

CSC 384 Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

CSP₂

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Winter 2023

Learning Goals

By the end of this lecture, you should be able to

Arc Consistency

- Determine whether a binary constraint is arc-consistent.
- Explain why the arc consistency of a binary constraint is not symmetric.

Forward Checking

- Explain the idea of Forward Checking and
- Explain how to combine Backtracking Search and Forward Checking.
- Explain how Forward Checking can reduce the size of the search tree.
- Trace the execution of Backtracking Search and Forward Checking.

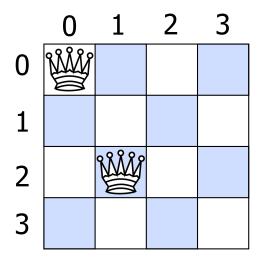
Outline

- 1. Arc Consistency
- 2. Backtracking Search with Forward Checking

ARC CONSISTENCY

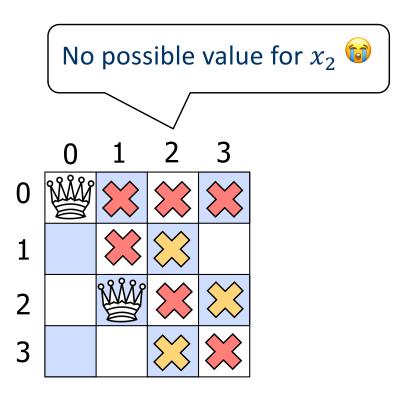
Motivating Arc Consistency

• $x_0 = 0$ and $x_1 = 2$ do not lead to a solution. Why?



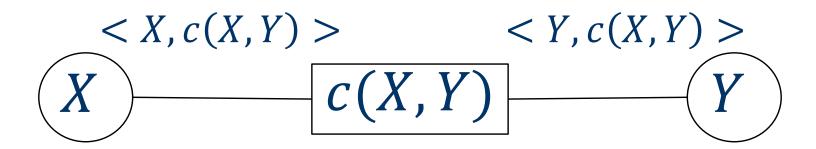
Motivating Arc Consistency

• $x_0 = 0$ and $x_1 = 2$ do not lead to a solution. Why?



Notation for an Arc

- X and Y are two random variables.
- D_X and D_Y are their respective domains.
- c(X,Y) is a binary constraint.



