Header Files, Guards and Macros

Module Code: ELEE1147

Module Name: Programming for Engineers

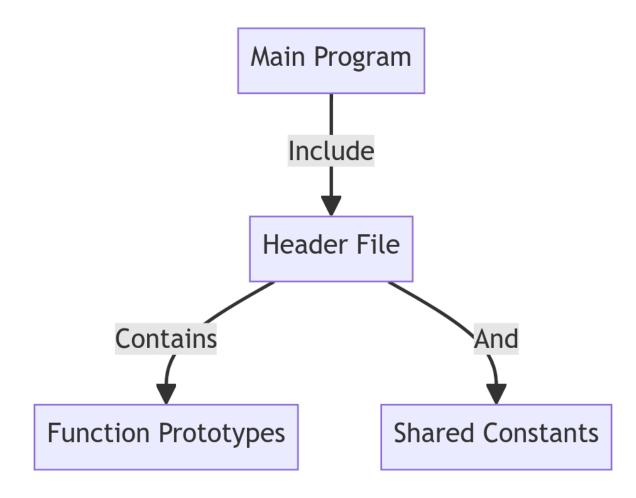
Credits: 15

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Why Use Header Files?

- Modularity: Separate interface from implementation.
- Reusability: Share functions and data structures.
- Readability: Enhance code organisation.
- Function Prototypes: Allows the compiler to check function signatures during compilation.
- **Precompiled Headers:** Speeds up compilation by avoiding redundant parsing of headers in multiple source files.

How Does It Work?



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Header Example

```
// header.h
#ifndef HEADER_H // Header guard
#define HEADER H // Macro
#include <stdio.h> // Other libraries
void greeter(); // Function prototype
#define PI 3.14159 // Shared constant
#define GR ((double)1.61803) // ""
// Shared DataStorage
struct Student {
  char name[50];
 int studentId;
 float classification;
#endif // HEADER H
```

```
// main.c
#include "header.h"
int main() {
    greeter();
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include "header.h"

void greeter(){
   printf("Hello World!")!
}
```

What are Header Guards?

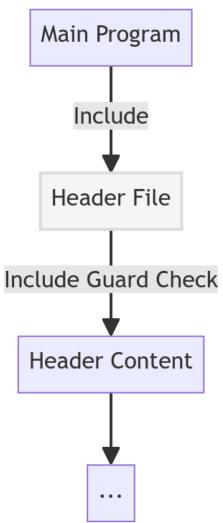
- Purpose: Prevent multiple inclusions of the same header file.
- Issue: Without guards, redefinitions can occur during multiple inclusions.
- Solution: Use preprocessor directives to conditionally include the contents.

Why Use Header Guards?

- Avoid Redefinitions: Prevent compilation errors due to duplicate declarations.
- Ensure Once-Only Inclusion: Each header is included only once in a translation unit.
- Improve Compilation Efficiency:
 Reduce redundant parsing of header contents.

```
#ifndef HEADER_H
#define HEADER_H
...
#endif //end of HEADER_H
```

How Header Guards Work



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Macros

Macros in C are a way to **define** constants or simple functions using the #define directive. They are preprocessor directives, meaning they are processed before the actual compilation of the code.

```
// example_macros.h
    #ifndef EXAMPLE MACROS H
    #define EXAMPLE MACROS H
    #define PI 3.14159 // Shared Constant
    #define SQUARE(x) ((x) * (x)) // Function
    #ifdef MSC VER
     // Code specific to Microsoft Version C/C++
    #endif //end of MSC VER
#endif // end of EXAMPLE_MACROS_H ELEE1147 | Programming for Engineers
```

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Preprocessor Directive: #include "" vs <>

- Use #include ""
 - for including header files that are part of your project or are in the current directory.
- Use #include <> for
 - including standard library header files or other headers that are part of the system include directories.

Standardised Header Examples:

stdio.h

```
23. #ifndef _STDIO_H
24. #define _STDIO_H 1
25.
26. #define __GLIBC_INTERNAL_STARTING_HEADER_IMPLEMENTATION
27. #include <bits/libc-header-start.h>
...
878.
879. __END_DECLS
880.
881. #endif /* <stdio.h> included. */
```

Standardised Header Examples:

math.h

```
130. #define
                              ((double)2.7182818284590452354) /* e */
            ME
131. #define
                              ((double)1.4426950408889634074) /* log 2e */
            M LOG2E
132. #define M LOG10E
                              ((double)0.43429448190325182765) /* log 10e */
                              ((double)0.69314718055994530942) /* log e2 */
133. #define M_LN2
                              ((double)2.30258509299404568402) /* log e10 */
134. #define
            M LN10
                              ((double)3.14159265358979323846) /* pi */
135. #define
            M PI
494. int __signbitl(long double);
495. END DECLS
496.
497. #endif /* ! MATH H */
```

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