

# ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

## COMBINED SCIENCE

4003/3

PAPER 3 (Practical Test)

NOVEMBER 2018 SESSION

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper

Additional materials: As listed in instructions to Supervisors Calculator (optional)

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer both questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Use a sharp pencil for your drawings. Coloured pencils or crayons should not be used.

You should record all experimental results and show the essential steps in any calculation in the spaces provided in the question paper.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

FOR EXAM	MINER'S USE
1	
2	
TOTAL	

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### Answer all questions.

- You are required to determine the pH of three liquids, A1, A2 and A3.
  You are provided with the three liquids in test tubes labelled A1, A2 and A3, universal indicator solution, a universal indicator chart and a dropper.
  - (a) (i) Add 2 drops of universal indicator solution to each of the liquids A1, A2 and A3. Record the colour and pH of each of the liquids in Table 1.1.

		Ta	ble 1.1		
liquid		colour after adding universal indicator solution		acid-base nature of liquid	
Al					
A2					
A3					
				[12	
	(ii) State the	colour of the universal inc	dicator solution.		
	***************************************	•••••	***************************************	[1]	
(b)	another way of d	universal indicator soluti etermining the acid-base for each of the liquids.		indicator paper, describe A1, A2 and A3, stating the	

A3

(c)	(i)	State any <b>one</b> precaution that should be taken during the experiment.			
		[1]			
	(ii)	State one possible source of error in the experiment.			

You are required to compare the densities of water and cooking oil.
 You are provided with water and cooking oil, 2 beakers labelled A and B, a measuring cylinder and access to a balance.

Measure the mass of the empty beaker labelled A and record the mass in Table 2.1 under the column labelled for water.

Measure 20.0 cm3 of water and pour it into beaker A.

mass of beaker + contents/g for water

Record the mass of the water and the beaker in the table of results.

Calculate the mass of the water and record it in the table of results. Repeat the procedure using beaker B and cooking oil instead of water.

for cooking oil

Table 2.1

mass of be	akei +	contents/g	ioi water	for cooking on
mass of en	pty be	aker/g		
mass of co	ntents/g	g		
			1	[12
(b)	(i)	Calculate	the density of the water.	
		***************************************		[2]
	(ii)	Calculate	the density of the cooking	g oil.
		***********		[2]
(c)			of water and about 5 cm <sup>2</sup> son, the liquid that oats.	of cooking oil in a test tube.
				[2]
(d)	(i)	State one	source of error in the exp	periment.
		***************		[1]
	(ii)	Suggest or	ne way of improving the	experiment.
			*******************************	[1]