Arc Consistency Definition

```
< X, c(X, Y) > is arc-consistent if and only if for every value v in D_X, there exists a value w in D_Y, such that (v, w) satisfies the constraint c(X, Y).
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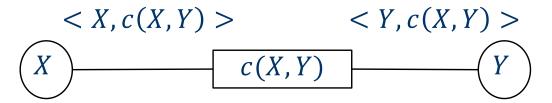
Question 1: Checking Arc Consistency

Assume that $D_X = \{1\}$ and $D_Y = \{1,2\}$.

Consider the constraint c(X, Y): X < Y.

Is the arc $\langle X, c(X, Y) \rangle$ consistent?

- A. Yes.
- B. No.
- C. I don't know.



Answer 1: Checking Arc Consistency

Assume that $D_X = \{1\}$ and $D_Y = \{1,2\}$.

Consider the constraint c(X, Y): X < Y.

Is the arc $\langle X, c(X, Y) \rangle$ consistent?

A. Yes.

B. No.

C. I don't know.

$$\langle X, c(X, Y) \rangle$$
 $\langle Y, c(X, Y) \rangle$

$$C(X, Y)$$

If X = 1, then Y = 2 satisfies the constraint.

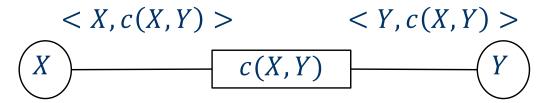
Question 2: Checking Arc Consistency

Assume that $D_X = \{1\}$ and $D_Y = \{1,2\}$.

Consider the constraint c(X, Y): X < Y.

Is the arc $\langle Y, c(X, Y) \rangle$ consistent?

- A. Yes.
- B. No.
- C. I don't know.



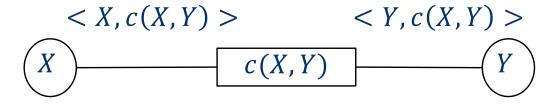
Answer 2: Checking Arc Consistency

