# Unity SDK for Xiaomi (IAP)

# 1. Overview

## 1.1 What is Unity IAP for Xiaomi IAP

Unity IAP provides an easy way to integrate Xiaomi IAP with Unity.

## 1.2 Process of using Unity IAP

*Please append ".mi" to your package name, e.g. "com.unity.mygame.mi"*

a. Technical Integration

    I.   Onboarding to Unity

    II.  Server side integration

    III. Client side integration

b. Build and Submit APKs

# 2. Login & Purchase Flow

Unity IAP both supports the stand-alone game (without a game server) and online game (with a game server).

## 2.1 Stand-alone login & purchase

In the 'init SDK binding' step, the Xiaomi appId, Xiaomi appKey (both of these given by Xiaomi) and the Unity Client Id, Unity Client Key (both of these given by Unity, see 2.1 Onboarding to Unity for details) will be used to initialize the Unity IAP SDK.

Since there is no game servers, the purchase should be validated on the client side. Sample of the validation can be found in 2.3.5 Purchase Validation. After the validation succeeds, the purchase can be completed.

The flow's details are shown as below.
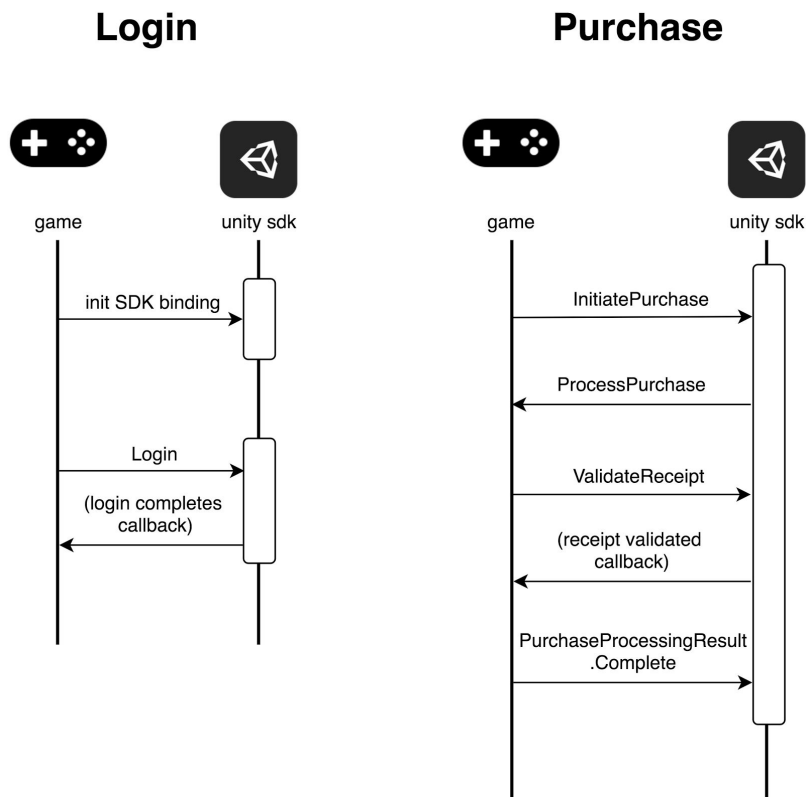
## 2.2 Online login & purchase

Different from stand-alone flows, the game server can verify the login and receive purchase order callback or initiatively query purchase order to/from the Unity IAP server (the details of these APIs are shown in 2.2 Server side integration).

The flow's details are shown as below.

(Note: Unity IAP for Xiaomi does not support inventory tracking, hence please do not use *PurchaseProcessingResult.Pending,* which will not work for the purchase to be called again when the app restart.)



**Login**

**Purchase**
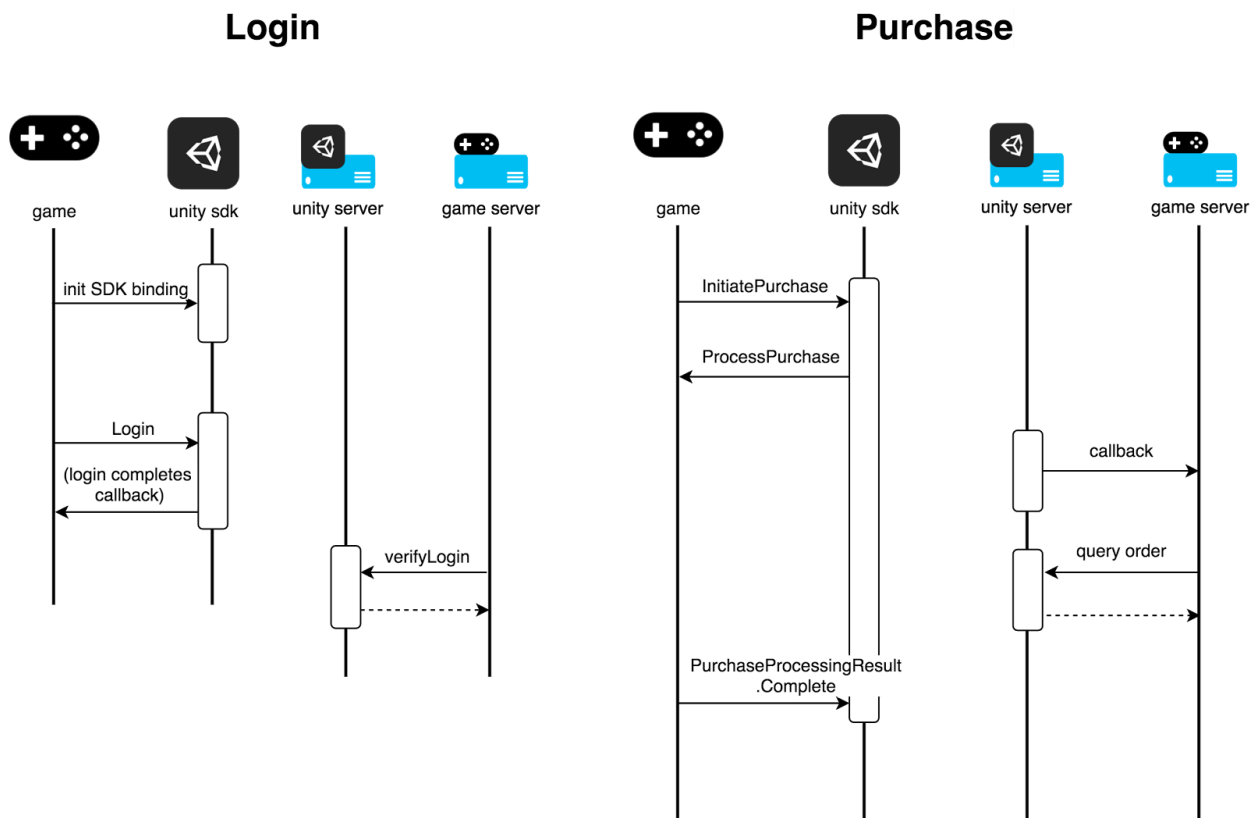
# 3. Technical Integration

## 3.1 Onboarding to Unity

Before integration can start, Game developer first needs to onboard to Unity IAP and will obtain the following developer credentials (these keys are binding to the project and bundle id):

*Unity Client Id*
*Unity Client Key*
*Unity Client Secret*
*Unity RSA public key*

Meanwhile, Game needs to provide the appId, appKey and appSecret offered by Xiaomi, and a callback URL of the Game server (if there exists one) to receive order status update.

Before going live, Game developer will also need to provide Game server IP addresses to be whitelisted on Unity IAP's production server.

## 3.2 Server side integration

**Product environment:** [https://cn-api.unity.com](https://cn-api.unity.com)

**Debug environment:** [https://cn-api-debug.unity.com](https://cn-api-debug.unity.com)

Server sample code (Java) could be found at [https://unitytech.github.io/channel/server-sample-code](https://unitytech.github.io/channel/server-sample-code), it contains verifying Xiaomi logins (see 2.2.1), checking order status (see 2.2.2), signing request data, and verifying Unity IAP server callbacks.

### 3.2.1 Verify Xiaomi Logins

GET

/v1/login-attempts/verifyLogin?

userLoginToken=<userLoginToken>&sign=<sign>

Parameters:

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| userLoginToken | Yes | Unity user login token returned by client SDK when finishing login | String | eyJleHRlcm5hbEFwcElkIjogIjQwMzgwNTU0MzkiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxeXBlIjogIkZBS0VDSEwiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxVaWQiOiAiRkFLRUNITF9seXhoayIsICJleHRlcm5hbFNlc3Npb24iOiAiRkFLRUNITF9TRVNTU9OIn0= |
| sign | Yes | md5 with userLoginToken and Unity Client Secret. Check the algorithm in the end of the doc | String | dc03e329e44c80b73d5bbfd30207de8f |

Response: in Json

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| success | Yes | result of verify | bool | true |

| | | Xiaomi login | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| errMsg | Yes | the error message of the login if login failed | String | Invalid appId error |

Sample:

Request:

GET

/v1/login-attempts/verifyLogin?
userLoginToken=eyJleHRlcm5hbEFwcElkIjogIjQwMzgwNTU0MzkiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxUeXBlIjog
IkZBS0VfVDEiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxVaWQiOiAiRkFLRUVUF9seXhooayIsICJleHRlcm5hbFNlc3Np
b24iOiAiRkFLRUVTF9TRVVTU9OIn0=&sign=ea24156d9c6fa3d527e99b9d644068ab

Response:
{
        "success": true
}


## 3.2.2 Check Order Status

GET

/v1/order-attempts/query?cpOrderId=<cpOrderId>&clientId=<clientId>&orderQueryToken=<order
QueryToken>&sign=<sign>

Parameters:

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| cpOrderId | Yes | order id assigned by game , or | String | 66mea52wne |

| | | Unity if game will not generate it | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| clientId | Yes | client id assigned by Unity after onboarding | String | Q4AnJDW2-rxLAPujqrk1zQ |
| orderQueryToken | Yes | order query token returned by client SDK when finishing purchase | String | XIAOMI |
| sign | Yes | md5 with cpOrderId, clientId, orderQueryToken and Unity Client Secret. Check the algorithm in the end of the doc | String | 7277da780d1102864ee5818c2730c74e |

Response: in Json

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| id | Yes | orderAttempt id assigned by Unity | String | 274877943826 |
| clientId | Yes | client id returned after Game onboarding to Unity IAP | String | Q4AnJDW2-rxLAPujqrk1zQ |
| cpOrderId | Yes | order id assigned by game , or Unity if game will not generate it | String | 66mea52wne |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| uid | Yes | user id assigned by Xiaomi | String | 15400813498 |
| status | Yes | status of the orderAttempt | String | SUCCESS |
| productId | Yes | product id of the product associated with the orderAttempt | String | Product_1 |
| payFee | Yes | pay fee of this order (in channel unit) | Integer | 1 |
| quantity | Yes | quantity of the product | Integer | 1 |
| notified | Yes | whether the orderAttempt's status is notified to Game server | Boolean | No |
| currency | Yes | currency | ISO 4217 | CNY |
| country | Yes | country | ISO 3166-2 | CN |
| paidTime | Yes | orderAttempt paid time | ISO8601 yyyy-MM-dd Thh:mm:ssX XX, UTC timezone | 2017-03-08T 06:43:20Z |
| createdTime | Yes | orderAttempt created time | ISO8601 yyyy-MM-dd Thh:mm:ssX XX, UTC timezone | 2017-03-08T 06:43:20Z |
| updatedTime | Yes | orderAttempt updated time | ISO8601 yyyy-MM-dd Thh:mm:ssX XX, UTC timezone | 2017-03-08T 06:43:20Z |

| createdBy | Yes | created by which user (only for support use) | String | 274877943822 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| updatedBy | Yes | updated by which user (only for support use) | String | 0 |
| rev | Yes | the revision of the orderAttempt (only for update) | String | 0 |
| extension | No | extesion | Json String | {"abc" : "123"} |

Sample:

Request:

GET
/v1/order-attempts/query?cpOrderId=<66mea52wne>&clientId=<Q4AnJDW2-rxLAPujqrk1zQ>&orderQueryToken=<eyJjaGFubmVsVHlwZSI6ICJGQUtFQ0hBMiIwgImNoYW5uZWxVaWQiOiAiRkFLRUNITF9oeGQwwNSJ9>&sign=<debd0018911d263e23dfb729207b905c>

Response:
{
        "createdBy" : "0",
        "updatedBy" : "0",
        "createdTime" : "2017-03-08T06:43:20Z",
        "updatedTime" : "2017-03-08T06:43:20Z",
        "id" : "274877943826",
        "userId" : "274877943822",
        "status" : "SUCCESS",
        "cpOrderId" : "66mea52wne",
        "clientId" : "Q4AnJDW2-rxLAPujqrk1zQ",
        "uid" : "15400813498",
        "productId" : "Product_1",

```
        "payFee" : 1,

        "quantity" : 1,

        "paidTime" : "2017-03-08T06:43:20Z",

        "notified" : false,

        "currency" : "CNY",

        "country" : "CN",

        "rev" : "1"

}
```

## 3.2.3 OrderAttempt Callback Notification

Unity IAP server will notify the Game server with the order payment result. Please implement the http GET and accept following query parameters.

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format |
|---|---|---|---|
| signData | Yes | the order content which is in Json String format (details can be seen in the table below) | Json String |
| signature | Yes | RSA signature with the signData. Check the algorithm in the end of the doc | String |

signData content:

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| orderAttemptId | Yes | orderAttempt id assigned by Unity | String | 27487794382 6 |

| status | Yes | status of the orderAttempt | String | SUCCESS |
|--------|-----|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| productId | Yes | product id of the product associated with the orderAttempt | String | Product_1 |
| quantity | Yes | quantity of the product | Integer | 1 |
| extension | No | extesion | Json String | {"abc" : "123"} |
| paidTime | Yes | orderAttempt paid time | yyyy-MM-ddT hh:mm:ssXXX , GMT+8 timezone | 2017-03-08 06:43:20 |
| cpOrderId | Yes | order id assigned by Game | String | 66mea52wne |
| clientId | Yes | client id returned after Game onboarding to Unity IAP | String | P-wU0n9pbyQ 1ulks4kHX_Q |
| country | Yes | currency | String of ISO 4217 | CNY |
| currency | Yes | country | String of ISO 3166-2 | CN |
| payFee | Yes | pay fee of this order (in channel unit) | String | 1 |

Response:

Please return "ok". Or there will be retry notification in a time range.

**Enum types:**

1. status: SUCCESS, FAILED, UNCONFIRMED

**Signature verification:**

1. Api call:

    a. Any api call to Unity IAP server should have the parameter of signature.

    b. Use all the parameters to calculate the sign if they are not null or empty.

    c. The parameters should be urlDecoded.

    d. Sort the parameters by alphabet of the attribute names, and then concatenate the attribute values with the delimiter of &, finaly append the app secret at the end of the string to be signed

    e. Do not use the sign in the sign string.

    f. Use md5 to hash the string. Use the lower case result to verify sign

Example:

When there is a call look like:

GET

/v1/login-attempts/verifyLogin?
userLoginToken=eyJleHRlcm5hbEFwcElkIjogIjQwMzgwNTU0MzkiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxUeXBlIjog
IkZBS0VDSEwiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxVaWQiOiAiRkFLRUNITF9seXhooayIsICJleHRlcm5hbFNlc3Np
b24iOiAiRkFLRUNITF9TRVNTSU9OIn0=&sign=ea24156d9c6fa3d527e99b9d644068ab

Then the string to be signed is

<span style="color:red">eyJleHRlcm5hbEFwcElkIjogIjQwMzgwNTU0MzkiLCAiZXh0ZXJuYWxUeXBlIjogIkZBS0VDSEwiL
CAiZXh0ZXJuYWxVaWQiOiAiRkFLRUNITF9seXhooayIsICJleHRlcm5hbFNlc3Npb24iOiAiRkFLRU
NITF9TRVNTSU9OIn0=&{SECRET}</span>

where {SECRET} is the *Unity Client Secret* returned after onboarding.

2. Callback:

When Unity IAP server gives the callback notification to Game server, it will will use RSA signature for verification. Please use the Unity RSA public key returned after onboarding to verify the *signData* with the *signature*.

# 3.3 Client side integration

Install the "UnityChannel + Xiaomi UnityIAP beta plugin" in the game project.

Look at the sample script in /Assets/Plugins/UnityPurchasing/script/IAPDemo.cs. This is copied into the Unity game project when the UnityIAP plugin is installed.

