

EXPERIMENT NO:

ROLL No:

NAME:

TITLE: Write a Program to illustrate the Queue Management Features of FreeRTOS

Theory:

A queue in a real-time operating system (RTOS) is a **kernel object that is capable of passing information between tasks without incurring overwrites from other tasks or entering into a race condition**. A queue is a first in, first out (FIFO) system where items are removed from the queue once read.

Arduino code for creation of queue and sending and receiving data from queue in freeRTOS

```
/*
 * Example of a basic FreeRTOS queue
 * https://www.freertos.org/Embedded-RTOS-Queues.html
 */

// Include Arduino FreeRTOS library
#include <Arduino_FreeRTOS.h>

// Include queue support
#include <queue.h>

// Define a Array
int pinReadArray[4]={0,0,0,0};

//Function Declaration
void TaskBlink(void *pvParameters);
void TaskAnalogReadPin0(void *pvParameters);
void TaskAnalogReadPin1(void *pvParameters);
void TaskSerial(void *pvParameters);

/*
 * Declaring a global variable of type QueueHandle_t
 */
QueueHandle_t arrayQueue;

void setup() {

  /**
```

```

    * Create a queue.
    * https://www.freertos.org/a00116.html
    */
arrayQueue=xQueueCreate(10, //Queue length
                        sizeof(int)); //Queue item size
if(arrayQueue!=NULL){

    // Create task that consumes the queue if it was created.
    xTaskCreate(TaskSerial,// Task function
                "PrintSerial",// Task name
                128,// Stack size
                NULL,
                2,// Priority
                NULL);

    // Create task that publish data in the queue if it was created.
    xTaskCreate(TaskAnalogReadPin0, // Task function
                "AnalogRead1",// Task name
                128,// Stack size
                NULL,
                1,// Priority
                NULL);

    // Create other task that publish data in the queue if it was created.
    xTaskCreate(TaskAnalogReadPin1,// Task function
                "AnalogRead2",// Task name
                128,// Stack size
                NULL,
                1,// Priority
                NULL);

    xTaskCreate(TaskBlink,// Task function
                "Blink", // Task name
                128,// Stack size
                NULL,
                0,// Priority
                NULL);

}
}

void loop() {}

/**

```

```

* Analog read task for Pin A0
* Reads an analog input on pin 0 and send the readed value through the
queue.
* See Blink_AnalogRead example.
*/
void TaskAnalogReadPin0(void *pvParameters){
    (void) pvParameters;
    for (;;) {
        pinReadArray[0]=0;
        pinReadArray[1]=analogRead(A0);
        /**
         * Post an item on a queue.
         * https://www.freertos.org/a00117.html
         */
        xQueueSend(arrayQueue,&pinReadArray,portMAX_DELAY);
        // One tick delay (15ms) in between reads for stability
        vTaskDelay(1);
    }
}

/**
* Analog read task for Pin A1
* Reads an analog input on pin 1 and send the readed value through the
queue.
* See Blink_AnalogRead example.
*/
void TaskAnalogReadPin1(void *pvParameters){
    (void) pvParameters;
    for (;;) {
        pinReadArray[2]=1;
        pinReadArray[3]=analogRead(A1);
        /**
         * Post an item on a queue.
         * https://www.freertos.org/a00117.html
         */
        xQueueSend(arrayQueue,&pinReadArray,portMAX_DELAY);
        // One tick delay (15ms) in between reads for stability
        vTaskDelay(1);
    }
}

/**
* Serial task.
* Prints the received items from the queue to the serial monitor.

```

```

*/
void TaskSerial(void *pvParameters){
    (void) pvParameters;

    // Init Arduino serial
    Serial.begin(9600);

    // Wait for serial port to connect. Needed for native USB, on LEONARDO,
    MICRO, YUN, and other 32u4 based boards.
    while (!Serial) {
        vTaskDelay(1);
    }

    for (;;) {
        if(xQueueReceive(arrayQueue,&pinReadArray,portMAX_DELAY) == pdPASS ){
            Serial.print("PIN:");
            Serial.println(pinReadArray[0]);
            Serial.print("value:");
            Serial.println(pinReadArray[1]);
            Serial.print("PIN:");
            Serial.println(pinReadArray[2]);
            Serial.print("value:");
            Serial.println(pinReadArray[3]);
            vTaskDelay(500/portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
        }
    }
}

/*
 * Blink task.
 * See Blink_AnalogRead example.
 */
void TaskBlink(void *pvParameters){
    (void) pvParameters;
    pinMode(LED_BUILTIN,OUTPUT);
    digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN,LOW);
    for (;;) {
        digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN,HIGH);
        vTaskDelay(250/portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
        digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN,LOW);
        vTaskDelay(250/portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
    }
}

```

Result:

