

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

Customer: Unilayer

Date: December 10<sup>th</sup>, 2020

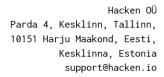


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## **Document**

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for		
	Layerx (10 pages)		
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin   CTO Hacken OU		
Туре	Launchpad		
Platform	Ethereum / Solidity		
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided		
	Verification, Manual Review		
Contract	https://etherscan.io/address/0xe39F1a62AabcFAc847E412a4CC4Db3		
address	Dde61c002E		
Contract for	HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/UNILAYER/SMARTCONTRACT/BLOB/MAIN/LAUNCHPAD		
remediation			
Commit for	ED5FBDD7534989D30ccFB2B5B63DE385324E1F32		
remediation			
Timeline	9 Dec 2020 - 10 Dec 2020		
Changelog	10 DEC 2020 - Initial Audit		
	10 DEC 2020 - Remediation check		





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## Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Unilayer (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between December  $9^{th}$ , 2020 - December  $10^{th}$ , 2020.

## Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts in the repository:

Contract address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0xe39F1a62AabcFAc847E412a4CC4Db3Dde61c002E

Conctract provided for remediation test:

HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/UNILAYER/SMARTCONTRACT/BLOB/MAIN/LAUNCHPAD

Commit: ED5FBDD7534989D30CCFB2B5B63DE385324E1F32

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item	
Code review	Reentrancy	
	Ownership Takeover	
	Timestamp Dependence	
	■ Gas Limit and Loops	
	DoS with (Unexpected) Throw	
	DoS with Block Gas Limit	
	<ul><li>Transaction-Ordering Dependence</li></ul>	
	Style guide violation	
	Costly Loop	
	ERC20 API violation	
	<ul><li>Unchecked external call</li></ul>	
	Unchecked math	
	<ul><li>Unsafe type inference</li></ul>	
	Implicit visibility level	
	Deployment Consistency	
	Repository Consistency	
	Data Consistency	



Functional review	■ Business Logics Review
	<ul><li>Functionality Checks</li></ul>
	Access Control & Authorization
	Escrow manipulation
	<ul><li>Token Supply manipulation</li></ul>
	Assets integrity
	<ul><li>User Balances manipulation</li></ul>
	Data Consistency manipulation
	Kill-Switch Mechanism
	Operation Trails & Event Generation

## **Executive Summary**

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are required minor improvements.

Note: At a moment of remediation check, most of the issue was addressed.

We described issues in the conclusion of these documents. Please read the whole document to estimate the risks well.

Insecure	Poor secured	Secured	Well-secured	
		1	You are here¹	

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

During initial audit security engineers found 1 critical, 2 medium, 1 low and 2 lowest severity issue during the audit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Look for details and justification in Audit review and conclusion sections

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# **Severity Definitions**

Risk Level	Description	
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.	
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions	
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are essential to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.	
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution	
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.	



## **Audit overview**

## Critical

1. setDetails function has no access modifiers, thus, any account can change all parameters set in the function, including token total supply, token name etc.

It's critical issue, for example, attacker can constantly change token name to "scam token" or set total supply to 0

```
173
         function setDetails(
174
             string memory tokenName,
175
             string memory siteUrl,
176
             string memory paperUrl,
177
             string memory twitterUrl,
178
             string memory telegramUrl,
179
             string memory mediumUrl,
180
             string memory gitUrl,
181
             string memory discordUrl,
182
             string memory tokenDesc,
183
             uint256 tokensForSale,
184
             uint256 minContribution,
185
             uint256 maxContribution,
186
             uint256 tokenTotalSupply,
187
             bool uniListing,
188
             bool tokenMint
189
         ) external {
             _tokenName = tokenName;
190
191
             siteUrl = siteUrl;
192
             paperUrl = paperUrl;
193
             _twitterUrl = twitterUrl;
194
             _telegramUrl = telegramUrl;
195
             mediumUrl = mediumUrl;
             _gitUrl = gitUrl;
196
197
             _discordUrl = discordUrl;
198
             _tokenDesc = tokenDesc;
199
             _tokensForSale = tokensForSale;
200
             _minContribution = minContribution;
             _maxContribution = maxContribution;
201
             _uniListing = uniListing;
202
             _tokenMint = tokenMint;
203
204
             tokenTotalSupply = tokenTotalSupply;
205
```

State: Fixed at a moment of remediation test

## High

No high issues were found.

#### ■ ■ Medium

1. Raised ETH may be different from \_raisedETH value If \_raisedETH >= \_maxCap, the difference will not be deducted from \_raisedETH and it'll be different from final ETH balance



State: Fixed at a moment of remediation test

2. If project cap not reached claim function will send the tokens to participant in any case

State: Fixed at a moment of remediation test

#### Low

 Receive function name doesn't describe it's functionality it should have better name, for example, sendEthToLaunchpad

State: Fixed at a moment of remediation test

## ■ Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

- It's recommended for all getters to start with "get" for cleaner code style, for example, getBalanceToClaim or getBalanceToClaimTokens
- 2. Code is partially documented in comments, it's recommended to add comments to all functions For example, balanceToClaimTokens function comments describe function with parameters and return value; setDetails function has no comments.



## Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-is overview section of the report.

The audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found 1 critical, 2 medium, 1 low and 2 lowest severity issues during the initial audit.

Violations in the following categories were found and addressed to the Customer:

Category	Check Item	Comments
Code review	Style and Naming guide violation	Recommended to follow best practices.



## **Disclaimers**

## Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status, or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only -we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

#### **Technical Disclaimer**

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its own vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee explicit security of the audited smart contracts.