return new Internalt(usn, name, semester,
                            marks);
    }

    public static Internalt getNewInstance()
    (Student s)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter CIE marks details");
        int marks[] = new int[5];
        for (int i = 0; i < marks.length; i++) {
            marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        sc.nextLine();
        return new Internalt(s, marks);
    }

    public int getMarks(int i) { return
        marks[i]; }
}

```

```

private int[][] student(int[] marks)
{
    super();
    this.marks = marks;
}

public int[] marks()
{
    this.marks = marks;
}

class External
{
    package See;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    import java.*;
    public class External extends Student
    {
        private int[] marks;
        private External(String usn, String name, int semestern, int[] marks)
        {
            super();
            this.marks = marks;
        }
        External()
        {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter student details and array of SEE marks");
            String usn = sc.nextLine().strip().toUpperCase();
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            int semestern = sc.nextInt();
            int[] marks = new int[5];
            for(int i=0; i<marks.length; i++)
            {
                marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
            }
            sc.nextLine();
            return new External(usn, name, semestern, marks);
        }
        public static External getNewInstance()
        {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter SEE marks details");
            int[] marks = new int[5];
            for(int i=0; i<marks.length; i++)
            {
                marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
            }
            sc.nextLine();
            return new External(marks);
        }
        public int getmarks(int i) { return marks[i]; }
    }
}

```

```

main class
import CIE.*;
import SEC.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
class main{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number of students:");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        Internal[] ai = new Internal[n];
        External[] ae = new External[n];
        int[] result = new int[n];
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
            ai[i] = Internal.getInstance();
            ae[i] = External.getInstance();
            result[i] = ai[i].getNewInstanc eof(ai[i]);
        }
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
            System.out.println("USN: " + ai[i].getUSN() + " Name: " +
                ai[i].getName() + " Semester: " + ai[i].getSemester());
            System.out.println("Internal");
            for(int j=0; j<5; j++)
            {
                System.out.println(ai[i].getMarks(j) + " ");
                result[i] += ai[i].getMarks(j);
            }
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}

```

3

Output

Enter the number of students: 1  
 Enter Student details and enter 0 or 999 if CIE mark:  
 Enter USN: 24BEC5415  
 Enter Name: Sureshanth  
 Enter Semester: 5  
 Enter CIE marks: 20 18 15 22 19  
 Enter SEC marks: 60 70 65 55 75

Student marks details:

USN: 24BEC5415      Name: John      Semester: 5

CIE marks: 20      18      15      22 19

SEC marks: 60      70      65      55 75

Final marks: 50      33      58      49 56

## Code

### Package CIE

```
package CIE;

public class Personal {
    public String usn;
    public String name;
    public int sem;

    public void setDetails(String usn, String name, int sem) {
        this.usn = usn;
        this.name = name;
        this.sem = sem;
    }
}

package CIE;

public class Internals {
    public int[] internalMarks = new int[5];

    public void setInternalMarks(int[] marks) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
            internalMarks[i] = marks[i];
        }
    }
}
```

### Package SEE

```
package SEE;

import CIE.Personal;

public class External extends Personal {
    public int[] externalMarks = new int[5];

    public void setExternalMarks(int[] marks) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
            externalMarks[i] = marks[i];
        }
    }
}
```

## Main Program

```
import CIE.*;
import SEE.*;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class FinalMarks {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the number of students: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine();

        Personal[] personal = new Personal[n];
        Internals[] internals = new Internals[n];
        External[] externals = new External[n];

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            personal[i] = new Personal();
            internals[i] = new Internals();
            externals[i] = new External();

            System.out.println("Enter details for Student " + (i + 1));
            System.out.print("USN: ");
            String usn = scanner.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Name: ");
```

```
String name = scanner.nextLine();
System.out.print("Semester: ");
int sem = scanner.nextInt();
personal[i].setDetails(usn, name, sem);

System.out.println("Enter internal marks for 5 courses: ");
int[] internalMarks = new int[5];
for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
    internalMarks[j] = scanner.nextInt();
}
internals[i].setInternalMarks(internalMarks);

System.out.println("Enter SEE marks for 5 courses: ");
int[] externalMarks = new int[5];
for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
    externalMarks[j] = scanner.nextInt();
}
externals[i].setExternalMarks(externalMarks);
scanner.nextLine();

System.out.println("\nFinal Marks of Students:");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.println("Student " + (i + 1) + ":");
    System.out.println("USN: " + personal[i].usn);
    System.out.println("Name: " + personal[i].name);
```

```

System.out.println("Semester: " + personal[i].sem);

System.out.println("Final Marks for 5 courses:");
for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
    int finalMarks = internals[i].internalMarks[j] + (externals[i].externalMarks[j]
/ 2);
    System.out.println("Course " + (j + 1) + ": " + finalMarks);
}
System.out.println();
}

scanner.close();
}

}

```

## Output

```

PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\OOJ\Lab programs> javac CIE/Internals.java CIE/Student.java
PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\OOJ\Lab programs> javac SEE/Externals.java
PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\OOJ\Lab programs> javac Main.java
PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\OOJ\Lab programs> java -cp . Main
>>
Enter the number of students whose details you want to enter
1
Student 1 details:
Enter student USN
1BM22IS007
Enter student name
Dikshith
Enter semester
2
Enter CIE marks in subject 1
90
Enter CIE marks in subject 2
85
Enter CIE marks in subject 3
83
Enter CIE marks in subject 4
90
Enter CIE marks in subject 5
86
Enter SEE marks in subject 1
98

```

```
Enter SEE marks in subject 1  
98  
Enter SEE marks in subject 2  
96  
Enter SEE marks in subject 1  
98  
Enter SEE marks in subject 2  
96  
Enter SEE marks in subject 3  
Enter SEE marks in subject 2  
96  
Enter SEE marks in subject 3  
Enter SEE marks in subject 3  
86  
Enter SEE marks in subject 4  
86  
Enter SEE marks in subject 4  
80  
Enter SEE marks in subject 5  
84
```

Student USN: 1BM22IS007

Student name: Dikshith

Semester: 2

Subject 1: 139

Subject 2: 133

Subject 3: 126

Subject 4: 130

Subject 5: 128

7. Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge( ) when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that uses both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

### Screen shots

7. Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge( ) when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that uses both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

```
class WrongException extends Exception {  
    public WrongAgeException (String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class InvalidAgeRelationshipException extends  
Exception {  
    public InvalidAgeRelationshipException (String  
message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class Father {  
protected int age;  
public Father (int age) throws WrongA  
geException {  
    if (age < 0)  
        throw new WrongAgeException ("Father's ag  
cannot be negative!");  
}
```

this.age = age;

System.out.println("Father Created with age,"  
+ this.age);

}

}

class Son extends Father

{

private int sonAge;

public Son(int fatherAge, int sonAge) throws  
- wrongAgeException, InvalidAgeRelationship  
exception

{

super(fatherAge);

if (sonAge < 0)

{

throw new WrongAgeException("son's age  
cannot be negative!");

}

if (sonAge >= fatherAge)

{

throw new InvalidAgeRelationshipException  
("son's age cannot be greater than  
or equal to father's age!");

}

this.sonAge = sonAge;

System.out.println("Son Created with age,"  
+ this.sonAge);

}

}

```

class ExceptionDemo
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
            Father father = new Father(40);
            Son son = new Son(40, 20);
        }
        catch (WrongAgeException | InvalidRelationException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}

OLP
Enter Father's age: 16
Enter son's age: 18
Error! son's age >= Father's age
Enter Father's age: 24
Enter son's age: 29
Enter son's age: 18
B Father's age: 29
B son's age: 18

```

## Code

```
class WrongAgeException extends Exception {  
    public WrongAgeException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class Father {  
    int fatherAge;  
  
    public Father(int age) throws WrongAgeException {  
        if (age < 0) {  
            throw new WrongAgeException("Father's age cannot be negative.");  
        }  
        this.fatherAge = age;  
    }  
}  
  
class Son extends Father {  
    int sonAge;  
  
    public Son(int fatherAge, int sonAge) throws WrongAgeException {  
        super(fatherAge);  
        if (sonAge < 0) {  
            throw new WrongAgeException("Son's age cannot be negative.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    if (sonAge >= fatherAge) {  
        throw new WrongAgeException("Son's age cannot be greater than or equal to  
        Father's age.");  
    }  
    this.sonAge = sonAge;  
}  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            Father father = new Father(45);  
            Son son = new Son(45, 50);  
        } catch (WrongAgeException e) {  
            System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());  
        }  
  
        try {  
            Father father2 = new Father(40);  
            Son son2 = new Son(40, 20);  
            System.out.println("Father's age: " + father2.fatherAge);  
            System.out.println("Son's age: " + son2.sonAge);  
        } catch (WrongAgeException e) {  
            System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

## Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java7.java
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Main
Exception: Son's age cannot be greater than or equal to Father's age.
Father's age: 40
Son's age: 20
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA>
```

8.. Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMS College of Engineering" once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

### Screen Shots

8.. Write a program which creates two threads, one instead displaying "BMS college of Engineering" once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

```
public class ThreadExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread thread1 = new Thread(() -> {
            while(true) {
                System.out.println("BMS college of
                    Engineering");
                Thread.sleep(10000);
            }
        });
        Thread thread2 = new Thread(() -> {
            while(true) {
                System.out.println("CSE");
                Thread.sleep(2000);
            }
        });
    }
}
```

catch InterruptedException {

{ System.out.println ("Thread interrupted : " + e.getMessage());}

thread1.start();  
thread2.start();

Output

BMS college of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

~~BMS~~ ~~Dhule~~ college of engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS college of engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

## Code

```
class ThreadBMS extends Thread {  
    public void run() {  
        try {  
            while (true) {  
                System.out.println("BMS College of Engineering");  
                Thread.sleep(10000);  
            }  
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
            System.out.println(e);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
class ThreadCSE extends Thread {  
    public void run() {  
        try {  
            while (true) {  
                System.out.println("CSE");  
                Thread.sleep(2000);  
            }  
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
            System.out.println(e);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

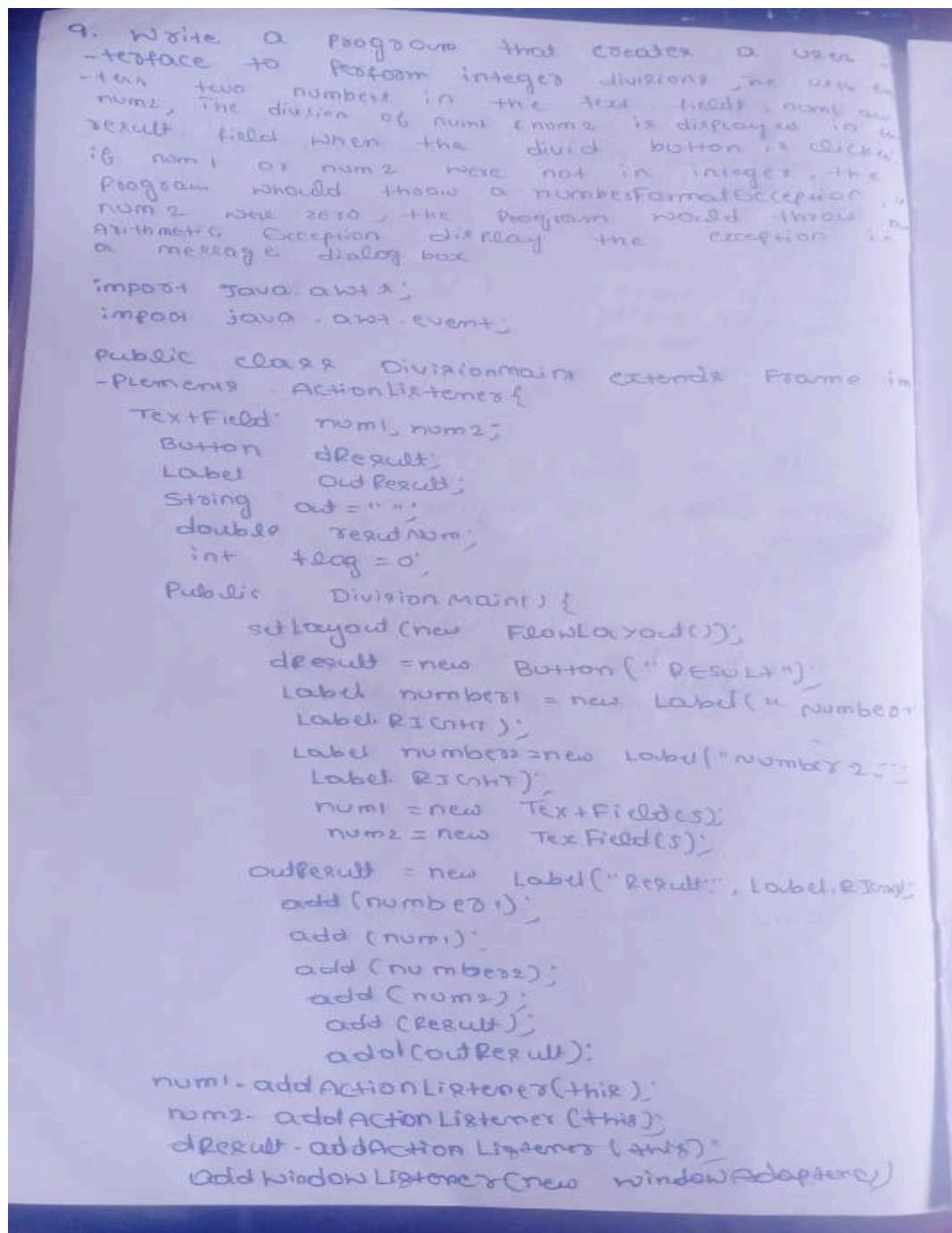
```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        ThreadBMS thread1 = new ThreadBMS();  
        ThreadCSE thread2 = new ThreadCSE();  
  
        thread1.start();  
        thread2.start();  
    }  
}
```

### Output

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> javac java8.java  
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\RECORE_JAVA> java Main  
CSE  
BMS College of Engineering  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
BMS College of Engineering  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
BMS College of Engineering  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
BMS College of Engineering  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
CSE  
BMS College of Engineering  
CSE
```

9. Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an ArithmeticException. Display the exception in a message dialog box.

### Screen shots



```
Window Adapter()
{
    public void windowClosing(WindowEvent we)
    {
        System.exit(0);
    }
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
{
    int n1, n2;
    try {
        if(ae.getSource() == dResult)
        {
            n1 = Integer.parseInt(num1.getText());
            n2 = Integer.parseInt(num2.getText());
            out = n1 + " / " + n2 + " = ";
            resultNum = n1/n2;
            out += String.valueOf(resultNum);
            repaint();
        }
    } catch (NumberFormatException e1) {
        out = "Number format Exception! " + e1;
        repaint();
    } catch (ArithmaticException e2) {
        if(flag == 1)
            out = "Divide by 0 Exception! " + e2;
        repaint();
    }
}

public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    if(flag == 0)
        g.drawString(out, outResult.getX() + outResult.getWidth() / 2, outResult.getY() + outResult.getHeight() / 2);
}
```

```
z x c v b n m < > ? / Shift ↑  
else  
g.drawString(ad,100,200);  
flag=0;  
y  
output  
Number 1 : 24      Number 2 : 8      RESULT  
RESULT 24 803.0
```

Program  
1. CLASS A  
+ synchronized  
String  
System  
try  
catch

### Code

```
import
java.awt.event.*;

public class DivisionMain1 extends Frame implements ActionListener
{
    TextField
    num1,num2;
    Button dResult;
    Label
    outResult;
    String
    out="";
    double
    resultNum;
    int flag=0;

    public DivisionMain1()
    {
        setLayout(new FlowLayout());

        dResult = new Button("RESULT");
        Label number1 = new Label("Number
1:",Label.RIGHT); Label number2 = new
Label("Number      2:",Label.RIGHT);
        num1=new TextField(5);
        num2=new TextField(5);
        outResult = new Label("Result:",Label.RIGHT);

        add(number
1);
        add(num1);
        add(number
2);
        add(num2);
        add(dResult)
        ;
        add(outResul
t);
```

```

num1.addActionListener(this);
num2.addActionListener(this);
dResult.addActionListener(this);
addWindowListener(new
WindowAdapter()
{
    public void windowClosing(WindowEvent we)
    {


---


        System.exit(0);
    }
});
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
{
    int
    n1,n2;
    try
    {
        if (ae.getSource() == dResult)
        {
            n1=Integer.parseInt(num1.getText());
            n2=Integer.parseInt(num2.getText());

            /*if(n2==0)
             throw new
             ArithmaticException();*/
            out=n1+"
            +n2+" ";
            resultNum=n1/n2;
            out+=String.valueOf(result
            Num); repaint();

        }
    }
    catch(NumberFormatException e1)
    {
        flag=1;
        out="Number Format Exception!
        +e1; repaint();
    }
    catch(ArithmaticException e2)

```

```

    {
        flag=1;
        out="Divide by 0 Exception!
        "+e2; repaint();
    }

}

public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    if(flag==0)
        g.drawString(out,outResult.getX()+outResult.getWidth(),outR
esult.getY()+outResult.getHeight()-8);
    else
        g.drawString(out,1
00,200); flag=0;
}

```

---

Demonstrate Interprocess communication and deadlock

```

class Q {
int n;
boolean valueSet = false;

synchronized int get() {
while(!valueSet)
try {
System.out.println("\nConsumer waiting\n");
wait();
} catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
}
System.out.println("Got: " + n);
valueSet = false;
System.out.println("\nIntimate Producer\n");
notify();
return n;
}

synchronized void put(int n) {
while(valueSet)
try {
System.out.println("\nProducer waiting\n");
wait();
} catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
}
this.n = n;
valueSet = true;
System.out.println("Put: " + n);
System.out.println("\nIntimate Consumer\n");
notify();
}

```

```

}

class Producer implements Runnable {
Q q;
Producer(Q q) {
this.q = q;
new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
}
public void run() {
int i = 0;
while(i<15) {
q.put(i++);
}
}
}

class Consumer implements Runnable {
Q q;
Consumer(Q q) {
this.q = q;
new Thread(this, "Consumer").start();
}
public void run() {
    int i=0;
while(i<15) {
int r=q.get();
System.out.println("consumed:"+r);
i++;
}
}
}

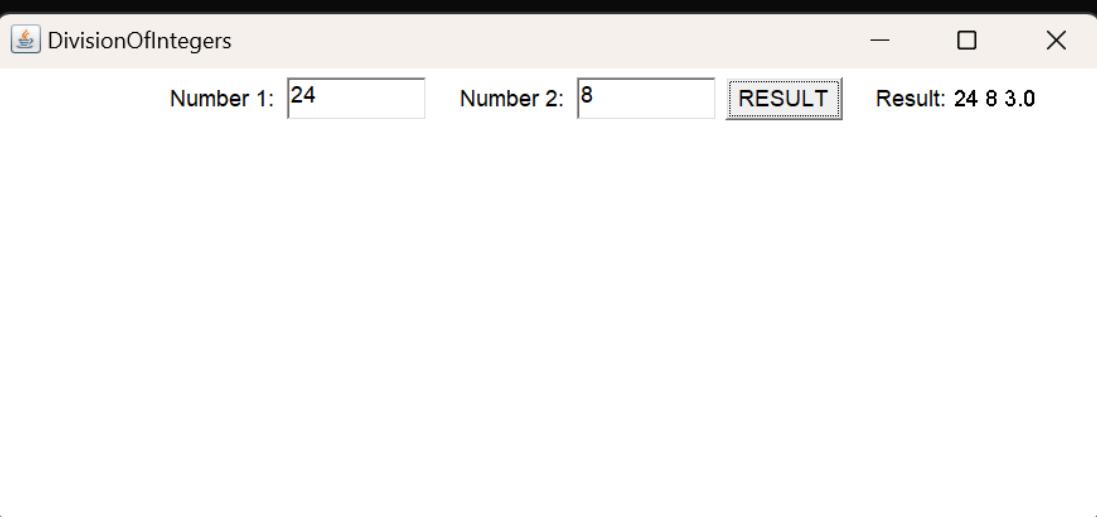
class PCFixed {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Q q = new Q();
new Producer(q);
new Consumer(q);
System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");
}
}

```

## OUTPUT

D:\NotePad++\Java>javac DivisionMain1.java

D:\NotePad++\Java>java DivisionMain1



Number 1:	24	Number 2:	8	<b>RESULT</b>	Result: 24 8 3.0
-----------	----	-----------	---	---------------	------------------

## 10. Demonstrate Inter process Communication and deadlock

### Screen shots