Assume that $D_X = \{1\}$ and $D_Y = \{1,2\}$.

Consider the constraint c(X, Y): X < Y.

Is the arc $\langle Y, c(X, Y) \rangle$ consistent?

- A. Yes.
- B. No.
- C. I don't know.



If Y = 1, then no value of X satisfies the constraint.

Arc Consistency is not Symmetric

$$< X, c(X, Y) > is consistent$$

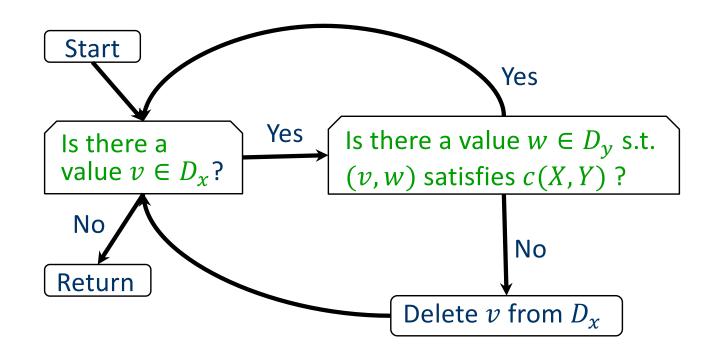
 \Leftrightarrow
 $< Y, c(X, Y) > is consistent$

$$\langle X, c(X,Y) \rangle$$
 $\langle Y, c(X,Y) \rangle$ $\langle Y, c(X,Y) \rangle$ $\langle Y, c(X,Y) \rangle$

Restore Arc Consistency

- Suppose that $\langle X, c(X, Y) \rangle$ is not consistent.
- At least one value $v \in D_x$ is causing the inconsistency.
 - For every $w \in D_{\nu}$, (ν, w) violates the constraint c(X, Y).
- Restore arc consistency by removing every value in D_{χ} causing the inconsistency.

Revise Domain to Restore Arc-Consistency



- 1. function REVISE(csp, X, Y)
- 2. for each v in D_x do
- 3. if no value w in D_y allows (v,w) to satisfy the constraint between X and Y then
- 4. delete v from D_x

BACKTRACKING SEARCH WITH FORWARD CHECKING

Forward Checking (for binary constraints)

After assigning variable X to a value

