# Geoscientific Data Distribution in the XSEDE Jetstream Cloud

Unidata on the Jetstream Cloud

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# 1 Introduction

This guide is a companion document (available in HTML, Markdown, text, PDF)<sup>1</sup> to a 2017 American Meteorological Society oral presentation, *Geoscientific Data Distribution in the XSEDE Jetstream Cloud*<sup>2</sup>. It describes how to configure the LDM<sup>3</sup>, TDS<sup>4</sup>, RAMADDA<sup>5</sup>, and McIDAS ADDE<sup>6</sup> on XSEDE Jetstream VMs<sup>7</sup>. It assumes you have access to Jetstream resources though these instructions should be fairly similar on other cloud providers (e.g., Amazon). These instructions also require familiarity with Unix, Docker, and Unidata technology in general. We will also be making use of the Jetstream API<sup>8</sup>. Obtain permission from the XSEDE Jetstream team to use Jetstream API. You must be comfortable entering commands at the Unix command line. We will be using Docker images available at the Unidata Github account<sup>9</sup> in addition to a configuration specifically planned for an AMS 2017 demonstration<sup>10</sup>.

## 2 Obtain Jetstream Resources

Apply for cloud resource allocations on Jetstream<sup>11</sup>.

# 3 Configure Jetstream to Run Unidata Docker Containers

# 3.1 Clone the Unidata-Dockerfiles Repository

We will be making heavy use of the Unidata/Unidata-Dockerfiles git repository. Install git<sup>12</sup> and clone that repository first:

git clone https://github.com/Unidata/Unidata-Dockerfiles

## 3.2 Build and Start the Jetstream API Docker Container

We will be using the Jetstream API directly and via convenience scripts. Install Docker (e.g., docker-machine<sup>13</sup>) on your local computing environment because we will be interacting with the Jetstream API in a Docker container.

cd Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/openstack

#### 3.2.1 Create ssh Keys

Create an .ssh directory for your ssh keys:

mkdir -p .ssh && ssh-keygen -b 2048 -t rsa -f .ssh/id\_rsa -P ""

```
1https://github.com/Unidata/Unidata-Dockerfiles/tree/master/jetstream/readme
2https://ams.confex.com/ams/97Annual/webprogram/Paper315508.html
3http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/ldm/
4http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/thredds/current/tds/
5http://sourceforge.net/projects/ramadda/
6https://www.ssec.wisc.edu/mcidas/
7https://www.xsede.org/jump-on-jetstream
8https://iujetstream.atlassian.net/wiki/display/JWT/Using+the+Jetstream+API
9https://github.com/Unidata
10http://jetstream.unidata.ucar.edu
11https://www.xsede.org/jump-on-jetstream
12https://www.git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Getting-Started-Installing-Git
13https://docs.docker.com/machine/
```

## 3.2.2 Download openrc.sh

Download the openro.sh file into the Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/openstack directory according to the Jetstream API instructions<sup>14</sup>. In the Jetstream Dashboard, navigate to Access & Security, API Access to download openro.sh.

Edit the openro.sh file and the supply the TACC resource OS\_PASSWORD:

```
export OS PASSWORD="changeme!"
```

#### Comment out

- + # echo "Please enter your OpenStack Password: "
- 2 # read -sr OS\_PASSWORD\_INPUT

## 3.2.3 Build the openstack-client Container

Build the openstack-client container, here done via docker-machine.

```
docker-machine create — driver virtualbox openstack
```

- eval "\$(docker-machine\_env\_openstack)"
- 3 docker build -t openstack-client .

# 3.3 Set Up Jetstream API to Create VMs

Start the openstack-client container with

sh os.sh

You should be inside the container which has been configured to run openstack nova and neutron commands. Go though the following Jetstream API sections<sup>15</sup>:

- · Create security group
- Upload SSH key
- · Setup the network

At this point, you should be able to run glance image-list which should yield something like:

ID	Name
fd4bf587-39e6-4640-b459-96471c9edb5c	AutoDock Vina Launch at Boot
02217ab0-3ee0-444e-b16e-8fbdae4ed33f	AutoDock Vina with ChemBridge Data
b40b2ef5-23e9-4305-8372-35e891e55fc5	BioLinux 8

If not, check your setup.

## 3.4 Working with Jetstream API to Create VMs

### 3.4.1 IP Numbers

We are ready to fire up VMs. First create an IP number which we will be using shortly:

```
nova floating-ip-create public
```

or you can just nova floating-ip-list if you have IP numbers left around from previous VMs.

