1	Use the Periodic Table on page 2 to help you answer this question.	
	Give the name or symbol of	
	(a) the element in group 3 and period 4.	(1)
	(b) an element in period 3 that is a good conductor of electricity.	(1)
	(c) the element in group 7 that is the most reactive.	(1)
	(d) the element in group 5 that is present in a molecule of ammonia.	(1)
	(e) an element with an atom containing 8 electrons in its outer shell.	(1)
	(Total for Question 1 = 5 ma	rks)

2 Use the Periodic Table on page 2 to help you answer this question. (a) Part of the Periodic Table is shown. A E D C В In each part of this question, place a cross (X) in one box to identify the letter, A to E, that represents (i) a metal that reacts violently with water (1)  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{A}$ D  $\mathbf{E}$ В X X X X X (ii) a noble gas (1)  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{A}$  $\mathbf{B}$ D  $\mathbf{E}$ X X X X X (iii) a Group 2 metal (1)  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{A}$  $\mathbf{B}$ D  $\mathbf{E}$ X X X X (iv) a halogen (1)  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{A}$ B D  $\mathbf{E}$ 

X

X

X

(b) Cor	mplete these sentences by placing a cross ( $\boxtimes$ ) in <b>one</b> box next to the correct answ	ver.
(i)	The elements in the Periodic Table are arranged in order of increasing	(4)
$\boxtimes$	number of neutrons	(1)
X	atomic number	
X	relative atomic mass	
$\times$	mass number	
(ii)	Elements in the same group in the Periodic Table have the same number of	(1)
X	electrons in the outer shell	
X	protons in the nucleus	
X	neutrons in the nucleus	
X	atoms	
	(Total for Question 2 6 ma	rks)

3 The table shows the numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons in some atoms and ions.

Atom or ion	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
Р	6	8	
Q	5	6	
R	9	10	10
S	3	4	
Т	6	6	

(a)	(i)	Which	particles	have	the	same	mass?
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(1)

- A electrons and protons
- **B** electrons and neutrons
- **D** electrons, neutrons and protons
- (ii) What is the atomic number of P?

(1)

- A 6
- **B** 8
- D 14

(iii) What is the mass number of Q?

(1)

- A 5
- **■ B** 6
- □ 11

(b) Which group of the Periodic Table contains element T?	(1)
(c) (i) Which two letters represent isotopes of the same element?	(1)
and	
(ii) Which letter represents a positive ion?	(1)
(d) The diagram shows the arrangement of particles in another ion.  proton neutron electron	
How does the diagram show that this ion has a negative charge?	(1)
(Total for Question 3 – 7	marks)

The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J 3 T						unic	iton	IIC I	ıum	ber	of 6	and	a m	ass 1	num	ber	OI I				
number of neutrons  number of electrons  (b) The Periodic Table shows the positions of five elements, J, Q, T, The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J X 5 6 (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom														num	ber	s of	prot	tons	,		
number of neutrons  number of electrons  (b) The Periodic Table shows the positions of five elements, J, Q, T, The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J 3 T 4 X 5 6																					(2)
number of electrons  (b) The Periodic Table shows the positions of five elements, J, Q, T, The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J X X  5 6 X X  6 X X  (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom					nu	mbe	er of	fpro	ton	S											
number of electrons  (b) The Periodic Table shows the positions of five elements, J, Q, T, The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J X X 5 6 X X 5 6 X X 5 1 X X 5 X 6 X X 6 X X 6 X X 6 X X 6 X X 6 X 6 X					nu	mbe	er of	f neı	utro	ns											
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The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J X X  5 6 X X  (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom					nu	mbe	er of	fele	ctro	ns											
The letters do <b>not</b> represent the symbols for the elements.  Period 1 2 Group 3  1 2 J X X  5 6 X X  (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom	(b) The F	Periodi	ic Tal	ble s	how	rs th	e po	ositio	ons	of fi	ve e	leme	ents,	. J, Q	, T, >	( an	d Z.				
1 2 J 3 T 4 5 6  (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom																					
1 2 J 3 T 4 S 5 6 S 6 S How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom	r	Darind	1	2				Ċ	irou	n					2	4				0	
3 T X X 5 X X 5 6 X X 1 X X 1 X X 1 X X X 1 X X X 1 X	Г		1	۷					Jiou						3	4					
4 X 5 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			J							J										Q	
5 6 (i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom		3	Т																		
(i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom		4													X		Z				
(i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom		5																			
·		6																			
(ii) There are 31 protons in an atom of X.	(i) H	ow ma	any e	elect	rons	s are	the	ere ii	n the	e ou	ter s	hell	of a	n at	om	of X	?				(1)
•	(ii) T	here a	re 31	1 pro	oton	s in	an a	tom	of 2	X.											
Using this information, explain how many protons there are											nv n	roto	ns t	here	are	in a	n at	om .	of 7		
22g and morning of plant flow flighty protoffs there are	O	y ti				J. 1, (	-,,b,	J 1			۷ ر…				c	0		J.11	~. <u>~</u>		(2)