For each unassigned variable Y connected to X by a constraint c(X,Y)

make $\langle Y, c(X, Y) \rangle$ arc-consistent. (remove any value w in D_y violating the constraint c.)

Q1: Forward Checking for Binary Constraints

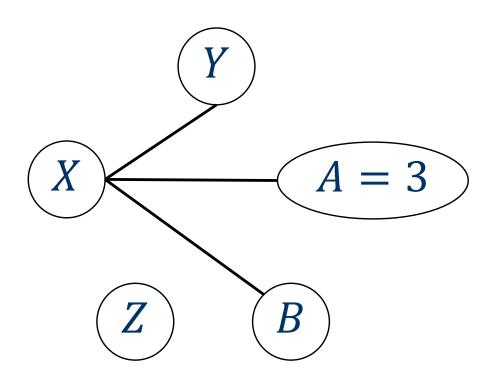
After assigning X = 0, which arcs do we need to check for consistency?

(A)
$$<$$
 Y, $c(X, Y) >$

(B)
$$\langle Z, c(X, Z) \rangle$$

(C)
$$< A, c(X, A) >$$

(D)
$$< B, c(X, B) >$$



Answer 1: Forward Checking for Binary Constraints

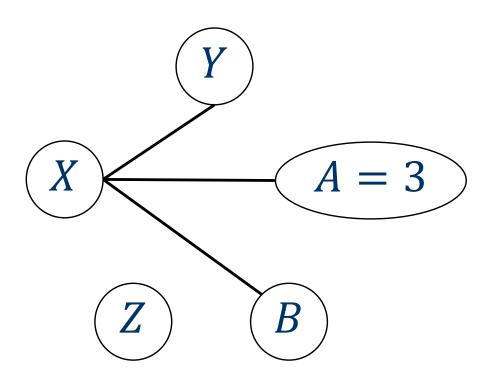
After assigning X = 0, which arcs do we need to check for consistency?

(A)
$$<$$
 Y, $c(X, Y) >$

(B)
$$\langle Z, c(X, Z) \rangle$$

(C)
$$< A, c(X, A) >$$

(D)
$$< B, c(X, B) >$$



Forward Checking (for all constraints)

After assigning variable X to a value

For every constraint c involving X

If c has exactly one unassigned variable Y in its scope

make $\langle Y, c \rangle$ arc-consistent.

(remove any value w in D_y violating the constraint c.)

Q2: Forward Checking for All Constraints

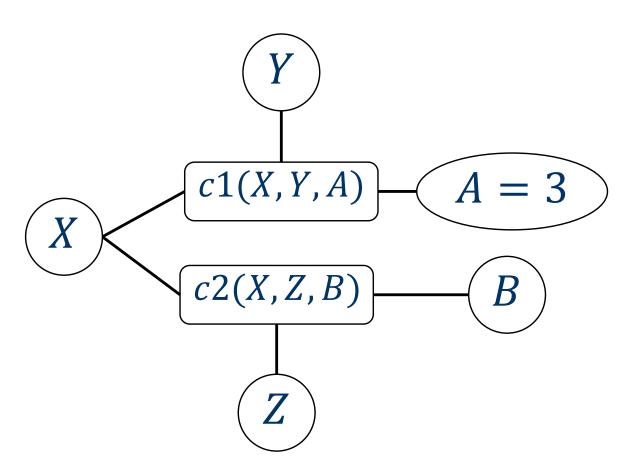
After assigning X = 0, which arcs do we need to check for consistency?

(A)
$$< Y, c1 >$$

(B)
$$< A, c1 >$$

(C)
$$< Z, c2 >$$

