

Business Impact Review:

Applications of Data Analytics at Baymar Solutions

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Profit Margins Exploration

Business Case

- Company has seen growth in headcount and number of project
- With growth comes complexity, with complexity comes potential financial inefficiencies
- A need exists to identify and explore key variables that may influence profit margins.
 - High impact variables can be monitored & controlled to reduce inefficiencies

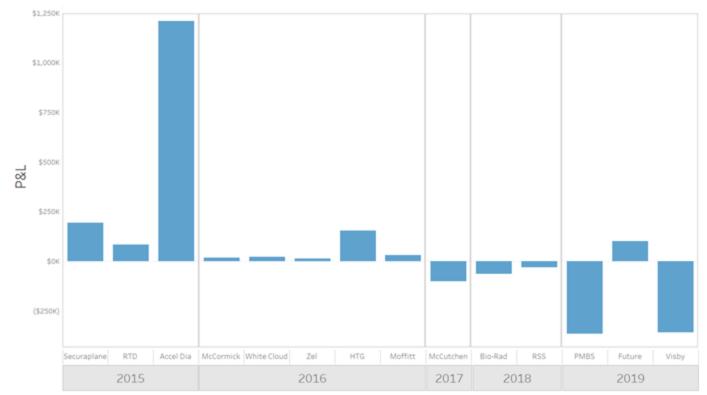
Questions & Hypotheses

- Serving which clients have yielded the most profits?
 - Hypothesis: <u>Long standing</u> clients due to well established understanding of their people & processes
- Serving which products/instruments have yielded the most profits?
 - Hypothesis: Older products due to well established understanding of the system's characteristics and functions
- Engaging in which types of work have yielded the most profits?
 - Hypothesis: <u>Knowledge work</u> that requires more experienced staff billed at higher rates to the client (e.g. <u>Design</u> & <u>Development</u>, <u>Validation</u> testing)
- Engaging in which types of work have yielded the least profits?
 - Hypothesis: <u>Manual work</u> that requires less experienced staff billed at lower client rates (e.g. <u>Machining</u>, work instruction updates)

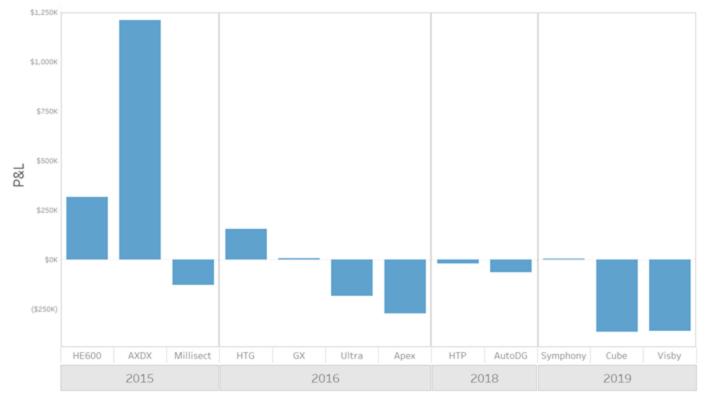
Approach and Analysis

- Accessed web-based <u>MySQL</u> database phpMyAdmin
 - Boundaries → All financial transaction data from 2015-2021
- Used MySQL to export data table .csv files
 - Timesheet table
 - Cost → Staff billed rate, task duration, task type, work type
 - Purchase Orders table
 - Revenue → PO amounts (funds received)
- Imported tables into <u>BigQuery</u> for pre-processing data, formatting, cleaning, aggregating
- Imported BigQuery export into <u>Tableau</u> for further processing, graphical visualization

Results - Client Comparison by Year of Partnership Establishment

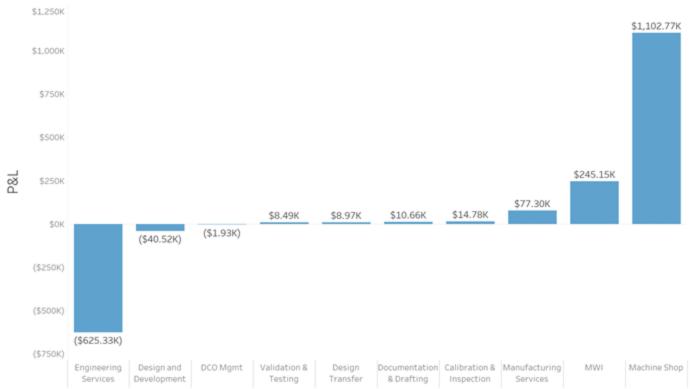


Results - Product Comparison by Year of Product Conceptualization

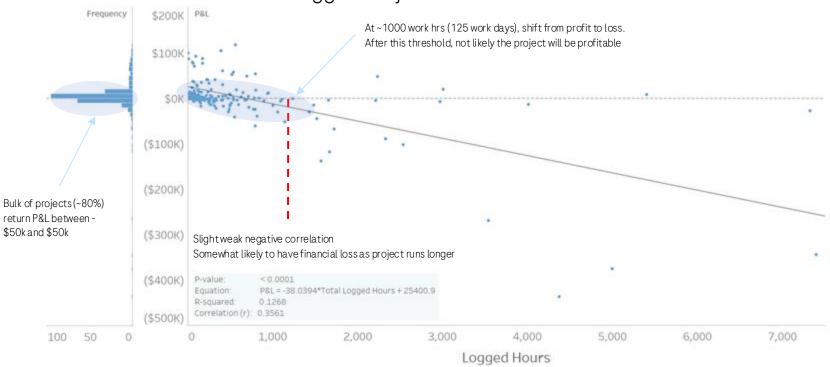


P&L = PO Amount minus hours billed at client rate

Results - Work Type Comparison by Total Labor Cost



Bonus Metric - Profits v Total Logged Project Time



Results

- High profit clients → Accel Diagnostics, Securaplane, HTG
 - Hypothesis possibly confirmed pending further investigation
- High profit products → AXDX, HE600, HTG
 - Hypothesis possibly confirmed pending further investigation
- High profit work types → Manufacturing services, machine shop
 - Hypothesis possibly rejected pending further investigation
- Recommended Actions
 - Simulate characteristics found working with high profit clients and apply them to low profit clients
 - Strong stakeholder relationship?
 - Ability to negotiate higher awarded contract amount?
 - Selection of products/systems with greater simplicity?
 - Scope projects to have faster leadtimes to reduce potential losses
 - Identify sources of costs to reduce spend & create actions to mitigate
- Next Steps
 - Take a deeper look at losses seen in Engineering services projects
 - Focus on identifying sources of high cost & find solutions to reduce their contribution

Challenges & Caveats

- Likely many <u>revenue sources were missing</u> from model
 - PO amounts assumed to be total project revenue
 - Engineering change orders not included, thus results do not fully capture financial impact
- Likely many <u>cost sources were missing</u> from model
 - Other data sources exist that were not available at the time of the analysis (ex: manufacturing COGS)
- Labor cost of staff in model is the <u>rate billed to the client, not the staff's expensed rate</u> to the company
 - Cost are inflated and might not fully capture financial impact
- Turning a profit takes time, thus performance of newer items could change in the future

Contributors to thin margins

- Continuation from prior EDA
- Deep dive goals:
 - Identify sources of high costs in select engineering services projects
 - Offer recommended actions to mitigate/eliminate these sources
- Focus area:
 - Staff labor costs on project tasks
- Projects chosen were of similar scope to mitigate effects of uncontrolled random variables

Approach and Analysis

- Accessed web-based MySQL project database phpMyAdmin
- Used MySQL to export data table .csv files
 - Timesheet table
 - Cost → Task duration, task type, work type
 - Personnel expense rate table
 - Project labor cost
- Used Quickbooks export revenue table
 - Revenue → PO amounts (funds received)
- Imported tables into Google Sheets for additional processing/cleaning
 - Standardized names
- Imported sheets into Tableau for further processing, graphical visualization

Results - A glimpse into project finances



Results - Cost Breakdown by Task



Results - Task Breakdown by Staff & Expense Rate



Results

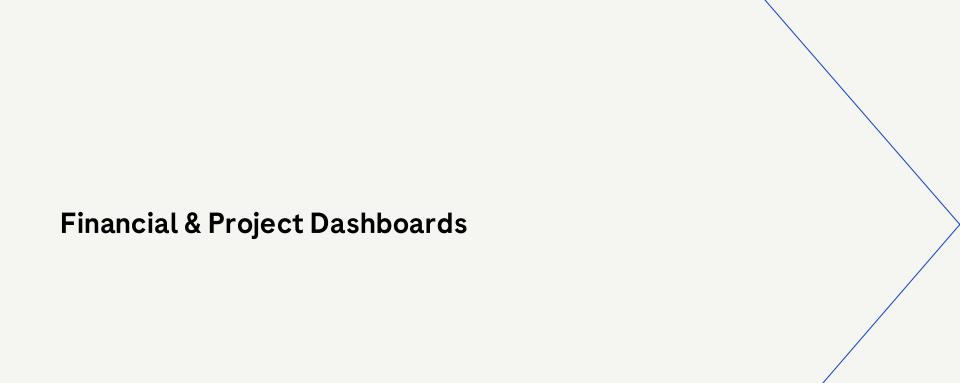
- Staff selection could potentially affect project margins
 - Higher paid staff working tasks with fixed lower client bill rates (blacklines, change order mgmt)
- Estimates of certain tasks underestimated during quoting
- Recommended Actions
 - Assign staff with low expense rates to tasks with low client bill rate (blacklines)
 - Assign staff with high expense rates to tasks with high client bill rate (redlines)
 - Ex: Jr. Engineers receive instructions from Sr. Engineers via redlines, who then convert the redlines into blacklines
 - Adjust future contracts with more required blackline hours than initially estimated
 - Monitor spend rate of blackline and change order budget consumption
- Next Steps
 - Build dashboards to monitor project spend & margins to pivot plans as needed
 - Build quotes that access & reference past project data to achieve higher estimate accuracy

Potential Improvements to Analysis

- Use more subqueries to simplify SQL code
- Use database connectivity + SQL queries to remove intermediate .csv steps and improve efficiency
- Include overhead costs to capture additional impact to business

Conclusions

- Profitability from doing business with clients appears to be linked with age of partnership
 - Long standing clients slightly more profitable than new ones
- Profitability from servicing products appears to be linked with their maturity
- Manufacturing & fabrication services tend to be more profitable
- **Engineering services** are less profitable
- Contributing factors of low Engineer Services margins could be linked to financial mismatch of staff to task
 - Use of data could help with reducing costs
- Things to keep in mind
 - For simplicity, several sources of revenue and costs (ex: overhead) have been omitted at the expense of accuracy
 - The use of statistical analysis & higher sample size will aid in creating higher confidence in results
 - Many factors influence profitability
 - These exploratory analyses are a great launching pad for running experiments!



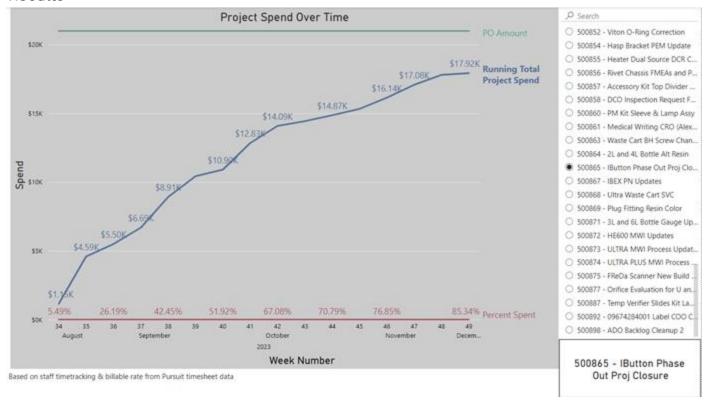
Business Case

- Due to lower than expected profit margins, leadership requested teams more closely monitor project spend and implement corrective actions early and often
- Dashboard visualization requirements were as follows:
 - Project spend over time for individual and all projects
 - Weekly report of hours worked for each project per individual staff
 - Forecasted vs actual monthly resource expenditure
 - Report of project margins over time
 - Monthly report of total project budget goal attainment over time

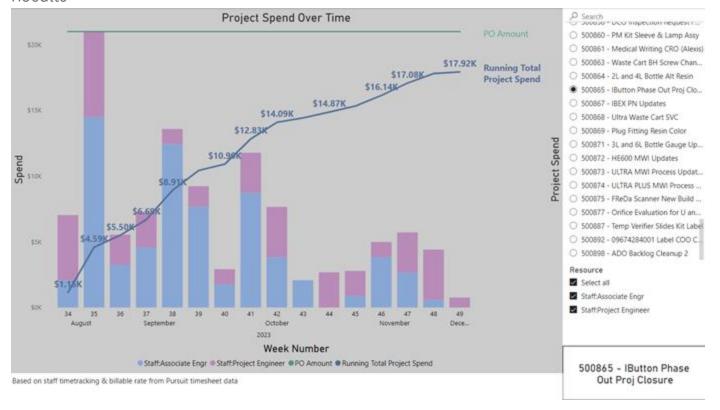
Approach

- Configured Quickbooks database connectivity using ODBC integration tool
- Used SQL with integration tool to develop queries to pull relevant data
- Used Power Query to linked Quickbooks & project planning data sources to PowerBI
- Used Power Query & simple M-code to process & clean data
- Created Power BI dashboards to display dynamic project status as follows:
 - Project spend
 - Resource allocation
 - Resource forecasting
 - Project margins (based on billed rate, not pay rate)
 - Budget goal attainment over time
- Bonus: Created slicer dashboard tool to assist Project Managers for building future quotes based on prior aggregated project task & spend data

Results



Results

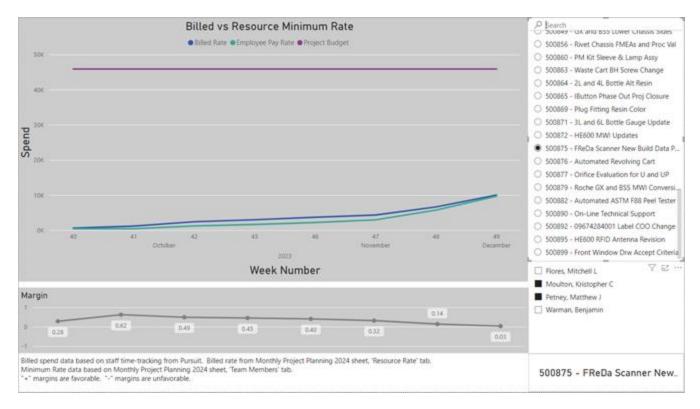


Benefit: Visualize resource spend each week to monitor budget consumption. Allows PM to reach out to resource to uncover problems if an unfavorable trend is identified.

