We are 183

L11: Week 7 - Monday

Reminders

- Exam 1 tomorrow!
 - See the "About Exam 1" on the course website Locations

	If your UN	NIQNAME starts with	go at 5:50 p.m. on Tue 2/16 to
a	a-ds	inclusive	Modern Languages Building 1400
d	lt-jj	inclusive	Chemistry 1210
j	k-mw	inclusive	Chemistry 1400
m	X-ZZ	inclusive	Chemistry 1800

- Project 3 out now!
 - Due February 26th

Last Time... on EECS 183

1D Arrays
declaration
initialization
with functions

Array Declaration

```
identifier

data

j
```

```
// Allocate 5 consecutive
// memory locations suitable
// for storing double values
```

Array Declaration

```
(# of elements)
                     size
          data[5];
// Allocate 5 consecutive
// memory locations suitable
// for storing double values
```

Array Declaration

```
double data[5];

// Allocate 5 consecutive

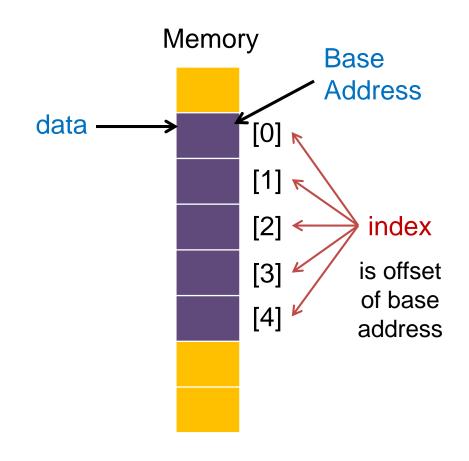
// memory locations suitable

// for storing double values
```

Arrays in Memory

double data[5];

```
// Allocate 5 consecutive
// memory locations suitable
// for storing double values
```



Static Allocation

Array size MUST be

int size = 5;

int data[size];

- known at compile time
- a constant integer value

```
int data[5];

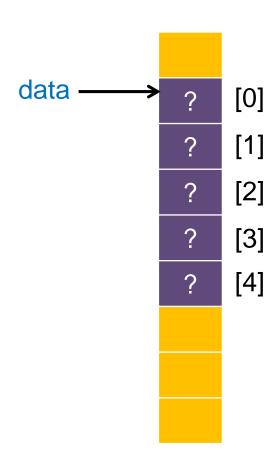
const int SIZE = 5;
int data[SIZE];
```

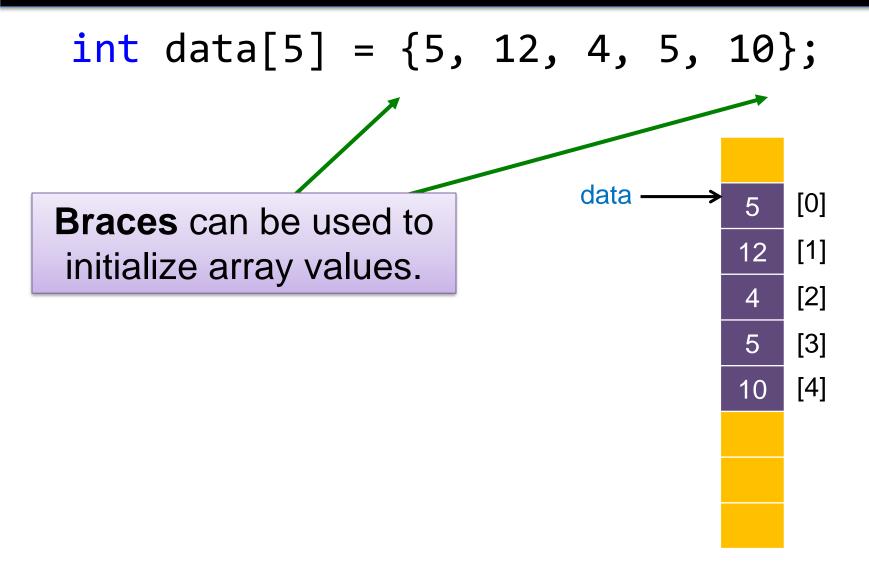
Compile error

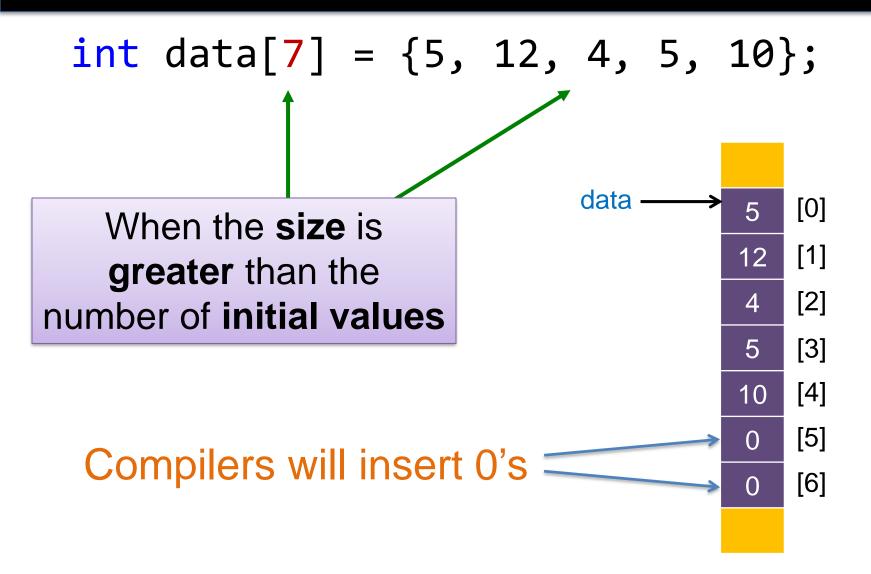
Cannot use a variable

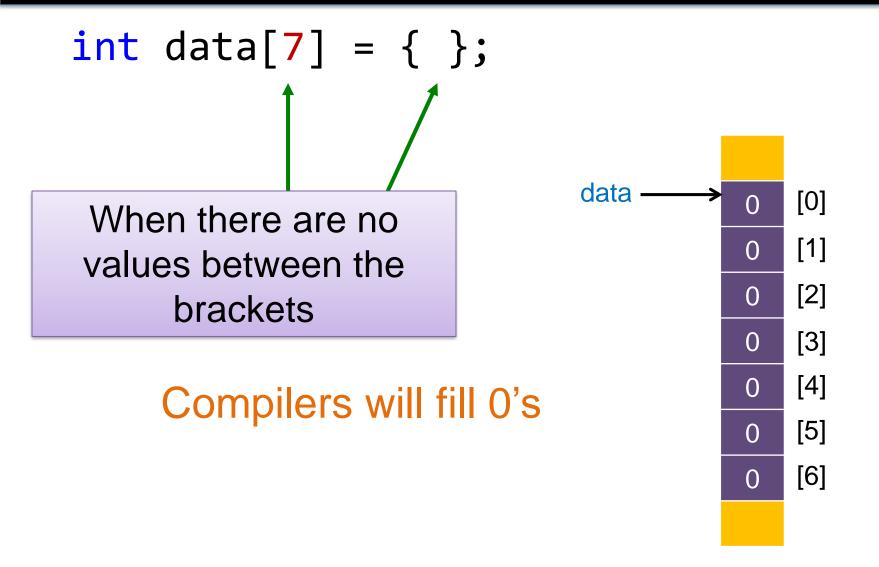
int data[5];

No initialization means the array contains random values.









i>Clicker #1

```
int main(void) {
    char message[5] = {'H'};
}
```

What is the value of message[3]?

A. '\0'

B. '0'

C. 'H'

D. error

E. None of the above

i>Clicker #1

```
int main(void) {
    char message[5] = {'H'};
}
```

D. error

E. None of the above

```
What is the value of message[3]?

A. '\0' -- ASCII 0

B. '0'
C. 'H'
```

```
int data[5] = \{5, 12, 4, 5, 10\};
cout << data[0];</pre>
                                                [0]
                                   data -
// prints 5
                                                [1]
                                             12
                                                [2]
                                                 [3]
 Bracket access,
                                                [4]
                                             10
 just like a string!
```



```
int data [] = {2, 3, 7, 5, 9};
data[2] = -1;
data[3] = data[4];
data[1]++;
```

```
int data [] = \{2, 3, 7, 5, 9\};
                                      data ->
      data[2] = -1;
                                                  [0]
                                                  [1]
                                              3
                                                  [2]
      data[3] = data[4];
                                                  [3]
                                                  [4]
                                              9
      data[1]++;
```

```
int data [] = {2, 3, 7, 5, 9};
                                        data →
Execution data[2] = -1;
                                                     [0]
                                                     [1]
                                                 3
                                                     [2]
                                                7-1
      data[3] = data[4];
                                                     [3]
                                                     [4]
      data[1]++;
```

```
int data [] = \{2, 3, 7, 5, 9\};
                                          data →
       data[2] = -1;
                                                       [0]
                                                       [1]
                                                  3
                                                       [2]
Execution data[3] = data[4];
                                                       [3]
                                                 5-9
                                                       [4]
                                                  9
       data[1]++;
```

```
int data [] = {2, 3, 7, 5, 9};
                                        data →
      data[2] = -1;
                                                     [0]
                                                     [1]
                                                     [2]
      data[3] = data[4];
                                                     [3]
                                                     [4]
                                                 9
Execution data[1]++;
```

