

# Final Examination

## Question 1

Consider the following program:

```
#include
#include
#include

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int num1;
    int num2;

    cout << fixed << showpoint << setprecision(2);

    cout << "Enter two integers: ";
    cin >> num1 >> num2; cout << endl;

    if (num1 != 0 && num2 != 0)
        cout << sqrt(abs(num1 + num2) + 0.5) << endl;
    else if (num1 != 0)
        cout << floor(num1 + 0.5) << endl;
    else if (num2 != 0)
        cout << ceil(num2 + 0.5) << endl;
    else
        cout << 0 << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

- a. What is the output if the input is -23    8?
- b. What is the output if the input is 12    32?
- c. What is the output if the input is 15    0?
- d. What is the output if the input is 0    -36?
- e. What is the output if the input is 0    0?

## Question 2

Write the definition of a function that takes as input the three numbers. The function returns true if the first number to the power of the second number equals the third number; otherwise, it returns false. (Assume that the three numbers are of type double).

### Question 3

Write C++ statements that do the following:

- Define an enum type, `birdType`, with the values PEACOCK, SPARROW, CANARY, PARROT, PENGUIN, OSTRICH, EAGLE, CARDINAL, and HUMMINGBIRD.
- Declare a variable `bird` of the type `birdType`.
- Assign CANARY to the variable `bird`.
- Advance `bird` to the next value in the list.
- Decrement `bird` to the previous value in the list.
- Output the value of the variable `bird`.
- Input value in the variable `bird`.

### Question 4

Write C++ statement(s) to do the following:

- Declare an array `alpha` of 50 components of type `int`.
- Initialize each component of `alpha` to -1.
- Output the value of the first component of the array `alpha`.
- Set the value of the twenty-fifth component of the array `alpha` to 62.
- Set the value of the tenth component of `alpha` to three times the value of the fiftieth component of `alpha` plus 10.
- Use a for loop to output the value of a component of `alpha` if its index is a multiple of 2 or 3.
- Output the value of the last component of `alpha`.
- Output the value of the `alpha` so that 15 components per line are printed.
- Use a for loop to increment every other element (the even indexed elements).
- Use a for loop to create a new array, `diffAlpha`, whose elements are the differences between consecutive elements in `alpha`.

### Question 5

A car dealer has 10 salespersons. Each salesperson keeps track of the number of cars sold each month and reports it to the management at the end of the month. The management keeps the data in a file and assigns a number, 1 to 10, to each salesperson. The following statement declares an array, `cars`, of 10 components of type `int` to store the number of cars sold by each salesperson:

```
int cars[10];
```

Write the code to store the number of cars sold by each salesperson in the array `cars`, output the total numbers of cars sold at the end of each month, and output the salesperson number selling the maximum number of cars. (Assume that data is in the file `cars.dat`, and that this file has been opened using the `ifstream` variable `inFile`.)

### Question 6

Suppose that you have the following definitions:

```
struct timeType
{
    int hr;
    double min;
    int sec;
};
```

```
struct tourType
{
    string cityName;
    int distance;
    timeType travelTime;
};
```

- Declare the variable destination of type tourType.
- Write C++ statements to store the following data in destination: cityName—Chicago, distance—550 miles, travelTime—9 hours and 30 minutes.
- Write the definition of a function to output the data stored in a variable of type tourType.
- Write the definition of a value-returning function that inputs data into a variable of type tourType.
- Write the definition of a void function with a reference parameter of type tourType to input data in a variable of type tourType.

Criteria	Needs Improvement	Satisfactory	Excellent	Points Possible
<b>Delivery</b>	Completed fewer than 80% of the requirements  Not delivered on time, or in the incorrect format	Completed most of the requirements  Delivered on time, and in correct format	Completed 100% of the requirements.  Delivered on time, and in correct format	0-20
<b>Coding Standards</b>	Name, date, or assignment title missing  Poor use of white space (indentation, blank lines)  Disorganized and messy  Poor use of variables (many global variables, unambiguous naming)	Includes name, date, and assignment title  White space makes program fairly easy to read  Organized work  Good use of variables (some global variables, unambiguous naming)	Includes name, date, and assignment title  Excellent use of white space  Efficiently organized work  Excellent use of variables (no global variables, unambiguous naming)	0-20
<b>Documentation</b>	No documentation included	Basic documentation has been completed including descriptions of all variables  Purpose is noted for each function	Clearly and effectively documented including descriptions of all variables  Specific purpose is noted for each function, control structure, input requirements, and output results	0-20
<b>Execution</b>	Program does not execute due to errors  User prompts are misleading or non-existent	Executes without errors  User prompts are understandable	Executes without errors  Excellent user prompts, good use of symbols, spacing in output	0-20
<b>Solution Efficiency</b>	Solution is difficult and inefficient	A logical solution that is easy to follow but is not the most efficient	Solution is efficient, easy to understand, and easy to maintain	0-20