(D)
$$< B, c2 >$$



Answer 2: Forward Checking for Binary Constraints

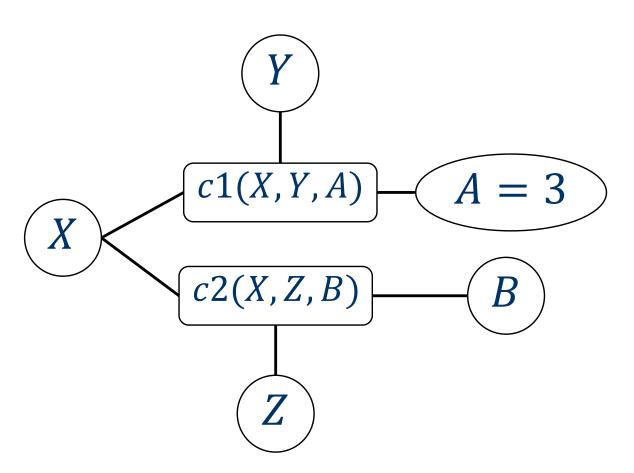
After assigning X = 0, which arcs do we need to check for consistency?

(A)
$$< Y, c1 >$$

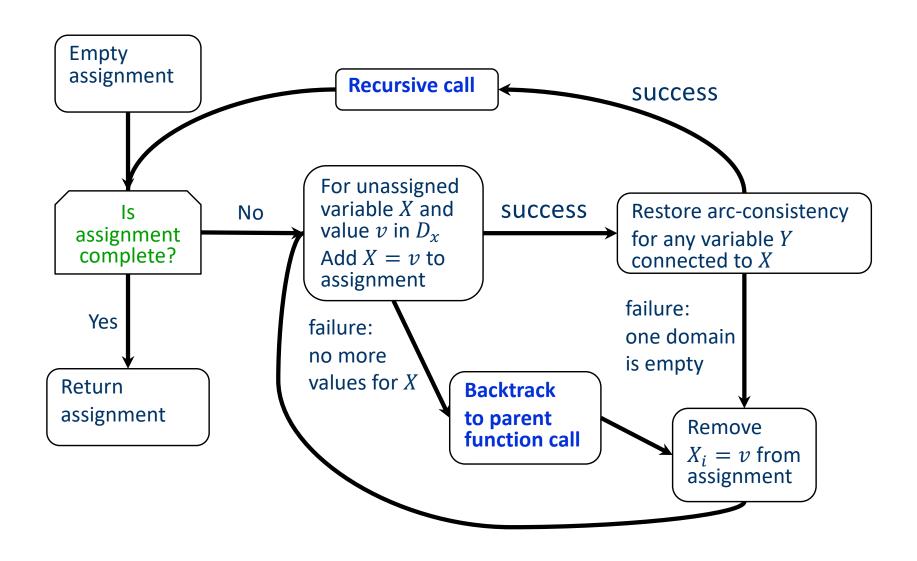
(B)
$$< A, c1 >$$

(C)
$$< Z, c2 >$$

(D)
$$< B, c2 >$$

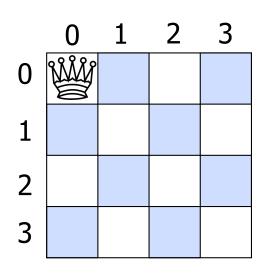


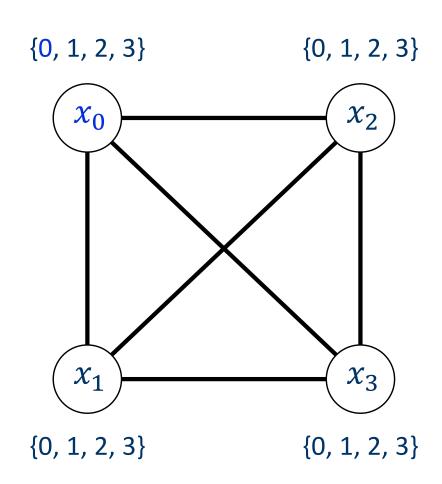
Backtracking Search w/ Forward Checking

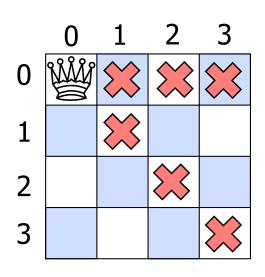


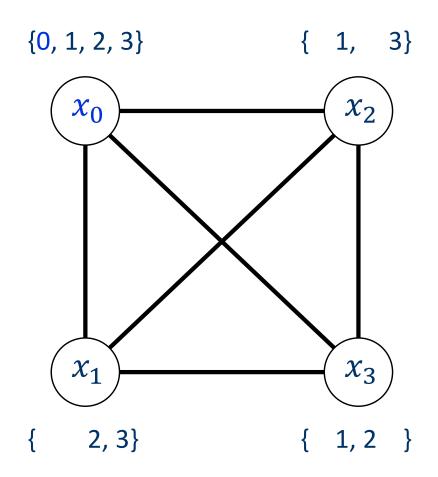
Backtracking Search w/ Arc Consistency

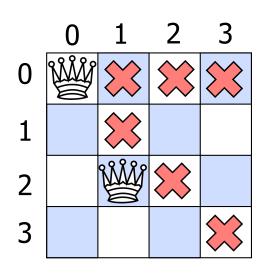
```
1.
    function BACKTRACKING-SEARCH(csp)
2.
      return BACKTRACK({}, CSP)
3.
4.
    function BACKTRACK(assignment, csp)
5 -
       if assignment is complete then return assignment
6.
       var <- SELECT-UNASSIGNED-VARIABLE(csp)</pre>
       for each value in ORDER-DOMAIN-VALUES(var, assignment, csp) do
7 _
8.
          add {var = value} to assignment
9.
          inferences <- INFERENCE(csp, var, value)
          if inferences ≠ failure then
10.
11.
             add inferences to assignment
12.
             result <- BACKTRACK(assignment, csp)</pre>
             if result ≠ no solution then
