Lecture 7 - Control Flow / If Statements

- 1. We are working on the grading.
- 2. Assignment 2 too hard.

Using GIT and Github.com

We are basically following most of the steps in https://product.hubspot.com/blog/git-and-github-tutorial-for-beginners.

https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/how-to-undo-a-git-add/

1st Test Question

```
1:
 2: def feet_to_inches ( feet ):
       conv = 12
 4:
       inches = feet * conv
5:
       return ( feet )
 6:
 7: # Automated Test
8: if __name__ == "__main__":
9:
       n_err = 0
10:
    x = feet_to_inches (1)
11: if x != 12:
12:
          n err = n err + 1
13:
           print ( "Error: Test 1: conversion not working, expected {} got {}".format ( 12, x ) )
    x = feet_to_inches (0)
14:
       if x != 0:
15:
16:
          n_{err} = n_{err} + 1
           print ( "Error: Test 2: conversion not working, expected \{\}\ got \{\}".format ( \emptyset, x ) )
17:
18:
19:
       if n err == 0:
20:
           print ( "PASS" )
21:
       else:
           print ( "FAILED" )
22:
23:
```

1. (10pts) The above code has something wrong with it. When the test is run it says "FAILED". Correct the code.

Where we are so far...

- 1. Installs usually hard and unpleasant.
- 2. Using some files where paths directories/folders.
- 3. Fixing some code changes break thins then you have to fix it.
- 4. Testing. Thomas Piketty, "Capital in the Twenty-First Century". https://www.reuters.com/article/idUS268051827620140527 "The Financial Times has launched a critique of the data behind the French economist's bestseller "Capital in the Twenty-First Century." ... he has also fallen prey to sloppy spreadsheets."
- 5. Functions

```
def fucntion_name ( input1, input2 ):
# do_someting... with input1, input2
# produce some output
return ( output )
```

6. Input a number - differences between strings and numbers and integers and floats

"if" / True / False

Operators that commonly go into expressions in if:

```
compare for equality
!= not equal
less than
greater than
less than or equal
greater than or equal
```

An Example:

The ski area sells tickets and gives a discount based on age. Adult tickets age 18-69 are \$59, Youth 5-12 are \$40, Teen are \$52, Children 4 and under are free, seniors 70 and older are free.

```
2: print ( "Input Age\n=> ", end="" )
3: age_str = input()
4: age = int(age_str)
6: ticket_price = 0
7: if age <= 4:
       ticket_price = 0
9: elif age >= 5 and age <= 12:
       ticket_price = 40
11: elif age >= 13 and age <= 17:
      ticket_price = 52
12:
13: elif age >= 18 and age <= 70:
14:
       ticket_price = 59
15: else:
16:
       ticket_price = 0
17:
```

```
18: print ( "Ticket Price ${}.00 dollars".format(ticket_price) )
```

Order of Evaluation

```
1:
 2: print ( "Input Age\n=> ", end="" )
3: age_str = input()
4: age = int(age_str)
5:
6: ticket_price = 0
7: if age <= 4:
       ticket_price = 0
9: elif age <= 12:
10:
       ticket_price = 40
11: elif age <= 17:
       ticket_price = 52
13: elif age <= 70:
       ticket_price = 59
15: else:
16:
       ticket_price = 0
17:
18: print ( "Ticket Price ${}.00 dollars".format(ticket_price) )
```

Common Errors - leaving out cases in the logic.

"and" and "or"

When we have "if" the expression is true or false as values.

There are operators that work on Boolean values. These are or, and, not and an exclusive or operator, ^.

```
a = 2

b = 3

r = (a == 2) and (b == 3)
```

Truth Tables

And:

Α	В	A and B
False	False	False
False	True	False
True	False	False
True	True	True

Or:

Α	В	A or B
False	False	False
False	True	True
True	False	True
True	True	True

Exclusive Or:

Α	В	A ^ B
False	False	False
False	True	True
True	False	True
True	True	False

Not:

Α	not A
True	False
False	True

calling functions

You can also make a function (def) that returns a True/False value and use that in an if.

```
def isRed ( r ):
    if r == "Red":
        return True
    if r == "red":
```

```
return True
return False

if isRed("green"):
        print ( "Its Is Red" )
else;
    print ( "Its Is *NOT* Red" )
```

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