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Software Architecture and Design Project Report Hand Crafted By:

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Compound Components

Certainly! Let's provide a detailed overview of the software program based on the described components and functionalities.

The software program comprises a comprehensive set of interconnected modules designed to manage user accounts, financial transactions, and stock market operations. At its core, the program includes a `Login` module responsible for authenticating users securely. Upon successful login, users are directed to the main interface (`Main`) where they can access various features such as viewing account details (`AccountOverview`), exploring the stock market (`Market`), and managing their finances (`MoneyManagement`).

Within the application, the `MoneyManagement` module plays a pivotal role in handling user funds through the `Wallet` class, allowing users to deposit, withdraw, and view transaction history (`SharedFinances`). This component ensures robust financial management capabilities within the program, enhancing user experience and enabling seamless monetary transactions.

Moreover, the `Market` module facilitates interactions related to stock market operations. Users can explore available stocks, execute buy/sell transactions, and manage their stock portfolios (`StockSystem`). This functionality is orchestrated through the `StockExchange` class, which governs stock exchange operations and interfaces with user-owned stocks (`Stock`).

The program's architecture is rooted in object-oriented design principles, with each component (`User`, `Stock`, etc.) encapsulating specific entities and functionalities. The `User` module represents user entities, storing and managing user information seamlessly integrated with account-related operations (`UserInterface`).

Overall, the software program embodies a sophisticated yet intuitive system, leveraging a cohesive network of modules to deliver a robust terminal-based application. By seamlessly integrating user authentication, financial management, and stock market functionalities, the program offers a comprehensive platform tailored to meet diverse user needs effectively and efficiently.

Architectural Patterns

Model-View-Controller (MVC) Pattern:

The program's structure resembles the MVC pattern:

Model: The User, Stock, and StockExchange classes represent the data model of the application, encapsulating the business logic and data operations.

View: The interaction with the user through the console-based menu system (Main class) can be considered as the view layer.

Controller: The Main class acts as the controller, handling user input, invoking appropriate business logic methods (from User and StockExchange), and updating the view accordingly.

Facade Pattern:

The Main class serves as a facade that simplifies the interface for interacting with the underlying complex subsystems (User and StockExchange). It presents a unified interface (handleWallet and handleStockMarket) to perform user operations.

Repository Pattern (Data Mapper Pattern):

Although not explicitly implemented in the provided code, the concept of data access and persistence (in-memory storage of user data, transaction history, and available stocks) aligns with the repository pattern. The User and StockExchange classes manage data related to users and stocks, providing methods to interact with and manipulate this data.

Command Pattern:

The menu-driven user interface in the Main class can be viewed as employing a command pattern, where user choices (commands) are encapsulated into objects (handleWallet and handleStockMarket methods) that can be executed based on user input.

Singleton Pattern (for Scanner):

Although not a core architectural pattern, the use of a single Scanner instance throughout the program (created in Main) demonstrates a singleton-like behavior, ensuring that there is a single point of access for user input.

Dependency Injection (DI):

The Main class injects instances of User and StockExchange into the methods (handleWallet and handleStockMarket), allowing for loose coupling between the main logic and the business logic classes.

These architectural patterns and design principles contribute to a well-structured and modular design, promoting separation of concerns, flexibility, and maintainability of the

overall system. The specific patterns highlighted showcase common strategies used in software design to address scalability, extensibility, and readability

Team Meetings Recorded Times

Tuesday, March 27th

Time: 10:00 AM

Duration: 1 hour

Thursday, April 5th

Time: 2:00 PM

Duration: 1.5 hours

Monday, April 16th

Time: 9:00 AM

Duration: 2 hours

Wednesday, April 24th

Time: 3:00 PM

Duration: 1 hour

Test Cases

Test Case Table: User Menu Interaction

Test Case ID	TC-003
Objective	To verify that the user menu handles selections properly, displaying respective actions or error messages based on user input.
Test Description	This test case will verify each menu option (View Wallet, Enter Stock Market, and Exit), as well as the response to an invalid option.
Pre- Conditions	User must be logged in and the application started with necessary variables (scanner, user, exchange) initialized.

Test Steps	Test Data	Expected Result
Observe initial greetings and		"Welcome, [User's Name]!" followed by menu options "1. View Wallet", "2. Enter
options displayed.	-	Stock Market", "3. Exit" are displayed.
2. Input option 1 for		Wallet interface or operations are initiated
"View Wallet".	1	(handled by handleWallet).
3. Input option 2 for		
"Enter Stock		Stock market interface or operations are
Market".	2	initiated (handled by handleStockMarket).
4. Input an invalid		"Invalid option. Please try again." message
option 5.	5	is displayed.
5. Input option 3 to		"Exiting" message is displayed, and the
exit the application.	3	program terminates successfully.
		Application must close properly, and
		system resources released (e.g., scanner
Post-Conditions	-	closed).
Actual Results	To be filled after test execution	-
Status	To be determined	-
Created By	[Rodas Samson Gebrtensea]	
	Java Runtime Environment on	
	[Operating System], Console-	
Test Environment	based execution	
Test Steps	Test Data	Expected Result

	Ensure all resources are freed	
	and application exits cleanly to	
	avoid memory leaks or resource	
Comments	locking.	