13.
14.
                 return result
15.
          remove {var = value} and inferences from assignment
16.
       return no solution
```

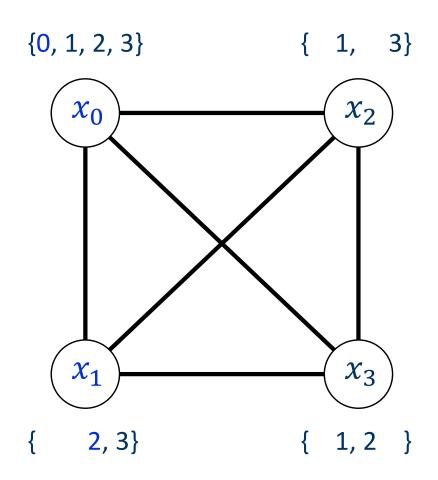


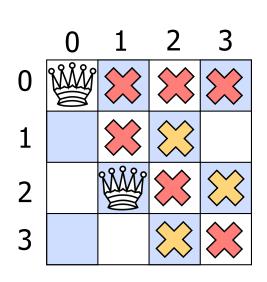


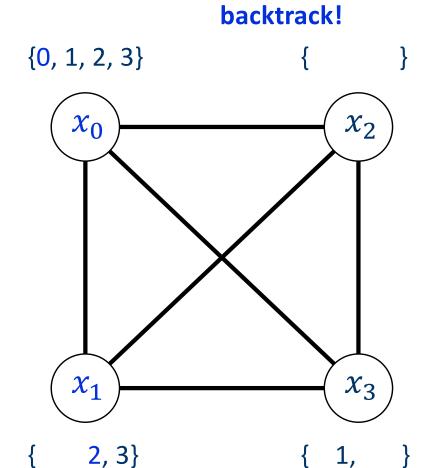




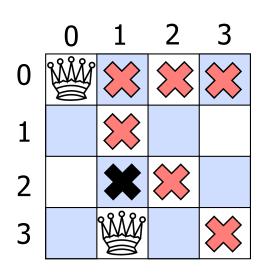


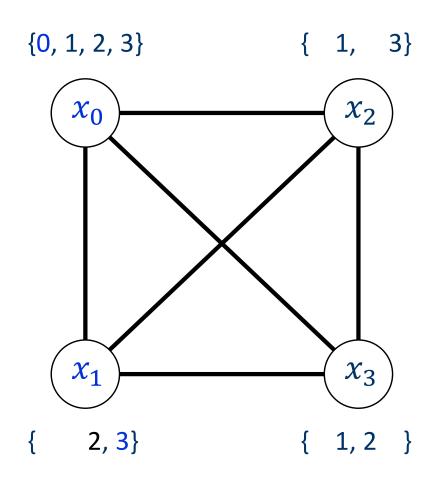


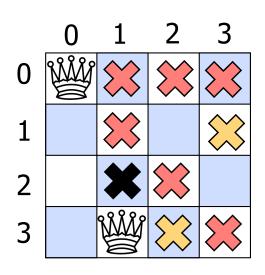


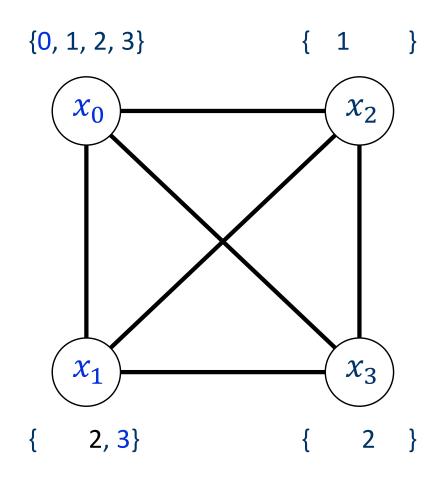


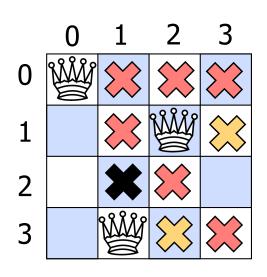
 x_2 's domain is empty!

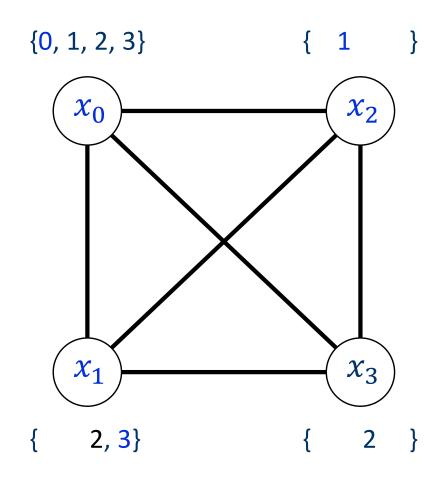


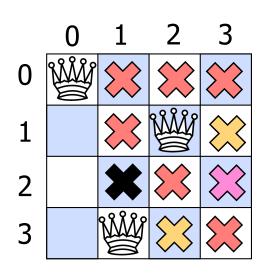


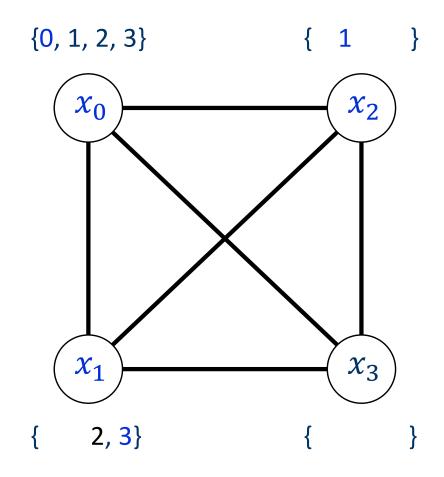




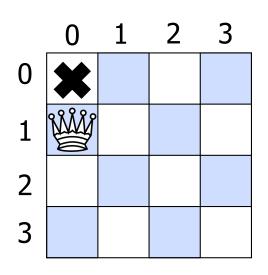


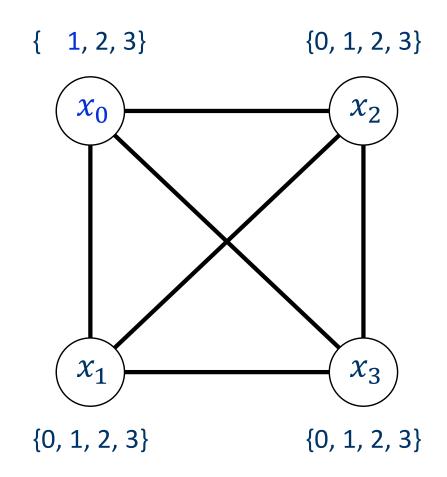


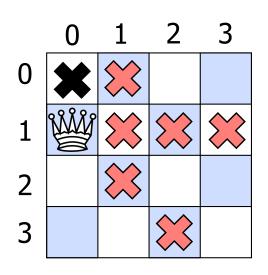


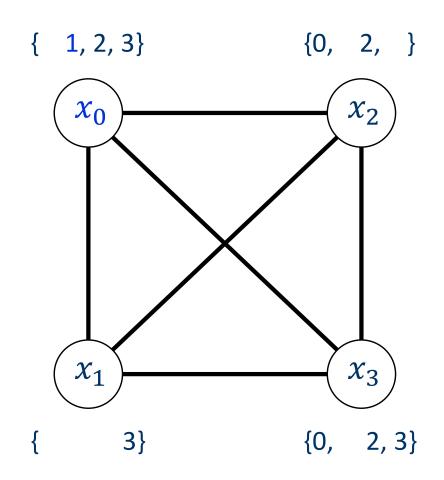


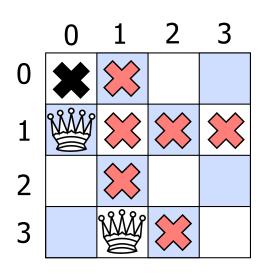
x₃'s domain is empty! backtrack!

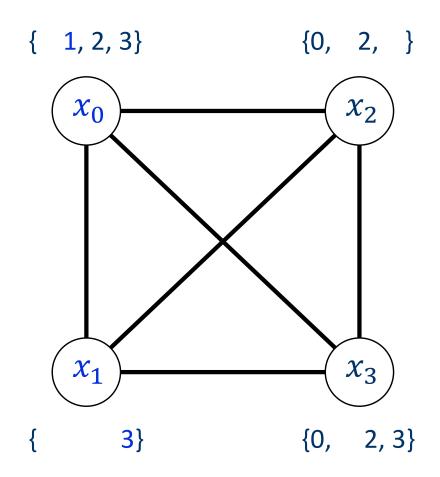


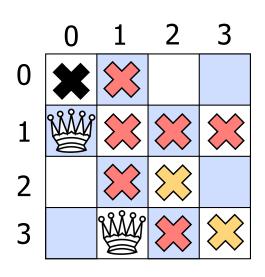


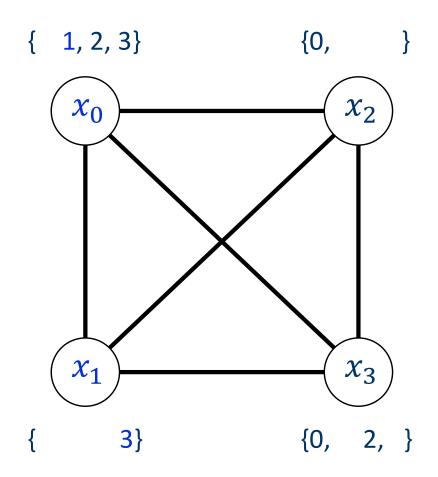


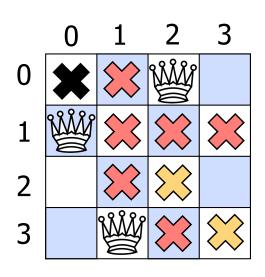


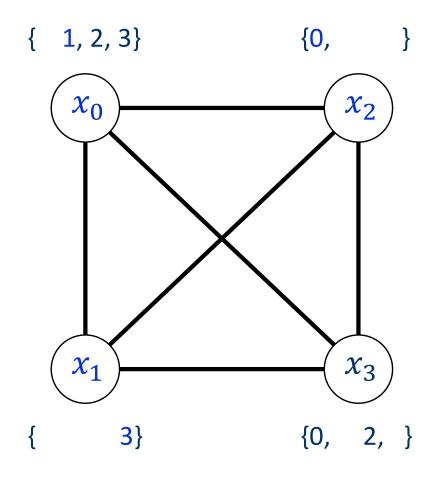


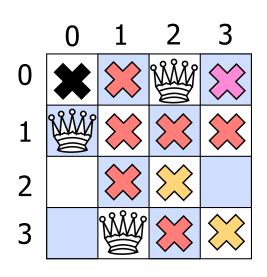