See Getting Started with Unity IAP to enable the "In-App Purchasing Service" for the project.
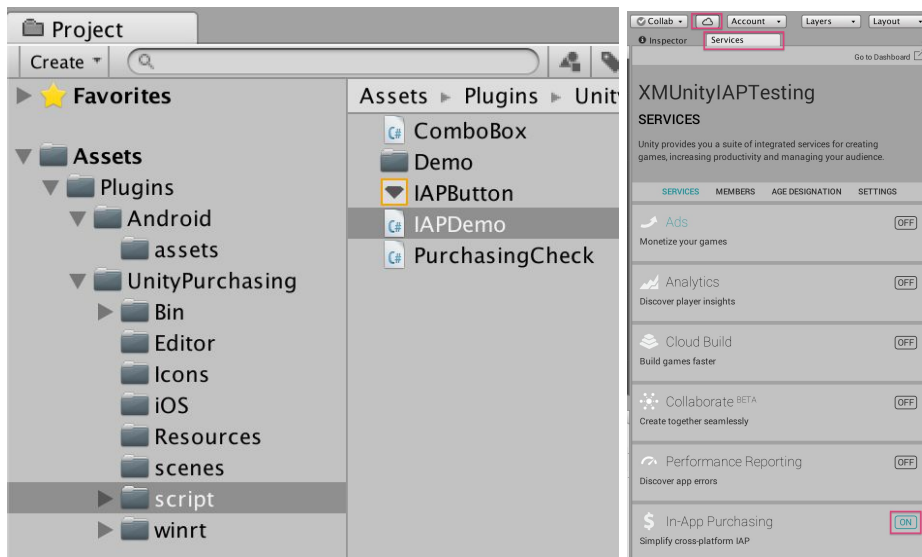


To build APK for Xiaomi MiPay store (not Samsung GALAXY, or GooglePlay) target the store with menu, "Window" -> "Unity IAP" -> "Android" -> "Target Xiaomi MiPay". This enables Xiaomi + UnityChannel Java SDK. Use this to target different supported Android app stores, before creating an APK build.
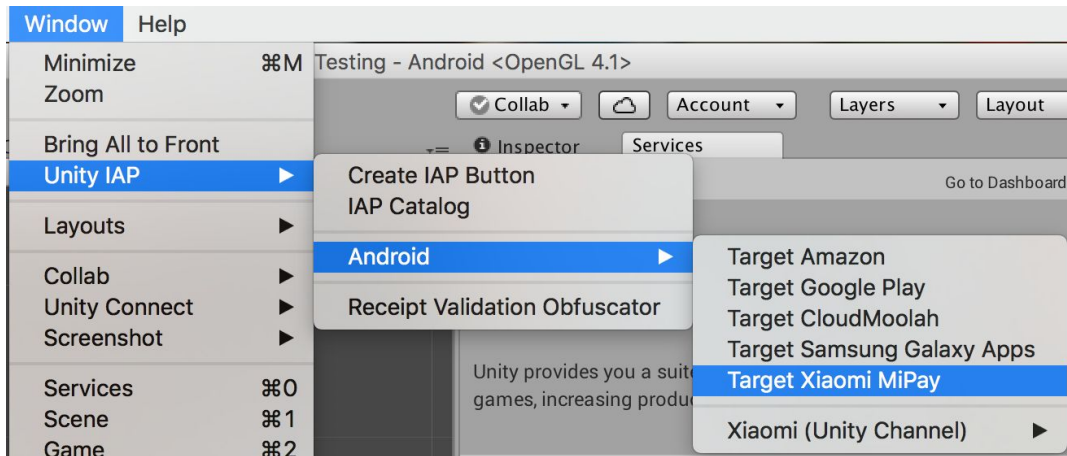
This is saved in a file:
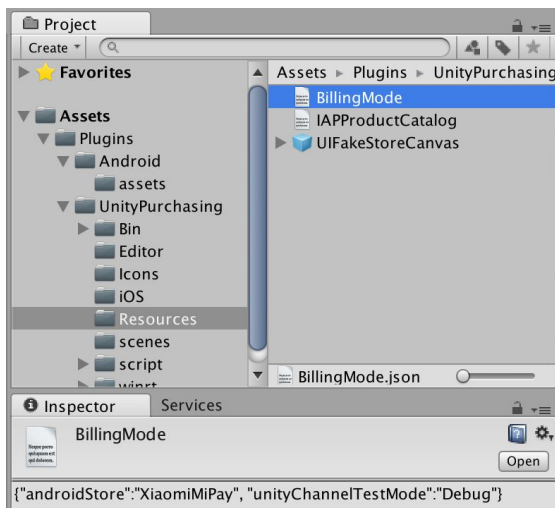