Common Errors: Out-of-Range

C++ does NOT check array indices for <u>validity</u>

```
int data[5] = {5, 12, 4, 5, 10};
                                           data
                                                          [0]
cout << data[5];</pre>
                                                          [1]
                                                          [2]
                                                          [3]
                                                          [4]
                prints whatever random value
                happens to be stored here
```

I/O errors

Assignment errors

Arithmetic Operations on Arrays

Comparing Elements of Arrays

```
const int SIZE = 10;
int arr1[SIZE], arr2[SIZE];
if (arr1 == arr2) {
     // Do something
}
Compares addresses
of arr1 and arr2
```

Comparing Elements of Arrays

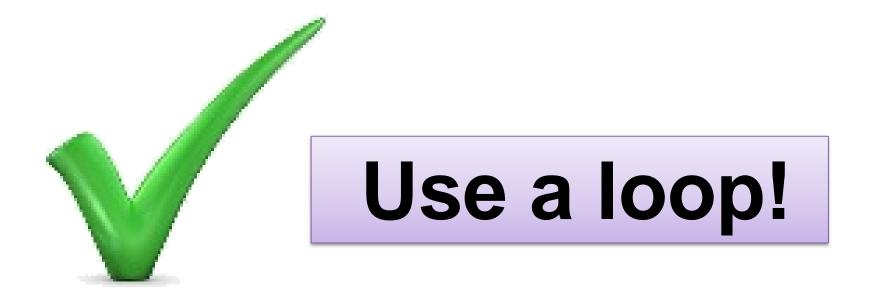
i>Clicker #2

```
int main(void) {
    int list1[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
    int list2[5] = \{5, 4, 3, 2, 1\};
    if (list1[3] == list2[3]) {
        cout << "equal";</pre>
    } else if (list1[3] > list2[3]) {
        cout << "greater";</pre>
                              What prints?
    } else {
                              A. equal
        cout << "lesser";</pre>
                              B. greater
                              C. lesser
                              D. nothing
                               E. error
```

i>Clicker #2

```
int main(void) {
    int list1[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
    int list2[5] = \{5, 4, 3, 2, 1\};
    if (list1[3] == list2[3]) {
        cout << "equal";</pre>
    } else if (list1[3] > list2[3]) {
        cout << "greater";</pre>
                              What prints?
    } else {
                              A. equal
        cout << "lesser";</pre>
                               B. greater
                              C. lesser
                              D. nothing
                               E. error
```

Working with arrays...



It's best to deal with array elements **individually**.

Today

Passing Arrays to Functions Multi-dimensional Arrays declaration initialization with functions

Passing Arrays to Functions

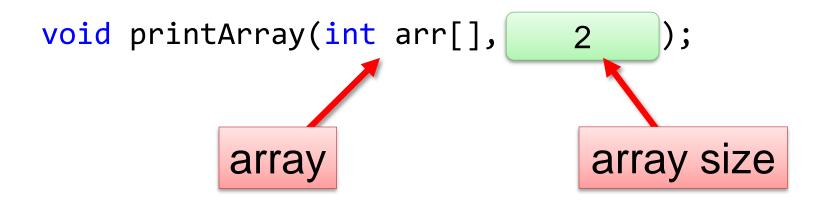
 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and prints the content of the array

Prototype:

```
printArray()
```

 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and prints the content of the array

Prototype:



 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and prints the content of the array

Prototype:

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size);
```

Always passed by reference.

No & needed

 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and prints the content of the array

Prototype:

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size);
```

Pass the size so you won't go out-of-range.

 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and prints the content of the array

Prototype:

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size);
```

Array modified directly. Nothing to return.

Example: Print Array

```
Test:
  int main() {
      // test printArray
      const int SIZE = 5;
      int data[SIZE] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
      printArray(data, SIZE);
```

Example: Print Array

Implementation:

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
```

Example: Print Array

Implementation:

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

Passing Arrays to functions

C++ arrays are:

- Always passed by reference
 - No & needed

- Saves memory space
 - array is not copied

- Saves processing time
 - array elements are not copied

```
const int SIZE = 5;
void increment(int a[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
        a[i] = a[i] + 1;
                                      What prints?
                                      A. 11
int main() {
                                      B. 22
    int a[SIZE] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
                                      C. 23
    cout << a[1] << " ";
                                      D. 33
    increment(a, SIZE);
                                      E. Error
    cout << a[1];
```

```
const int SIZE = 5;
                                Arrays are ALWAYS passed by
                                        reference
void increment(int a[], int
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i + 1 = 1)
        a[i] = a[i] + 1;
                                       What prints?
                                       A. 11
int main() {
                                       B. 22
    int a[SIZE] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
                                       C. 23
    cout << a[1] << " ";
                                       D. 33
    increment(a, SIZE);
                                       E. Error
    cout << a[1];
```

 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and squares all the elements of the array.

```
void squareArray(int arr[], int size);
```



Arrays are passed by reference – modified directly

 Write a function that accepts an array of integers and squares all the elements of the array.

```
int[] squareArray(int arr[], int size);
```



Compile Error – Cannot return an array

```
int main() {
    // test squareArray
    const int SIZE = 5;
    int data[SIZE] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    squareArray(data, SIZE);
    // array contents become 1, 4, 9, 16, 25
}
```

```
void squareArray(int arr[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        arr[i] = arr[i] * arr[i];
    }
}</pre>
```

the Name of an Array ...

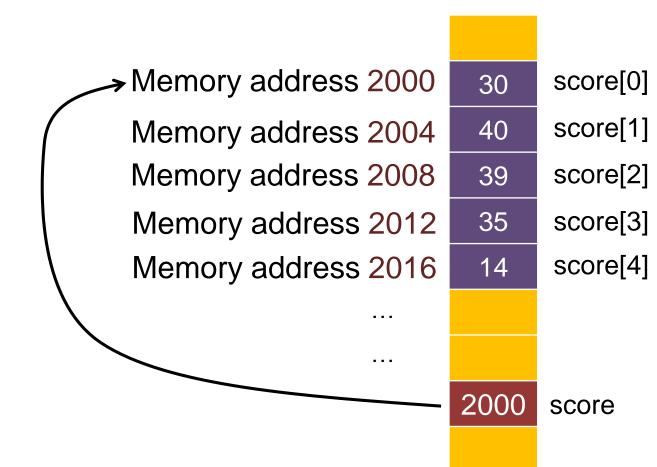
Refers to the entire data structure

```
int score[5] = \{30, 40, 39, 35, 14\};
```

 score holds the memory address of the 1st array element (score[0])

the Name of an Array ...

```
int score[5] = \{30, 40, 39, 35, 14\};
```



Prevent function from modifying an array – Similar to pass-by-value

```
// allows function to alter data
// all arrays are passed by reference
void printResults(int data[], int size);

// With const, function can't alter array
void printResults(const int data[], int size);
```

```
void increment(int x) {
    x = x + 1;
int main() {
    const int SIZE = 3;
    int arr[SIZE] = \{1, 2, 3\};
    cout << arr[1] << " ";
    increment(arr[1]);
    cout << arr[1];
    return 0;
```

What prints? A. 11 B. 22 C. 23 D. 33 E. Error

```
void increment(int x) {
    x = x + 1;
int main() {
    const int SIZE = 3;
    int arr[SIZE] = \{1, 2, 3\};
    cout << arr[1] << " ";
    increment(arr[1]);
    cout << arr[1];
    return 0;
```

```
What prints?

A. 11

B. 22

C. 23

D. 33

E. Error
```

```
What prints?
void increment(int x) {
    x = x + 1;
                                   A. 11
                                   B. 22
                                   C. 23
int main() {
                                   D. 33
    const int SIZE = 3;
                                   E. Error
    int arr[SIZE] = \{1, 2, 3\};
    cout << arr[1] << " ";
    increment(arr[1]);
    cout << arr[1];
                             A single array element is
    return 0;
                              also passed by value
```

Return from a function

```
const int SIZE = 5;
void foo(int arr[], int size);
int main() {
   int arr1[SIZE];
   foo(arr1, SIZE);
   // More code...
```

Return from a function

```
const int SIZE = 5;
void foo(int arr[], int size);
int main() {
   int arr1[SIZE];
   foo(arr1, SIZE);
   // More code...
```

Passed by **reference**no need to "return" the array

Calls & Prototypes

Example Call (assume main is caller):

```
readScoreList(data, SIZE);
```

Possible Corresponding Prototypes:

```
void readScoreList(int data[SIZE], int size);
void readScoreList(int data[], int size);
void readScoreList(int * data, int size);
```

What should be the prototype/signature of a function that gives back the absolute value of every element in an array?

```
A. void arr_abs(int arr[], int size);
B. void arr_abs(int arr[]);
C. int[] arr_abs(int arr[], int size);
D. int[] arr_abus(int arr[]);
```

What should be the prototype/signature of a function that gives back the absolute value of every element in an array?

```
A. void arr_abs(int arr[], int size);
B. void arr_abs(int arr[]);
C. int[] arr_abs(int arr[], int size);
D. int[] arr_abus(int arr[]);
```

```
void foo(int arr[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        arr[i]++;
int main(void) {
    int arr[] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\};
    foo(arr, 3);
```

What are the final contents of arr?

```
A. {0, 1, 2, 3}
B. {1, 2, 3, 4}
C. {1, 2, 3, 3}
D. {0, 2, 3, 4}
E. None of the above
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
          arr[i]++;
    }
}
int main(void) {
    int arr[] = {0, 1, 2, 3};
    foo(arr, 3);
}</pre>
A. {
```

void foo(int arr[], int size) {

What are the final contents of arr?

