Flex, Bison and the ACSE compiler suite

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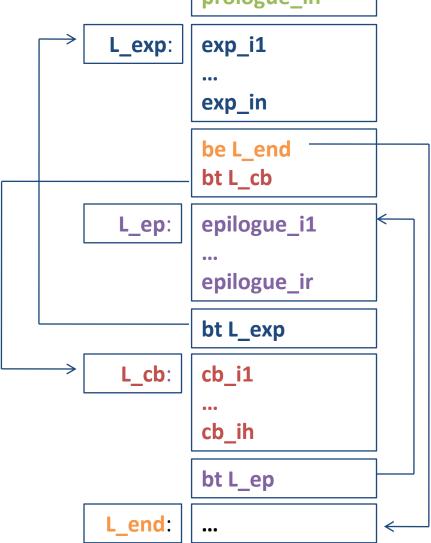
FOR statement

- Define tokens, syntax/semantic rules translating a FOR statement
 - prologue
 - epilogue

```
for (i=0, j=2; i<10; i=i+1){
    code_block
}</pre>
```

FOR statement

```
prologue_i1
...
prologue_in
```



FOR statement

```
for (prologue; exp; epilogue){
   code_block
}
```

- Prologue, epilogue
 - list of assignments (already defined)

```
for (i=0, j=2; exp; i=i+1){
    code_block
}
```

FOR data structure

prologue_i1
...
prologue_in

Four labels rule for control flow

L_exp:

exp_i1
...

```
– L_exp
```

exp_in

```
– L_code
```

be L_end bt L_cb

```
-L_{end}
```

L_ep:

```
epilogue_i1
...
epilogue_ir
```

L_epilogue

bt L_exp

L_cb: cb_i1

cb_ih

bt L_ep

L_end:

•••

FOR data structure

```
typedef struct t_for_statement{
  t_axe_label *label_exp;
  t_axe_label *label_end;
  t_axe_label *label_code;
  t_axe_label *label_epilogue;
} t_for_statement;
```

Axe struct.h

FOR syntax/semantics

```
prologue_i1
...
prologue_in
```

```
for statement: FOR { $1 = create for statement();}
                                                                    L_exp:
                                                                              exp_i1
   LPAR assign_list SEMI { $1.label exp = assignNewLabel(program);}
                                                                              exp_in
   exp SEMI {
          $1.label_end = newLabel(program);
                                                                              be L end
          gen_beq_instruction(program, $1.label_end, 0);
                                                                              bt L cb
          $1.label code = newLabel(program);
                                                                              epilogue_i1
                                                                     L_ep:
          gen_bt_instruction(program, $1.label_code, 0);
          $1.label epilogue = assignNewLabel(program);
                                                                              epilogue_ir
    assign list RPAR {
                                                                              bt L_exp
          gen_bt_instruction(program, $1.label_exp, 0);
                                                                     L cb:
                                                                              cb i1
          assignLabel(program, $1.label_code);
                                                                              cb_ih
    code_block {
          gen_bt_instruction(program, $1.label_epilogue, 0);
                                                                              bt L_ep
          assignLabel(program, $1.label end);
                                                                   L end:
```

FOR syntax/semantics

```
{ /* does nothing */ }
control_statement : if_statement
      | do_while_statement SEMI
                                            { /* does nothing */ }
                                            { /* does nothing */ }
       | while_statement
                                            { /* does nothing */ }
       return_statement SEMI
                                            { /* does nothing */ }
       | for_statement
Assign_list : {}
       | assign_list COMMA assign_statement
                                                     {/* does nothing */}
                                                     {/* does nothing */}
       assign_statement
```

FOR data structure utils

```
extern t for statement create_for_statement(){
   t for statement result;
   result.label_condition = NULL;
   result.label_end = NULL;
   result.label_code = NULL;
   result.label epilogue = NULL;
  return result;
```

FOR tokens

```
%union {
    ...
    t_for_statement for_stmt;
}
%token <for_stmt> FOR
```

SWITCH statement

 Define tokens, syntax/semantic rules translating a SWITCH statement

default

```
switch (x){
    case 1: {...; break;}
    case 2: {...}
    case 3: {...; break;}
    default: {...}
}
```

SWITCH statement

```
addi
                 bt L_test
                 cb_i1
           L1:
                 bt L_switch_end
                 cb_i1
           L2:
           L3:
                 cb_i1
                 bt L_switch_end
    L_default:
                 cb_i1
                 bt L_switch_end
      L_tests:
                 tests_i
                 beq Li
L_switch_end:
```

SWITCH data structure

addi bt L_test

Register where IDENTIFIER is stored

cb_i1

Three fixed labels

bt L_switch_end

– switch_end

L2: | cb_i1

L1:

default label (possibly NULL)

____L3: | cb_i1

– begin tests

bt L_switch_end

List of labels

cb_i1

- Handle cases

bt L_switch_end

L_tests: | tests_i | beq Li

L_switch_end:

L_default:

•••

SWITCH data structure

```
addi
bt L_test
```

```
L1:
                                                      cb_i1
typedef struct
                                                      bt L switch end
                                                  L2:
                                                      cb_i1
  int cmp register;
  t list *cases;
                                                  L3:
                                                      cb_i1
  t axe label *default label;
                                                      bt L_switch_end
  t axe label *switch_end;
                                             L_default:
                                                      cb_i1
  t axe label *begin tests;
                                                      bt L_switch_end
} t switch statement;
                                              L_tests:
                                                      tests i
                                                      beg Li
```

Axe_struct.h

L_switch_end: ...

SWITCH data structure

```
addi
bt L_test
```

```
cb_i1
                                                          L1:
typedef struct
                                                               bt L switch end
                                                               cb_i1
                                                         L2:
   int number;
                                                         L3:
                                                               cb_i1
   t axe label *begin case label;
                                                               bt L_switch_end
} t case statement;
                                                   L_default:
                                                               cb_i1
   switch (x){
           case 1: {...; break;}
                                                               bt L_switch_end
           case 2: {...}
           case 3: {...; break;}
                                                     L_tests:
                                                              tests i
           default: {...}
                                                              beq Li
```

L switch end:

SWITCH syntactic

```
switch_statement: SWITCH LPAR IDENTIFIER RPAR LBRACE
                                                          {...}
                                                          {...}
                   switch block RBRACE
switch_block: case_statements
                                                          {...}
                                                          {...}
      case statements default statement
case_statements: case_statement case_statement
       case statement
                                                          {...}
case_statement: CASE NUMBER COLON
             statements
default_statement: DEFAULT COLON
         statements
```

SWITCH issue

- Switch structures may occur in nested form
- Each rule needs to know which is the current switch

SWITCH issue

- Current switch is kept in a STACK data structure
 - Global access
 - All switch rules can use it

```
switch statement: SWITCH LPAR IDENTIFIER RPAR LBRACE {
   $1 = (t switch statement *)malloc(sizeof(t switch statement));
   $1->cmp register = getNewRegister(program);
   gen_addi_instruction(program, $1->cmp_register, get_symbol_location(program,$3,0), 0);
   $1->begin_test = newLabel(program);
   $1->switch_end = newLabel(program);
   switchStack = addFirst(switchStack, $1);
                                                                        addi
   gen_bt_instruction(program, $1->begin_test, 0);
                                                                        bt L_test
    switch block RBRACE {...}
                                                             L test:
                                                                        test i
                                                                        beq Li
                                                     L switch end:
```

```
switch statement: SWITCH LPAR IDENTIFIER RPAR LBRACE {...}
    switch block RBRACE{
     t list *p;
     int cmpReg;
                                                                                  addi
     assignLabel(program, $1->begin_test);
                                                                                  bt L_test
      cmpReg = getNewRegister(program);
      p = $1->cases;
     while (p!=NULL){
        gen_subi_instruction(...,cmpReg,$1->cmp_register,((t_case_statement *)p->data)->number);
        gen_beq_instruction(...,((t_case_statement *)p->data)->begin_case_label, 0);
        p = p->next;
                                                                      L_test:
      if ($1->default label != NULL)
                                                                                 subi R n
        gen_bt_instruction(program,$1->default_label,0);
                                                                                 beq L1
        assignLabel(program,$1->switch end);
        switchStack = removeFirst(switchStack);
                                                                                 bt L default
                                                            L switch end:
```

```
bt L_test
switch block: case statements
      { gen_bt_instruction(..., ((...)LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->switch_end, 0);}
       case_statements default_statement
      { gen_bt_instruction(..., ((...)LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->switch_end, 0);}
                                                             L3:
                                                                   cb_i1
                                                                   bt L_switch_end
                                                      L_default:
                                                                   cb_i1
                                                                   bt L_switch_end
                                                  L_switch_end:
```

```
bt L_test
case statements: case statements case statement
        case statement
                                                           L3:
                                                                 cb i1
case statement: CASE NUMBER COLON {
                                                                 bt L switch end
 t case statement *c = (...malloc(sizeof(t case statement));
 c->number = $2;
                                                    L default:
                                                                 cb_i1
 c->begin_case_label = assignNewLabel(program);
 ((...LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->cases = addLast(((t switch statement
   *)LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->cases,c);
                                                                 bt L_switch_end
         statements
                                                       L_tests:
                                                                 tests i
                                                                 beg Li
                                                L switch end:
```

```
addi
                                                                  bt L_test
default_statement: DEFAULT COLON
         { ((...}LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->default_label =assignNewLabel(...);
         statements
                                                                  bt L_switch_end
                                                     L_default:
                                                                  cb_i1
                                                                  bt L_switch_end
                                                       L_tests:
                                                                  tests_i
                                                                  beq Li
                                                 L_switch_end:
```

```
addi
                                                                   bt L_test
break_statement: BREAK
   { if (switchStack == NULL) {
         abort();
     else
         gen_bt_instruction(program, ((t_switch_statement))
   *)LDATA(getFirst(switchStack)))->switch_end, 0);
                                                                   bt L_switch_end
                                                      L_default:
                                                                   cb_i1
                                                                   bt L_switch_end
                                                        L_tests:
                                                                   tests_i
                                                                   beq Li
                                                 L_switch_end:
```

```
%union {
 int intval;
 char *svalue;
 t_axe_expression expr;
 t_axe_declaration *decl;
 t_list *list;
 t_axe_label *label;
 t_while_statement while_stmt;
 t_switch_statement *switch_stmt;
```

%token <**switch_stmt**> SWITCH

SHIFT statement

- Define tokens, syntax/semantic rules translating a SHIFT statement over arrays
 - Left/right
 - 0 fills free places

```
a << 2;
```

SHIFT statement

• a = [0,1,2,3,4,5]

```
a << 2;

[2,3,4,5,0,0]

a >> x;

[0,0,1,2,3,4] if x==1
```

- ACSE code mimics iterations over the array
 - After defining index where shift starts (sha)
 - move each element to the final position
 - Then fill with 0 from (size-sha)

Definition of index where shift starts (sha)

```
array shift statement : IDENTIFIER SHL OP exp {
   t axe variable* id = getVariable(..., $1);
   if(!id->isArray) exit(-1);
   int array size = id->arraySize;
   int sha reg = getNewRegister(...);
   t axe expression size exp = create expression(array size, IMMEDIATE);
   t_axe_expression zero_exp = create_expression(0, IMMEDIATE);
   int size reg = getNewRegister(...);
   gen_addi_instruction(..., size reg, REG 0, size exp.value);
   t_axe_expression shift_amount = handle_bin_numeric_op(..., $3, zero_exp, ADD);
   if(shift amount.expression type == IMMEDIATE)
     gen_addi_instruction(..., sha reg, REG 0, shift amount.value);
   else
     gen_add_instruction(..., sha_reg, REG_0, shift_amount.value, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
```

Definition of index where shift starts (sha)

Possible solution: reduce shift until its value is less

s_start

tr=sha_reg-size_reg

than the array size

```
int tr = getNewRegister(...);
t_axe_label * settings_end = newLabel(...);
t_axe_label * settings_start = assignNewLabel(...);
gen_sub_instruction(..., tr, sha_reg, size_reg, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
gen_ble_instruction(..., settings_end, 0);
gen_sub_instruction(..., sha_reg, sha_reg, size_reg, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
gen_ble_instruction(..., settings_end, 0);
assignLabel(..., settings_end);
```

sha reg

move each element to the final position

```
int temp reg;
                                                                                               [0,1,2,3,4,5]
int src index = getNewRegister(...);
int dest index = getNewRegister(...);
gen_add_instruction(..., src_index, REG_0, sha_reg, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
gen add instruction(..., dest index, REG 0, REG 0, CG DIRECT ALL);
                                                                                   dest index
                                                                                                        src index
t axe label * stop shifting = newLabel(...);
t axe label * continue shifting = assignNewLabel(...);
t axe expression src exp, dest exp;
                                                                    src index = 0 + sha reg
src exp = create expression(src index, REGISTER);
                                                                    dest index = 0
dest exp = create expression(dest index, REGISTER);
                                                                    tr=size reg-src index
                                                         c shift
//check if the right bound of the array has been reached...
                                                                    beq stop_shifting
gen_sub_instruction(..., tr, size reg, src index, CG DIRECT ALL);
                                                                    temp_reg = loadArrayEl(a, src_exp)
gen_beq_instruction(...., stop_shifting, 0);
                                                                    storeArrayEl(dest exp,temp exp)
temp reg = loadArrayElement(..., $1, src exp);
t_axe_expression temp_exp = create_expression(temp_reg, REGISTER);
                                                                    src index=src index+1
storeArrayElement(..., $1, dest exp, temp exp);
                                                                    dest index=dest index+1
gen_addi_instruction(..., src index, src index, 1);
gen_addi_instruction(..., dest index, dest index, 1);
                                                                    bt c shift
gen_bt_instruction(..., continue_shifting, 0);
                                                     stop_shift
assignLabel(..., stop shifting);
```

fill with 0 from (size-sha)

```
size_reg-sha_reg
                                                                             [2,3,4,5,0,0]
gen_sub_instruction(..., sha reg, size reg, sha reg, CG DIRECT ALL);
t axe label * stop_filling = newLabel(...);
t_axe_label * continue_filling = assignNewLabel(...);
gen_sub_instruction(..., tr, size reg, sha reg, CG DIRECT ALL);
gen beg instruction(..., stop filling, 0);
shift amount = create expression(sha reg, REGISTER);
                                                            sha reg= size reg - sha reg
storeArrayElement(...., $1, shift_amount, zero_exp);
                                                    c fill
                                                            tr=size reg-sha reg
gen_addi_instruction(..., sha reg, sha reg, 1);
                                                            beq stop_fill
gen_bt_instruction(..., continue_filling, 0);
                                                            storeArrayEl(dest exp,zero exp)
assignLabel(..., stop filling);
                                                            sha reg=sha reg+1
                                                            bt c fill
                                                 stop_fill
```

It is an inline if-then-else

$$b = a * 2 if a > 2 * b else 0;$$

 Take care to specify the precedence and associativity of the operators

r = exp if exp_c else exp;

$$R \leftarrow \exp_c == 0$$
 $Mask \leftarrow R - 1$ [Mask=-1 = $(1_{31}1_{30} \dots 1_0)$ if $\exp_c \neq 0$]
 $Nmask \leftarrow NOTB(Mask)$
 $Rr \leftarrow (exp ANDB Mask) ORB (exp ANDB Nmask)$

```
exp: ...
exp IF exp ELSE exp
   if ($3.expression_type == IMMEDIATE) {
    $$ = $3.value ? $1 : $5;
   } else {
    t axe expression zero = create expression(0, IMMEDIATE);
    t_axe_expression cmp = handle_binary_comparison(program, $3, zero, _EQ_);
    t axe expression one = create expression(1, IMMEDIATE);
    t_axe_expression mask = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, cmp, one, SUB);
    int r = getNewRegister(program);
    gen_notb_instruction(program, r, mask.value);
    t axe expression nmask = create expression(r, REGISTER);
    $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program,
                  handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, mask, ANDB),
                  handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $5, nmask, ANDB),
                  ORB);
```

%left IF ELSE

Write(a if b else c if b if c else b < 2 else -100);

[a if b else c] if b if c else b < 2 else -100 [exp] if [b if c else b < 2] else -100 [exp] if [exp] else -100

- r = a \$ b @ k;
- r is defined as
 - k m.s. bits of a followed by
 - 32 k l.s. bits of **b**

$$r = [\mathbf{a}_{31}...\mathbf{a}_{(31-(k-1))}\mathbf{b}_{(31-k)}...\mathbf{b}_{0}]_{0 < k < 32}$$

$$r = [\mathbf{a}_{31}...\mathbf{a}_{0}]_{k > = 32}$$

$$r = [\mathbf{b}_{31}...\mathbf{b}_{0}]_{k = 0}$$

•
$$r = [a_{31}a_{30}a_{29}a_{28}a_{27}b_{26}...b_0]$$

How to do it?

$$[\mathbf{1}_{31}\mathbf{1}_{30}\mathbf{1}_{29}\mathbf{1}_{28}\mathbf{1}_{27}\mathbf{0}_{26}...\mathbf{0}_{0}]$$

$$[\mathbf{0}_{31}\mathbf{0}_{30}\mathbf{0}_{29}\mathbf{0}_{28}\mathbf{0}_{27}\mathbf{1}_{26}...\mathbf{1}_{0}]$$

```
exp:
| exp DOLLAR exp AT exp {
  int e c;
  if ($5.value>32)
   e c = 0;
  else
   e c = 32-\$5.value;
                                                                                         r e2 \leftarrow 0
  int r e2 = gen load immediate(program, 0);
  int r index = gen_load_immediate(program, e c);
                                                                                         r index \leftarrow 32 - e_c
  $4 = newLabel(program); /*label end*/
  $2 = assignNewLabel(program); /*label condition*/
                                                                          L_cond: beg L end
  gen beq_instruction(program, $4, 0);
                                                                                         r e2 \leftarrow shiftl(r_e2)
  gen_shli_instruction(program, r e2, r e2, 1);
  gen addi instruction(program, r e2, r e2, 1);
                                                                                         r e2 \leftarrow r e2+1
  gen_subi_instruction(program, r index, r index, 1);
                                                                                         r index \leftarrow r index-1
  gen bt instruction(program, $2, 0);
                                                                                         bt L cond
  assignLabel(program, $4);
                                                                             L end:
  int r_e1 = getNewRegister(program);
  gen_notb_instruction(program, r e1, r e2); /*define mask for e1 through*/
                                                                                         r e1 \leftarrow notb(r e2)
```

..

```
exp:
| exp DOLLAR exp AT exp {
  /*get r e1 bits of exp1*/
  if ($1.expression type == IMMEDIATE)
    gen_andb_instruction(program, r e1, r e1, gen load immediate(program, $1.value), CG DIRECT ALL);
  else
    gen_andb_instruction(program, r e1, r e1, $1.value, CG DIRECT ALL);
  /*get 32-e1 bits of exp2*/
  if ($3.expression type == IMMEDIATE)
    gen_andb_instruction(program, r_e2, r_e2, gen_load_immediate(program, $3.value), CG_DIRECT_ALL);
   else
    gen_andb_instruction(program, r_e2, r_e2, $3.value, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
  int r = getNewRegister(program);
  gen_orb_instruction(program, r, r_e1, r_e2, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
  $$ = create_expression(r, REGISTER);
```