Test Case Table: Verify Stock Purchase Functionality

Field	Details
Test Case ID	TC-004
Test Objective	To verify the functionality of the "Buy stock" option, ensuring the user can select a stock, enter the desired purchase quantity, handle invalid inputs correctly, and utilize an exit option if needed.
Test Description	This test case aims to test the purchase process of stocks, including correct and incorrect symbol inputs, valid and invalid quantity inputs, and the ability to exit the purchase prompt.
Pre-Conditions	- User is logged in. br>- The application is running, with scanner, user, and exchange initialized. > exchange has methods displayAvailableStocks() and getStock(String symbol). > user has a method purchaseStock(Stock stock, int quantity).
Test Steps	Test Data
1. Choose to buy stock.	Enter 1 at main menu.
2. Enter a valid stock symbol.	"AAPL"
3. Enter a valid quantity.	100
4. Attempt to buy with an invalid symbol.	"XYZ"
5. Exit purchase option.	"B"
Post-Conditions	- For valid purchases: User's stock holdings updated. - For invalid/exit: No change in user's stock holdings.
Actual Results	To be filled during test execution.
Status	To be determined post-execution.
Created By	Rigers Bushi
Test Environment	Java Runtime Environment on [Operating System], Console-based execution
Comments	Include checks for handling non-numeric input for quantity and test boundary conditions for quantity (e.g., zero, negative values). Ensure error messages are

Field	Details
	appropriately displayed and that the system correctly handles exit scenario without processing further inputs.

Test Case Table: Bank Account Operations

Test Case for Deposit Method

Field	Details
Test Case ID	TC-005
Test Objective	To verify that the deposit method correctly handles valid and invalid deposit amounts.
Test Description	This test case ensures the deposit method accepts only positive values and rejects non-positive values with an appropriate error message.
Pre-Conditions	Bank account is initialized with a starting balance (e.g., \$1000).
Test Steps	Test Data
1. Deposit a valid positive amount.	\$200
2. Attempt to deposit zero.	\$0
3. Attempt to deposit a negative amount.	-\$50
Post-Conditions	Balance must reflect only valid transactions.
Actual Results	To be filled during test execution.
Status	To be determined post-execution.
Created By	[Your Name]
Test Environment	Java Runtime Environment on [Operating System], IDE or console-based execution
Comments	None

Test Case for Withdraw Method

Field	Details
Test Case ID	TC-006
Test Objective	To verify that the withdraw method correctly handles withdrawals with respect to the available balance and rejects inappropriate withdrawal amounts.
Test Description	This test case checks the withdrawal method for various scenarios including valid withdrawals, overdrawing, and non-positive values.
Pre-Conditions	Bank account is initialized with a starting balance (e.g., \$1000).
Test Steps	Test Data
1. Withdraw a valid amount within the balance limit.	\$200
2. Attempt to withdraw more than the current balance.	\$1500
3. Attempt to withdraw a negative amount.	-\$100
4. Attempt to withdraw zero.	\$0
Post-Conditions	Balance must reflect only valid transactions.
Actual Results	To be filled during test execution.
Status	To be determined post-execution.
Created By	[Your Name]
Test Environment	Java Runtime Environment on [Operating System], IDE or consolebased execution
Comments	Consider including additional checks for decimal values if the system should handle fractional amounts.

Code Snippets

```
while (true) {
    System.out.println("Welcome, " + user.getName() + "!");
    System.out.println("Choose an option:");
    System.out.println("1. View Wallet");
    System.out.println("2. Enter Stock Market");
    System.out.println("3. Exit");
    System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
    int choice = scanner.nextInt();
    switch (choice) {
        case 1:
            // Wallet operations
            handleWallet(user, scanner);
            break;
        case 2:
            // Stock market operations
            handleStockMarket(user, exchange, scanner);
            break;
        case 3:
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
            scanner.close();
            System.exit(0);
            break;
        default:
            System.out.println("Invalid option. Please try again.");
```

```
switch (choice) {
                case 1:
                    System.out.println("Available Stocks:");
                    exchange.displayAvailableStocks();
                    System.out.println("Enter stock symbol to buy (or 'B' to
exit):");
                    String buySymbol = scanner.next();
                    if (buySymbol.equalsIgnoreCase("B")) {
                        break;
                    System.out.print("Enter quantity to buy: ");
                    int quantityToBuy = scanner.nextInt();
                    Stock stockToBuy = exchange.getStock(buySymbol);
                    if (stockToBuy == null) {
                        System.out.println("Invalid stock symbol.");
                        break;
                    System.out.println(user.purchaseStock(stockToBuy,
quantityToBuy));
                    break;
```

```
public String deposit(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0) {
        this.balance += amount;
        addToHistory("Deposit: $" + amount);
        return "Successfully deposited $" + amount;
    } else {
        return "Invalid amount. Please enter a positive number.";
public String withdraw(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0 && amount <= this.balance) {</pre>
        this.balance -= amount;
        addToHistory("Withdrawal: $" + amount);
        return "Successfully withdrew $" + amount;
    } else if (amount <= 0) {</pre>
        return "Invalid amount. Please enter a positive number.";
    } else {
        return "Insufficient funds.";
```