A. {0, 1, 2, 3}

B. {1, 2, 3, 4}

 $C. \{1, 2, 3, 3\}$

D. {0, 2, 3, 4}

E. None of the above

Multi-dimensional Arrays declaration initialization with functions

(One-Dimensional) Arrays

Basic array is one-dimensional

```
int arr[7] = \{42, 10, -7, 15, -22, 10, 3\};
```

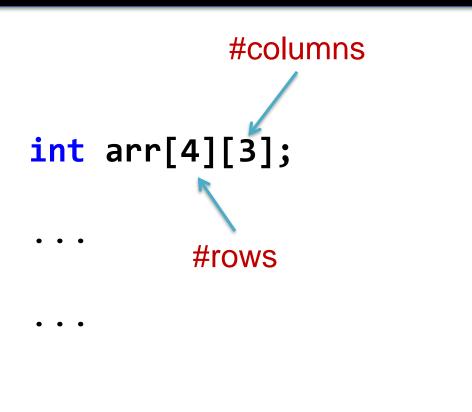


(One-Dimensional) Arrays

Basic array is one-dimensional

```
char chs[9] = {'Y','0','U',' ','R','0','C','K','!'};
```





	[0]	[1]	[2]
[0]	-15	12	13
[1]	12	21	4
[2]	2	-4	3
[3]	-15	23	11

Used to implement table data

- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board

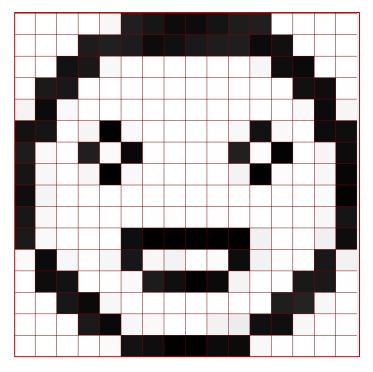
Used to implement table data

- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board

```
int matrix[3][2];
```

Used to implement table data

- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board



0 = black 1 = white

int myImage[16][16];

Used to implement table data

- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board

	Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
	[0]	[1]	[2]
[0]	24	22	49
[1]	15	14	33
[2]	13	17	29
[3]	21	13	37
:	:	:	:
[49]	16	20	31

```
const int NUM_STUDENTS = 50;
const int NUM_EXAMS = 3;
int grades[NUM_STUDENTS][NUM_EXAMS];
```

Used to implement table data

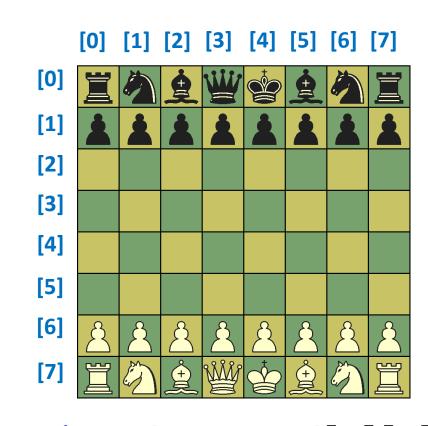
- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board

	[0]	[1]	[2]
[0]	0	X	0
[1]	0	X	X
[2]	X	0	0

char ticTacToe[3][3];

Used to implement table data

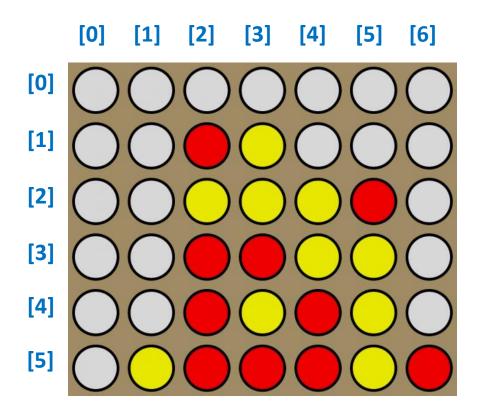
- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board



string chessBoard[8][8];

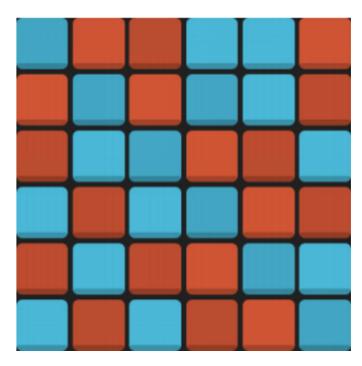
Used to implement table data

- Example uses:
 - Matrix
 - Image
 - Spreadsheet
 - Game board



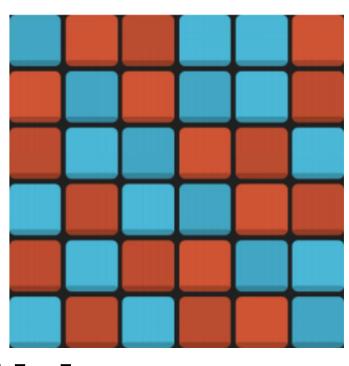
char connect4Board[6][7];

Oh h1: 2D Array of int

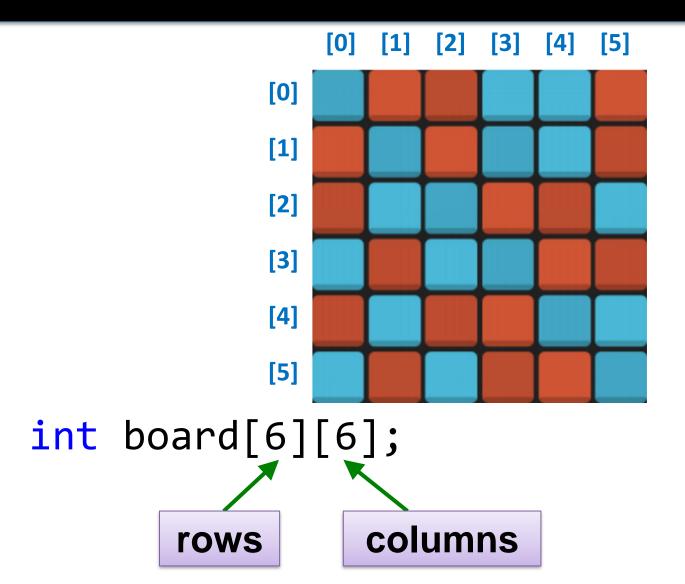


int board[6][6];

Oh h1: 2D Array of int



int board[6][6];
rows columns



	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]						
[1]						
[2]						
[3]						
[4]						
[5]						

```
int board[6][6];
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]						
[1]						
[2]						
[3]						
[4]						
[5]	1					

```
board[5][0] = 1;
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]						
[1]						
[2]						
[3]						
[4]	2					
[5]	1					

```
board[4][0] = 2;
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]						
[1]						
[2]						
[3]						
[4]	2					
[5]	1		1	is Click	or #7:	

i>Clicker #7:

How do we place this 1?

