

# Lecture 8 - Counting Words, Using a file and a List

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Feb 8, 2022

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## What is a file

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A file is a name with a set of data. Quite often this data is a set of lines of text. (Programs are an order set of lines of text)

```
"Gunter, Dolly R",(072) 123-4760
"Polk, Hattie S",(563) 404-0792

m4_omment(
"Gunter, Dolly R",(072) 123-4760
"Polk, Hattie S",(563) 404-0792
)
```

If we had this inside the program as a list:

```
lines = [
    "\"Gunter, Dolly R\",(072) 123-4760",
    "\"Polk, Hattie S\",(563) 404-0792"
]
```

## First let's read in a file

---

```
1:
2: def readFileIntoList(fn):
3:
4:     f = open(fn,"r",encoding="utf8")
5:     if f == None:
6:         print ( f"Invalid file {fn} - failed to open" )
7:         return None
8:     dt = f.readlines()
9:     f.close()
10:    for i in range (len(dt)):
11:        s = dt[i].rstrip()
12:        dt[i] = s
13:
14:    return dt
15:
16:
17: # Automated Test
18: if __name__ == "__main__":
19:     n_err = 0
20:
21:     got = readFileIntoList("2names.txt")
22:     expect = [
23:         "\"Gunter, Dolly R\",(072) 123-4760",
24:         "\"Polk, Hattie S\",(563) 404-0792"
25:     ]
26:     if got[0] != expect[0]:
```

```

27:         n_err = n_err + 1
28:         print ( "Error: Test 1: file read error expected {} got {}".
29:                 format ( expect[0], got[0] ) )
30:     if got[1] != expect[1]:
31:         n_err = n_err + 1
32:         print ( "Error: Test 2: file read error expected {} got {}".
33:                 format ( expect[1], got[1] ) )
34:     if len(got) != len(expect):
35:         n_err = n_err + 1
36:         print ( "Error: Test 3: file read error expected {} lines got {}".
37:                 format ( len(expect[1]), len(got[1]) ) )
38:
39:     if n_err == 0 :
40:         print ( "PASS" )
41:     else:
42:         print ( "FAILED" )
43:

```

Let's use this:

```

1: import readNameList
2: data = readNameList.readFileIntoList("50000phone.csv")
3: print ( data[0] )

```

Now let's use this to search the list.

```

1: import readNameList
2:
3: phone_list = readNameList.readFileIntoList("50000phone.csv")
4:
5: print ( "Enter a Name to Lookup" )
6: lookFor = input()
7:
8: found = False
9: for v in phone_list:
10:     if lookFor in v:
11:         found = True
12:         print ( "Found {}".format(v) )
13: if not found:
14:     print ( "no names found" )

```

For Loop Pattern:

```

1: found = False
2: for v in phone_list:           # variable in List
3:     if lookFor in v:           # match criteria
4:         found = True           # Ok Found it
5:         print ( "Found {}".format(v) )
6: if not found:                  # Never did find it
7:     print ( "no names found" )

```

Or with a while loop:

```

1: found = False
2: i = 0
3: while ( i < len(phone_list) ):
4:     if lookFor in phone_list[i]:    # match criteria
5:         found = True                # Ok Found it
6:         print ( "Found {}".format(phone_list[i]) )
7:         i = i + 1
8: if not found:                        # Never did find it
9:     print ( "no names found" )

```

Line 4 has `in` - let's take a look at the `in` operator.

```

1: a = "Fox in Socks"
2: if "Socks" in a :
3:     print ( "Good! Found '{}' in '{}'.format("Socks","Fox in Socks") )
4: else:
5:     print ( "Bad... did not find '{}' in '{}'.format("Socks","Fox in Socks") )
6:
7: if "Tweetle" in a:
8:     print ( "'{}' should not be foudn in '{}'.format("Tweetle","Fox in Socks") )
9: else:
10:    print ( "This is good! '{}' is not in '{}'.format("Tweetle","Fox in Socks") )

```

Suppose you want to split a string up into the words that make it up.

Let's start with a string.

```
a = "Fox in Socks by Dr. Suess"
```

We can use `"split"` to break it up on the blanks. This will give us a list of blank separate words.

```

1: a = "Fox in Socks by Dr. Suess"
2: w = a.split()
3: print ( "words ->{}<- length {}".format(w,len(w)) )

```

We can combine this in a loop and find out the number of words in a list of lists.

```

1: list_of_list = [
2:     "Fox Socks",
3:     "Box Knox",
4:     "Knox in Box",
5:     "Fox in Socks",
6: ]
7: cnt = 0
8: for s in list_of_list:
9:     t = s.split()
10:    cnt = cnt + len(t)
11: print ( "total {}".format(cnt) )

```

## Read in A File Name:

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Our tool for reading a file into a list takes a file name. What happens if we read the file name from the user.

```
1: import readNameList
2:
3: print ( "Enter a File Name")
4: fn = input()
5:
6: a_list = readNameList.readFileIntoList(fn)
7:
8: flen = len(a_list)
9: print ( "# of lines in file {}".format(flen) )
```