Results

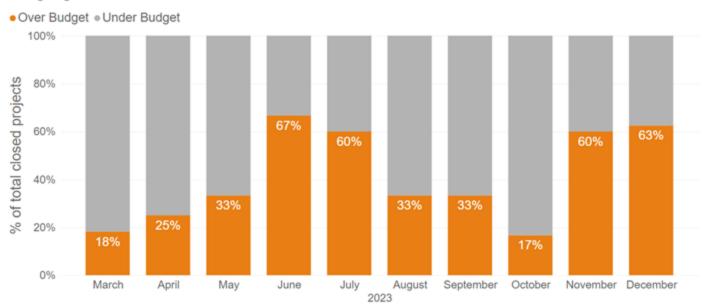
Project Spend Matrix										Year, Month
WeekNum Project	45 46		47			48		49		∨ □ 2022
	%	PO	96	PO	96	PO	%	PO	96	△ ■ 2023
500854 - Hasp Bracket PEM Update						-				☐ January ☐ Februar
500858 - DCO Inspection Request Form Sup.	68.48%	\$38,398.00	73.34%	\$38,398.00	76.25%	\$38,398.00	81.11%	\$38,398.00	85.97%	☐ March
500860 - PM Kit Sleeve & Lamp Assy	101.13%	\$16,800.00	107.08%	\$16,800.00	108.20%	\$16,800.00	113.20%	\$16,800.00	119.15%	☐ April
500861 - Medical Writing CRO (Alexis)	36,41%	\$85,000.00	40.70%	\$85,000.00	43.05%	\$85,000.00	46.60%	\$85,000.00	51.05%	☐ May
500863 - Waste Cart BH Screw Change	72.76%	\$11,985.00	73.79%	\$11,985.00	74.31%	\$11,985.00	76.36%			
500864 - 2L and 4L Bottle Alt Resin						\$7,836.00	26.05%	\$7,836.00	35.07%	☐ July
500865 - IButton Phase Out Proj Closure	72.96%	\$21,000.00	76.85%	\$21,000.00	81,31%	\$21,000.00	84.75%	\$21,000.00	85.34%	☐ August
500867 - IBEX PN Updates						\$13,250.00	37.82%			☐ Septem
500868 - Ultra Waste Cart SVC	75.75%	\$18,770.00	77.41%	\$18,770.00	78,74%	\$18,770.00	79.97%	\$18,770.00	81.72%	☑ Octobe
500869 - Plug Fitting Resin Color										☑ Novemb
500871 - 3L and 6L Bottle Gauge Update	58.51%	\$43,000.00	73.25%	\$43,000.00	74.67%	\$43,000.00	75.39%			La decenii
500872 - HE600 MWI Updates	18.06%	\$29,790.00	22.28%	\$29,790.00	25.90%	\$29,790.00	42.28%	\$29,790.00	52.60%	
500873 - ULTRA MWI Process Updates	51.33%	\$26,650.00	54.67%	\$26,650.00	55.41%	\$26,650.00	58.60%	\$26,650.00	60,60%	
500874 - ULTRA PLUS MWI Process Updates	77.50%	\$34,000.00	91.63%	\$34,000.00	92.47%	\$34,000.00	93.72%	\$34,000.00	95.87%	
500875 - FReDa Scanner New Build Data Pak		\$45,873.00	10.20%	\$45,873.00	11.97%	\$45,873.00	17.01%	\$45,873.00	24.37%	
500877 - Orifice Evaluation for U and UP	14.01%	\$26,083.00	14.49%							
500887 - Temp Verifier Slides Kit Label		\$7,500.00	15.44%	\$7,500.00	25.47%	\$7,500.00	43.99%	\$7,500.00	70.84%	
500892 - 09674284001 Label COO Change		\$5,115.00	14,02%	\$5,115.00	16.25%	\$5,115.00	17,46%	\$5,115.00	22.46%	
500898 - ADO Backlog Cleanup 2						\$27,000.00	12.16%	\$27,000.00	31.16%	

Results



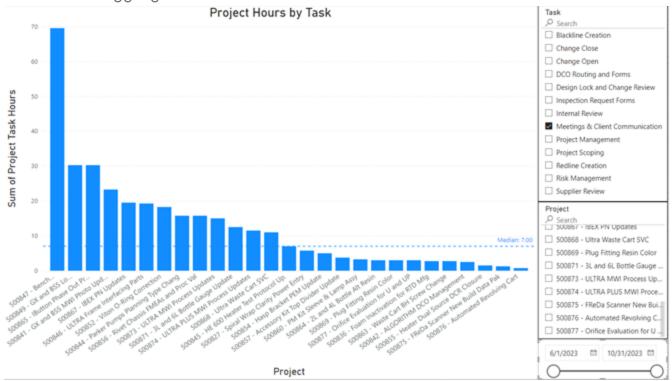
Results

Budget goal attainment over time



Month of closed project date determined when Clickup status is marked 'Complete' in the Project Tracking List

Results - Task slicer & aggregation tool



Challenges & Caveats

Challenges

- Missing staff rate data was identified, creating spend data inaccuracies
 - Investigation uncovered data input errors. Issue resolved after entry correction
- Power Query data process errors prevented visualization rendering
 - Investigation uncovered exporting errors in upstream source. Issue resolved through additional Power Query transformation steps

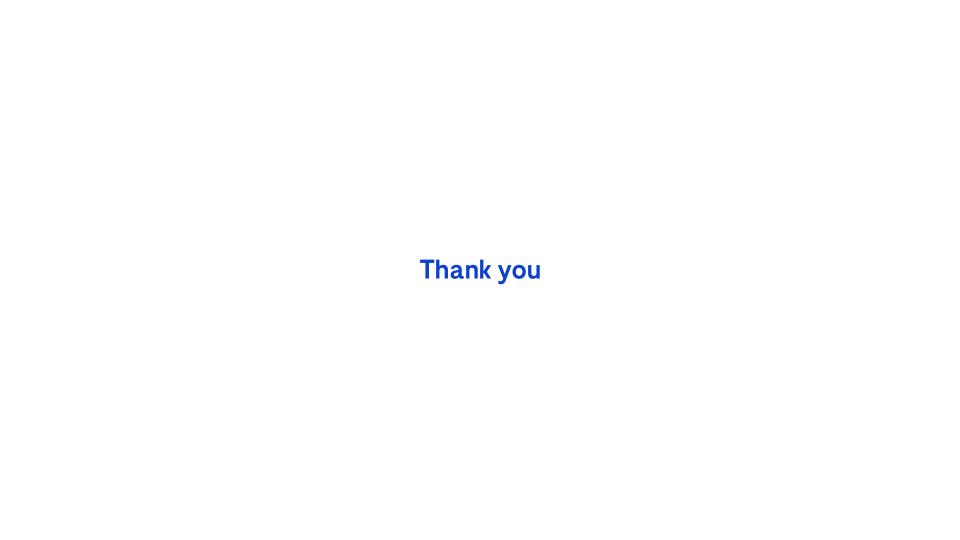
Caveats

- Given shared access to the dashboard, staff billed rates were used instead of true staff expense rates for anonymity
- Difference between billed and pay rates provides a buffer between displayed and actual financial values, thus dashboards used for ballpark reference purposes only



"The most valuable contribution an analyst can make is inspiring a decision-maker to consider courses of action they didn't know they needed to think about"

- Cassie Kozyrkov



Appendix

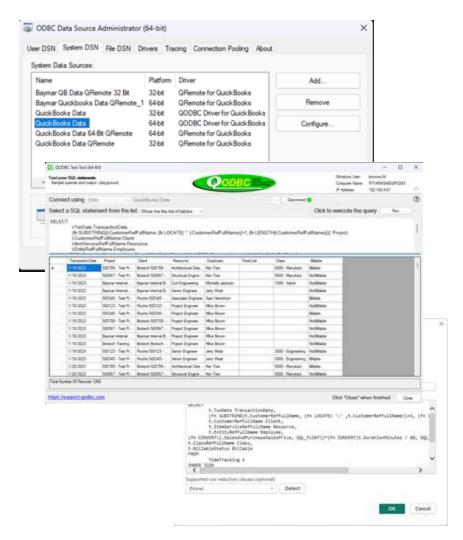
Approach Details

- Front end data submitted in the QB desktop UI
 - Employee salary
 - Job PO
 - Timesheet
- Back end QB database access required additional tool
- FLEXquarters.com QODBC API connected to QB database through windows std ODBC interface. Acted as intermediary to connect with various visualization apps



Financial & Project Dashboards Approach Details

- QODBC rundown
 - Configured to acquire QB data from specific company file
 - Manually set up ODBC data source connection
 - Tested QB database connection through API test tool
 - Connected QODBC data source to PowerBI
- QODBC API test tool used to develop queries
 - Confirmed script pulled relevant data that met requirements for dashboard inputs



Approach Details

- Power Query
 - Manually pasted SQL statement from QODBC test tool into data source options to pull correct data from OB
 - Imported data scanned for errors
 - Missing data
 - Wrong data type
 - M-code or applied steps created in Editor to clean & transform source data
 - If needed, modified SQL code to clean data at the source