```
A. board[2][5] = 1;
```

B. board[2][5]
$$== 1;$$

D. board[5][2]
$$== 1;$$

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]						
[1]						
[2]						
[3]						
[4]	2					
[5]	1		1	i>Click	or #7:	

i>Clicker #7:

How do we place this 1?

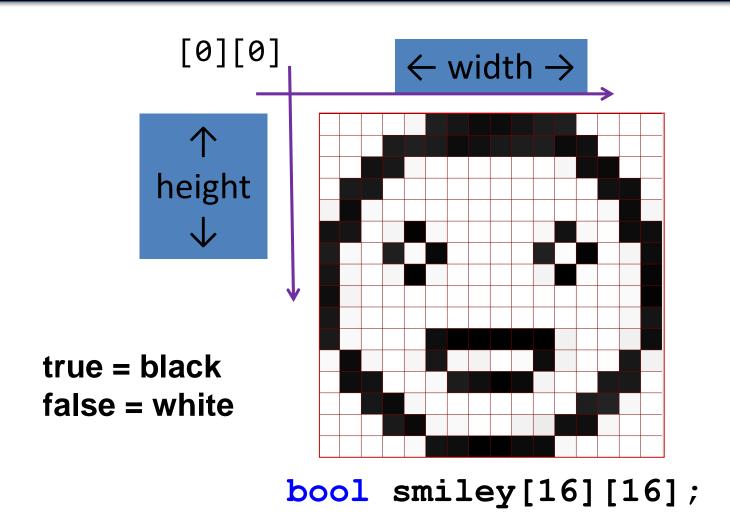
A. board[2][5] = 1;

B. board[2][5] == 1;

C. board[5][2] = 1;

D. board[5][2] == 1;

Images: jpg, tiff, bmp



Images: jpg, tiff, bmp

```
bool smiley[16][16];
// white-out the image
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {</pre>
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {</pre>
         smiley[row][col] = false;
                                               \leftarrow width \rightarrow
                                     [0][0]
                                     height
```

Creating the Array

```
int height = 6;
int width = 6;
int board[height][width];
```

Creating the Array

```
int height = 6;
int width = 6;
int board[height][width]
Compile Error!
Why?
```

Creating the Array

```
const int HEIGHT = 6;
const int WIDTH = 6;
```

```
int board[HEIGHT][WIDTH];
```

Initializing the Array

```
const int HEIGHT = 6;
const int WIDTH = 6;

// like 1D arrays, the rest filled with 0
int board[HEIGHT][WIDTH] = { };
```

Initializing the Array

{1, 16, 81, 256}

};

initializers for each

dimension

Initializing the Array

```
const int HEIGHT = 6;
const int WIDTH = 6;
const int UNKNOWN = 0;
// or we can initialize with loops!
int board[HEIGHT][WIDTH];
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {</pre>
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {</pre>
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
```

i>Clicker #8

```
int main(void) {
    int message[3][3] = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5}, { }};
}
```

What is the value of message[2][0]?

A. 0

B. 1

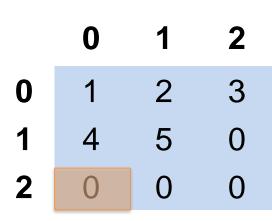
C. 2

D. 3

E. 4

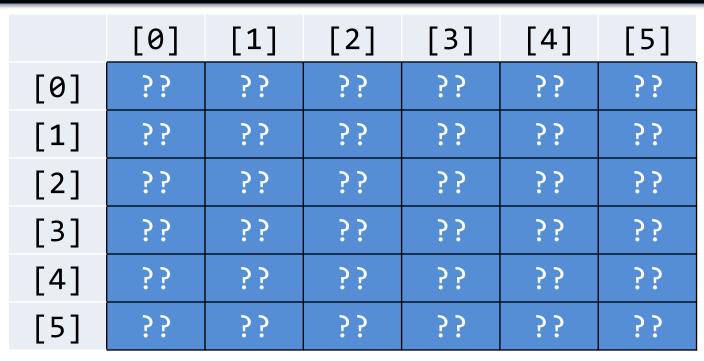
i>Clicker #8

```
int main(void) {
   int message[3][3] = {{1, 2 , 3}, {4, 5}, { }};
}
```



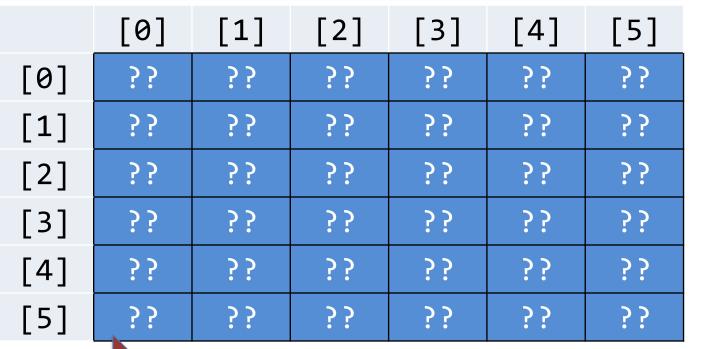
```
What is the value of message[2][0]?

A. 0
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3
E. 4
```



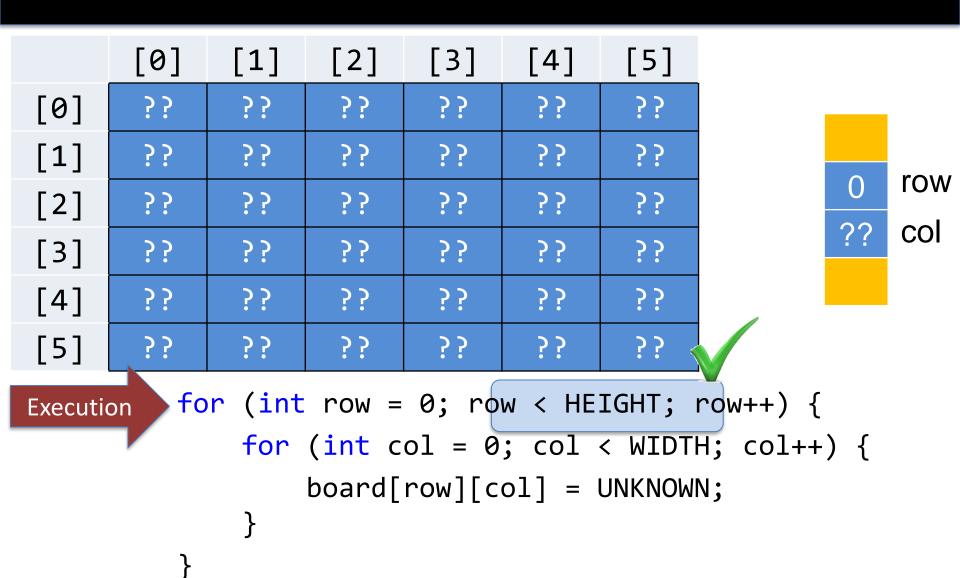
```
?? row
?? col
```

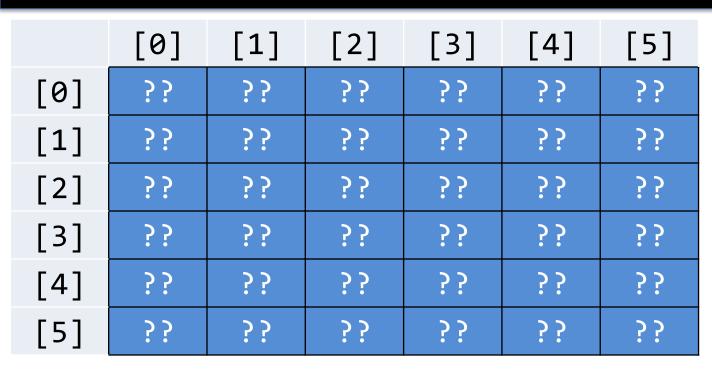
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }
}</pre>
```



```
0 row
?? col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```





```
0 row
0 col
```

```
Execution
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

```
[0]
                                                  [5]
                [1]
                         [2]
                                 [3]
                                         [4]
[0]
                 55
                                                  55
         55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
[1]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         row
[2]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         col
[3]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
         55
                 55
                                  55
                                                  ??
[4]
                         55
                                          55
[5]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
```

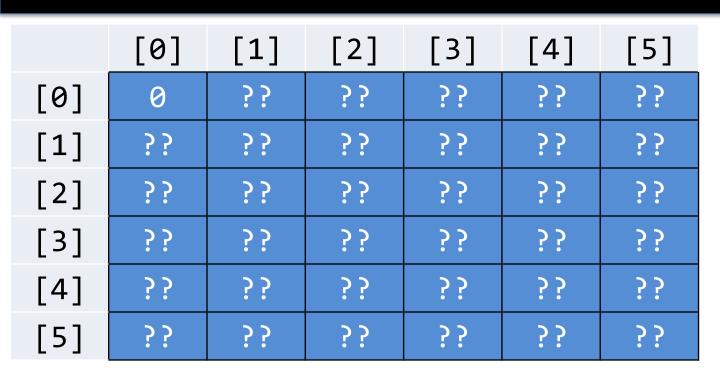
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row-) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	55	55	55	55	;;
[1]	55	??	55	55	??	;;
[2]	55	??	55	55	??	;;
[3]	55	??	55	55	??	;;
[4]	55	??	55	55	??	;;
[5]	; ;	;;	; ;	; ;	;;	??

