Exercice 1: Dénombrement

$$|\Omega| = \left\{ (i,j,k), i,j,k \in \{1,...,6\} \right\} \quad |\Omega| = 6^3$$

$$|\Omega| = \frac{1}{101} = \frac{1}{6^3}$$

$$P(A) = P(U \{x\}) = \sum_{x \in A} P(\{x\})$$

$$= \sum_{x \in A} \frac{1}{|\Omega|} = \frac{1}{|\Omega|}$$

1.1.2) (A;) Joannent une partition

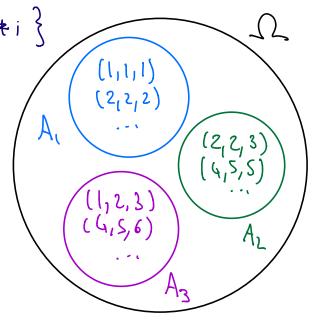
$$A := \{(i,j,k), i=j=k\}$$

$$A_2 = \Omega \setminus (A_1 \cup A_3) = \overline{A_1 \cup A_3} = \overline{A_1} \cap \overline{A_3}$$

$$P(A_1) = \frac{|A_1|}{|\Omega|} = \frac{6}{6^3} = \frac{1}{6^2}$$

•
$$|A_3| = 6 \times 5 \times 4 = \frac{6!}{3!}$$





$$P(A_{3}) = \frac{6 \times 5 \times 4}{6^{3}} = \frac{20}{6^{2}}$$

$$P(A_{1}) + P(A_{2}) + P(A_{3}) = 1$$

$$2 \text{ anc } P(A_{2}) = 1 - P(A_{1}) - P(A_{3})$$

$$5 \text{ coit } P(A_{2}) = 1 - \frac{1}{6^{2}} - \frac{20}{6^{2}} = \frac{15}{6^{2}}$$

$$1.2) \qquad \Omega_{1} \qquad P(P) = \frac{1}{2} \qquad P(P) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Omega_{2} = \underbrace{2P_{1}P_{3}} \qquad P(P) = \underbrace{1}{2}$$

$$N: \quad 3P \quad \text{consecutifs on } 3f \quad \text{consecuti$$

1.3.1) Toute place est équipabable (hypothèse importante)

=> $P('' F; est un homme'') = \frac{h}{h+J}$ avec F_i la lême personne la file

1.3.2) $(h+f)(h+f-1) \times ... \times 1 = (h+f)!$ 1.3.3) $h \times f \times (h-1) \times (f-1) \times ... \times 1 \times 1 = h|f|$

Exercice 3: Traduction

- $A \cap \Omega = A$
- · Ancn B
- . AUBUC
- · An Bnc
- · AUBUC = QI (AUBUC) = ĀNBNC
- . (ANBNZ) U (ANBNC) U (ANBNZ)U (AUBUC)
- · (ANBNZ)U(ANCNB)U(ANBNC)
- . Ω (3 event nox, or on plus 3, donc tout, Ω)

FIN