Below will show some code samples for how to use Unity IAP, all the details could be found in the IAPDemo.cs

## 3.3.1 SDK Initialization

```
private IUnityChannelExtensions m_UnityChannelExtensions;
public void OnInitialized (IStoreController controller, IExtensionProvider extensions) {
        m_UnityChannelExtensions = extensions.GetExtension<IUnityChannelExtensions> ();
}
```

### 3.3.2 SDK Binding

```
Action initializeUnityIap = () => {
        // Now we're ready to initialize Unity IAP.
        UnityPurchasing.Initialize(YourImplementationOfIStoreListener, builder);
};

AppInfo unityChannelAppInfo = new AppInfo();
// Xiaomi appId
unityChannelAppInfo.appId = "abc123";
// Xiaomi appKey
unityChannelAppInfo.appKey = "efg456";
// UnityChannel Client Id
unityChannelAppInfo.clientId = "hij789";
// UnityChannel Client Key
unityChannelAppInfo.clientKey = "klm012";


unityChannelLoginHandler = new UnityChannelLoginHandler();
unityChannelLoginHandler.initializeFailedAction = (string message) => {
        Debug.LogError("Failed to initialize and login to UnityChannel: " + message);
};
unityChannelLoginHandler.initializeSucceededAction = () => {
        initializeUnityIap();
};
// Please do below initializations in the Awake() method
StoreService.Initialize(unityChannelAppInfo, unityChannelLoginHandler);
```

### 3.3.3 SDK Login

```
// The login succeeded callback will the userInfo as the parameter, in which:
// string userInfo.channel: the channel name, e.g. 'XIAOMI'
// string userInfo.userId: the channel name and the channel uid,
// string userInfo.userLoginToken: Unity user login token used for server side 'verifyLogin' api
unityChannelLoginHandler.loginSucceededAction = (UserInfo userInfo) => {
        m_IsLoggedIn = true;
        // get channel type (XIAOMI) by userInfo.channel
        // get channel uid by userInfo.userId
        // get user login token by userInfo.userLoginToken
```

```
};
unityChannelLoginHandler.loginFailedAction = (string message) => {
        m_IsLoggedIn = false;
        Debug.LogError("Failed logging into UnityChannel. " + message);
};
StoreService.Login(unityChannelLoginHandler);
```

## 3.3.4 Catalog Setting

On the menu, "Window" -> "Unity IAP" -> "IAP Catalog". Set the product "ID".

In the "Advanced" -> "Store ID Overrides", set the product id in "XiaomiMiPay". Note:

Default "XiaomiMiPay" value is the same as for product "ID".
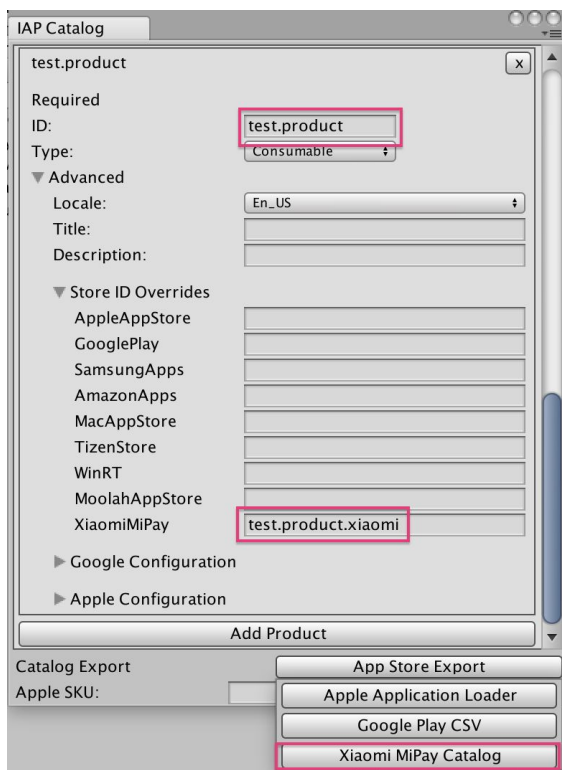