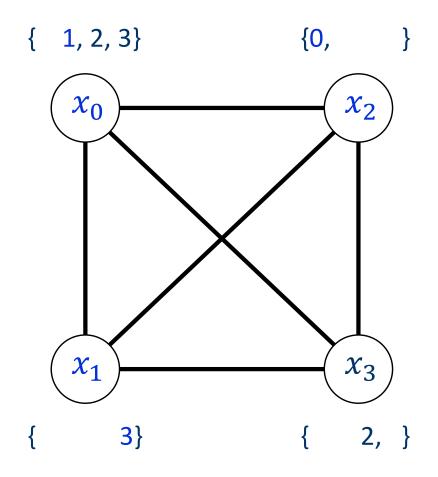


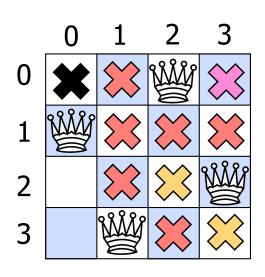


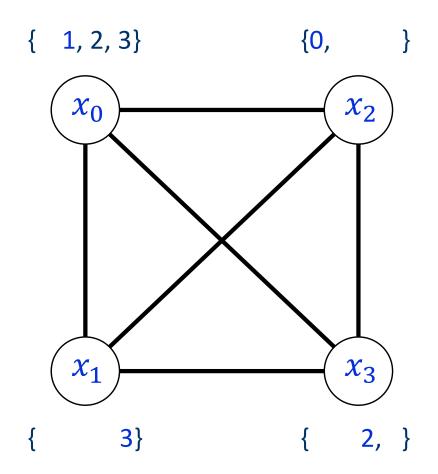


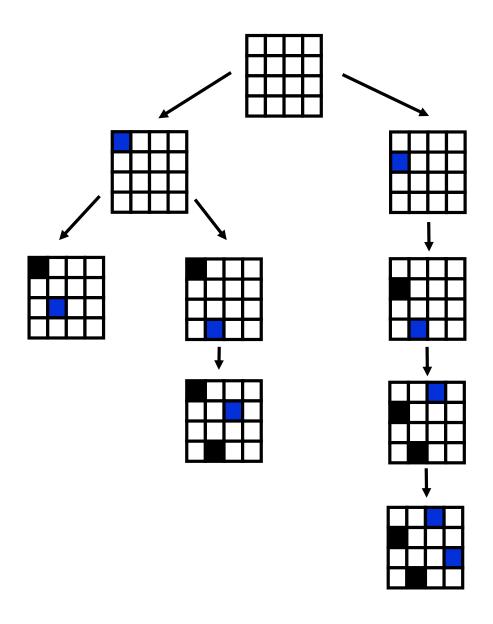






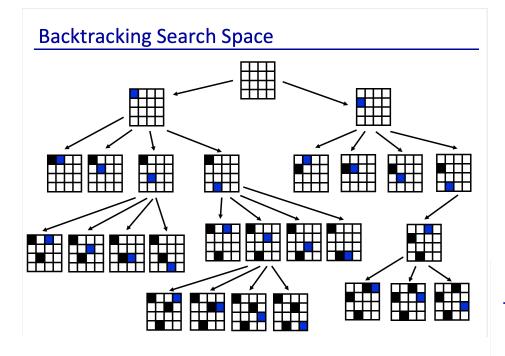




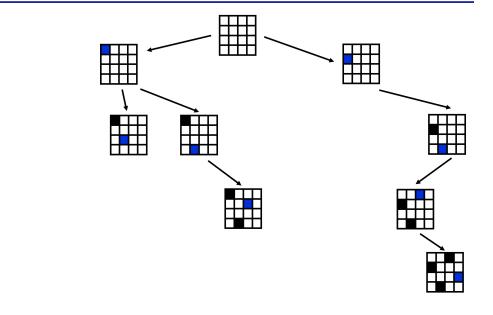


Step	Assigning a Value and Revising Domains				What Next?
	x ₀	x ₁	x ₂	X ₃	
1	$x_0 = 0$	2,3	1, 3	1, 2	Continue
2		$x_1 = 2$	empty	1	Backtrack
3		$x_1 = 3$	1	2	Continue
4			$x_2 = 1$	empty	Backtrack
5	$x_0 = 1$	3	0, 2	0, 2, 3	Continue
6		$x_1 = 3$	0	0, 2	Continue
7			$x_2 = 0$	2	Continue
8				$x_3 = 2$	Solution Found!

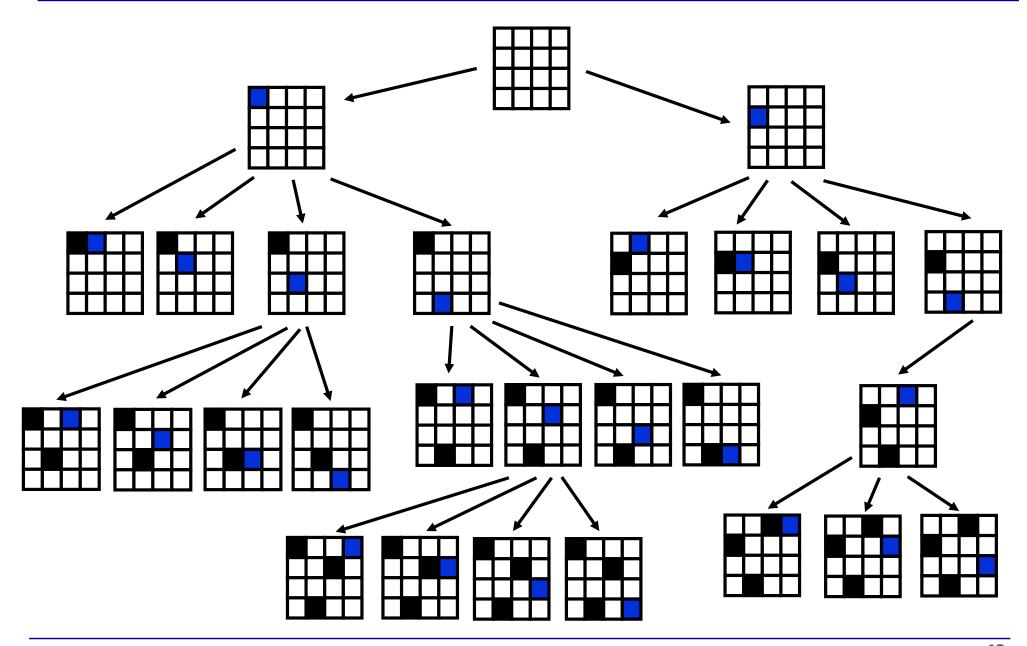
Backtracking versus Forward Checking



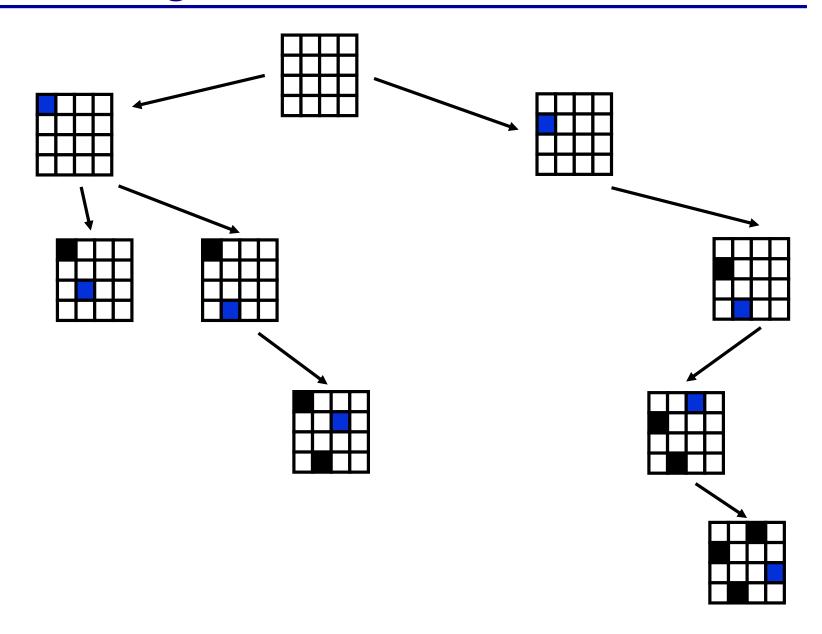
Forward Checking Search Space



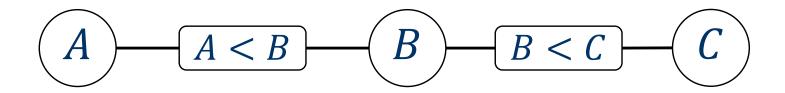
Backtracking Search Tree



Forward Checking Search Tree



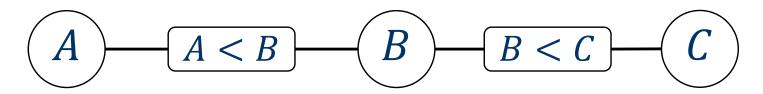
Consider the CSP below. Each variable's domain is {1, 2, 3, 4}. Solve the CSP using Backtracking Search and Forward Checking. For each variable, consider the values in increasing order.



Step	Assigning a Value and Revising Domains			What Next?
	A	В	С	
1				
2				
3				

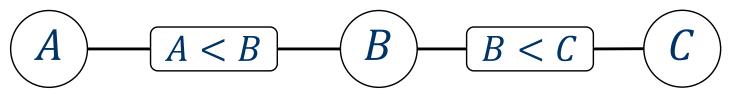
Consider the CSP below. There are three variables A, B, C.

The domain of each variable is {1, 2, 3, 4}. Solve the CSP using Backtracking Search and Forward Checking. For each variable, consider the values in increasing order.



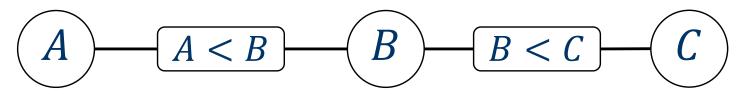
Step	Assigning a Value and Revising Domains			What Next?
	A	В	С	
1	A = 1	2, 3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4	Continue
2		B=2	3,4	Continue
3			C=3	Solution Found!

Consider the CSP below. Each variable's domain is {1, 2, 3, 4}. Solve the CSP using Backtracking Search and Forward Checking. For each variable, consider the values in decreasing order.



Step	Assigning a \	What Next?		
	A	В	С	
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				

Consider the CSP below. Each variable's domain is {1, 2, 3, 4}. Solve the CSP using Backtracking Search and Forward Checking. For each variable, consider the values in decreasing order.



Step	Assigning a Value and Revising Domains			What Next?
	A	В	С	
1	A = 4	empty	1, 2, 3, 4	Backtrack
2	A = 3	4	1, 2, 3, 4	Continue
3		B=4	empty	Backtrack
4	A = 2	3,4	1, 2, 3, 4	Continue
5		B=4	empty	Backtrack
6		B=3	4	Continue
7			C=4	Solution Found!