Execution

```
0 row
0 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
   for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++){
     board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
}</pre>
```

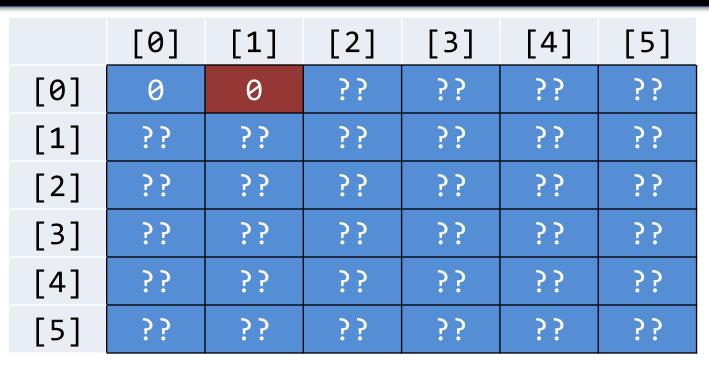


o row 1 col

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++)
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
```

```
[0]
                                                  [5]
                [1]
                         [2]
                                 [3]
                                         [4]
[0]
                 55
                                                  55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
[1]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         row
[2]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         col
[3]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
         55
                 55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
[4]
                         55
[5]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
```

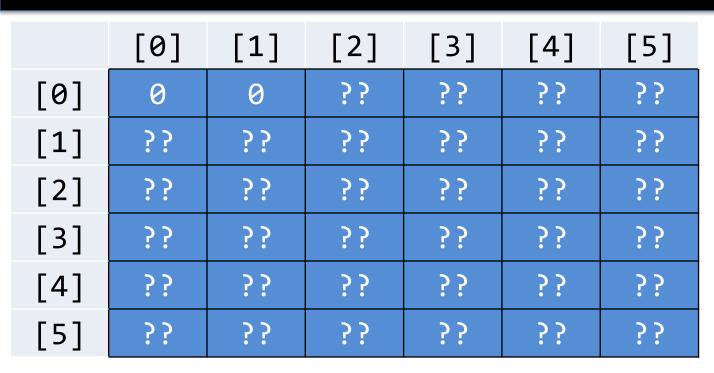
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }
}</pre>
```



Execution

```
0 row
1 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

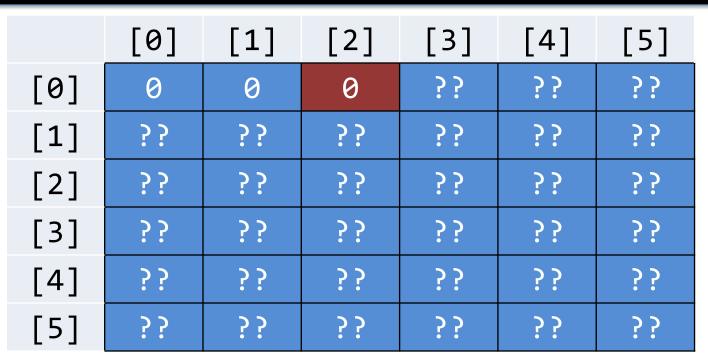


```
o row
2 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

```
[0]
                                                  [5]
                [1]
                         [2]
                                 [3]
                                         [4]
[0]
                                                  55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                  0
[1]
         ??
                 ??
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         row
[2]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         col
[3]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
         55
                 55
                                  55
                                                  ??
[4]
                         55
                                          55
[5]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row-) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }
}</pre>
```



Execution

```
0 row
2 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

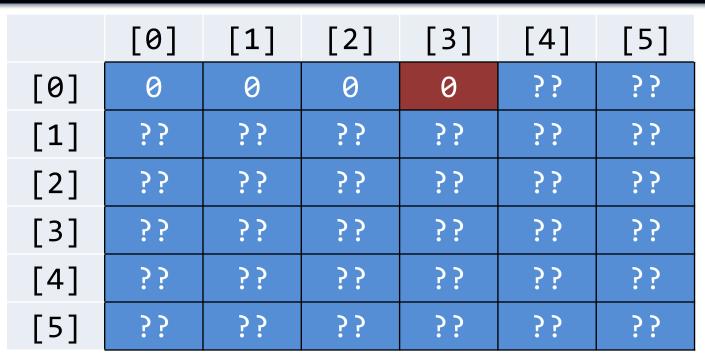
	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	55		??
[1]	??	??	??			??
[2]	3.5	55	55	3.5	55	??
[3]	3.5	55	55	3.5	55	??
[4]	3.5	55	3.5	3.5	55	??
[5]	; ;	;;	;;	; ;	;;	??

o row 3 col

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
```

```
[0]
                                                  [5]
                [1]
                         [2]
                                 [3]
                                         [4]
[0]
                                                  55
                                  55
                                          55
                  0
                          0
[1]
         ??
                 ??
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         row
[2]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         col
[3]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
         55
                 55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
[4]
                         55
[5]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row-) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```



Execution

```
0 row
3 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[1]	??	?:	??	55	??	??
[2]	55		55	55	55	??
[3]	33	55	33	33	3.5	??
[4]	33	55	3.5	33	3.5	??
[5]	; ;	;;	; ;	; ;	;;	??

Execution

```
0 row
5 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[1]	??	??		55		??
[2]	33	55	3.5	33	55	??
[3]	33	55	33	33	55	??
[4]	3.5	3.5	33	33	3.5	??
[5]	3.5	??	3.5	33	??	??

```
o row
6 col
```

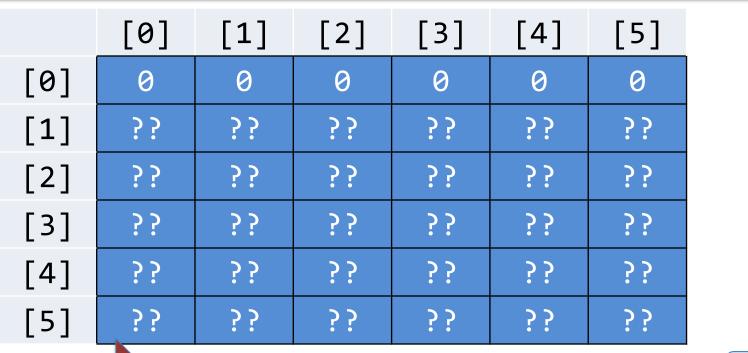
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[1]	55	55	55	55	55	55
[2]	33	33	33	33	33	33
[3]	33	33	33	33	33	33
[4]	33	33	33	33	33	33
[5]	55	33	55	33	55	55

o row
6 col

```
Execution
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row+) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

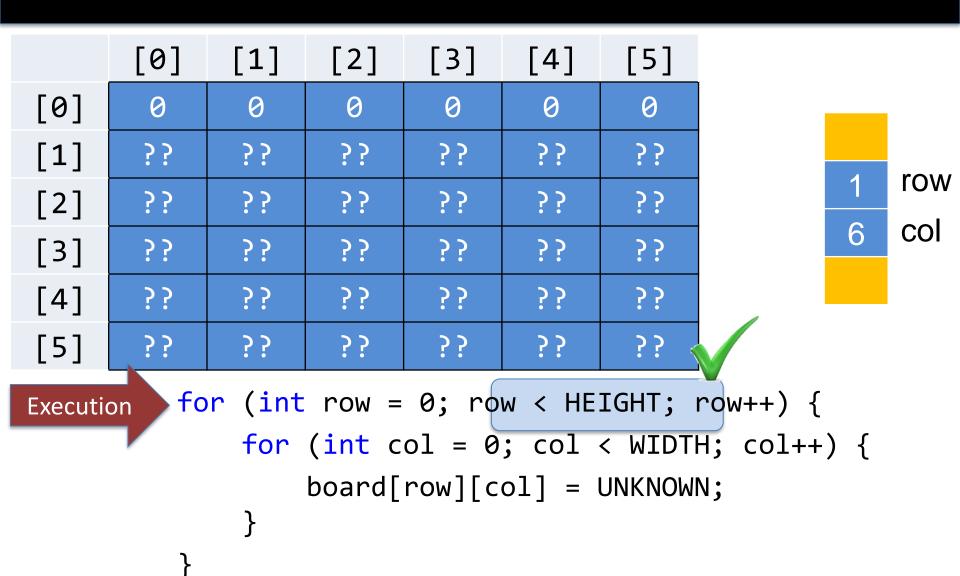


```
{
·+) {
```

row

col

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }
}</pre>
```



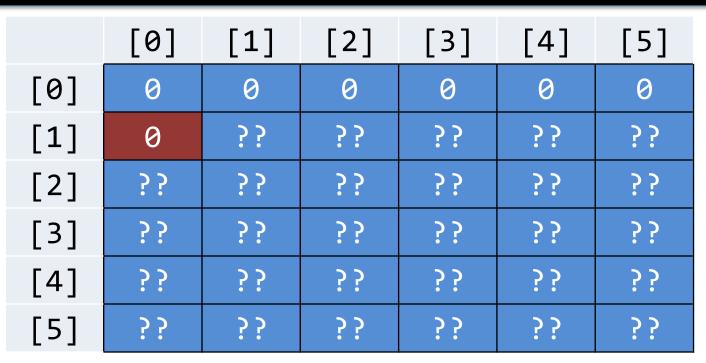
	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[1]	??	?:	??	55	??	??
[2]	55		55	55	3.5	??
[3]	55		55	55	3.5	??
[4]	33	55	33	33	33	??
[5]	; ;	; ;	;;		; ;	??

```
1 row
0 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
```

```
[0]
                                                  [5]
                [1]
                         [2]
                                 [3]
                                         [4]
[0]
                  0
                          0
                                           0
[1]
         ??
                 ??
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         row
[2]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
                                                                         col
[3]
         ??
                 55
                         ??
                                  ??
                                          55
                                                  ??
         55
                 55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
[4]
                         55
[5]
         55
                 55
                         55
                                  55
                                          55
                                                  ??
```

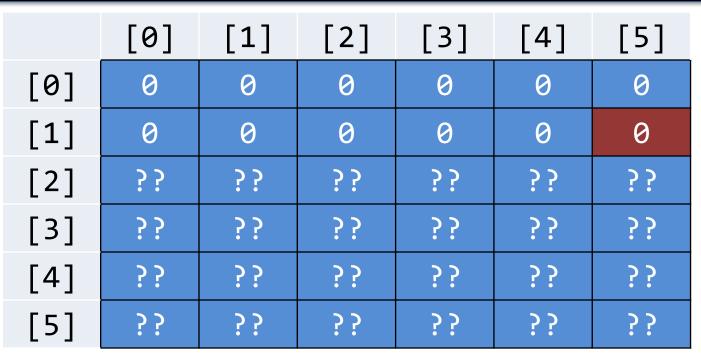
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row-) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }
}</pre>
```



Execution

```
1 row
0 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```



Execution

```
1 row
5 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[1]	0	0	0	0	0	0
[2]			5.	55	3.5	??
[3]	33	55	55	3.5	33	??
[4]	33	55	55	3.5	33	??
[5]	.; ·	??	??	3.5	33	??

```
1 row
6 col
```

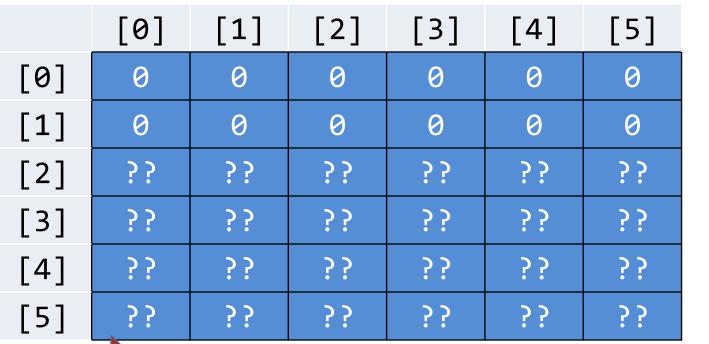
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	
[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[1]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[2]	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	
[3]	??	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	
[4]	??	3.5	3.5	; ;	3.5	3.5	
[5]	??	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	??	

Execution

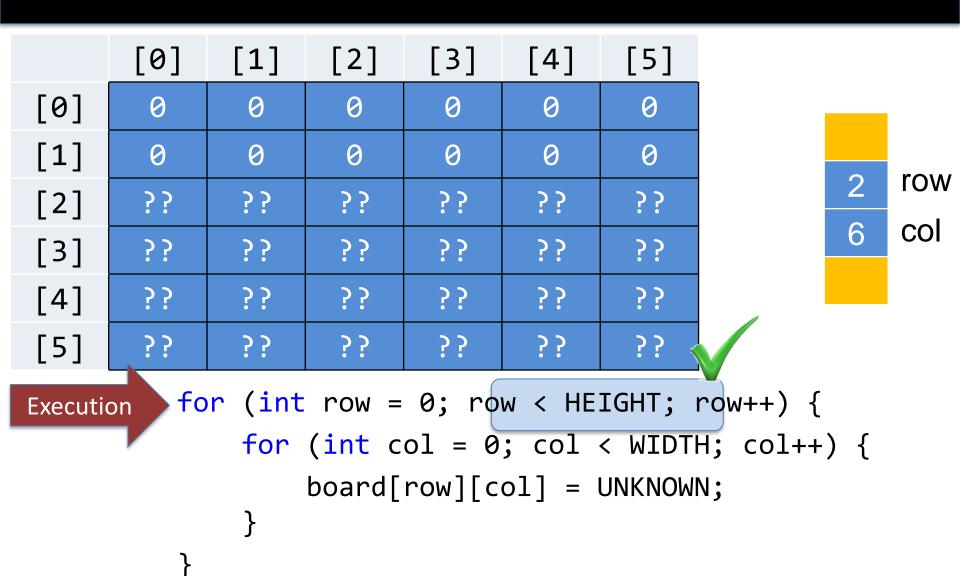
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row+ {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

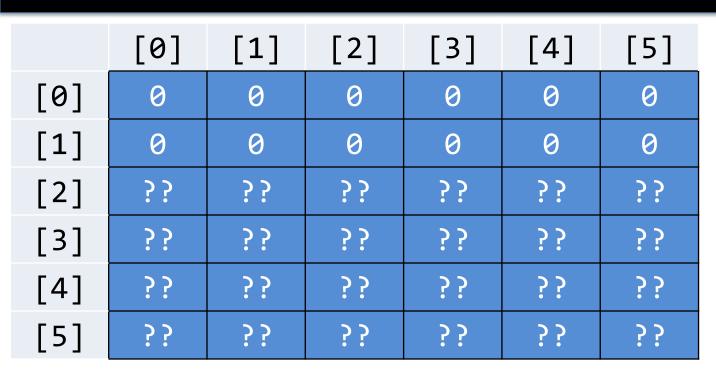
row



```
2 row6 col
```

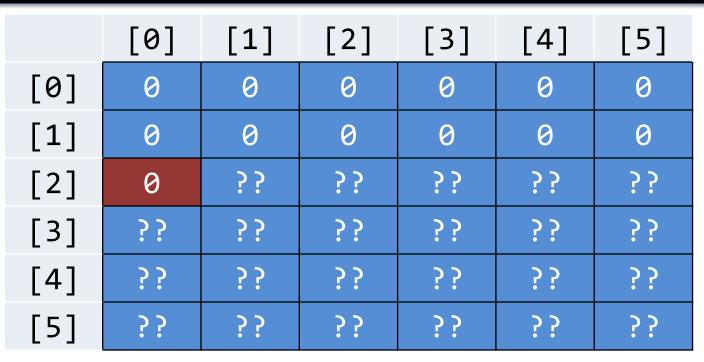
```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```





```
2 row
0 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;</pre>
```

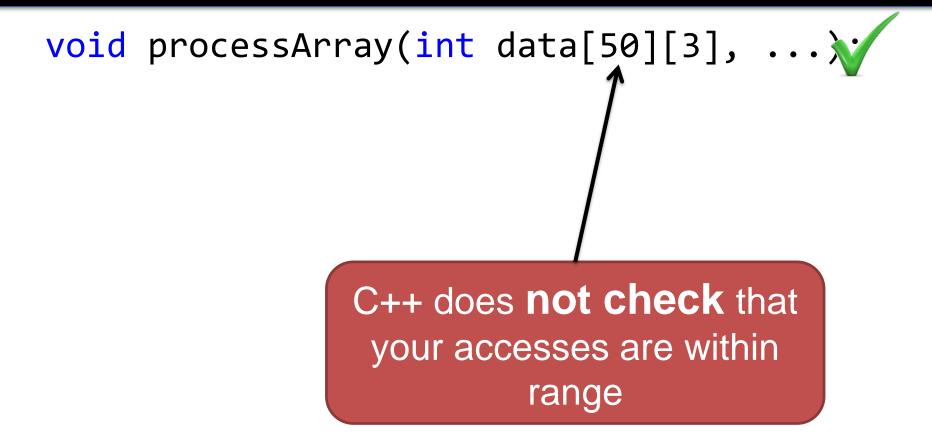


Execution

```
2 row
0 col
```

```
for (int row = 0; row < HEIGHT; row++) {
    for (int col = 0; col < WIDTH; col++) {
        board[row][col] = UNKNOWN;
    }</pre>
```

```
void processArray(int data[50][3], ...)
```



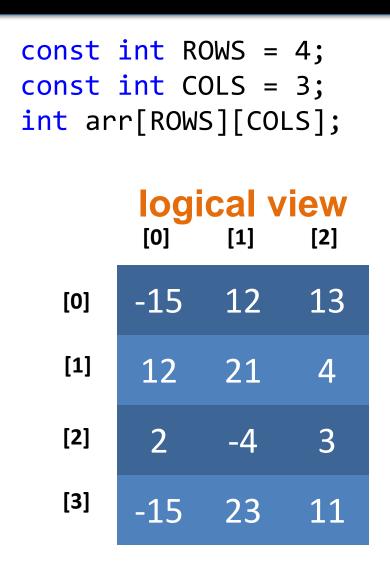
```
void processArray(int data[50][3], ...)
void processArray(int data[][3], ...)
```

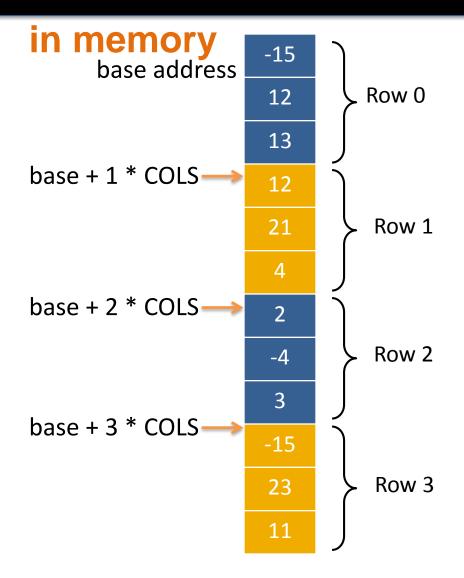
```
void processArray(int data[50][3], ...)
void processArray(int data[][3], ...)
void processArray(int data[][], ...)
```