Next, to use the IAP Catalog product list in the script of the game project, either:

a) Read the catalog file. Remove all calls to "builder.AddProduct(...)" in your copy of
   IAPDemo.cs and replace that code with this code which will read the IAP
   Catalog:

   ```
   var catalog = ProductCatalog.LoadDefaultCatalog();
   ```

```
            foreach (var product in catalog.allProducts) {
                    if (product.allStoreIDs.Count > 0) {
                            var ids = new IDs();
                            foreach (var storeID in product.allStoreIDs) {
                                    ids.Add(storeID.id, storeID.store);
                            }
                            builder.AddProduct(product.id, product.type, ids);
                    } else {
                            builder.AddProduct(product.id, product.type);
                    }
            }
```

Or:

b) Manually input each product in the catalog. Add calls to "builder.AddProduct( ... )" for each Product ID in IAP Catalog.

## 3.3.5 Purchase Validation

```
// For stand-alone game, please use the ValidateReceipt api to validate purchase locally,
// For online game, please get the orderQueryToken and validate purchase with server side api,
// The callback of ValidateReceipt will take these parameters:
// bool result: whether purchase succeeded, e.g. 'true'
// string signData: the order content which is in Json String format (details can be seen in the table below)
// string signature: the RSA signature with the signData. Please use the Unity RSA public key to validate the
signData (details can be seen in the code sample below)
using Validate;
string publicKeyStr = "YourUnityPublicRSAKey";
public PurchaseProcessingResult ProcessPurchase(PurchaseEventArgs e) {
        var unifiedReceipt = JsonUtility.FromJson<UnifiedReceipt>(e.purchasedProduct.receipt);
        if (unifiedReceipt != null && !string.IsNullOrEmpty(unifiedReceipt.Payload)) {
                var purchaseReceipt =
                        JsonUtility.FromJson<UnityChannelPurchaseReceipt>(unifiedReceipt.Payload);
                // get orderQueryToken
                // and pass it to your server then do validate on the server
                var orderQueryToken = purchaseReceipt.orderQueryToken;
                // or do the validation locally by using ValidateReceipt
                 m_UnityChannelExtensions.ValidateReceipt(
                        purchaseReceipt.gameOrderId,
```

```csharp
                (bool result, string signData, string signature) => {
                    // validate the signData with signature and Unity RSA public key
                    Validator validator =
                        new Validator (Convert.FromBase64String(publicKeyStr));
                    bool passed = validator.Validate (signData, signature);
                });
        }
    }


    // The details of Validator
    using System;
    using System.Collections;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
    using LipingShare.LCLib.Asn1Processor;
    using System.Security.Cryptography;
    namespace Validate {
    public class Validator {
        private RSAKey key;
        public Validator (byte[] rsaKey) {
            try {
                key = new RSAKey (rsaKey);
            } catch(Exception ex) {
                throw new Exception ("Invalid public key.");
            }
        }
        public bool Validate(string signData, string signature) {
            byte[] rawSignature = Convert.FromBase64String(signature);
            byte[] rawSignData = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(signData);
            if (key.Verify (rawSignData, rawSignature)) {
                return true;
            }
            return false;
        }
    }
    public class RSAKey {
        public RSACryptoServiceProvider rsa { get; private set; }
        public RSAKey(byte[] data) {
            using (var stm = new System.IO.MemoryStream(data)) {
                Asn1Parser parser = new Asn1Parser();
```

```csharp
                try {
                        parser.LoadData(stm);
                } catch(Exception e) {
                        throw new Exception ("rsa load data exception");
                }
                try {
                        rsa = ParseNode(parser.RootNode);
                } catch(Exception e) {
                        throw new Exception ("rsa init exception");
                }
        }
}


// Public verification of a message
public bool Verify(byte[] message, byte[] signature) {
        var sha1hash = new SHA1Managed();
        var msgHash = sha1hash.ComputeHash(message);
        return rsa.VerifyHash(msgHash, null, signature);
}
// Parses an DER encoded RSA public key:
// It will only try to get the mod and the exponent
private RSACryptoServiceProvider ParseNode(Asn1Node n) {
        if ((n.Tag & Asn1Tag.TAG_MASK) == Asn1Tag.SEQUENCE
                && n.ChildNodeCount == 2
                && (n.GetChildNode(0).Tag & Asn1Tag.TAG_MASK) == Asn1Tag.SEQUENCE
                && (n.GetChildNode(0).GetChildNode(0).Tag & Asn1Tag.TAG_MASK) ==
                        Asn1Tag.OBJECT_IDENTIFIER
                && n.GetChildNode(0).GetChildNode(0).GetDataStr(false) ==
                        "1.2.840.113549.1.1.1"
                && (n.GetChildNode(1).Tag & Asn1Tag.TAG_MASK) == Asn1Tag.BIT_STRING)
                {
                var seq = n.GetChildNode(1).GetChildNode(0);
                if (seq.ChildNodeCount == 2) {
                        byte[] data = seq.GetChildNode(0).Data;
                        byte[] rawMod = new byte[data.Length - 1];
                        System.Array.Copy(data, 1, rawMod, 0, data.Length - 1);
                        var modulus = System.Convert.ToBase64String(rawMod);
                        var exponent =
                                System.Convert.ToBase64String(seq.GetChildNode(1).Data);
```

```
                    var result = new RSACryptoServiceProvider ();

                    result.FromXmlString(ToXML(modulus, exponent));

                    return result;

                }

            }

            throw new Exception ();

        }


        private string ToXML(string modulus, string exponent) {

            return "<RSAKeyValue><Modulus>" + modulus + "</Modulus>" +

                "<Exponent>" + exponent + "</Exponent></RSAKeyValue>";

        }

    }

}
```