```
program
1st class A
{
    synchronized void foo(B b)
    {
        String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
        System.out.print(name + " entered A.foo");
        try { Thread.sleep(1000); } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("A interrupted");
        }
        System.out.print(name + " trying to call B.bar");
        b.bar();
    }
}

synchronized void bar()
{
    System.out.println("Inside A.bar");
}

class B
{
    synchronized void bar(A a)
    {
        String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
        System.out.println(name + " entered B.bar");
        try { Thread.sleep(1000); } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("B interrupted");
        }
        System.out.print(name + " trying to call A.bar");
        a.bar();
    }
}

synchronized void bar()
{
    System.out.println("Inside B.bar");
}
```

```

class Deadlock implements Runnable
{
    A a = new A();
    B b = new B();
    Deadlock()
    {
        Thread mainThread = Thread.currentThread().setName("mainThread");
        Thread t = new Thread(this, "racingThread");
        t.start();
        t.join();
        System.out.println("Back in main thread");
    }
    public void run()
    {
        b.bar(a);
        System.out.println("Back in other thread");
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        new Deadlock();
    }
    DivisionMain dm = new DivisionMain();
    dm.setSize(new Dimension(800, 400));
    dm.setTitle("Division of Integers");
    dm.setVisible(true);
}

```

### Output

mainThread entered A.main  
 racingThread Execution Starts B.bar.  
 mainThread trying to call B.start();

### Code

```
class Q {
    int n;
    boolean valueSet = false;
    synchronized int get() {
        while (!valueSet) {
            try {
                wait();
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Got: " + n);
        valueSet = false;
        notify();
        return n;
    }
    synchronized void put(int n) {
        while (valueSet) {
            try {
                wait();
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
            }
        }
        this.n = n;
        valueSet = true;
        System.out.println("Put: " + n);
        notify();
    }
}
class Producer implements Runnable {
    Q q;
    Thread t;
    Producer(Q q) {
        this.q = q;
        t = new Thread(this, "Producer");
    }
    public void run() {
        int i = 0;
        while (true) {
            q.put(i++);
        }
    }
}
class Consumer implements Runnable {
    Q q;
    Thread t;
    Consumer(Q q) {
        this.q = q;
        t = new Thread(this, "Consumer");
    }
}
```

```
public void run() {  
    while (true) {  
        q.get();  
    }  
}  
}  
}  
class PCFixed {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        Q q = new Q();  
        Producer p = new Producer(q);  
        Consumer c = new Consumer(q);  
        // Start the threads.  
        p.t.start();  
        c.t.start();  
        System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");  
    }  
}
```

## Output

```
Put: 23034  
Got: 23034  
Put: 23035  
Got: 23035  
Put: 23036  
Got: 23036  
Put: 23037  
Got: 23037  
Put: 23038  
Got: 23038  
Put: 23039  
Got: 23039  
Put: 23040  
Got: 23040  
Put: 23041  
Got: 23041  
Put: 23042  
Got: 23042  
Put: 23043  
Got: 23043  
Put: 23044  
Got: 23044  
Put: 23045  
Got: 23045  
Put: 23046  
Got: 23046  
Put: 23047  
Got: 23047  
Put: 23048  
Got: 23048  
Put: 23049  
Got: 23049  
Put: 23050  
Got: 23050
```

## Code

```
class A {
    synchronized void foo(B b) {
        String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
        System.out.println(name + " entered A.foo");
        try {
            Thread.sleep(1000);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("A Interrupted");
        }
        System.out.println(name + " trying to call B.last()");
        b.last();
    }
    synchronized void last() {
        System.out.println("Inside A.last");
    }
}
class B {
    synchronized void bar(A a) {
        String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
        System.out.println(name + " entered B.bar");
        try {
            Thread.sleep(1000);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("B Interrupted");
        }
        System.out.println(name + " trying to call A.last()");
        a.last();
    }
    synchronized void last() {
        System.out.println("Inside B.last");
    }
}
class Deadlock implements Runnable {
    A a = new A();
    B b = new B();
    Thread t;
    Deadlock() {
        Thread.currentThread().setName("MainThread");
        t = new Thread(this, "RacingThread");
    }
    void deadlockStart() {
        t.start();
        a.foo(b); // get lock on a in this thread
        System.out.println("Back in main thread");
    }
    public void run() {
        b.bar(a); // get lock on b in other thread
        System.out.println("Back in other thread");
    }
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
Deadlock dl = new Deadlock();
dl.deadlockStart();
}
}
```

## Output

```
PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\NOTES\Object oriented java programming> javac Deadlock.java
PS C:\Users\Shashank U\Desktop\NOTES\Object oriented java programming> java Deadlock
RacingThread entered B.bar
MainThread entered A.foo
RacingThread trying to call A.last()
MainThread trying to call B.last()
[]
```