ASSIGNED: Jan. 31, 2013. **READ:** Sects. 3.4.3-3.5.4 & 3.6.1-3.6.2.

DUE DATE: Feb. 07, 2013. **TOPICS:** z-transforms, their inverses, and ROCs.

Please box your answers. Show your work. Turn in all Matlab plots and Matlab code.

- [20] 1. Compute z-transforms and ROCs for each of the following four signals. Write each answer as a rational function (a ratio of two polynomials).
- [5] (a) $\{1, 3, \underline{4}\}$. [5] (b) $(2^n + 1)u[n]$. [5] (c) $(\frac{1}{3})^n u[n] + 2^n u[-n-1]$. [5] (d) $3^n u[n] + (\frac{1}{2})^n u[-n-1]$.
- [20] 2. Compute the *causal* inverse z-transform of each of the following functions. Do partial fractions in (d) and (e) by hand. You may check answers using residue.
- [3] (a) $\frac{z+1}{2z}$. [3] (b) $\frac{z-1}{z-2}$. [4] (c) $\frac{2z+3}{z^2(z+1)}$. [5] (d) $\frac{z^2+3z}{z^2+3z+2}$. [5] (e) $\frac{z^2-z}{z^2-2z+2}$.
- [20] 3. Compute the inverse z-transform of each of the following functions and ROCs:
- [05] (a) $\frac{4z}{z-1} + \frac{5z}{z-2} + \frac{6z}{z-3}$ & 2 < |z| < 3. [5] (b) $\frac{(1+j)z}{z-(3+4j)} + \frac{(1-j)z}{z-(3-4j)}$ & ROC making it stable.
- $[10] \underline{\text{(c)} \ \frac{(3+4j)z}{z-(1+j)} + \frac{(3-4j)z}{z-(1-j)} + \frac{(1+j)z}{z-(3+4j)} + \frac{(1-j)z}{z-(3-4j)}} \& \sqrt{2} < |z| < 5. \text{ Simplify to a sum of two terms.}$
- [20] 4. Compute the two-sided convolution $((\frac{1}{3})^n \mathbf{u}[\mathbf{n}] + 2^n \mathbf{u}[-\mathbf{n}-1])^*((\frac{1}{2})^n \mathbf{u}[\mathbf{n}])$ by:
 - [10] (a) Multiplying their z-transforms, intersecting their ROCs, and computing \mathcal{Z}^{-1} . You need not compute the partial fraction expansion by hand! Use residue.
 - [10] (b) Truncating each signal to $-10 \le n \le 10$ and using conv. Compare your answers.
 - **How?** The truncated version of the first signal to be convolved is formed in Matlab as: [2.[-10:-1] (1/3). [0:10] End values are small, so truncation—little effect.
- [20] 5. For each of the five ROCs below, is the associated inverse z-transform:
 - (i) Causal, anticausal, or two-sided; (ii) BIBO stable or unstable (2 points each).
 - (a) 2 < |z| < 3. (b) 0.1 < |z| < 0.3. (c) $0.1 < |z| \le \infty$. (d) $0 \le |z| < 2$. (e) 0.5 < |z| < 3. "Originality is often the art of concealing your sources." So is plagiarism.