**signData content:**

| Attribute Name | Required? | Description | Format | Sample |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| orderAttemptId | Yes | orderAttempt id assigned by Unity | String | 274877943826 |
| status | Yes | status of the orderAttempt | String | SUCCESS |
| productId | Yes | product id of the product associated with the orderAttempt | String | Product_1 |
| quantity | Yes | quantity of the product | Integer | 1 |
| extension | No | extesion | Json String | {"abc" : "123"} |
| paidTime | Yes | orderAttempt paid time | yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss, GMT+8 timezone | 2017-03-08 06:43:20 |
| cpOrderId | Yes | order id | String | 66mea52wne |

| | | assigned by Game | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| clientId | Yes | client id returned after Game onboarding to Unity IAP | String | P-wU0n9pbyQ 1ulks4kHX_Q |
| country | Yes | currency | String of ISO 4217 | CNY |
| currency | Yes | country | String of ISO 3166-2 | CN |
| payFee | Yes | pay fee of this order (in channel unit) | String | 1 |

## 3.3.6 Duplicate Purchasing

### Unity 5.5+

```
// When user repeats purchasing a non-consumable they already own,
// the PurchaseFailureReason will be set as DuplicateTransaction.
public void OnPurchaseFailed(Product item, PurchaseFailureReason r) {
        if (PurchaseFailureReason.DuplicateTransaction == r) {
                // do something for duplicate pruchasing
        }
        m_PurchaseInProgress = false;
}
```

### Unity 5.3 & Unity 5.4

```
/// <summary>
/// This will be called is an attempted purchase fails.
/// </summary>
public void OnPurchaseFailed(Product item, PurchaseFailureReason r)
{
    Debug.Log("Purchase failed: " + item.definition.id);
    Debug.Log(r);

    if (m_IsUnityChannelSelected && r == PurchaseFailureReason.Unknown)
```

```
    {
        // In Unity 5.3 the enum PurchaseFailureReason.DuplicateTransaction is
        // not available (is available in 5.4+) and can be substituted with
        // this call. Use this in OnPurchaseFailed for Unknown to determine
        // if the user already owns this item and that it can be added to
        // their inventory, if not already present.
        var extra = m_UnityChannelExtensions.GetLastPurchaseError();
        if (extra.Contains("DuplicateTransaction"))
        {
            // Unlock `item` in inventory if not already present.
        }
    }

    m_PurchaseInProgress = false;
}
```

**Note:**

Developers can use the *product.availableToPurchase* bool field to determine if a product is available from the Store's Product Catalog. This field does not indicate ownership. Developers can use the *product.hasReceipt* bool immediately after purchasing to determine if a product is owned by the user, but this field will be reset to false when the user restarts the application. There is essentially no support for Product Inventory in Unity IAP. Therefore developers need to implement their own persistent Inventory for some purpose, such as, restoring transaction.