<sup>2</sup> nova floating-ip-list

<sup>14</sup>https://iujetstream.atlassian.net/wiki/display/JWT/Setting+up+openrc.sh

<sup>15</sup> https://iujetstream.atlassian.net/wiki/display/JWT/OpenStack+command+line

## 3.4.2 Boot VM

Now you can boot up a VM with something like the following command:

```
boot.sh -n unicloud -s m1.medium -ip 149.165.157.137
```

The boot.sh command takes a VM name, size, and IP number created earlier. See boot.sh -h and nova flavor-list for more information.

#### 3.4.3 Create and Attach Data Volumes

Also, create and attach /data and /repository volumes which we will be using shortly via the openstack API:

```
cinder create 750 — display—name data
cinder create 100 — display—name repository

cinder list && nova list

nova volume—attach <vm—uid—number> <volume—uid—number> auto
nova volume—attach <vm—uid—number> <volume—uid—number> auto
```

#### 3.4.4 ssh Into New VM

ssh into that newly minted VM:

```
ssh ubuntu@149.165.157.137
```

If you are having trouble logging in, you may try to delete the ~/.ssh/known\_hosts file. If you still have trouble, try nova stop <vm-uid-number> followed by nova stop <vm-uid-number>.

# 3.5 Set up VM to Run LDM, TDS, RAMADDA, ADDE

## 3.5.1 VM Maintenance and Install git

As root (sudo su -), update, upgrade and install git:

```
apt-get update && apt-get -y upgrade && apt-get -y dist-upgrade && apt-get -y install git
```

Create a git directory for the Unidata-Dockerfiles project.

```
mkdir -p ~/git
```

#### 3.5.2 Clone Unidata-Dockerfiles

Clone the Unidata-Dockerfiles project.

```
git clone https://github.com/Unidata/Unidata—Dockerfiles ~/git/Unidata—Dockerfiles
```

## 3.5.3 Run the VM Set Up Script and Reboot

Install Docker and docker-compose and get the ubuntu user set up to run docker.

```
bash ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/docker-vm-setup/ubuntu/setup-ubuntu.sh -u ubuntu \
-dc 1.8.1
```

#### Reboot

reboot now

#### 3.5.4 Check Docker Installation

Log back in to the VM as user ubuntu. Test docker with

```
docker run hello-world
```

If docker gives an error

docker: An error occurred trying to connect: Post http://%2Fvar%2Frun%2Fdocker.sock/v1.24/containers/crossee 'docker run --help'.

Try as root

- service docker stop
- 2 rm -rf /var/lib/docker/aufs #always think hard before rm -rf
- 3 service docker start

If the hello-world container runs smoothly, continue.

#### 3.5.5 Mount Data Volumes

As root, run some convenience scripts to mount the data volumes for data being delivered via the LDM (/data) and RAMADDA (/repository).

```
bash ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/openstack/mount.sh -m /dev/sdb \
-d /data
bash ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/openstack/mount.sh -m /dev/sdc \
-d /repository
```

## 3.5.6 Clone Unidata-Dockerfiles and TdsConfig Repositories

We will again be cloning the Unidata-Dockerfiles repository, this time as user ubuntu.

```
mkdir -p ~/git
git clone https://github.com/Unidata/Unidata-Dockerfiles \
~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles
git clone https://github.com/Unidata/TdsConfig ~/git/TdsConfig
```

## 3.5.7 Create Log Directories

Create all log directories

```
mkdir —p ~/logs/ldm/ ~/logs/ramadda—tomcat/ ~/logs/ramadda/ ~/logs/tds—tomcat/ \
~/logs/tds/ ~/logs/traefik/ ~/logs/tdm/
```

#### 3.5.8 Configure the LDM

Grab the Idm etc directory

```
nkdir -p ~/etc
cp -r ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/etc/* ~/etc/
```

In the ~/etc you will find the usual LDM configuration files (e.g., ldmd.conf, registry.xml). Configure them to your liking.