```
void processArray(int data[50][3], ...)
void processArray(int data[][3], ...)/
void processArray(int data[][],
                                  Compile error
         Second dimension required
```

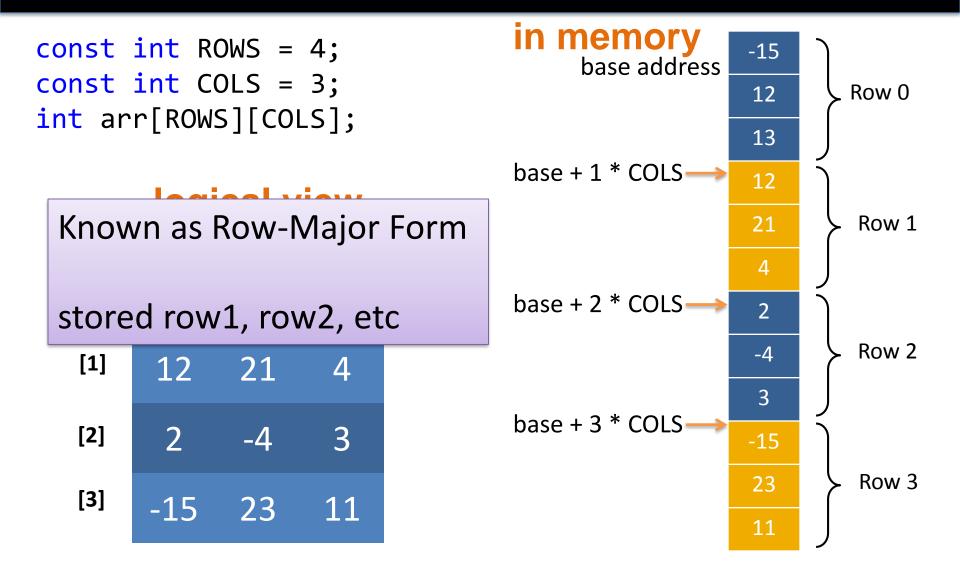
```
void processArray(int data[50][3], ...)
void processArray(int data[][3], ...)/
void processArray(int data[][],
                                    Compile error
         Second dimension required
          Actually, ALL but the first
            dimension is required
```

How 2D Arrays Are Stored in Memory





How 2D Arrays Are Stored in Memory



```
arr
      const int ROWS = 4;
                                                              -15
                                                base address
      const int COLS = 3;
                                                              12
                                                                      Row 0
      void processArray(int arr[][]) {
                                                              13
          arr[1][1] = 0;
                                          base + 1 * COLS
                                                              12
                                                                       Row 1
                                                              21
      int main(void) {
          int arr[ROWS][COLS] = {...};
Execution
                                          base + 2 * COLS
          arr[1][1] = 42;
          processArray(arr);
                                                                       Row 2
                                                              -4
                                                               3
                                          base + 3 * COLS
                                                              -15
                                                                       Row 3
                                                              23
```

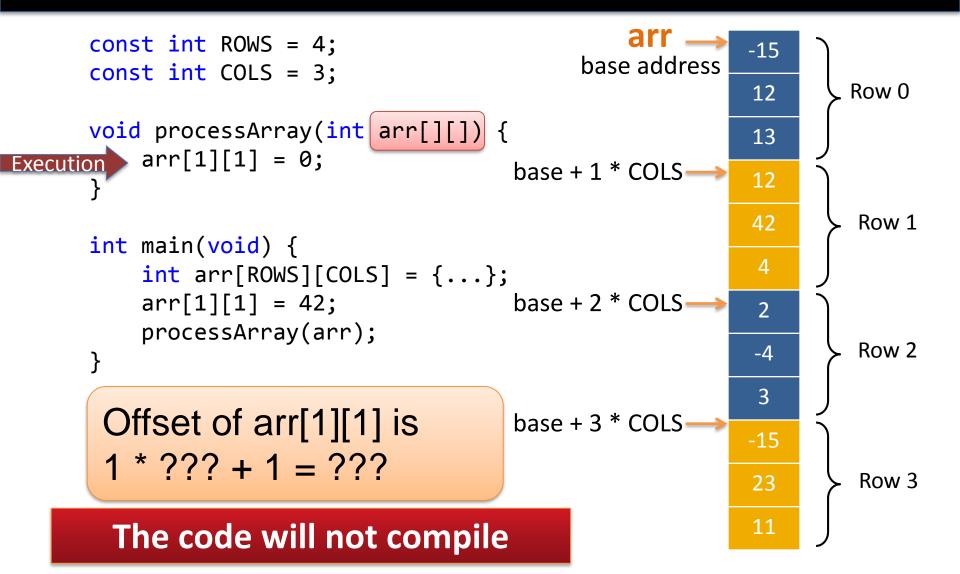
```
arr
      const int ROWS = 4;
                                                                -15
                                                 base address
      const int COLS = 3;
                                                                12
                                                                         Row 0
      void processArray(int arr[][]) {
                                                                13
           arr[1][1] = 0;
                                           base + 1 * COLS
                                                                12
                                     Offset of arr[1][1] from
                                                                         Row 1
                                                                42
                                    base is 1 * COLS + 1 = 4
      int main(void) {
           int arr[ROWS][COLS] = {...};
           arr[1][1] = 42;
                                           base + 2 * COLS
Execution
           processArray(arr);
                                                                         Row 2
                                                                 -4
                                                                 3
                                           base + 3 * COLS
                                                                -15
                                                                          Row 3
                                                                23
                                                                11
```

```
arr.
      const int ROWS = 4;
                                                              -15
                                                base address
      const int COLS = 3;
                                                              12
                                                                       Row 0
      void processArray(int arr[][]) {
                                                              13
          arr[1][1] = 0;
                                          base + 1 * COLS
                                                              12
                                                                       Row 1
                                                              42
      int main(void) {
          int arr[ROWS][COLS] = {...};
                                          base + 2 * COLS
          arr[1][1] = 42;
          processArray(arr);
Execution
                                                                       Row 2
                                                               -4
                                                               3
                                          base + 3 * COLS
                                                              -15
                                                                       Row 3
                                                              23
```

```
arr.
      const int ROWS = 4;
                                                              -15
                                                base address
      const int COLS = 3;
                                                               12
                                                                       Row 0
Execution id processArray(int arr[][]) {
                                                               13
          arr[1][1] = 0;
                                          base + 1 * COLS
                                                               12
                                                                        Row 1
                                                              42
      int main(void) {
           int arr[ROWS][COLS] = {...};
                                          base + 2 * COLS
           arr[1][1] = 42;
          processArray(arr);
                                                                       Row 2
                                                               -4
                                                               3
                                          base + 3 * COLS
                                                              -15
                                                                        Row 3
                                                              23
```

```
arr
      const int ROWS = 4;
                                                            -15
                                              base address
      const int COLS = 3;
                                                            12
                                                                    Row 0
      void processArray(int arr[][]) {
                                                            13
          arr[1][1] = 0;
Execution
                                         base + 1 * COLS
                                                            12
                                                                     Row 1
                                                            42
      int main(void) {
          int arr[ROWS][COLS] = {...};
          arr[1][1] = 42;
                                         base + 2 * COLS
          processArray(arr);
                                                                     Row 2
                                                            -4
                                                             3
       Offset of arr[1][1] is
                                         base + 3 * COLS
                                                            -15
       1*??? + 1 = ???
                                                                     Row 3
                                                            23
```

Tell the compiler how much memory to skip



i>Clicker #9

Which is a correct function prototype for a function that takes in a 2D array?

```
A. int sumAll(int data[][], int rows, int cols);
B. int sumAll(int data[9][2], int rows, int cols);
C. int sumAll(int data[9][], int rows, int cols);
D. int sumAll(int data[][2], int rows, int cols);
E. B and D
```

i>Clicker #9

Which is a correct function prototype for a function that takes in a 2D array?

A. int sumAll(int data[][], int rows, int cols);
B. int sumAll(int data[9][2], int rows, int cols);
C. int sumAll(int data[9][], int rows, int cols);
D. int sumAll(int data[][2], int rows, int cols);
E. B and D

```
// Requires: nothing
// Modifies: red, yellow
// Effects: sets red and blue to
//
            the number of chips in
            board of that color
//
void count chips(int board[6][7], int &red,
                 int &blue) {
    // 555
```

```
void count chips(int board[6][7],
                 int &red,
                 int &blue) {
       initialize red and blue
       loop over all squares
      if square is red, red++
        if square is blue, blue++
```

```
void count_chips(int board[6][7],
                  int &red,
                  int &blue) {
    red = 0;
    blue= 0;
```

```
void count_chips(int board[6][7],
                   int &red,
                   int &blue) {
    red = 0;
    blue= 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < width; j++) {</pre>
```

```
void count_chips(int board[6][7],
                   int &red,
                   int &blue) {
    red = 0;
    blue= 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < width; j++) {</pre>
             if (board[i][j] == RED) {
                 red++;
```

```
void count_chips(int board[6][7],
                  int &red,
                  int &blue) {
    red = 0;
    blue= 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < width; j++) {</pre>
             if (board[i][j] == RED) {
                 red++;
             } else if (board[i][j] == BLUE) {
                 blue++;
```

```
void count_chips(int board[6][7],
                  int &red,
                  int &blue) {
    red = 0;
    blue= 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < width; j++) {
            if (board[i][j] == RED) {
                 red++;
             } else if (board[i][j] == BLUE) {
                 blue++;
```

Next Time

More arrays File I/O

Examples

On your own

Example 1: readGrades() function

Create the following global named constants:

```
const int NUM_STDNTS = 10;
const int NUM EXAMS = 3;
```

Inside main(), create the array that will be passed to the functions:

```
int grades[NUM_STDNTS][NUM_EXAMS];
```

```
// Requires: The size of array grades is
         NUM STDNTS x NUM EXAMS
//
        NUM STDNTS > 0 && NUM EXAMS > 0
//
// Modifies: The array grades
// Effects: read from the standard input
// NUM EXAMS grades for each of NUM STDNTS
// students and store them in array grades
void readGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS]);
```

Console

Enter grade for student 1 exam 1: 17

Enter grade for student 1 exam 2: 22

Enter grade for student 1 exam 3: 35

Enter grade for student 2 exam 1: 15

Enter grade for student 2 exam 2: 19

. . . .

Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31

```
void readGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_STDNTS; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < NUM_EXAMS; j++) {
```

```
void readGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM STDNTS; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < NUM_EXAMS; j++) {</pre>
             cout << "Enter a grade for student "</pre>
                  << i + 1
                  << " exam " << j + 1 << ": ";
             cin >> grades[i][j];
```

Example 2: computeTotalGrades()

```
Requires: The size of array grades is
//
       NUM STDNTS x NUM STDNTS
       The size of array totals is NUM STDNTS
//
//
       NUM STDNTS > 0 && NUM EXAMS > 0
// Modifies: The array totals
// Effects: computes sum of the NUM EXAMS
// grades for each student and stores total
// grade at corresponding index in totals
void computeTotalGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS],
         int totals[]);
```

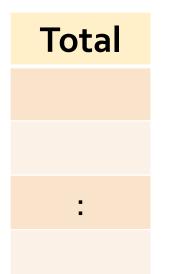
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3	Total
17	22	35	74
15	19	33	
:	:	:	:
16	20	31	→ 67

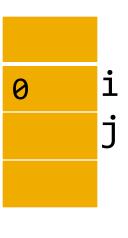
```
void computeTotalGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS],
             int totals[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM STDNTS; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < NUM EXAMS; j++) {
```

```
void computeTotalGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS],
             int totals[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM STDNTS; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < NUM EXAMS; j++) {
            totals[i] += grades[i][j];
```

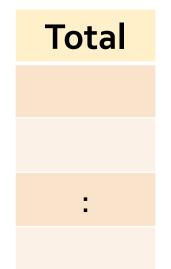
```
void computeTotalGrades(int grades[][NUM EXAMS],
             int totals[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM STDNTS; i++) {
        totals[i] = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < NUM EXAMS; j++) {
            totals[i] += grades[i][j];
```

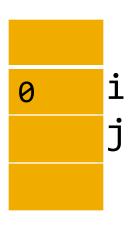
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



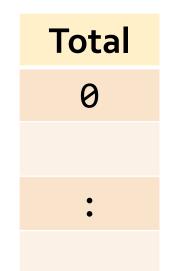


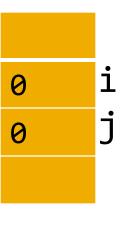
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



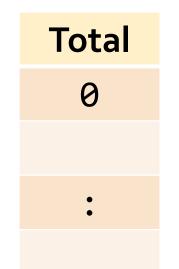


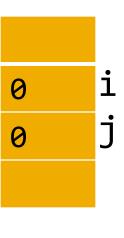
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



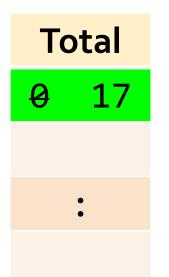


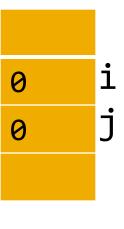
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	<u>:</u>
16	20	31





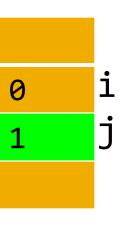
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31





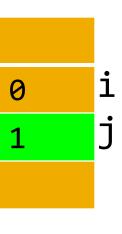
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	<u>:</u>
16	20	31



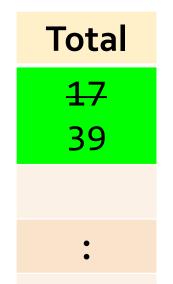


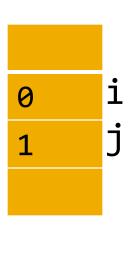
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31





Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	•
16	20	31





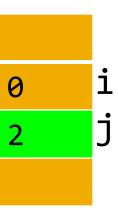
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



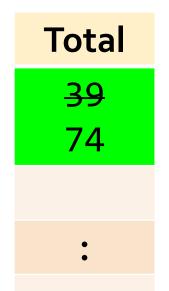


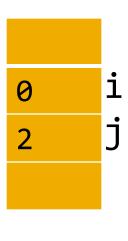
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



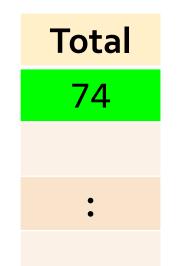


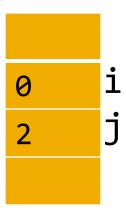
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



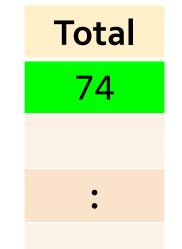


Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



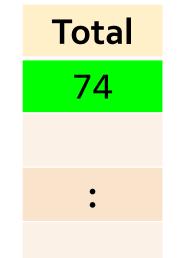


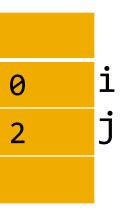
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31



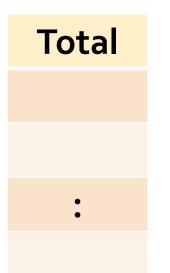


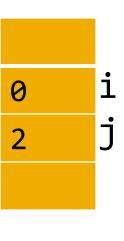
Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	e
16	20	31





Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31





Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	÷
16	20	31

- A) sums rows
- B) sums columns
- C) sums entire array
- D) non-deterministic

Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31

- A) sums rows
- B) sums columns
- C) sums entire array
- D) non-deterministic

Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:		:
16	20	31

- A) sums rows
- B) sums columns
- C) sums entire array
- D) non-deterministic

Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31

- A) sums rows
- B) sums columns
- C) sums entire array
- D) non-deterministic

Example 3: printAverages()

```
// Requires: size of array grades is
// NUM_STDNTS x NUM_STDNTS
// size of array totals is NUM_STDNTS
// NUM_STDNTS > 0 && NUM_EXAMS > 0
// Modifies: nothing
// Effects: computes and prints the
// average of each of the exams
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS])
```

Exam 1	Exam 2	Exam 3
17	22	35
15	19	33
:	:	:
16	20	31

Console

Exam 1 Average: 16.5

Exam 2 Average: 19.3

Exam 3 Average: 32.4

```
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0;
         for (int j = 0; [
```

```
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_EXAMS; i++) {</pre>
          for (int j = 0; j < NUM_STDNTS; j++) {</pre>
```

```
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_EXAMS; i++) {</pre>
         double total = 0;
         for (int j = 0; j < NUM_STDNTS; j++) {</pre>
```

```
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_EXAMS; i++) {</pre>
         double total = 0;
         for (int j = 0; j < NUM_STDNTS; j++) {</pre>
              total += grades[i][j];
          }
```

```
void printAverages(int grades[][NUM_EXAMS]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_EXAMS; i++) {</pre>
         double total = 0;
         for (int j = 0; j < NUM_STDNTS; j++) {</pre>
              total += grades[i][j];
         cout<< "Exam " << i + 1 << " Average: "</pre>
                          << total / NUM STDNTS;
```