

EXPERIMENT NO:

ROLL No:

NAME:

TITLE: Write a Program to Create Multiple Tasks and understand the Multitasking capabilities of RTOS(FreeRTOS).

Theory:

Real time operating system popularly known as RTOS provides controller with the ability to respond to input and complete tasks within a specific period of time based on priority. On the first look, an RTOS might sound like just any other embedded program or firmware, but it is built on the architecture of an Operating system. Hence, like any operating system RTOS can allow multiple programs to execute at the same time supporting **multiplexing**. As we know the core of a processor or controller can only execute a single instruction at a time, but the RTOS has something called the **scheduler** which decides which instruction to execute first and thus executes the instructions of multiple programs one after the other. Technically an RTOS only creates an illusion of multi-taking by executing paralleled instructions one at a time.

Arduino code of simultaniously running three task

1. Blink led with 200ms delay
2. Blink led with 300ms delay
3. Print counter variable on serial monitor

Code:

```
#include <Arduino_FreeRTOS.h>

void TaskBlink1( void *pvParameters );
void TaskBlink2( void *pvParameters );
void Taskprint( void *pvParameters );

void setup() {
    // initialize serial communication at 9600 bits per second:
    Serial.begin(9600);
    xTaskCreate(TaskBlink1,"task1",128,NULL,1,NULL );
    xTaskCreate(TaskBlink2,"task2", 128,NULL,1,NULL );
    xTaskCreate(Taskprint,"task3", 128,NULL,1,NULL );
    vTaskStartScheduler();
}
void loop()
{
}
void TaskBlink1(void *pvParameters) {
```

```

pinMode(8, OUTPUT);
while(1)
{
    Serial.println("Task1");
    digitalWrite(8, HIGH);
    vTaskDelay( 200 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS );
    digitalWrite(8, LOW);
    vTaskDelay( 200 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS );
}

}
void TaskBlink2(void *pvParameters)
{
    pinMode(7, OUTPUT);
    while(1)
    {
        Serial.println("Task2");
        digitalWrite(7, HIGH);
        vTaskDelay( 300 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS );
        digitalWrite(7, LOW);
        vTaskDelay( 300 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS );
    }

}
void Taskprint(void *pvParameters) {
    int counter = 0;
    while(1)
    {
        counter++;
        Serial.println(counter);
        vTaskDelay(500 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);    }
}

```

Result:

