EXPERIMENT NO:

ROLL No:

NAME:

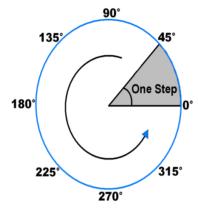
TITLE:Interfacing of a stepper motor (to move by a particular angle) with arduino uno.

Theory

Stepper Motor is a brushless DC Motor. Control signals are applied to stepper motor to rotate it in steps. Its speed of rotation depends upon rate at which control signals are applied. There are various stepper motors available with minimum required step angle. Stepper motor is made up of mainly two parts, a stator and rotor. Stator is of coil winding and rotor is mostly permanent magnet or ferromagnetic material.

Step Angle

Step angle is the minimum angle that stepper motor will cover within one move/step. Number of steps required to complete one rotation depends upon step angle. E.g. If step angle is of 45° then 8 steps are required to complete one rotation as shown in figure below.

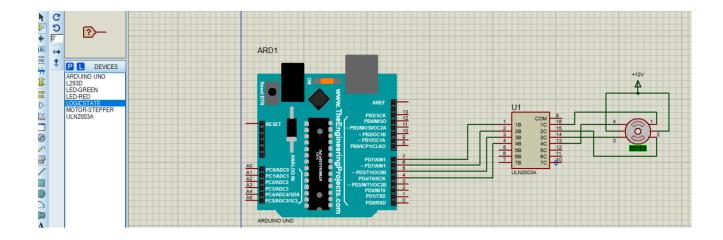


Stepper motors are classified depending upon construction and winding arrangement.

Depending upon winding arrangement Unipolar Stepper Motor Bipolar Stepper Motor Depending upon construction

- Permanent Magnet Stepper Motor
- Variable Reluctance Stepper Motor
- Hybrid Stepper Motor

Circuit Diagram:



```
Code:
void setup() {
pinMode(4, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(5, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(6, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(7, OUTPUT);
}
void loop() {
 /* Rotation in one direction */
 for(int i = 0; i<5; i++)
  digitalWrite(7, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, HIGH);
```

```
delay(100);
}
 /* Rotation in opposite direction */
 for(int j = 0; j < 5; j++)
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, HIGH);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, LOW);
  digitalWrite(6, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
  delay(100);
  digitalWrite(7, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(6, LOW);
  digitalWrite(5, LOW);
  digitalWrite(4, LOW);
delay(100);
}
}
```

Conclusion: