
ASSIGNED: Feb. 07, 2013. **READ:** Sects. 4.2 & 4.3 (skip 4.2.7-4.2.8: \mathcal{Z}^+ *much* easier).
DUE DATE: Feb. 14, 2013. **TOPICS:** Difference equations and transfer functions.

Please box your answers. Show your work. Turn in all Matlab plots and Matlab code.

- [20] 1. Solve $y[n] - 5y[n-1] + 6y[n-2] = 4u[n] = \text{step}$ with initial conditions $y[-1] = y[-2] = 1$ by:
- [10] (a) Using the one-sided z -transform \mathcal{Z}^+ and computing the *causal* \mathcal{Z}^{-1} .
 - [10] (b) Using Matlab: `Y(1)=1;Y(2)=1;for I=3:7;Y(I)=4+5*Y(I-1)-6*Y(I-2);end;Y`
 Include your Matlab output. Your answers should agree for $n \leq 5$.
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- [20] 2. The step response (to $u[n]$) of an LTI system is known to be $2u[n] + (-2)^n u[n]$.
- [5] (a) Compute the transfer function $H(z)$. [5] (b) Compute the poles and zeros.
 - [5] (c) Compute the impulse response $h[n]$. [5] (d) Compute the difference equation.
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- [20] 3. An LTI system has zeros $\{3, 4\}$ and poles $\{1, 2\}$. The transfer function = 6 at $z=0$.
- [5] (a) Compute the transfer function $H(z)$. [5] (b) Compute response to $x[n] = \{1, -3, 2\}$.
 - [5] (c) Compute the impulse response $h[n]$. [5] (d) Compute the difference equation.
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- [20] 4. We wish to find the **stable inverse** system for $y[n] = x[n] - 7x[n-1] + 12x[n-2]$.
- [05] (a) Explain why we can't use $y[n] - 7y[n-1] + 12y[n-2] = x[n]$ as the inverse system.
 - [05] (b) Determine the stable inverse system. HINT: It is not causal but decays rapidly.
 - [10] (c) Truncate the anticausal part for $n < -10$. Delay the result by 10 to get $g[n]$.
 Compute `conv(G, [1, -7, 12])`. Show you get very close to $\delta[n - 10]$. Turn in this:
 Stem-plot your output, omitting the first two and last two values (end effects).
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- [20] 5. Download `p4.mat`. In Matlab, type `>>load p4.mat` to get the sampled signal Y .
- [5] (a) Listen to Y using `soundsc(X, 24000)`. Describe what you hear.
 - [5] (b) Y was produced from a signal X using the *reverb*ing system
 $y[n] = x[n] + (0.8)x[n-3(1024)] + (0.8)^2 x[n-6(1024)] + (0.8)^3 x[n-9(1024)] + \dots$
 Compute the transfer function. HINT: $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{1-r}$ if $|r| < 1$.
Rule: If you have no idea what to do, start by taking the z -transform.
 - [5] (c) Compute the inverse filter for this system. It should be an MA system.
 - [5] (d) Use `filter` to implement the inverse filter and recover the signal X .
 You may use three nonzero numbers in `filter`, and a *lot* of zeros.
 No Matlab output needed here; just specify the full `filter` command you used.
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Excuse heard in a genetic engineering class: "My homework ate the dog."