## 3.5.9 Configure the TDS

In the ldmd.conf file we copied just a moment ago, there is a reference to a pqact file; etc/TDS/pqact.forecastModels. We need to ensure that file exists by doing the following instructions. Specifically, explode ~/git/TdsConfig/idd/config.zip into ~/tdsconfig and cp -r the pqacts directory into ~/etc/TDS. **Note** do NOT use soft links. Docker does not like them. Be sure to edit ~/tdsconfig/threddsConfig.xml for contact information in the serverInformation element.

```
mkdir -p ~/tdsconfig/ ~/etc/TDS
cp ~/git/TdsConfig/idd/config.zip ~/tdsconfig/
unzip ~/tdsconfig/config.zip -d ~/tdsconfig/
cp -r ~/tdsconfig/pqacts/* ~/etc/TDS
```

#### 1. Edit Idmfile.sh

Examine the etc/TDS/util/ldmfile.sh file. As the top of this file indicates, you must change the logfile to suit your needs. Change the

```
logfile=logs/ldm-mcidas.log
```

line to

```
logfile=var/logs/ldm-mcidas.log
```

This will ensure ldmfile.sh can properly invoked from the pgact files.

We can achieve this change with a bit of sed:

```
# in place change of logs dir w/ sed

sed —i s/logs\\/ldm—mcidas.log/var\\/logs\\/ldm—mcidas\\.log/g \
~/etc/TDS/util/ldmfile.sh
```

Also ensure that ldmfile.sh is executable.

```
chmod +x ~/etc/TDS/util/ldmfile.sh
```

## 3.5.10 Configure RAMADDA

When you start RAMADDA for the very first time, you must have a password.properties file in the RA-MADDA home directory which is /repository/. See RAMADDA documentation<sup>16</sup> for more details on setting up RAMADDA. Here is a pw.properties file to get you going. Change password below to something more secure!

```
# Create RAMADDA default password

echo ramadda.install.password=changeme! | sudo tee — append \
/repository/pw.properties > /dev/null
```

## 3.5.11 Configure McIDAS ADDE

```
cp ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/mcidas/pqact.conf_mcidasA ~/etc
mkdir -p ~/mcidas/upcworkdata/ ~/mcidas/decoders/ ~/mcidas/util/
cp ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/mcidas/RESOLV.SRV ~/mcidas/upcworkdata/
```

<sup>16</sup>http://ramadda.org//repository/userguide/toc.html

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## 3.5.12 Create a Self-Signed Certificates

In the ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/files/ directory, generate a self-signed certificate with openssl (or better yet, obtain a real certificate from a certificate authority).

```
openssl req -new -newkey rsa:4096 -days 3650 -nodes -x509 -subj \
"/C=US/ST=Colorado/L=Boulder/O=Unidata/CN=tomcat.example.com" \
-keyout ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/files/ssl.key \
-out ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/files/ssl.crt
```

#### 3.5.13 TDS Host and TDM User

Ensure the TDS\_HOST URL (with a publicly accessible IP number of the docker host or DNS name) is correct in /git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/docker-compose.yml.

In the same docker-compose.yml file, ensure the TDM\_PW corresponds to the SHA digested password of the tdm user /git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/files/tomcat-users.xml

docker run tomcat /usr/local/tomcat/bin/digest.sh —a "SHA" mysupersecretpassword

## 3.5.14 Configure TDM

TDM logging will not be configurable until TDS 5.0<sup>17</sup>. Until then:

```
curl -SL \
    https://artifacts.unidata.ucar.edu/content/repositories/unidata-releases/edu/ucar/tdmFat/4.6.6/tdmFat-4.6.6.
    -o ~/logs/tdm/tdm.jar
    curl -SL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Unidata/thredds-docker/master/tdm/tdm.sh \
    -o ~/logs/tdm/tdm.sh
    chmod +x ~/logs/tdm/tdm.sh
```

### 3.6 chown for Good Measure

As root ensure that permissions are as they should be:

```
chown -R ubuntu:docker /data /repository ~ubuntu
```

# 4 Start Everything

Fire up the whole kit and caboodle with docker-compose.yml which will start:

- LDM
- Traefik<sup>18</sup>, a reverse proxy that will channel ramadda and tds http request to the right container
- · NGINX web server
- RAMADDA
- THREDDS
- TDM
- McIDAS ADDE

As user ubuntu:

docker-compose -f ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/docker-compose.yml up -d

<sup>17</sup> https://github.com/Unidata/thredds-docker#capturing-tdm-log-files-outside-the-container

<sup>18</sup>https://traefik.io/

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# 4.1 Bootstrapping

The problem at this point is that it will take a little while for the LDM to fill the /data directory up with data. I don't believe the TDS/TDM can "see" directories created after start up. Therefore, you may have to bootstrap this set up a few times as the /data directory fills up with:

**cd** ~/git/Unidata-Dockerfiles/jetstream/

docker-compose stop && docker-compose up -d