(Total for Question 4 = 8 ma	arks)
difference	
similarity	
(iv) State one similarity and one difference between the electronic configurations of atoms of J and T.	(2)
(iii) What is the electronic configuration of an atom of Q?	(1)

								dic Tal	ore ar		•						
						Н											Не
Li	Ве											В	С	N	0	F	Ne
Na	Mg	ı						1				Al	Si	Р	S	CI	Ar
K	Ca																
(a)	(i)	What	name i	is give	en to	a hori	zonta	l row	of ele	ment	s such	ı as Na	a to A	r?		(1)	
	(ii)	Name	two m	netals	in the	e row	Na to		1							(1)	
	(iii)	Which	is the	loact	roact	ام مار	man										
	(111)	Explai				ive ei	emen		erow	iva to	) AI:					(2)	
ast r	eacti	ve eler	ment														
(plar	natio																
		n															
(b)		te, in te	erms o	of elec	tronic	conf	igurat			he ele	ement	s in th	ne col	umn l	_i to K	······································	
(b)			erms o	of elec	tronic	conf	igurat			he ele	ement	s in th	ne col	umn l	_i to K	(1)	
	hav	te, in te	erms o lar che	of elec emical	tronic	conferties	igurat	ions,		he ele	ement	s in th	ne col	umn l	_i to K		
	hav	te, in te	erms o lar che	of elecemical	tronic prop	c conferties	igurat	r 6?	why t					umn l	_i to K	(1)	

(Total for Question 5 =	9 marks)
electrons	
neutrons	
protons	
riow many protons, neutrons and electrons does this atom contain.	(2)
How many protons, neutrons and electrons does this atom contain?	
(d) An atom has atomic number 8 and mass number 18.	

**6** The table shows the electronic configurations of four elements.

Element	Electronic configuration
chlorine	2.8.7
argon	2.8.8
potassium	2.8.8.1
calcium	2.8.8.2

(a) Why is argon a	n unreactive	element?
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(1)

(b) Krypton is an unreactive element in the same group of the Periodic Table as argon, but in Period 4. It has an atomic number of 36.

Deduce the electronic configuration of krypton.

(1)

- **A** 2.8.8.8
- **■ B** 2.8.18.8
- **C** 2.8.8.2.8.8
- **D** 2.8.8.8.2

Cal	cium reacts v	with chlorine to form the ionic	compound calcium chloride (C	aCl <sub>2</sub> ).
(i)		terms of electrons, how an atoms to form calcium chloride.	om of calcium reacts with two	
	You may use	e a diagram in your answer.		
				(3)
(ii)	Write the fo	rmula of a calcium ion.		
				(1)
(iii)	In the reacti	on between calcium and chlor	ine, both oxidation and reducti	on occur
	Which row s	shows the element that is oxidi	sed and the element that acts a	as
	the reducing	g agent in this reaction?		(1)
			Plana and Alanda and a sala a	
		Element that is oxidised	Element that acts as the reducing agent	
	⊠ A	calcium	calcium	
	⊠B	calcium	chlorine	
		carciairi		
	⊠ C	chlorine	calcium	

			(Total for Question 6 = 10 ma	rks)
$\times$	D	red		
X	C	orange		
X	В	lilac		
X	A	green		
				(1)
(e)	Wł	nat colo	ur is the flame when the test on potassium chloride is carried out correct	:ly?
step 3				
step 1				
				(2)
	De	scribe a	correct method for step 1 and step 3.	
		step 4	record the colour of the flame	
		step 3	place the wire and sample into a luminous Bunsen flame	
		·	dip the platinum wire into the sample	
			dip a platinum wire into some concentrated sodium hydroxide solution	1
	There is one mistake in step 1 and one mistake in step 3.			
	This is the student's method.			
(d)	A student uses a flame test to distinguish between separate samples of calcium chloride and potassium chloride.			